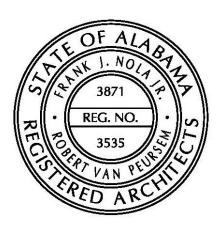
Project Manual Alabama A&M University WILLIAM HOOPER COUNCILL MEMORIAL



Architect's Project Number 20117 Alabama DCM Number 2021152 April 9, 2021



SECTION 00 01 01

TITLE PAGE

PROJECT MANUAL FOR:

PROJECT: William Hooper Councill Memorial

RELEASE DATE: April 9, 2021

ARCHITECT'S PROJECT NUMBER: 20117

B. C. NUMBER: 2021152

OWNER: Alabama A&M University

Normal, Alabama

ARCHITECT: Nola | VanPeursem Architects, PC

301 Jefferson Street Huntsville, Alabama 35801 (256) 533-6617 Phone

CIVIL ENGINEER: Johnson & Associates Engineering

1218 Church Street

Huntsville, Alabama 35801 (256) 533-7331 Phone

STRUCTURAL ENGINEER: LBYD, Inc.

1525 Perimeter Parkway, Suite 510

Huntsville, Alabama 35806 (256) 533-1575 Phone

END OF SECTION

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BID DOCUMENTS AND FORMS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 DOCUMENTS

- A. Advertisement for Bids DCM Form C-1, dated August 2020.
- B. Instructions to Bidders DCM Form C-2, dated January 2021.
- C. Supplement A Instructions to Bidders.
- D. Proposal Form DCM Form C-3, dated October 2020.
- E. Accounting of Sales Tax DCM Form C-3A-Sales Tax, dated August 2020
- F. Bid Bond DCM Form C-4, dated August 2020.

1.02 DOCUMENT AVAILABILITY

- A. A copy of the documents and forms noted above is attached hereto, as provided by the Alabama Department of Finance, Real Property Management.
- B. Additional copies may be obtained from the office of the Alabama Department of Finance, Real Property Management, 770 Washington Avenue, Suite 470, Montgomery, Alabama 36104, phone (334) 242-4082 or www.realproperty.alabama.gov

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

END OF SECTION

ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS

Sealed proposals will be received by Alabama A&M University in Normal, AL at Alabama A&M University, Department of Purchasing – Room 305 Patton Hall, 4900 Meridian Street, Normal, Alabama 35762, until 2:00 p.m. CDT April 27, 2021 for

Alabama A&M University William Hooper Councill Memorial

at which time and place they will be publicly opened and read.

A cashier's check or bid bond payable to <u>Alabama A&M University</u> in an amount not less than five (5) percent of the amount of the bid, but in no event more than \$10,000, must accompany the bidder's proposal. Performance and Payment Bonds and evidence of insurance required in the bid documents will be required at the signing of the Contract.

Drawings and specifications may be examined at the office of Nola | VanPeursem Architects, PC. 301 Jefferson Street, Huntsville, Alabama 35801; Phone (256) 533-6617.

Bid Documents may be obtained from the Architect upon deposit of \$100.00 per set, which will be refunded in full on the first 2 sets issued to each general contract bidder submitting a bona fide bid, upon return of documents in good condition within ten days of bid date. Other sets for general contractors, and sets for subcontractors and dealers, may be obtained with the same deposit, which will be refunded as above, less cost of printing, reproduction, handling, and distribution.

Bids must be submitted on proposal forms furnished by the Architect or copies thereof. All bidders bidding in amounts exceeding that established by the State Licensing Board for General Contractors must be licensed under the provisions of Title 34, Chapter 8, Code of Alabama, 1975, and must show evidence of license before bidding or bid will not be received or considered by the Architect; the bidder shall show such evidence by clearly displaying his or her current license number on the outside of the sealed envelope in which the proposal is delivered. The Owner reserves the right to reject any or all proposals and to waive technical errors if, in the Owner's judgment, the best interests of the Owner will thereby be promoted.

Nonresident bidders must accompany any written bid documents with a written opinion of an attorney at law licensed to practice law in such nonresident bidder's state of domicile, as to the preferences, if any or none, granted by the law of that state to its own business entities whose principal places of business are in that state in the letting of any or all public contracts.

Alabama A&M University
(Awarding Authority)

Nola | VanPeursem Architects, PC (Architect)

Advertisement to run:

Friday, April 9, 2021 Wednesday, April 14, 2021 Wednesday, April 21, 2021

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

CONTENTS

- 1. Bid Documents
- 2. <u>General Contractor's</u>

State Licensing Requirements

- 3. Qualifications of Bidders and Prequalification Procedures
- 4. Preference to Resident Contractors
- 5. <u>Examination of Bid Documents and the Site of the Work</u>
- 6. Explanations and Interpretations
- 7. Substitutions
- 8. Preparation and Delivery of Bids

- 9. Withdrawal or Revision of Bids
- 10. Opening of Bids
- 11. <u>Incomplete and Irregular Bids</u>
- 12. Bid Errors
- 13. <u>Disqualification of Bidders</u>
- 14. Consideration of Bids
- 15. <u>Determination of Low Bidder by</u> Use of Alternates
- 16. Unit Prices
- 17. Award of Contract

1. BID DOCUMENTS:

The Bid Documents consist of the Advertisement for Bids, these Instructions to Bidders, any supplements to these Instructions to Bidders, the Proposal Form and the Accounting of Sales Tax, and the proposed Contract Documents. The proposed Contract Documents consist of the Construction Contract, the Performance Bond and Payment Bond, the Conditions of the Contract (General, Supplemental, and other Conditions), Drawings, Specifications and all addenda issued prior to execution of the Construction Contract. Bid Documents may be obtained or examined as set forth in the Advertisement for Bids.

2. GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S STATE LICENSING REQUIREMENTS:

When the amount bid for a contract exceeds \$50,000, the bidder must be licensed by the State Licensing Board for General Contractors and must show the Architect evidence of license before bidding or the bid will not be received by the Architect or considered by the Awarding Authority. A bid exceeding the bid limit stipulated in the bidder's license, or which is for work outside of the type or types of work stipulated in the bidder's license, will not be considered. In case of a joint venture of two or more contractors, the amount of the bid shall be within the maximum bid limitation as set by the State Licensing Board for General Contractors of the combined limitations of the partners to the joint venture.

3. QUALIFICATIONS of BIDDERS and PREQUALIFICATION PROCEDURES:

- **a.** Any special qualifications required of general contractors, subcontractors, material suppliers, or fabricators are set forth in the Bid Documents.
- **b.** The Awarding Authority may have elected to prequalify bidders. Parties interested in bidding for this contract are directed to the Advertisement for Bids and Supplemental Instructions to Bidders to determine whether bidders must be prequalified and how they may obtain copies of the Awarding Authority's published prequalification procedures and criteria.

c. Release of Bid Documents by the Architect to a prospective bidder will not constitute any determination by the Awarding Authority or Architect that the bidder has been found to be qualified, prequalified, or responsible.

4. PREFERENCE to RESIDENT CONTRACTORS:

(If this project is federally funded in whole or in part, this Article shall not apply.)

- **a.** In awarding the Contract, preference will be given to Alabama resident contractors and a nonresident bidder domiciled in a state having laws granting preference to local contractors shall be awarded the Contract only on the same basis as the nonresident bidder's state awards contracts to Alabama contractors bidding under similar circumstances.
- **b.** A nonresident bidder is a contractor which is neither organized and existing under the laws of the State of Alabama, nor maintains its principal place of business in the State of Alabama. A nonresident contractor which has maintained a permanent office within the State of Alabama for at least five continuous years shall not thereafter be deemed to be a non-resident contractor so long as the contractor continues to maintain a branch office within Alabama.

5. EXAMINATION of BID DOCUMENTS and the SITE of the WORK:

Before submitting a bid for the Work, the bidders shall carefully examine the Bid Documents, visit the site, and satisfy themselves as to the nature and location of the Work, and the general and local conditions, including weather, the general character of the site or building, the character and extent of existing work within or adjacent to the site and any other work being performed thereon at the time of submission of their bids. They shall obtain full knowledge as to transportation, disposal, handling, and storage of materials, availability of water, electric power, and all other facilities in the area which will have a bearing on the performance of the Work for which they submit their bids. The submission of a bid shall constitute a representation by the bidder that the bidder has made such examination and visit and has judged for and satisfied himself or herself as to conditions to be encountered regarding the character, difficulties, quality, and quantities of work to be performed and the material and equipment to be furnished, and as to the contract requirements involved.

6. EXPLANATIONS and INTERPRETATIONS:

- **a.** Should any bidder observe any ambiguity, discrepancy, omission, or error in the drawings and specifications, or in any other bid document, or be in doubt as to the intention and meaning of these documents, the bidder should immediately report such to the Architect and request clarification.
- **b.** Clarification will be made only by written Addenda sent to all prospective bidders. Neither the Architect nor the Awarding Authority will be responsible in any manner for verbal answers or instructions regarding intent or meaning of the Bid Documents.
- **c.** In the case of inconsistency between drawings and specifications or within either document, a bidder will be deemed to have included in its bid the better quality or greater quantity of the work involved unless the bidder asked for and obtained the Architect's written clarification of the requirements before submission of a bid.

7. SUBSTITUTIONS:

- **a.** The identification of any product, material, system, item of equipment, or service in the Bid Documents by reference to a trade name, manufacturer's name, model number, etc. (hereinafter referred to as "source"), is intended to establish a required standard of performance, design, and quality and is not intended to limit competition unless the provisions of paragraph "d" below apply.
- **b.** When the Bid Documents identify only one or two sources, or three or more sources followed by "or approved equal" or similar wording, the bidder's proposal may be based on a source not identified but considered by the bidder to be equal to the standard of performance, design and quality as specified; however, such substitutions must ultimately be approved by the Architect. If the bidder elects to bid on a substitution without "Pre-bid Approval" as described below, then it will be understood that proof of compliance with specified requirements is the exclusive responsibility of the bidder.
- c. When the Bid Documents identify three or more sources and the list of sources is not followed by "or approved equal" or similar wording, the bidder's proposal shall be based upon one of the identified sources, unless the bidder obtains "Pre-bid Approval" of another source as described below. Under these conditions it will be expressly understood that no product, material, system, item of equipment, or service that is not identified in the Bid Documents or granted "Pre-Bid Approval" will be incorporated into the Work unless such substitution is authorized and agreed upon through a Contract Change Order.
- **d.** If the Bid Documents identify only one source and expressly provide that it is an approved sole source for the product, material, system, item of equipment, or service, the bidder's proposal must be based upon the identified sole source.
- Procedures for "Pre-bid Approval". If it is desired that a product, material, system, piece of equipment, or service from a source different from those sources identified in the Bid Documents be approved as an acceptable source, application for the approval of such source must reach the hands of the Architect at least ten days prior to the date set for the opening of bids. At the Architect's discretion, this ten day provision may be waived. The application for approval of a proposed source must be accompanied by technical data which the applicant desires to submit in support of the application. The Architect will give consideration to reports from reputable independent testing laboratories, verified experience records showing the reputation of the proposed source with previous users, evidence of reputation of the source for prompt delivery, evidence of reputation of the source for efficiency in servicing its products, or any other pertinent written information. The application to the Architect for approval of a proposed source must be accompanied by a schedule setting forth in which respects the materials or equipment submitted for consideration differ from the materials or equipment designated in the Bid Documents. The burden of proof of the merit of the proposed substitution is upon the proposer. To be approved, a proposed source must also meet or exceed all express requirements of the Bid Documents. Approval, if granted, shall not be effective until published by the Architect in an addendum to the Bid Documents.

8. PREPARATION and DELIVERY of BIDS:

a. DCM Form C-3: Proposal Form:

- (1) Bids must be submitted on the Proposal Form as contained in the Bid Documents; only one copy is required to be submitted. A completed DCM Form C-3A: Accounting of Sales Tax must be submitted with the Proposal Form.
- (2) All information requested of the bidder on the Proposal Form must be filled in. The form must be completed by typewriter or hand-printed in ink.
- (3) Identification of Bidder: On the first page of the Proposal Form the bidder must be fully identified by completing the spaces provided for:
 - (a) the legal name of the bidder,
 - (b) the state under which laws the bidder's business is organized and existing,
 - (c) the city (and state) in which the bidder has its principal offices,
 - (d) the bidder's business organization, i.e., corporation, partnership, or individual (to be indicated by marking the applicable box and writing in the type of organization if it is not one of those listed), and
 - (e) the partners or officers of the bidder's organization, if the bidder is other than an individual. If the space provided on the Proposal Form is not adequate for this listing, the bidder may insert "See Attachment" in this space and provide the listing on an attachment to the Proposal Form.
- (4) Where indicated by the format of the Proposal Form, the bidder must specify lump sum prices in both words and figures. In case of discrepancy between the prices shown in words and in figures, the words will govern.
- (5) All bid items requested in the Proposal Form, including alternate bid prices and unit prices for separate items of the Work, must be bid. If a gross sum of bid items is requested in the Proposal Form, the gross sum shall be provided by the bidder.
- (6) In the space provided in the Proposal Form under "Bidder's Alabama License", the bidder must insert his or her current general contractor's state license number, current bid limit, and type(s) of work for which bidder is licensed.
- (7) The Proposal Form shall be properly signed by the bidder. If the bidder is:
 - (a) an individual, that individual or his or her "authorized representative" must sign the Proposal Form;
 - **(b) a partnership,** the Proposal Form must be signed by one of the partners or an "authorized representative" of the Partnership;
 - (c) a corporation, the president, vice-president, secretary, or "authorized representative" of the corporation shall sign and affix the corporate seal to the Proposal Form.

