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This guide is designed to provide assistance to the faculty and administration regarding the direct charging of costs to sponsored projects while maintaining compliance with the Federal cost principles (2 CFR Part 220, formerly OMB Circular A-21) and University policies. As such, the University is responsible for ensuring that costs charged to a sponsored award are allowable, allocable, and reasonable under the Federal cost principles; and that the University's financial management system shall ensure that no one person has complete control over all aspects of a financial transaction.

In addition, sponsors may include special terms and conditions for individual awards which must be considered when incurring costs. Consult with the Office of Sponsored Programs or Grants & Contracts Accounting for assistance with any concerns or questions related to the allowability of a specific type of expense.

Allowable Costs

All costs must be allowable under federal regulations and sponsor terms and conditions, including program-specific requirements and University policy.

To be allowable, costs must:

- 1. Be reasonable and necessary;
- 2. Be allocable to sponsored projects under the principles and methods provided in 2 CFR Part 220;
- 3. Be given consistent treatment; and
- 4. Conform to any limits or exclusions set forth in 2 CFR Part 220 or the terms and conditions of the award.

2 CFR Part 220 details the allowability of particular elements of cost. When an item is questionable, the Office of Sponsored Programs or Grants & Contracts Accountings should be consulted **before** the cost is incurred.

Typical costs charged directly to a sponsored project include:

- 1. Compensation of employees for performance of work under the sponsored agreement, including related fringe benefit costs;
- 2. Costs of materials consumed or expended in the performance of the sponsored project;
- 3. Travel in accordance with University policy; and
- 4. Other allowable items of expense incurred for the sponsored project.

Costs of materials from services rendered by specialized facilities or other institutional service operations may be included as costs under federally sponsored agreements, provided such items are:

- 1. Consistently treated in similar circumstances as direct costs, rather than Facilities and Administration (indirect) costs; and
- 2. Charged under a recognized method of computing actual costs.

Reasonable Costs

2 CFR Part 220 defines a cost as reasonable if the nature of the goods or services acquired or applied, and the amount involved, reflect the action that a *prudent person* would have taken under the prevailing circumstances

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when the decision to incur the cost was made. Important considerations in determining the reasonableness of costs are:

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- 1. Is the cost of a type generally recognized as necessary for the operation of the University or the performance of the sponsored project?
- 2. Have the requirements imposed by such factors as federal and state laws and regulations, and sponsored agreement terms and conditions been satisfied?
- 3. Have the individuals concerned acted with due prudence in the circumstances, considering their responsibilities to the University, its employees, its students, the government, and the public at large?
- 4. Is the extent of the actions taken with respect to the incurrence of the costs consistent with established University policies and practices applicable to the work of the institution generally, including sponsored projects?

Allocable Costs

A cost is allocable to a particular cost objective if the goods or services involved are chargeable or assignable to such cost objective in accordance with relative benefits received or other equitable relationship. Every incurred cost must have a direct benefit to the sponsored project being charged.

In general, a cost is allocable to a particular sponsored project if it fulfills one of the following conditions:

- 1. It is incurred solely for the benefit of the work to be performed under the sponsored agreement; or
- 2. It benefits both the sponsored agreement and other work of the University, in proportions that can be approximated through use of reasonable methods; or
- 3. It is necessary to the overall operation of the institution and, is assignable in part to sponsored projects in accordance with 2 CFR Part 220.

If a cost benefits two or more projects or activities in proportions that can be determined without undue effort, the cost should be allocated to the projects based on the proportional benefit. If a cost benefits two or more projects or activities in proportions that cannot be determined because of the interrelationship of the work involved, then the costs may be allocated or transferred to benefited projects on any reasonable basis, per the University's Cost Allocation Guide.

Where the purchase of equipment or other capital items is specifically authorized under a sponsored agreement, the amounts thus authorized for such purchases are assignable to the sponsored agreement regardless of the use that may subsequently be made of the equipment or other capital items involved.

Any costs allocable to a particular sponsored agreement under the standards provided in 2 CFR Part 220 may not be shifted to other sponsored agreements in order to meet deficiencies caused by overruns or other fund considerations, to avoid restrictions imposed by law or by terms of the sponsored agreement, or for other reasons of convenience.

Any costs allocable to activities sponsored by industry, foreign governments, or other sponsors may not be shifted to federally sponsored agreements.

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