As used in these Instructions to Bidders, "authorized representative" is defined as a person to whom the bidder has granted written authority to conduct business in the bidder's behalf by signing and/or modifying the bid. Such written authority shall be signed by the bidder (the individual proprietor, or a member of the Partnership, or an officer of the Corporation) and shall be attached to the Proposal Form.

(8) Interlineation, alterations or erasures on the Proposal Form must be initialed by the bidder or its "authorized representative".

b. DCM Form C-3A: Accounting of Sales Tax

A completed DCM Form C-3A: Accounting of Sales Tax must be submitted with DCM Form C-3: Proposal Form. Submission of DCM Form C-3A is required, it is not optional. A proposal shall be rendered non-responsive if an Accounting of Sales Tax is not provided.

c. Bid Guaranty

- (1) The Proposal Form must be accompanied by a cashier's check, drawn on an Alabama bank, or a Bid Bond, executed by a surety company duly authorized and qualified to make such bonds in the State of Alabama, payable to the Awarding Authority.
- (2) If a Bid Bond is provided in lieu of a cashier's check, the bond shall be on the Bid Bond form as stipulated in the Bid Documents.
- (3) The amount of the cashier's check or Bid Bond shall not be less than five percent of the contractor's bid, but is not required to be in an amount more than ten thousand dollars.

d. Delivery of Bids:

- (1) Bids will be received until the time set, and at the location designated, in the Advertisement for Bids unless notice is given of postponement. Any bid not received prior to the time set for opening bids will be rejected absent extenuating circumstances and such bids shall be rejected in all cases where received after other bids are opened.
- (2) Each bid shall be placed, together with the bid guaranty, in a sealed envelope. On the outside of the envelope the bidder shall write in large letters "Proposal", below which the bidder shall identify the Project and the Work bid on, the name of the bidder, and the bidder's current general contractor's state license number.
- (3) Bids may be delivered in person, or by mail if ample time is allowed for delivery. When sent by mail, the sealed envelope containing the bid, marked as indicated above, shall be enclosed in another envelope for mailing.

9. WITHDRAWAL or REVISION of BIDS:

- **a.** A bid may be withdrawn prior to the time set for opening of bids, provided a written request, executed by the bidder or the bidder's "authorized representative", is filed with the Architect prior to that time. The bid will then be returned to the bidder unopened.
- **b.** A bid which has been sealed in its delivery envelope may be revised by writing the change in price on the outside of the delivery envelope over the signature of the bidder or the bidder's "authorized representative". In revising the bid in this manner, the bidder must only write the amount of the change in price on the envelope **and must not reveal the bid price.**

- c. Written communications, signed by the bidder or its "authorized representative", to revise bids will be accepted if received by the Architect prior to the time set for opening bids. The Architect will record the instructed revision upon opening the bid. Such written communication may be by facsimile if so stipulated in Supplemental Instructions to Bidders. In revising the bid in this manner, the bidder must only write the amount of the change in price and must not reveal the bid price.
- **d.** Except as provided in Article 12 of these Instructions to Bidders, no bid shall be withdrawn, modified, or corrected after the time set for opening bids.

10. OPENING of BIDS:

- **a.** Bids will be opened and read publicly at the time and place indicated in the Advertisement for Bids. Bidders or their authorized representatives are invited to be present.
- b. A list of all proposed major subcontractors and suppliers will be submitted by Bidders to the Architect at a time subsequent to the receipt of bids as established by the Architect in the Bid Documents but in no event shall this time exceed twenty-four (24) hours after receipt of bids. If the list includes a fire alarm contractor and/or fire sprinkler contractor, Bidders will also submit a copy of the fire alarm contractor's and/or fire sprinkler contractor's permits from the State of Alabama Fire Marshal's Office.

11. INCOMPLETE and IRREGULAR BIDS:

A bid that is not accompanied by data required by the Bid Documents, or a bid which is in any way incomplete, may be rejected. Any bid which contains any uninitialed alterations or erasures, or any bid which contains any additions, alternate bids, or conditions not called for, or any other irregularities of any kind, will be subject to rejection.

12. BID ERRORS:

- **a.** Errors and Discrepancies in the Proposal Form. In case of error in the extension of prices in bids, the unit price will govern. In case of discrepancy between the prices shown in the figures and in words, the words will govern.
- **b. Mistakes within the Bid.** If the low bidder discovers a mistake in its bid, the low bidder may seek withdrawal of its bid without forfeiture of its bid guaranty under the following conditions:
 - (1) <u>Timely Notice</u>: The low bidder must notify the Awarding Authority and Architect in writing, within three working days after the opening of bids, that a mistake was made. This notice must be given within this time frame whether or not award has been made.
 - (2) <u>Substantial Mistake</u>: The mistake must be of such significance as to render the bid price substantially out of proportion to the other bid prices.
 - (3) <u>Type of Mistake</u>: The mistake must be due to calculation or clerical error, an inadvertent omission, or a typographical error which results in an erroneous sum. A mistake of law, judgment, or opinion shall not constitute a valid ground for withdrawal without forfeiture.

(4) <u>Documentary Evidence</u>: Clear and convincing documentary evidence of the mistake must be presented to the Awarding Authority and the Architect as soon as possible, but no later than three working days after the opening of bids.

The Awarding Authority's decision regarding a low bidder's request to withdraw its bid without penalty shall be made within 10 days after receipt of the bidder's evidence or by the next regular meeting of the Awarding Authority. Upon withdrawal of bid without penalty, the low bidder shall be prohibited from (1) doing work on the project as a subcontractor or in any other capacity and (2) bidding on the same project if it is re-bid.

13. DISQUALIFICATION of BIDDERS:

Any bidder(s) may be disqualified from consideration for contract award for the following reasons:

- **a.** Collusion. Any agreement or collusion among bidders or prospective bidders in restraint of freedom of competition to bid at a fixed price or to refrain from bidding or otherwise shall render the bids void and shall cause the bidders or prospective bidders participating in such agreement or collusion to be disqualified from submitting further bids to the Awarding Authority on future lettings. (See § 39-2-6, Code of Alabama 1975, for possible criminal sanctions.)
- **b.** Advance Disclosure. Any disclosure in advance of the terms of a bid submitted in response to an Advertisement for Bids shall render the proceedings void and require readvertisement and rebid.
- **c.** Failure to Settle Other Contracts. The Awarding Authority may reject a bid from a bidder who has not paid, or satisfactorily settled, all bills due for labor and material on other contracts in force at the time of letting.

14. CONSIDERATION of BIDS:

- **a.** After the bids are opened and read publicly, the bid prices will be compared and the results of this comparison will be available to the public. Until the final award of the contract, however, the Awarding Authority shall have the right to reject any or all bids, and it shall have the right to waive technical errors and irregularities if, in its judgment, the bidder will not have obtained a competitive advantage and the best interests of the Awarding Authority will be promoted.
- **b.** If the Bid Documents request bids for projects or parts of projects in combination or separately, the Bid Documents must include supplements to, these Instructions to Bidders setting forth applicable bid procedures. Award or awards will be made to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder or bidders in accordance with such bid procedures.

15. DETERMINATION of LOW BIDDER by USE of ALTERNATES:

a. The Awarding Authority may request alternate bid prices (alternates) to facilitate either reducing the base bid to an amount within the funds available for the project or adding items to the base bid within the funds available for the project. Alternates, if any, are listed in the

Proposal Form in the order in which they shall cumulatively deduct from or add to the base bid for determining the lowest bidder.

- **b.** If alternates are included in the Proposal Form, the Awarding Authority shall determine the dollar amount of funds available and immediately prior to the opening of bids shall announce publicly the funds available for the project. The dollar amount of such funds shall be used to determine the lowest bidder as provided herein below, notwithstanding that the actual funds available for the project may subsequently be determined to be more or less than the expected funds available as determined immediately prior to the time of the opening of bids.
- c. If the base bid of the lowest bidder exceeds the funds available and alternate bid prices will reduce the base bids to an amount that is within the funds available, the lowest bidder will be determined by considering, in order, the fewest number of the alternates that produces a price within the funds available. If the base bid of the lowest bidder is within the funds available and alternate bid prices will permit adding items to the base bid, the lowest bidder will be determined by considering, in order, the greatest number of the alternates that produces a price within the funds available.
- **d.** After the lowest bidder has been determined as set forth above, the Awarding Authority may award that bidder any combination of alternates, provided said bidder is also the low bidder when only the Base Bid and such combination of alternates are considered.

16. UNIT PRICES:

- **a.** Work Bid on a Unit Price Basis. Where all, or part(s), of the planned Work is bid on a unit price basis, both the unit prices and the extensions of the unit prices constitute a basis of determining the lowest responsible and responsive bidder. In cases of error in the extension of prices of bids, the unit price will govern. A bid may be rejected if any of the unit prices are obviously unbalanced or non-competitive.
- **b.** Unit Prices for Application to Change Orders. As a means of predetermining unit costs for changes in certain elements of the Work, the Bid Documents may require that the bidders furnish unit prices for those items in the Proposal Form. Unit prices for application to changes in the work are not a basis for determining the lowest bidder. Non-competitive unit prices proposed by the successful bidder may be rejected and competitive prices negotiated by the Awarding Authority prior to contract award. Unit prices for application to changes in the work are not effective unless specifically included and agreed upon in the Construction Contract.

17. AWARD of CONTRACT:

- **a.** The contract shall be awarded to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder unless the Awarding Authority finds that all the bids are unreasonable or that it is not in the best interest of the Awarding Authority to accept any of the bids. A responsible bidder is one who, among other qualities determined necessary for performance, is competent, experienced, and financially able to perform the contract. A responsive bidder is one who submits a bid that complies with the terms and conditions of the Advertisement for Bids and the Bid Documents. Minor irregularities in the bid shall not defeat responsiveness.
- **b.** A bidder to whom award is made will be notified by telegram, confirmed facsimile, or letter to the address shown on the Proposal Form at the earliest possible date. Unless other

time frames are stipulated in Supplemental Instructions to Bidders, the maximum time frames allowed for each step of the process between the opening of bids and the issuance of an order to proceed with the work shall be as follows:

(1)	Award of contract by Awarding Authority	30 calendar days after the opening of bids
(2)	Contractor's return of the fully executed contract, with bonds and evidence of insurance, to the Awarding Authority	15 calendar days after the contract has been presented to the contractor for signature (from the Lead Design Professional)
(3)	Awarding Authority's approval of the contractor's bonds and evidence of insurance and completion of contract execution	20 calendar days after the contractor presents complete and acceptable documents to the Architect
(4)	Notice To Proceed issued to the contractor along with distribution of the fully executed construction contract to all parties.	15 calendar days after final execution of contract by the Awarding Authority, by various State Agencies if required and by the Governor if his or her signature on the contract is required by law

The time frames stated above, or as otherwise specified in the Bid Documents, may be extended by written agreement between the parties. Failure by the Awarding Authority to comply with the time frames stated above or stipulated in Supplemental Instructions to Bidders, or agreed extensions thereof, shall be just cause for the withdrawal of the contractor's bid and contract without forfeiture of bid security.

- c. Should the successful bidder or bidders to whom the contract is awarded fail to execute the Construction Contract and furnish acceptable Performance and Payment Bonds and satisfactory evidence of insurance within the specified period, the Awarding Authority shall retain from the bid guaranty, if it is a cashier's check, or recover from the principal or the sureties, if the guaranty is a bid bond, the difference between the amount of the contract as awarded and the amount of the bid of the next lowest responsible and responsive bidder, but not more than \$10,000. If no other bids are received, the full amount of the bid guaranty shall be so retained or recovered as liquidated damages for such default. Any sums so retained or recovered shall be the property of the Awarding Authority.
- d. All bid guaranties, except those of the three lowest bona fide bidders, will be returned immediately after bids have been checked, tabulated, and the relation of the bids established. The bid guaranties of the three lowest bidders will be returned as soon as the contract bonds and the contract of the successful bidder have been properly executed and approved. When the award is deferred for a period of time longer than 15 days after the opening of the bids, all bid guaranties, except those of the potentially successful bidders, shall be returned. If no award is made within the specified period, as it may by agreement be extended, all bids will be rejected, and all guaranties returned. If any potentially successful bidder agrees in writing to a stipulated extension in time for consideration of its bid and its bid was guaranteed with a cashier's check, the Awarding Authority may permit the potentially successful bidder to substitute a satisfactory bid bond for the cashier's check.



SUPPLEMENT A TO THE INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 PURPOSE

- A. The changes, deletions and omissions to DCM Form C-2, Instructions to Bidders.
 - 1. AWARD OF CONTRACT (ITEM NO. 17), modify paragraph b., (3):
 - 3. Awarding Authority's approval of the contractor's bonds and evidence of insurance and completion of contract execution 40 calendar days after the contractor presents complete and acceptable documents to the Architect.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

END OF SECTION

PROPOSAL FORM

To:	Date:
(Awarding Authority)	
In compliance with the Advertisement for Bids and subject to all the condi-	tions thereof, the undersigned
(Legal Name of Bidder)	
hereby proposes to furnish all labor and materials and perform all work req	uired for the construction of
WORK	
in accordance with Drawings and Specifications, dated	, prepared by
The Bidder, which is organized and existing under the laws of the State of	
having its principal offices in the City of	
is: a Corporation a Partnership an Individual (other)	
LISTING OF PARTNERS OR OFFICERS: If Bidder is a Partners addresses; if Bidder is a Corporation, list the names, titles, and business addresses; if Bidder is a Corporation, list the names, titles, and business addresses; if Bidder is a Corporation, list the names, titles, and business addresses; if Bidder is a Corporation, list the names, titles, and business addresses; if Bidder is a Partners addre	amined the site of the Work, it has examined the Drawings I the other Bid and Contract
ADDENDA: The Bidder acknowledges receipt of Addenda Nost	hrough inclusively.
BASE BID: For construction complete as shown and specified, the sum of	
Doll	ars (\$)
ALTERNATES: If alternates as set forth in the Bid Documents are accepare to be made to the Base Bid:	
For Alternate No. 1 ()	
For Alternate No. 2 ()	S
For Alternate No. 3 ()	S
For Alternate No. 4 ()	S
For Alternate No. 5 ()	S
For Alternate No. 6 ()	

UNIT PRICES - (Attach to this Proposal Form the unit prices, if any, on a separate sheet.)

BID SECURITY: The undersigned agrees to enter into a Construction Contract and furnish the prescribed Performance and Payment Bonds and evidence of insurance within fifteen calendar days, or such other period stated in the Bid Documents, after the contract forms have been presented for signature, provided such presentation is made within 30 calendar days after the opening of bids, or such other period stated in the Bid Documents. As security for this condition, the undersigned further agrees that the funds represented by the Bid Bond (or cashier's check) attached hereto may be called and paid into the account of the Awarding Authority as liquidated damages for failure to so comply.

Attached hereto is a: (Mark the appr	opriate box and provide the applicable information.)
O Bid Bond, executed by	as Surety
	Bank of,
for the sum of	
Dollars (\$) made payable to the Awarding Authority.
BIDDER'S ALABAMA LICEN State License for General Contractin	SE: License Number Bid Limit Type(s) of Work
on behalf of the Bidder as leg fraud or collusion with any oth complete, and that the bid is mad the undersigned at the address set The Bidder also declares that submitted at a time subsequent	rsigned certifies that he or she is authorized to execute contracts ally named, that this proposal is submitted in good faith without or bidder, that the information indicated in this document is true and the infull accord with State law. Notice of acceptance may be sent to forth below. The allist of all proposed major subcontractors and suppliers will be to the receipt of bids as established by the Architect in the Bidmis time exceed twenty-four (24) hours after receipt of bids.
Legal Name of Bidder	
M 11 A 11	
* By (Legal Signature)	
* Name & Title (print)	(Seal)
Telephone Number	
Email Address	

* If other than the individual proprietor, or an above named member of the Partnership, or the above named president, vice-president, or secretary of the Corporation, attach written authority to bind the Bidder. Any modification to a bid shall be over the initials of the person signing the bid, or of an authorized representative.

Note: A completed DCM Form C-3A: Accounting of Sales Tax must be submitted with DCM Form C-3: Proposal Form. Submission of DCM Form C-3A is required, it is not optional. A proposal shall be rendered non-responsive if an Accounting of Sales Tax is not provided.

ACCOUNTING OF SALES TAX Attachment to DCM Form C-3: Proposal Form

To:(Avanding Authority)	Date:
(Awarding Authority)	
NAME OF PROJECT	
SALES TAX ACCOUNTING	
Pursuant to Act 2013-205, Section 1(g) the Contractor proposal form as follows:	or accounts for the sales tax NOT included in the bid
	ESTIMATED SALES TAX AMOUNT
BASE BID:	\$
Alternate No. 1 (add) (deduct) \$
Alternate No. 2 ()	(add) (deduct) \$
Alternate No. 3 ()	add) (deduct) \$
Alternate No. 4 ()	add) (deduct) \$
Alternate No. 5 ()	add) (deduct) \$
Alternate No. 6 ()	(add) (deduct) \$
•	shall render the bid non-responsive. Other than shall not affect the bid pricing nor be considered in the onsive bidder.
Legal Name of Bidder	
Mailing Address	
*By (Legal Signature)	
*Name (type or print)	(Seal)
*Title	
Telephone Number	
Email Address	

Note: A completed DCM Form C-3A: Accounting of Sales Tax must be submitted with DCM Form C-3: Proposal Form. Submission of DCM Form C-3A with DCM Form C-3 is required, it is not optional. A proposal shall be rendered non-responsive if an Accounting of Sales Tax is not provided.

ATTEST:

BID BOND

The PRINCIPAL (<i>Bidder's company name and address</i>) Name: Address:	
The SURETY (Company name and primary place of business) Name: Address:	
The OWNER (<i>Entity name and address</i>) Name: Address:	
The PROJECT for which the Principal's Bid is submitted: (<i>Pr</i>	oject name as it appears in the Bid Documents)
KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we, the u bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successor percent (5%) of the amount of the Principal's bid, but in no	ors, and assigns to the Owner in the PENAL SUM of five
THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION is that the Princorporated herein by reference, for the Project identified above	
contained in the Bid Documents and properly com insurance as prescribed in the Bid Documents, or (b) fails to execute and deliver such Construction Contra Owner the difference, not to exceed the Penal Sum o	the required Performance and Payment Bonds (each in the form pleted in accordance with the bid) and delivers evidence of act with such Bonds and evidence of insurance, but pays the f this Bond, between the amount of the Principal's Bid and the astruction Contract for the same Work to another bidder,
The Surety, for value received, hereby stipulates and agrees the manner be impaired or affected by any extension of the time w Surety does hereby waive notice of any such extension.	
SIGNED AND SEALED this day of	·
ATTEST:	PRINCIPAL:
	By

Name and Title

Note: Do not staple this form; use clips. Purpose: quickly and efficiently scan thousands of documents into DCM's database.

SURETY:

Name and Title

By____

SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

SECTION 00 22 00

SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUPPLEMENTS

A. The following instructions are in addition to Alabama Division of Construction Management Instructions to Bidders - DCM Form C-2, dated January 2021, and the Advertisement for Bids - DCM Form C-1, dated August 2020.

1.02 TIME

A. Perform the Work within the time stated in Section 01 10 00 - Summary. The bidder, in submitting an offer, accepts the contract time period stated for performing the Work.

1.03 INSTRUCTIONS

- A. All sealed bids will be received by 2:00 p.m. CDT on April 27, 2021 at which time each bidder must submit a sealed envelope properly titled containing the Proposal form, the Bid Bond, Accounting of Sales Tax DCM Form C-3A form, Supplement B List of Unit Prices/Allowances, and Affidavit A. Upon receipt of these documents the bids will be publicly opened and read aloud. Supplement A List of Subcontractors (section 00 43 21) and Affidavit C is to be hand delivered or emailed to the Architect within 24 hours after receipt of bids. No changes to the base bid will be allowed after 2:00 p.m.
- B. Bids will be opened at the Alabama A&M University, Department of Purchasing Room 305 Patton Hall, 4900 Meridian Street, Normal, AL 35762.
- C. Any parties other than General Contractors may obtain contract documents by depositing \$100.00 to Nola | VanPeursem Architects, PC for each set obtained. On return of such documents in good condition within 10 days after the bid opening, the cost of reproduction and postage and mailing will be deducted from the deposit and the balance will be refunded. No refund will be made if plans are not returned in good condition.
- D. General Contractors who submit a bona fide bid will be refunded in full on the first two (2) sets issued, upon return of documents in good condition within ten days of bid date. Additional sets may be obtained under the conditions stated in the above Item C.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

END OF SECTION

SECTION 00 22 00

APPENDIX A

OWNER'S SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS - DBE/MINORITY

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS GOAL FOR DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PARTICIPATION

Alabama A & M University is committed to providing equal opportunities for participation in all aspects of the Alabama A & M University construction program. Alabama A & M University prohibits discrimination against any person or business in the pursuit of these opportunities on the basis of race, color, gender, religion, handicap, or national origin, and will make every effort to conduct its contracting and purchasing program so as to prevent any discrimination. Alabama A &M University actively seeks to identify qualified minority, handicapped, and women-owned business enterprises so as to widen opportunities for participation as providers of goods and services, increases competition and ensure the proper and diligent use of public funds.

Alabama A & M University has adopted a goal for participation by disadvantaged business enterprises in construction projects based on the availability of DBE/MINORITY firms for the type of construction trade on that project and the percent of total contract value. The President and his staff shall establish appropriate guidelines and procedures.

OBJECTIVES/STATEMENTS

A. Definitions

- 1.) <u>Bidder/Participa</u>nt- Any person, firm, partnership, corporation, association, or joint venture seeking to be awarded a public contract or subcontract.
- 2.) <u>Contract- A mutual binding legal document which defines a business relationship or any modification at the level of performance which obligates the seller to furnish supplies, equipment, materials, services, or knowledge in performing construction.</u>
- 3.) <u>C</u>ontractors- Any person, firm, partnership, corporation, association, or joint venture awarded a construction contract with Alabama A & M University or has contracted with the Owner to perform construction work or repair.
- 4.) <u>Discrimination- To distinguish, differentiate, separate, or segregate solely on the basis of age, race, religion, color, sex, national origin, handicap, or veteran's status.</u>
- 5.) <u>Equipment- Includes materials, supplies, commodities, apparatus.</u>
- 6.) <u>Goal-</u> An objective, expressed numerically to evaluate the type and amount of public contract awards and performance of disadvantage-owned business enterprises.
- 7.) <u>Good Faith Effort- An activity performed by Bidders to assure the participation of DBE/MINORITY contracts covered under this plan.</u>
- 8.) <u>Joint Venture- A legal merger of two or more separately owned businesses/firms for</u>

the purpose of submitting a single bid, to carry out a single business enterprise for profit, for which purpose they combine their property, capital, efforts, skills, or knowledge.

- 9.) Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE/MINORITY)-A business enterprise owned and controlled at a minimum of 51% by one or more members of a group defined as a minority or women. A business certified as a DBE/MINORITY will show evidence of ownership and management interests and the daily business operations are real and continuing not created solely to meet the DBE/MINORITY requirements. Each firm will be certified by the Transportation Office on Alabama A&M University.
- 10.) Owner- Alabama A & M University
- 11.) Subcontractor- A firm under contract with the prime contractor for supplying materials or labor and materials and/or installation. The subcontractor may or may not provide materials in his subcontract. Work subcontracted in an emergency and which could not have been anticipated is excluded as a part of this program.
- 12.) Socially and economically disadvantaged individual- means the same as defined in 15 U.S.C 637. "Socially disadvantaged individuals are those who have been subjected to racial or ethnic prejudice or cultural bias because of their identity as a member of a group without regard to their individual qualities". "Economically disadvantaged individuals are those socially disadvantaged individuals whose ability to compete in the free enterprise system has been impaired due to diminished capital and credit opportunities as compared to others in the same business are who are not socially disadvantaged".

13.) Verifiable Goal

- For purpose of separate prime contract system, that the awarding authority has adopted written guidelines specifying the actions that will be taken to ensure a good faith effort in the recruitment and selection of DBE/MINORITY s for participation in contracts awarded;
- For purpose of separate prime contract system, that the awarding authority had adopted written guidelines specifying the actions that the prime Contractor must take to ensure a good faith effort in the recruitment and selection of DBE/MINORITY s for participation in contract awarded; and
- c. The required actions must be documented in writing by the prime contractors to the Owner.

B. Owner's Duties

- 1. Identification/Certification of Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE/MINORITY).
 - The University shall affirmatively seek out and gain knowledge of minority and women owned business enterprises in the construction trades.
 - b. The University shall assist in certifying the eligibility of DBE/MINORITYs and joint venture involving DBE/MINORITY firms.
 - c. The University will maintain a list of firms certified as DBE/MINORITY.
 - d. The University will attend the scheduled pre-bid conference.
 - At least 7 days prior to the scheduled day of bid opening, notify DBE/MINORITYs that have requested notices from the University, of work being bid or the potential contracting opportunities listed in the proposal. The notification shall include the following:
 - 1. A description of the work for which the bid is being solicited.
 - 2. The date, time, and location where bids are to be submitted.
 - 3. The name of the individual within the owner's organization who will be available to answer questions about the project.

- 4. Where bid documents may be reviewed.
- 5. Any special requirements that may exist.
- Utilize other media; as appropriate, likely to inform potential DBE/MINORITYs of the bid being sought.
- g. Maintain documentation of any contracts, correspondence, or conversation with DBE/MINORITYs made in an attempt to meet the goals.
- h. Evaluate documentation to determine food faith effort has been achieved for DBE/MINORITY utilization prior to recommendation of award.
- Review prime contractors' pay applications for compliance with DBE/MINORITY utilization commitments prior to payment.

C. DBE/MINORITY SUBCONTRACT GOALS:

The goals for participation by DBE/MINORITY firms as subcontractors on this project is set for each project based on percentage of each construction trade in project and availability of DBE/MINORITY firms.

If bidder has not met the percent goal, the bidder must identify on its bid, the DBE/MINORITY s that will be utilized on the project with corresponding total dollar value of the bid. Affidavits A and C listing good faith efforts must be included with the bid.

If bidder has met the percent goal, the bidder must provide Affidavit B within 72 hours of the bid.

The above information must be provided as required. Failure to submit these documents is grounds for rejection of the bid.

D. Communications with DBE/MINORITY

The University shall provide information to DBE/MINORITY firms about the University's construction program. This shall be accomplished by:

- Upon request, sending a notice to each DBE/MINORITY engaged in University construction that is advertised for bids;
- 2. Ensuring that prospective DBE/MINORITY bidders and subcontractors have access to bidding documents; and
- 3. Furnishing DBE/MINORITY subcontractors with the name of the prospective Bidders on a project; upon request, and providing Bidders with the University's list of known DBE/MINORITY firms,

E. Designer

The designer will:

- 1. Attend the scheduled pre-bid conference to assist in the explanation of DBE/MINORITY requirements to the prospective bidders.
- 2. Assist the owner to identify and notify prospective DBE/MINORITY prime and subcontractors of potential contracting opportunities.
- 3. Maintain documentation of any contracts, correspondence, or conversation with DBE/MINORITY firms made in an attempt to meet the goals.

- 4. Reviewjointly with the owner, all requirements of these guidelines—(i.e. bidders' proposals for identification of the DBE/MINORITY's that will be utilized with corresponding total dollar value of the bid and affidavit listing Good Faith Efforts, or affidavit of self-performance of work, if the contractor will perform work under contract by its own workforce)—prior to recommendation of award.
- 5. Make documentation showing evidence of implementation of Designer's responsibilities available for review by Owner, upon request.

F. Anticpated Assurances from Contractors

- Upon adoption of its verifiable goal, the University is expected to require Bidders on its
 projects to provide assurances in writing that they will make a good faith effort to solicit
 DBE/MINORITY s as subcontractors should they be awarded the construction contract. The
 successful Bidder shall provide the following information to the University and any other
 information requested in the attached forms:
 - The names and addresses of DBE/MINORITY s that will participate in the contract and the names of firms contacted that are not participating; (AFFIDAVIT C)
 - b. A description of the work each named DBE/MINORITY will perform; (AFFIDAVIT C)
 - c. The dollar amount of participation by each DBE/MINORITY (AFFIDAVIT C); and
 - Copies of any advertisements or correspondence the Bidder has used to attract DBE/MINORITY subcontractors.
- 2. A contractor's good faith effort to involve DBE/MINORITY firms in the project can be demonstrated by using, among other factors, the following:
 - a. Contacted DBE/MINORITY s that reasonably could have been expected to submit a quote and that were known to the contractor, or available on State, local government, or University maintained lists, at least 10 days before the bid date and notified them of the nature and scope of the work to be performed.
 - b. Made the construction plans, specifications and requirements available for review by prospective DBE/MINORITY 's, or providing these documents to them at least 7 days before the bids are due.
 - c. Broken down or combined elements of work into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE/MINORITY participation.
 - d. Worked with minority trade, community, or contractor organizations identified by the University office of Transportation which provide assistance in recruitment of minority businesses.
 - e. Attended pre-bid meetings scheduled by the owner.
 - f. Provided assistance in getting required bonding or insurance or provided alternatives to bonding or insurance for subcontractors.
 - g. Negotiated in good faith with interested DBE/MINORITY s and did not reject them as unqualified without sound reasons based on their capabilities. Any rejection of a DBE/MINORITY based on lack of qualification should have the reasons documented in writing.
 - h. Provided assistance to an otherwise qualified DBE/MINORITY in need of equipment, loan capital, lines of credit, or joint pay agreements to secure loans, supplies, or letters in obtaining the same unit pricing with the bidder's suppliers in order to help DBE/MINORITY in establishing credit.
 - Negotiated joint venture and partnership arrangements with DBE/MINORITY in order to increase opportunities for DBE/MINORITY participation on a public construction or repair project when possible.
 - j. Provided quick pay agreements and policies to enable DBE/MINORITY contractors and suppliers to meet cash-flow demands.

G. DBE/MINORITY Responsibilities

- a. DBE/MINORITYs should make every effort to establish contacts and relationships with Contractors for potential future business, including attending pre-bid conferences and subscribing to industry and trade journals
- b. DBE/MINORITYs should also document all contacts and communications made with Contractors above so as to be able to assist the Grievance Designee in determining whether a complaint lodged by a DBE/MINORITY firm against a Bidder for failure to use good faith effort is valid.
- c. In addition, DBE/MINORITYs who are contacted by the Owner or Bidders should respond promptly whether or not they wish to submit a bid.
- d. DBE/MINORITYs are urged to take advantage of appropriate technical assistance and training when it is available.

H. Penalties for Contractor Noncompliance

1.

I. Criteria for Certification of Disadvantaged Business Enterprises

- 1. A Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE/MINORITY) is a business, which is at least 51%, owned <u>and</u> controlled by minority group members or women. A DBE/MINORITY is bona fide only if the minority group or female ownership interests are real and continuing and notcreated solely to meet the DBE/MINORITY requirement. In addition, the DBE/MINORITY must itself perform satisfactory work or services or provide supplies under the contract and not act as a mere conduit.
- 2. The term "minority" means a person who is a citizen or lawful permanent resident of the United States and who are;
 - a. <u>African-American</u>, that is, a person having origins in any of the original racial groups in Africa.
 - b. <u>Hispanic</u>, that is, a person of Spanish or Portuguese culture with origins in Mexico, South Central America, or the Caribbean Island, regardless of race.
 - c. <u>Native-American</u>. that is, persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America.
 - d. <u>Asian-American</u>, that is, persons having origin in any of the countries of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian areas; or
 - e. <u>Female</u>.
 - f. Socially and economically disadvantaged individual-means the same as defined in 15 U.S.C. 637. "Socially disadvantaged individuals are those who have been subjected to racial or ethnic prejudice or cultural bias because of their identity as a member of a group without regard to their individual qualities." "Economically disadvantaged individuals are those socially disadvantaged individuals whose ability to compete in the free enterprise system has been impaired due to diminished capital and credit opportunities as compared to others in the same business area that are not socially disadvantaged".
- 3. The term "owned and controlled" means a business, which is a : 1) Sole proprietorship legitimately owned by a person who is a minority or female; 2) a partnership or joint venture controlled by minorities and/or women, and in which at least 51% of the beneficial ownership interests legitimately are held by minorities

- and/or women; 3) a corporation or other entity controlled by minorities and/or females, and in which at least 51% of the voting stock or interested 51% of the beneficial ownership interest are legitimately held by minorities and/or females. In addition, these persons must control the management and operations of the business on a day to day basis.
- 4. The President shall appoint a DBE/MINORITY certification Review Committee to resolve any and all disputes concerning a business' eligibility for certification as a DBE/MINORITY. The Committee shall include at least one member from the Transportation Office, one member from the Purchasing Office, one member from the Facilities Office and the University Attorney.

J. Grievance Procedures.

- The grievance shall first be discussed with the responsible operating department. If the grievance is not resolved, exercise item #2.
- 2. The grievance (complaint) must be reported in writing, a brief description and supporting documentation and evidence to the President's designee.
- 3. The President's designee will review the basis and the issue(s) of the complaint and may request additional supporting evidence. A response to the grievance will be completed within fifteen (15) working days unless circumstances mandate otherwise. Parties involved will be notified of any and all delays in processing the grievance.
- 4. Any participant not satisfied with the decision of the President's designee may avail himself/herself or any remedies available under the Federal, State and Local law.

To that end, DBE/MINORITY disputes arising under these guidelines should be resolved.

Name of	
Bidder	

I have made a good faith effort to comply under the following areas circled: (a minimum of 5 areas must be checked in order to have achieved a "good faith effort")

- 1 Contacted DBE / minority businesses that reasonably could have been expected to submit a quote and that were known to the contractor, or available on State or local government-maintained lists, at least 10 days before the bid date and notified them of the nature and scope of the work to be performed.
- 2 Made the construction plans, specifications and requirements available for review by prospective DBE / minority businesses, or providing these documents to them at least 10 days before the bids are due.
- 3 Broken down or combined elements of work into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE / minority participation.
- 4 Worked with DBE / minority trade, community, or contractor organizations.
- 5 Attended prebid meetings scheduled by the owner.
- 6 Provided assistance in getting required bonding or insurance or provided alternatives to bonding or insurance for subcontractors.
- Negotiated In good faith with interested DBE / minority businesses and did not reject them as unqualified without sound reasons based on their capabilities. Any rejection of a DBE / minority business based on lack of qualification should have the reasons documented in writing.
- 8 Provided assistance to an otherwise qualified DBE / minority business In need of equipment, loan capital, lines of credit, or joint pay agreements to secure loans, supplies, or letters of credit, including waiving credit that is ordinarily required. Assisted DBE / minority businesses in obtaining the same unit pricing with the bidder's supplies in order to help DBE / minority businesses in establishing credit.
- Negotiated joint venture and partnership arrangements with DBE / minority businesses in order to increase opportunities for DBE / minority business participation on a public construction or repair project when possible.
- Provided quick pay agreements and policies to enable DBE / minority contractors and suppliers to meet cash-flow demands.

AFFIDAVIT A – ALABAMA A&M UNIVERSITY

The undersigned will enter into a formal agreement with the firms listed In Affidavit C conditional upon execution of a contract with the Owner. Failure to abide by this statutory provision will constitute a breach of the contract.

The undersigned hereby certifies that he or she has read the terms of the DBE / minority business commitment and is authorized to bind the bidder to the commitment herein set forth.

Date:			
Name of Authorize	d Officer:		
Signature:	<u> </u>		
	Title:		
	State of Alabama, County of		
	Subscribed and sworn to before	e me this	
		day of	
		20	
	Notary Public		
	My commission expires		

AFFIDAVIT B - ALABAMA A&M UNIVERSITY

AFFIDAVIT B-ALABAMA A&M UNIVERSITY

Portion of the work to be performed by DBE / firms ***** (NOTE: THIS FORM IS NOT TO BE SUBMITTED WITH THE BID PROPOSAL)****** If the portion of the work to be executed by DBE/MINORITY businesses is equal to or greater than % of the bidder's total contract price, then the bidder must complete this affidavit. This affidavit shall be provided by the apparent lowest responsible, responsive bidder within 72 hours after notification of being low bidder. Affidavit of_____I do hereby certify that on the (Name of bidder) (Project Name) Amount of Bid \$ I will expend a minimum of_____% of the total dollar amount of the contract with DBE/MINORITY contractors. DBE/MINORITY contractors will be employed as construction subcontractors, vendors, suppliers or providers of professional services. Such work will be subcontracted to the following firms listed below: NAME AND PHONE NUMBER WORK DESCRIPTION DOLLAR VALUE 3.____

Note: Attach additional sheets if required.

AFFIDAVIT B – ALABAMA A&M UNIVERSITY

The undersigned will enter into a formal agreement with DBE/MINORITY firms for work listed in this schedule conditional upon execution of a contract with the Owner. Failure to fulfill this commitment may constitute a breach of the contract.

The undersigned hereby certifies that he or she has read the terms of this commitment and is authorized to bind the bidder to the commitment herein set forth.

Date:	_ Name of Authorized Officer:	
	Signature:	
	Title:	
	State of Alabama; County of	
	Subscribed and sworn to before me thisday of	20
	Notary Public	
	My commission expires;	

AFFIDAVIT C – ALABAMA A&M UNIVERSITY

If the goal of participation by DBE/MINORITY business is not achieved,

Good Faith Efforts

	good faith efforts:	ne following documentation t	
	Affidavit of:		
	(Nam	e of Bidder)	
	I do certify the attached document	ation as true and accurate representati	on of my good faith efforts.
	NAME AND PHONE NUMBER	WORK DESCRIPTION	DOLLAR VALUE
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			

Documentation of the Bidder's good faith efforts to meet the goals set forth in these provisions. Examples of documentation Include, but are not limited to, the following evidence:

- 1. Copies of solicitations for quotes to at least three (3) DBE/MINORITY business firms from the source list provided by the University for each subcontract to be let under this contract (If 3 or more firms are shown on the source list). Each solicitation shall contain a specific description of the work to be sub-contracted, location where bid documents can be reviewed, representative of the Prime Bidder to contact, and location, date and time when quotes must be received.
- 2. Copies of quotes or responses received from each firm responding to the solicitation.
- 3. A telephone log of follow-up calls to each firm sent a solicitation.

AFFIDAVIT C – ALABAMA A&M UNIVERSITY

- 4. For subcontracts where a DBE/MINORITY business firm is not considered the lowest responsible sub-bidder, copies of quotes received from all firms submitting quotes for that particular subcontract.
- Documentation of any contacts or correspondence to DBE/MINORITY business, community, or contractor organizations in an attempt to meet the goal.
- 6. Copy of pre-bid roster.
- 7. Letter documenting efforts to provide assistance in obtaining required bonding or Insurance for DBE/MINORITY business.
- 8. Letter detailing reasons for rejection of DBE/MINORITY business due to lack of qualification.
- Letter documenting proposed assistance offered to DBE/MINORITY business in need of equipment, loan capital, lines of credit, or joint pay agreements to secure loans, supplies, or letter of credit, including waiving credit that is ordinarily required.

Failure to provide the documentation as listed In these provisions may result in rejection of the bid and award to the next lowest responsible and responsive bidder.

Date:	_ Name of Authorized Officer:	
	Signature:	
	Title:	
	State of Alabama; County of	
	Subscribed and sworn to before me thisday of	20
	Notary Public	
	My commission expires;	

SUPPLEMENT A - LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS

SECTION 00 43 21

SUPPLEMENT A - LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS

PAR	TICULARS		
1.01	HEREWITH IS THE LIST OF SUBCONTRAC	CTORS REFERENCED IN THE BID SUBMITTED BY:	
1.02	(BIDDER)		
1.03	TO: ALABAMA A & M UNIVERSITY		
1.04	DATED AND WHICH	I IS AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE BID FORM.	
1.05	THE FOLLOWING WORK WILL BE PERFO AND COORDINATED BY US:	RMED (OR PROVIDED) BY SUBCONTRACTORS	
LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS			
2.01	WORK SUBJECTS	UBCONTRACTOR NAME	
2.02	DEMOLITION		
2.03	SITE WORK		
2.04	CONCRETE		
2.05	MASONRY		
2.06	STEEL ERECTION		
2.07	ROOFING		
2.08	PAINTING		

END OF SUPPLEMENT A

SECTION 00 43 22

SUPPLEMENT B - LIST OF UNIT PRICES/ALLOWANCES

PAR	TICULARS		
1.01	THE FOLLOWING IS THE LIST OF UNIT PRICES REFERENCED IN THE BID SUBMITTED BY:		
1.02	(BIDDER)		
1.03	TO: ALABAMA A & M UNIVERSITY		
1.04	DATED AND WHICH IS AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE BID FORM.		
1.05	THE FOLLOWING UNIT PRICES ARE FOR ADDITIONS TO OR DEDUCTIONS FROM THE WORK WHEREIN UNIT PRICES ARE APPLICABLE AS DETERMINED BY THE ARCHITECT AND OWNER. THESE UNIT PRICES INCLUDE ALL CHARGES FOR LABOR AND MATERIALS, FEE, LAYOUT, SUPERVISION (FIELD AND HOME OFFICE), GENERAL EXPENSES, TAXES, INSURANCE, OVERHEAD AND PROFIT, FOR UNIT ITEM OF WORK IN PLACE. THE CONTRACT SUM SHALL BE INCREASED OR DECREASED BASED UPON QUANTITY DIFFERECE MULTIPLIED BY THE APPLICABLE UNIT PRICE, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GENERAL CONDITIONS.		
UNIT	PRICE LIST		
	ITEM DESCRIPTION UNIT QUANTITYUNIT VALUE		
2.01	ROCK EXCAVATION - CUBIC YARD (MEASURED):		
	UNIT PRICE \$*		
2.02	TRENCH ROCK EXCAVATION - CUBIC YARD (MEASURED):		
	UNIT PRICE \$*		
2.03	FURNISH & INSTALL LEAN CONCRETE - CUBIC YARD:		
	UNIT PRICE \$ X QUANTITY 10 CY = ALLOWANCE \$*		
	* INDICATES AMOUNTS TO BE INCLUDED IN BASE BID		

END OF SUPPLEMENT B

SECTION 00 50 00

CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS AND FORMS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 DOCUMENTS

- A. Construction Contract DCM Form C-5, dated November 2020.
- B. Checklist for Preparation and Approval of Construction Contracts and Bonds DCM Form B-7, dated January 2021.
- C. Certification of Compliance with Section Nine of ACT 2011-535
- D. Performance Bond DCM Form C-6, dated January 2020.
- E. Payment Bond DCM Form C-7, dated January 2020.
- F. General Conditions of the Contract DCM Form C-8, dated January 2020.
- G. Supplementary Conditions of the Contract.
 - 1. Permit Fee & Permit Re-Inspection Fee Calculation Worksheet, Dated August 2019.
 - 2. Appendix A.
 - 3. Appendix B.
 - 4. Appendix C.
- H. General Contractor's Roofing Guarantee DCM Form C-9, dated August 2020.
- I. Application and Certificate for Payment, DCM Form C-10, dated January 2020.
- J. Inventory of Stored Materials, DCM Form C-10SM, dated January 2020.
- K. Schedule of Values, DCM Form C-10SOV, dated January 2020.
- L. Final Payment Checklist DCM Form B-13, dated December 2020.
- M. Progress Schedule and Report DCM Form C-11, dated July 2020.
- N. Contract Change Order, DCM Form C-12, dated November 2020.
- O. Change Order Justifications, DCM Form B-11, dated August 2020.
- P. Change Order Checklist, DCM Form B-12, dated July 2020.
- Q. Certificate of Substantial Completion, DCM Form C-13, dated August 2020.
- R. Form of Advertisement of Completion, DCM Form C-14, dated August 2020.
- S. Detail of Project Sign, DCM Form C-15, dated January 2021.
- T. Contractor's Affidavit of Paymnet of Debts & Claims, DCM Form C-18, dated December 2020.
- U. Contractor's Affidavit for Relese of Liens, DCM Form C-19, dated Decmeber 2020.
- V. Pre-Construction Conference Checklist, DCM Form B-8, dated January 2021.
- W. State of Alabama Disclosure Statement.

1.02 DOCUMENT AVAILABILITY

A. A copy of the documents and forms noted above is attached hereto, as provided by the Alabama Department of Finance, Real Property Management.

00 50 00 - 2 CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS AND FORMS

B. Additional copies may be obtained from the office of the Alabama Department of Finance, Real Property Management, 770 Washington Avenue, Suite 444, Montgomery, Alabama 36130, phone (334) 242-4082 or www.realproperty.alabama.gov.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

END OF SECTION

Do not staple this form and/or attachments; use clips. Print single-sided; do not submit double-side printed documents.

DCM (BC) Project No.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT

(2)	This Construction Contract is entered into this	day of	in the ye	ear of
(3)	between the OWNER,			
	Entity Name:			
	Address: Email & Phone #:			
	Eman & Phone #:			
(4)	and the CONTRACTOR,			
	Company Name:			
	Address:			
	Email & Phone #:			
(5)	for the WORK of the Project, identified as:			
	TI CONTED A CTE DOCUMENTES 1 4 1			
(6) (7)	The CONTRACT DOCUMENTS are dated ADDENDA		and have	been amended by
(,)	ADDENDA			
(8)	The ARCHITECT is			
	Firm Name:			
	Address:			
	Email & Phone #:			
(9)	The CONTRACT SUM is			
	Dollars (\$) and is the sum of the	e Contractor's Base Bid fo	r the Work	and the following
(10)	BID ALTERNATE PRICES:	e contractor o Base Bia re	1 1110 11 1111	and the fellowing
(-)				
(11)	The CONTRACT TIME is		() calendar days.
	THE OWNER AND THE CONTRACTOR AG	REE AS FOLLOWS: Th	e Contract	Documents, as
	defined in the General Conditions of the Contract (DC	CM Form C-8), are incorpora	ated herein	by reference.
	The Contractor shall perform the Work in accordant the Contractor will accept as full compensation for sucl			
	additions and deductions (including liquidated damage	es) as provided in the Contr	act Docum	ents. The Work
	shall commence on a date to be specified in a Notice	to Proceed issued by the Ov	wner or the	Director, Alabama
	Division of Construction Management, and shall then be	e substantially completed with	hin the Con	tract Time.
(12)	LIQUIDATED DAMAGES for which the Contract			
	to pay the Owner in accordance with the Contract D			
	on the total Contract Sum unless a dollar amount is damages shall be determined at	1 11) per calendar day.
	damages shall be determined at	Gonais	, (Ψ	

	If Special Provisions are continued in an attachment, identify	y the attachment below):
(14)	STATE GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S LIC Contractor is currently licensed by the Alabama and that the certificate for such license bears the following	
	License No.:	
	Classification Bid Limit:	n(s).
	and have executed this Construction Contract in	Construction Contract as of the date first written above a sufficient counterparts to enable each contracting entract each of which shall, without proof or accounting E.
	provisions of Title 39, Code of Alabama 1975, as amenthe terms and commitments of this Construction Contraction	truction Contract was let in accordance with the nded, and all other applicable provisions of law, and that ract do not constitute a debt of the State of Alabama in Constitution of Alabama, 1901, as amended by
(15)	APPROVAL	CONTRACTING PARTIES
	ALABAMA STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	
	(SDE) (Required for locally-funded, SDE projects.)	Contractor Company
		BySignature
	By Date: State Superintendent of Education	Name & Title
		Owner Entity
		By
		Signature Signature

(13) | SPECIAL PROVISIONS (Special Provisions may be inserted here, such as acceptance or rejection of unit prices.

Review/Signature flow: Architect/Engineer (prepare documents) > Contractor (review and sign) > Architect/Engineer (review) > Owner (review and sign) > SDE (review, sign and distribute the fully executed Contract to all parties, and forward a copy to the Alabama Division of Construction Management [DCM]). Note: DCM does not sign fully locally-funded SDE project contract documents.

Name(s) & Title(s)

PREPARATION AND APPROVAL OF CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS and BONDS

CHECKLIST

Use with DCM Forms C-5, C-6, & C-7 and DCM Forms 9-A, 9-B, & 9-C

 none were issued, insert "None". All Addenda shall be submitted to DCM for review prior to contract iss (8) ARCHITECT: Insert the full, legal name, address, email, and telephone number of the Project Arc Engineering firm. (9) CONTRACT SUM: The Contract Sum is the total of the Contract's Base Bid and accepted Bid A Prices, if any. Insert the Contract Sum in words and figures, verifying that this amount corresponds with the CERTIFIED TABULATION OF BIDS. 	_	
 On DCM Form 9-A, also insert the PSCA Project Number in the block provided. DATE: Insert the date upon which the Contractor will sign the contract. OWNER: Insert the full, legal name, address, email, and telephone number of the Owner (Awarding On DCM Form 9-A, insert the name, address, email, and telephone number of the Local Owner county school board, college, university, etc.) after "Alabama Public School and College Author CONTRACTOR: Insert the Contractor's full, legal company name, correct mailing address, email telephone number. For State Agency projects, the Contractor Company name and address must may and address registered in the State of Alabama Accounting and Resource System (STAARS) used to pay Vendors. The Contractor Company name and address must be consistent across all documer same contract package, in order to avoid STAARS rejection. On DCM Form 9-A: The Contractor Company name and address must match the name and address in STAARS used by the State to pay Vendors. The Contractor Company name and address must be across all documents in the same contract package, in order to avoid STAARS rejection. The WORK: Insert the complete name of the Project; same as in the Bid Documents. CONTRACT DOCUMENTS: Insert the date of the Bid Documents ADDENDA: Identify, by number and date, all pre-bid Addenda that were issued to the Bid Documen none were issued, insert "None". All Addenda shall be submitted to DCM for review prior to contract iss ARCHITECT: Insert the full, legal name, address, email, and telephone number of the Project Arc Engineering firm. CONTRACT SUM: The Contract Sum is the total of the Contract's Base Bid and accepted Bid A Prices, if any. Insert the Contract Sum in words and figures, verifying that this amount corresponds with the CERTIFIED TABULATION OF BIDS. 	ond to	
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Prices, if any. Insert the Contract Sum in words and figures, verifying that this amount corresponds with the CERTIFIED TABULATION OF BIDS.		
	ternate	
(10) BID ALTERNATE PRICES: Identify which, if any, Bid Alternate Prices are accepted and include the Contract Sum by inserting either (a) "No Alternate Prices Requested in Bid", (b) "No Alternate Accepted", or (c) a listing of the accepted Alternates by number and dollar amount.		
(11) The CONTRACT TIME: State the Contract Time in words and in figures.		
(12) LIQUIDATED DAMAGES: If the Owner has computed a daily rate for liquidated damages, insertamount in both words and figures in the spaces provided.		
 (13) SPECIAL PROVISIONS: This space may be used to incorporate Special Provisions into the such as unit prices, compliance with enacted provisions, and value engineering. If the solicital required Unit Prices, insert a statement of which Unit Prices, if any, are accepted and incorpor Contract. If more space is needed, Special Provisions may be stated on an attachment that is Special Provisions section. DCM Form 9-A is published bearing Special Provision "A. Severable Payments", which is we portions of the Contract Sum to be paid by the PSCA and the Local Owner are to be stated. Ob amounts from Local Owner and insert them in the spaces provided. Other Special Provisions, disposition of Unit Prices, may be inserted below this provision. 	tion for bids ated into the cited in the there the tain these	
(14) STATE GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE: Insert the Contractor's current state general contracting license number, bid limit, and classification in the spaces provided.		

(15) SIGNATURES - APPROVING and CONTRACTING PARTIES

Signature spaces vary for different Owner types and funding sources. Download the appropriate document per Owner/funding type from www.dcm.alabama.gov/forms.aspx. Original signatures required; copies of signatures will not be accepted.

PERFORMANCE BOND, DCM Form C-6 or DCM Form 9-B (PSCA Projects), and PAYMENT BOND, DCM Form C-7 or DCM Form 9-C (PSCA Projects)

Before forwarding the Construction Contract and Bonds to the Owner, verify that the Surety has accurately provided all information in the spaces provided. The information should be the same on both Bonds.

- (1) SURETY'S BOND NUMBER should be inserted in the block provided.
- (2) **PRINCIPAL:** Contractor's name and address is to be the same as appears in the Construction Contract.
- (3) **SURETY:** The full, legal name and address of the bonding company.
- (4) **OWNER:** The Owner's name and address is to be the same as appears in the Construction Contract.
- (5) **PENAL SUM:** The Penal Sum of each Bond is to be the Contract Sum of the Construction Contract and is to be inserted in both words and figures.
- (6) The **Date** of the Construction Contract: The date that appears on the Construction Contract.
- (7) The **PROJECT:** The same name or description as appears in the Construction Contract.
- (8) DATE: After "SIGNED AND SEALED" is to appear the date upon which Contractor and Surety sign the Bond. THIS DATE CANNOT PRECEDE THE DATE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT.
- (9) CONTRACTOR'S SIGNATURE: The Contractor's name must appear beneath "CONTRACTOR", under which the signature of a member or officer of the firm must appear with the name and title of the signing party appearing LEGIBLY beneath the signature.
- (10) SURETY'S SIGNATURE: The full, legal name of the bonding company must appear under "SURETY", under which the signature of an individual having power of attorney for the bonding company must appear with the individual's name and title appearing LEGIBLY beneath the signature.
- (11) ATTACHED POWER OF ATTORNEY: Clipped to each copy of the Bonds must be a Power of Attorney, signed by an officer of the bonding company, for the individual signing the bond on behalf of the bonding company. The date of the Power of Attorney must not precede the date of the bond.

ATTACHMENTS

The following documents must be attached to each of the six Construction Contract copies:

- Insurance Certificate (attach copy): It is the responsibility of the design professional to ensure all insurance requirements are discussed with bidders prior to a bid and that Contractor has provided the requirements to their insurance provider. Contractor must obtain <u>all</u> insurance coverage specified in Article 37 of the General Conditions of the Contract.
- Performance Bond (attach original with surety's power-of-attorney original): not required for contracts under \$50,000.00.
- Payment Bond (attach original with surety's power-of-attorney original): not required for contracts under \$50,000.00.
- Certified Tabulation of Bids (attach copy): required for all projects including those with informal bids.
- DCM Form C-3: Proposal Form (attach copy).
- DCM Form C-3A: Accounting of Sales Tax (attach copy): copy must be of the executed C-3A from the bid.
- E-Verify Memorandum of Understanding (attach copy): entire document required.
- Alabama Disclosure Statement (attach original).

FORWARDING CONTRACT and ATTACHMENTS

After determining that the Construction Contract (signed by the Contractor) and attachments are in order, the design professional shall forward all six (6) copies of these documents (with original signatures) to the Owner for signature. The Owner shall then forward the documents per the Review/Signature Flow instructions specified on the contract form underneath the signature block.

SUBMITTAL TO DCM:

- All contract documents and attachments must be single-sided on letter-sized paper without staples; use clips. Purpose: quickly and efficiently scan thousands of documents into DCM's database. Scanners compatible with the database do not scan double-sided nor legal-sized paper.
- Contracts with double-sided printing will not be accepted.
- The Contract Document Administration Fee-CC and the Permit Fee must be paid by the time a Construction Contract for a state agency project, Alabama Community College System (ACCS) project or PSCA-funded project is submitted to DCM for review, or when a fully locally-funded project Construction Contract is converted to PSCA. Contract reviews can begin once the fees have been paid.
- The Permit Fee must be paid by the time a copy of a fully locally-funded K-12 school project's executed Construction Contract is received at DCM's office from the State Department of Education (SDE).

Basic Contract Document Administration (CDA) Fee: This fee covers review of the Agreement Between Owner and Architect (O/A Agreement) and Construction Contract for state agency projects, ACCS projects and partially or fully PSCA-funded projects of K-12 public schools and universities and the related amendments, change orders, service invoices and pay requests. This fee does not apply to fully locally-funded K-12 public school projects or fully locally-funded university projects. The Basic CDA Fee covers review of the original submitted document and one revision. The total basic CDA fee is 1/2 of 1% of the total construction cost, due in two parts: 1/4 of 1% (.25%) of the Project Budget for administration of the O/A Agreement. 1/4 of 1% (.25%) of the Construction Contract Amount for administration of the Construction Contract.

<u>Additional Revised Contract Document Fee</u>: When more than one revision of a Construction Contract is required, an additional fee of \$200.00 will be charged to the design professional for each additional submittal until the document is executed.

<u>Basic Permit Fee</u>: This fee covers required project inspections. The Permit Fee is due when a construction contract or self-performance letter is received by DCM, and must be paid before a Pre-Construction Conference is scheduled with DCM Inspectors for any type of project. Note: although DCM does not review the construction contracts of non-ACCS public higher education institutions such as two and four-year universities, the permit fee must be paid before a required Pre-Construction Conference is scheduled with DCM Inspectors for such projects.

<u>Fees may be paid</u> online at www.dcm.alabama.gov or paid with a physical check. Make check payable to: "Finance - Construction Management", include the DCM (BC) Project #, if assigned, on the check and attach the CDA Fees Calculation Worksheet (also available on www.dcm.alabama.gov). Mail payment to: Finance - Construction Management, P.O. Box 301150, Montgomery, AL 36130-1150. For payments using Public School and College Authority (PSCA) funds and for state agency inter-fund transfers: contact Jennie Jones at 334-242-4808 or jennie.jones@realproperty.alabama.gov.

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION NINE OF ACT 2011-535

The Undersigned Officer of		(Company
certifies to the Board of Trustees, Alabar	na A&M University, tha	t the Company shall not
knowingly employ, hire for employment,	, or continue to employ	an unauthorized alien and does
attest to such by sworn affidavit signed by	pefore a notary. Furthe	rmore, the Company certifies
that it has provided its one-page E-Verity	Company Profile Docu	ment to the University. During
the performance of the contract, the Contract of Contract, the Contract of Contrac	mpany shall participate	in the E-Verify Program and
shall verify every employee that is requir	ed to be verified accord	ding to the applicable federal
rules and regulations. The Company also		•
notary from any subcontractors furnishin		
fact that they do not employ, hire for em		
and that they participate in the E-Verify		
be verified according to the applicable fe		
be verified decording to the applicable re	acrairaics and regulat	
PRINT COMPANY NAME		•
SIGNATURE OF COMPANY OFFICER		
PRINT TITLE OF COMPANY OFFICER		•
		
DATE		
Sworn and subscribed to before me this $% \label{eq:sworn} % e$	day of	, 20
	NOTARY	NUDLIC
	NOTARY F	UBLIC
	My commission expires	
	WW COMMICCION DVNIKAC	-

PERFORMANCE BOND

SURETY'S BOND NUMBER

	Do not staple this form; use clips.
(2)	The PRINCIPAL (Company name and address of Contractor as appears in the Construction Contract) Name: Address:
(3)	The SURETY (Company name and primary place of business) Name: Address:
(4)	The OWNER (Entity name and address, same as appears in the Construction Contract) Name: Address:
(5)	The PENAL SUM of this Bond (the Contract Sum) Dollars (\$).
(6)	DATE of the Construction Contract:
(7)	The PROJECT : (Same as appears in the Construction Contract)

- 1. WE, THE PRINCIPAL (hereinafter "Contractor") AND THE SURETY, jointly and severally, hereby bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns to the Owner in the Penal Sum stated above for the performance of the Contract, and Contract Change Orders, in accord with the requirements of the Contract Documents, which are incorporated herein by reference. If the Contractor performs the Contract, and Contract Change Orders, in accordance with the Contract Documents, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise it shall remain in full force and effect.
- 2. The Penal Sum shall remain equal to the Contract Sum as the Contract Sum is adjusted by Contract Change Orders. All Contract Change Orders involving an increase in the Contract Sum will require consent of Surety by endorsement of the Contract Change Order form. The Surety waives notification of any Contract Change Orders involving only extension of the Contract Time.

- 3. Whenever the Architect gives the Contractor and the Surety, at their addresses stated above, a written Notice to Cure a condition for which the Contract may be terminated in accordance with the Contract Documents, the Surety may, within the time stated in the notice, cure or provide the Architect with written verification that satisfactory positive action is in process to cure the condition.
- **4.** The Surety's obligation under this Bond becomes effective after the Contractor fails to satisfy a Notice to Cure and the Owner:
 - (a) gives the Contractor and the Surety, at their addresses stated above, a written Notice of Termination declaring the Contractor to be in default under the Contract and stating that the Contractor's right to complete the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, shall terminate seven days after the Contractor's receipt of the notice; and
 - **(b)** gives the Surety a written demand that, upon the effective date of the Notice of Termination, the Surety promptly fulfill its obligation under this Bond.
- 5. In the presence of the conditions described in Paragraph 4, the Surety shall, at its expense:
 - (a) On the effective date of the Notice of Termination, take charge of the Work and be responsible for the safety, security, and protection of the Work, including materials and equipment stored on and off the Project site, and
 - **(b)** Within twenty-one days after the effective date of the Notice of Termination, proceed, or provide the Owner with written verification that satisfactory positive action is in process to facilitate proceeding promptly, to complete the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents, either with the Surety's resources or through a contract between the Surety and a qualified contractor to whom the Owner has no reasonable objection.
- 6. As conditions precedent to taking charge of and completing the Work pursuant to Paragraph 5, the Surety shall neither require, nor be entitled to, any agreements or conditions other than those of this Bond and the Contract Documents. In taking charge of and completing the Work, the Surety shall assume all rights and obligations of the Contractor under the Contract Documents; however, the Surety shall also have the right to assert "Surety Claims" to the Owner in accordance with the Contract Documents. The presence or possibility of a Surety Claim shall not be just cause for the Surety to fail or refuse to promptly take charge of and complete the Work or for the Owner to fail or refuse to continue to make payments in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- 7. By accepting this Bond as a condition of executing the Construction Contract, and by taking the actions described in Paragraph 4, the Owner agrees that:
 - (a) the Owner shall promptly advise the Surety of the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum and, upon request, shall make available or furnish to the Surety, at the cost of reproduction, any portions of the Project Record, and
 - (b) as the Surety completes the Work, or has it completed by a qualified contractor, the Owner shall pay the Surety, in accordance with terms of payment of the Contract Documents, the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum, less any amounts that may be or become due the Owner from the Contractor under the Construction Contract or from the Contractor or the Surety under this Bond.
- **8.** In the presence of the conditions described in Paragraph 4, the Surety's obligation includes responsibility for the correction of Defective Work, liquidated damages, and reimbursement of any reasonable expenses incurred by the Owner as a result of the Contractor's default under the Contract, including architectural, engineering, administrative, and legal services.

- 9. Nothing contained in this Bond shall be construed to mean that the Surety shall be liable to the Owner for an amount exceeding the Penal Sum of this Bond, except in the event that the Surety should be in default under the Bond by failing or refusing to take charge of and complete the Work pursuant to Paragraph 5. If the Surety should fail or refuse to take charge of and complete the Work, the Owner shall have the authority to take charge of and complete the Work, or have it completed, and the following costs to the Owner, less the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum, shall be recoverable under this Bond:
 - (a) the cost of completing the Contractor's responsibilities under the Contract, including correction of Defective Work;
 - **(b)** additional architectural, engineering, managerial, and administrative services, and reasonable attorneys' fees incident to completing the Work;
 - (c) interest on, and the cost of obtaining, funds to supplement the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum as may be necessary to cover the foregoing costs;
 - (d) the fair market value of any reductions in the scope of the Work necessitated by insufficiency of the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum and available supplemental funds to cover the foregoing costs; and
 - (f) additional architectural, engineering, managerial, and administrative services, and reasonable attorneys' fees incident to ascertaining and collecting the Owner's losses under the Bond.
- **10.** All claims and disputes arising out of or related to this bond, or its breach, shall be resolved in accordance with Article 24, General Conditions of the Contract.

SURETY:		CONTRACTOR as PRINCIPAL:	
Company	Name	Company Name	
BySignatu		BySignature	
Name and		Name and Title	
NOTE: Original power of attorn		natory shall be furnished with each of the original six	1 10

PAYMENT BOND

SURETY'S BOND NUMBER

Do not staple this form; use clips:

	Do not stupie ints form, use cups.	
(2)	The PRINCIPAL (Company name and address of Contractor, same as appears in the Construction Contract) Name: Address:	
(3)	The SURETY (Company name and primary place of business) Name: Address:	
(4)	The OWNER(s) (Entity name and address, same as appears in the Construction Contract) Name: Address:	
(5)	The PENAL SUM of this Bond (the Contract Sum) Dollars (\$).	
(6)	DATE of the Construction Contract:	
(7)	The PROJECT : (Same as appears in the Construction Contract)	
	1. WE, THE PRINCIPAL (hereinafter "Contractor") AND THE SURETY, jointly and severall hereby bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns to the Owner the Penal Sum stated above to promptly pay all persons supplying labor, materials, or supplies for in the prosecution of the Contract, which is incorporated berein by reference, and any modification	ir

- the Penal Sum stated above to promptly pay all persons supplying labor, materials, or supplies for or in the prosecution of the Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference, and any modifications thereof by Contract Change Orders. If the Contractor and its Subcontractors promptly pay all persons supplying labor, materials, or supplies for or in the prosecution of the Contract and Contract Change Orders, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise to remain and be in full force and effect.
- 2. The Penal Sum shall remain equal to the Contract Sum as the Contract Sum is adjusted by Contract Change Orders. All Contract Change Orders involving an increase in the Contract Sum will require consent of Surety by endorsement of the Contract Change Order form. The Surety waives notification of any Contract Change Orders involving only extension of the Contract Time.

- 3. Any person that has furnished labor, materials, or supplies for or in the prosecution of the Contract and Contract Change Orders for which payment has not been timely made may institute a civil action upon this Bond and have their rights and claims adjudicated in a civil action and judgment entered thereon. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a civil action may not be instituted on this bond until 45 days after written notice to the Surety of the amount claimed to be due and the nature of the claim. The civil action must commence not later than one year from the date of final settlement of the Contract. The giving of notice by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the Surety at any of its places of business or offices shall be deemed sufficient. In the event the Surety or Contractor fails to pay the claim in full within 45 days from the mailing of the notice, then the person or persons may recover from the Contractor and Surety, in addition to the amount of the claim, a reasonable attorney's fee based on the result, together with interest on the claim from the date of the notice.
- 4. Every person having a right of action on this bond shall, upon written application to the Owner indicating that labor, material, or supplies for the Work have been supplied and that payment has not been made, be promptly furnished a certified copy of this bond and the Construction Contract. The claimant may bring a civil action in the claimant's name on this Bond against the Contractor and the Surety, or either of them, in the county in which the Work is to be or has been performed or in any other county where venue is otherwise allowed by law.
- 5. This bond is furnished to comply with Code of Alabama, §39-1-1, and all provisions thereof shall be applicable to civil actions upon this bond.
- **6.** All claims and disputes between Owner and either the Contractor or Surety arising out of or related to this bond, or its breach, shall be resolved in accordance with Article 24, General Conditions of the Contract.

(8)	SIGNED AND SEALED this day of	of
(9 & 10)	SURETY:	CONTRACTOR as PRINCIPAL:
	Company Name	Company Name
	BySignature	BySignature
	Name and Title	Name and Title

NOTE: Original power of attorney for the Surety's signatory shall be furnished with each of the original six bond forms to be attached to each of the six contract forms per project.

Do not staple this form; use clips. Purpose: quickly and efficiently scan thousands of documents into DCM's database.

GENERAL CONDITIONS of the CONTRACT

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ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

Whenever the following terms, or pronouns in place of them, are used in the Contract Documents, the intent and meaning shall be interpreted as follows:

- **A. ALABAMA DIVISION OF CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT:** The Technical Staff of the Alabama Division of Construction Management.
- **B.** ARCHITECT: The Architect is the person or entity lawfully licensed to practice architecture in the State of Alabama, who is under contract with the Owner as the primary design professional for the Project and identified as the Architect in the Construction Contract. The term "Architect" means the Architect or the Architect's authorized representative. If the employment of the Architect is terminated, the Owner shall employ a new Architect whose status under the Contract Documents shall be that of the former Architect. If the primary design professional for the Project is a Professional Engineer, the term "Engineer" shall be substituted for the term "Architect" wherever it appears in this document.

- **C. COMMISSION:** The former Alabama Building Commission, for which the Alabama Division of Construction Management has been designated by the Legislature as its successor.
- **D. CONTRACT:** The Contract is the embodiment of the Contract Documents. The Contract represents the entire and integrated agreement between the Owner and Contractor and supersedes any prior written or oral negotiations, representations or agreements that are not incorporated into the Contract Documents. The Contract may be amended only by a Contract Change Order or a Modification to the Construction Contract. The contractual relationship which the Contract creates between the Owner and the Contractor extends to no other persons or entities. The Contract consists of the following Contract Documents, including all additions, deletions, and modifications incorporated therein before the execution of the Construction Contract:
 - (1) Construction Contract
 - (2) Performance and Payment Bonds
 - (3) Conditions of the Contract (General, Supplemental, and other Conditions)
 - (4) Specifications
 - (5) Drawings
 - (6) Contract Change Orders
 - (7) Modifications to the Construction Contract (applicable to PSCA Projects)
- **E. CONTRACT SUM:** The Contract Sum is the total amount payable by the Owner to the Contractor for performance of the Work under the Contract Documents. The term "Contract Sum" means the Contract Sum stated in the Construction Contract as may have been increased or decreased by Change Order(s) in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- **F. CONTRACT TIME:** The Contract Time is the period of time in which the Contractor must achieve Substantial Completion of the Work. The date on which the Contract Time begins is specified in the written Notice To Proceed issued to the Contractor by the Owner or Director. The Date of Substantial Completion is the date established in accordance with Article 32. The term "Contract Time" means the Contract Time stated in the Construction Contract as may have been extended by Change Order(s) in accordance with the Contract Documents. The term "day" as used in the Contract Documents shall mean calendar day unless otherwise specifically defined.
- **G. CONTRACTOR:** The Contractor is the person or persons, firm, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation, cooperative, limited liability company, or other legal entity, identified as such in the Construction Contract. The term "Contractor" means the Contractor or the Contractor's authorized representative.
- **H. DCM:** The Alabama Division of Construction Management.
- I. DCM PROJECT INSPECTOR: The member of the Technical Staff of the Alabama Division of Construction Management to whom the Project is assigned relative to executing the respective inspections and authorities described in Article 16, Inspection of the Work.
- **J. DEFECTIVE WORK:** The term "Defective Work" shall apply to: (1) any product, material, system, equipment, or service, or its installation or performance, which does not conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents, (2) in-progress or completed Work the workmanship of which does not conform to the quality specified or, if not specified, to the quality produced by skilled workers performing work of a similar nature on similar projects in the state, (3) substitutions and deviations not properly submitted and approved or otherwise authorized, (4) temporary

supports, structures, or construction which will not produce the results required by the Contract Documents, and (5) materials or equipment rendered unsuitable for incorporation into the Work due to improper storage or protection.

- **K. DIRECTOR:** The Director of the Alabama Division of Construction Management.
- **L. DRAWINGS:** The Drawings are the portions of the Contract Documents showing graphically the design, location, layout, and dimensions of the Work, in the form of plans, elevations, sections, details, schedules, and diagrams.
- **M. NOTICE TO PROCEED:** A proceed order issued by the Owner or Director, as applicable, fixing the date on which the Contractor shall begin the prosecution of the Work, which is also the date on which the Contract Time shall begin.
- **N. OWNER:** The Owner is the entity or entities identified as such in the Construction Contract and is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number. The term "Owner" means the Owner or the Owner's authorized representative. The term "Owner" as used herein shall be synonymous with the term "Awarding Authority" as defined and used in Title 39 Public Works, Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended.
- **O. THE PROJECT:** The Project is the total construction of which the Work required by these Contract Documents may be the entirety or only a part with other portions to be constructed by the Owner or separate contractors.
- **P. PROJECT MANUAL:** The Project Manual is the volume usually assembled for the Work which may include the Advertisement for Bids, Instructions to Bidders, sample forms, General Conditions of the Contract, Supplementary Conditions, and Specifications of the Work.
- **Q. SPECIFICATIONS:** The Specifications are that portion of the Contract Documents which set forth in writing the standards of quality and performance of products, equipment, materials, systems, and services and workmanship required for acceptable performance of the Work.
- **R. SUBCONTRACTOR:** A Subcontractor is a person or entity who is undertaking the performance of any part of the Work by virtue of a contract with the Contractor. The term "Subcontractor" means a Subcontractor or its authorized representatives.
- **S. THE WORK:** The Work is the construction and services required by the Contract Documents and includes all labor, materials, supplies, equipment, and other items and services as are necessary to produce the required construction and to fulfill the Contractor's obligations under the Contract. The Work may constitute the entire Project or only a portion of it.

ARTICLE 2 INTENT and INTERPRETATION of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

A. <u>INTENT</u>

It is the intent of the Contract Documents that the Contractor shall properly execute and complete the Work described by the Contract Documents, and unless otherwise provided in the Contract, the Contractor shall provide all labor, materials, equipment, tools, construction equipment and machinery, water, heat, utilities, transportation, and other facilities and services, whether temporary or permanent and whether or not incorporated or to be incorporated in the Work, in full accordance with the Contract Documents and reasonably inferable from them as being necessary to produce the indicated results.

B. COMPLEMENTARY DOCUMENTS

The Contract Documents are complementary. If Work is required by one Contract Document, the Contractor shall perform the Work as if it were required by all of the Contract Documents. However, the Contractor shall be required to perform Work only to the extent that is consistent with the Contract Documents and reasonably inferable from them as being necessary to produce the indicated results.

C. ORDER of PRECEDENCE

Should any discrepancy arise between the various elements of the Contract Documents, precedence shall be given to them in the following order unless to do so would contravene the apparent Intent of the Contract Documents stated in preceding Paragraph A:

- (1) The Construction Contract.
- (2) Addenda, with those of later date having precedence over those of earlier date.
- (3) Supplementary Conditions (or other Conditions which modify the General Conditions of the Contract).
- (4) General Conditions of the Contract.
- (5) The Specifications.
- (6) Details appearing on the Drawings; large scale details shall take precedence over smaller scale details.
- (7) The Drawings; large scale drawings shall take precedence over smaller scale drawings.

D. ORGANIZATION

Except as may be specifically stated within the technical specifications, neither the organization of the Specifications into divisions, sections, or otherwise, nor any arrangement of the Drawings shall control how the Contractor subcontracts portions of the Work or assigns Work to any trade.

E. <u>INTERPRETATION</u>

- (1) The Contract Documents shall be interpreted collectively, each part complementing the others and consistent with the Intent of the Contract Documents stated in preceding Paragraph A. Unless an item shown or described in the Contract Documents is specifically identified to be furnished or installed by the Owner or others or is identified as "Not In Contract" ("N.I.C."), the Contractor's obligation relative to that item shall be interpreted to include furnishing, assembling, installing, finishing, and/or connecting the item at the Contractor's expense to produce a product or system that is complete, appropriately tested, and in operative condition ready for use or subsequent construction or operation of the Owner or separate contractors. The omission of words or phases for brevity of the Contract Documents, the inadvertent omission of words or phrases, or obvious typographical or written errors shall not defeat such interpretation as long as it is reasonably inferable from the Contract Documents as a whole.
- (2) Words or phrases used in the Contract Documents which have well-known technical or

construction industry meanings are to be interpreted consistent with such recognized meanings unless otherwise indicated.

- (3) Except as noted otherwise, references to standard specifications or publications of associations, bureaus, or organizations shall mean the latest edition of the referenced standard specification or publication as of the date of the Advertisement for Bids.
- (4) In the case of inconsistency between Drawings and Specifications or within either document not clarified by addendum, the better quality or greater quantity of Work shall be provided in accordance with the Architect's interpretation.
- (5) Any portions of the Contract Documents written in longhand must be initialed by all parties..
- (6) Any doubt as to the meaning of the Contract Documents or any obscurity as to the wording of them, shall be promptly submitted in writing to the Architect for written interpretation, explanation, or clarification.

F. SEVERABILITY.

The partial or complete invalidity of any one or more provision of this Contract shall not affect the validity or continuing force and effect of any other provision.

ARTICLE 3 CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIONS

By executing the Construction Contract the Contractor represents to the Owner:

- **A.** The Contractor has visited the site of the Work to become familiar with local conditions under which the Work is to be performed and to evaluate reasonably observable conditions as compared with requirements of the Contract Documents.
- **B.** The Contractor shall use its best skill and attention to perform the Work in an expeditious manner consistent with the Contract Documents.
- **C.** The Contractor is an independent contractor and in performance of the Contract remains and shall act as an independent contractor having no authority to represent or obligate the Owner in any manner unless authorized by the Owner in writing.

ARTICLE 4 DOCUMENTS FURNISHED to CONTRACTOR

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, twenty sets of Drawings and Project Manuals will be furnished to the Contractor by the Architect without charge. Other copies requested will be furnished at reproduction cost.

ARTICLE 5 OWNERSHIP of DRAWINGS

All original or duplicated Drawings, Specifications, and other documents prepared by the Architect, and furnished to the Contractor are the property of the Architect and are to be used solely for this Project and not to be used in any manner for other work. Upon completion of the Work, all copies of Drawings and Specifications, with the exception of the Contractor's record set, shall be returned or accounted for by the Contractor to the Architect, on request.

ARTICLE 6 SUPERVISION, SUPERINTENDENT, and EMPLOYEES

A. SUPERVISION and CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- (1) The term "Construction Methods" means the construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures utilized by the Contractor in performing the Work. The Contractor is solely responsible for supervising and coordinating the performance of the Work, including the selection of Construction Methods, unless the Contract Documents give other specific instructions concerning these matters.
- (2) The Contractor is solely and completely responsible for job site safety, including the protection of persons and property in accordance with Article 14.
- (3) The Contractor shall be responsible to the Owner for acts and omissions of not only the Contractor and its agents and employees, but all persons and entities, and their agents and employees, who are performing portions of the Work for or on behalf of the Contractor or any of its Subcontractors.
- (4) The Contractor shall be responsible to inspect the in-progress and completed Work to verify its compliance with the Contract Documents and to insure that any element or portion of the Work upon which subsequent Work is to be applied or performed is in proper condition to receive the subsequent Work.

B. SUPERINTENDENT

- (1) The Contractor shall employ and maintain a competent level of supervision for the performance of the Work at the Project site, including a superintendent who shall:
 - (a) have full authority to receive instructions from the Architect or Owner and to act on those instructions and (b) be present at the Project site at all times during which Work is being performed.
- (2) Before beginning performance of the Work, the Contractor shall notify the Architect in writing of the name and qualifications of its proposed superintendent so that the Owner may review the individual's qualifications. If, for reasonable cause, the Owner refuses to approve the individual, or withdraws its approval after once giving it, the Contractor shall name a different superintendent for the Owner's review and approval. Any disapproved superintendent will not perform in that capacity thereafter at the Project site.

C. EMPLOYEES

The Contractor shall permit only fit and skilled persons to perform the Work. The Contractor shall enforce safety procedures, strict discipline, and good order among persons performing the Work. The Contractor will remove from its employment on the Project any person who deliberately or persistently produces non-conforming Work or who fails or refuses to conform to reasonable rules of personal conduct contained in the Contract Documents or implemented by the Owner and delivered to the Contractor in writing during the course of the Work.

ARTICLE 7 REVIEW of CONTRACT DOCUMENTS and FIELD CONDITIONS by CONTRACTOR

- **A.** In order to facilitate assembly and installation of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents, before starting each portion of the Work, the Contractor shall examine and compare the relevant Contract Documents, and compare them to relevant field measurements made by the Contractor and any conditions at the site affecting that portion of the Work.
- **B.** If the Contractor discovers any errors, omissions, or inconsistencies in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall promptly report them to the Architect as a written request for information that includes a detailed statement identifying the specific Drawings or Specifications that are in need of clarification and the error, omission, or inconsistency discovered in them.
 - (1) The Contractor shall not be expected to act as a licensed design professional and ascertain whether the Contract Documents comply with applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, building codes, and rules and regulations, but the Contractor shall be obligated to promptly notify the Architect of any such noncompliance discovered by or made known to the Contractor. If the Contractor performs Work without fulfilling this notification obligation, the Contractor shall pay the resulting costs and damages that would have been avoided by such notification.
 - (2) The Contractor shall not be liable to the Owner for errors, omissions, or inconsistencies that may exist in the Contract Documents, or between the Contract Documents and conditions at the site, unless the Contractor knowingly fails to report a discovered error, omission, or inconsistency to the Architect, in which case the Contractor shall pay the resulting costs and damages that would have been avoided by such notification.
- **C.** If the Contractor considers the Architect's response to a request for information to constitute a change to the Contract Documents involving additional costs and/or time, the Contractor shall follow the procedures of Article 20, Claims for Extra Cost or Extra Work.
- **D.** If, with undue frequency, the Contractor requests information that is obtainable through reasonable examination and comparison of the Contract Documents, site conditions, and previous correspondence, interpretations, or clarifications, the Contractor shall be liable to the Owner for reasonable charges from the Architect for the additional services required to review, research, and respond to such requests for information.

ARTICLE 8 SURVEYS by CONTRACTOR

- **A.** The Contractor shall provide competent engineering services to assure accurate execution of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall verify the figures given for the contours, approaches and locations shown on the Drawings before starting any Work and be responsible for the accuracy of the finished Work. Without extra cost to the Owner, the Contractor shall engage a licensed surveyor if necessary to verify boundary lines, keep within property lines, and shall be responsible for encroachments on rights or property of public or surrounding property owners.
- **B.** The Contractor shall establish all base lines for the location of the principal components of the Work and make all detail surveys necessary for construction, including grade stakes, batter boards and other working points, lines and elevations. If the Work involves alteration of or addition to existing structures or improvements, the Contractor shall locate and measure elements of the existing conditions as is necessary to facilitate accurate fabrication, assembly, and installation of new Work in the relationship, alignment, and/or connection to the existing structure or improvement as is shown in the Contract Documents.

ARTICLE 9 SUBMITTALS

- **A.** Where required by the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall submit shop drawings, product data, samples and other information (hereinafter referred to as Submittals) to the Architect for the purpose of demonstrating the way by which the Contractor proposes to conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents. Submittals which are not required by the Contract Documents may be returned by the Architect without action.
- **B.** The Contractor shall be responsible to the Owner for the accuracy of its Submittals and the conformity of its submitted information to the requirements of the Contract Documents. Each Submittal shall bear the Contractor's approval, evidencing that the Contractor has reviewed and found the information to be in compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. Submittals which are not marked as reviewed and approved by the Contractor may be returned by the Architect without action.
- **C.** The Contractor shall prepare and deliver its submittals to the Architect sufficiently in advance of construction requirements and in a sequence as to cause no delay in the Work or in the activities of the Owner or of separate contractors. In coordinating the Submittal process with its construction schedule, the Contractor shall allow sufficient time to permit adequate review by the Architect.
- **D.** By approving a Submittal the Contractor represents not only that the element of Work presented in the Submittal complies with the requirements of the Contract Documents, but also that the Contractor has:
 - (1) found the layout and/or dimensions in the Submittal to be comparable with those in the Contract Documents and other relevant Submittals and has made field measurements as necessary to verify their accuracy, and
 - (2) determined that products, materials, systems, equipment and/or procedures presented in the Submittal are compatible with those presented, or being presented, in other relevant Submittals and

with the Contractor's intended Construction Methods.

- **E.** The Contractor shall not fabricate or perform any portion of the Work for which the Contract Documents require Submittals until the respective Submittals have been approved by the Architect.
- **F.** In the case of a resubmission, the Contractor shall direct specific attention to all revisions in a Submittal. The Architect's approval of a resubmission shall not apply to any revisions that were not brought to the Architect's attention.
- G. If the Contract Documents specify that a Submittal is to be prepared and sealed by a registered architect or licensed engineer retained by the Contractor, all drawings, calculations, specifications, and certifications of the Submittal shall bear the Alabama seal of registration and signature of the registered/licensed design professional who prepared them or under whose supervision they were prepared. The Owner and the Architect shall be entitled to rely upon the adequacy, accuracy and completeness of such a Submittal, provided that all performance and design criteria that such Submittal must satisfy are sufficiently specified in the Contract Documents. The Architect will review, approve or take other appropriate action on such a Submittal only for the limited purpose of checking for conformance with information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall not be responsible for the adequacy of the performance or design criteria specified in the Contract Documents.

H. <u>DEVIATIONS</u>

- (1) The Architect is authorized by the Owner to approve "minor" deviations from the requirements of the Contract Documents. "Minor" deviations are defined as those which are in the interest of the Owner, do not materially alter the quality or performance of the finished Work, and do not affect the cost or time of performance of the Work. Deviations which are not "minor" may be authorized only by the Owner through the Change Order procedures of Article 19.
- (2) Any deviation from the requirements of the Contract Documents contained in a Submittal shall be clearly identified as a "Deviation from Contract Requirements" (or by similar language) within the Submittal and, in a letter transmitting the Submittal to the Architect, the Contractor shall direct the Architect's attention to, and request specific approval of, the deviation. Otherwise, the Architect's approval of a Submittal does not constitute approval of deviations from the requirements of the Contract Documents contained in the Submittal.
- (3) The Contractor shall bear all costs and expenses of any changes to the Work, changes to work performed by the Owner or separate contractors, or additional services by the Architect required to accommodate an approved deviation unless the Contractor has specifically informed the Architect in writing of the required changes and a Change Order has been issued authorizing the deviation and accounting for such resulting changes and costs.

I. ARCHITECT'S REVIEW and APPROVAL

(1) The Architect will review the Contractor's Submittals for conformance with requirements of, and the design concept expressed in, the Contract Documents and will approve or take other appropriate action upon them. This review is not intended to verify the accuracy and completeness of details such as dimensions and quantities nor to substantiate installation instructions or performance of equipment or systems, all of which remain the responsibility of the Contractor. However, the Architect shall advise the Contractor of any errors or omissions which the Architect

may detect during this review. The Architect's approval of a specific item shall not indicate approval of an assembly of which the item is a component.

- (2) The Architect will review and respond to all Submittals with reasonable promptness to avoid delay in the Work or in the activities of the Owner, Contractor or separate contractors, while allowing sufficient time to permit adequate review.
- (3) No corrections or changes to Submittals indicated by the Architect will be considered as authorizations to perform Extra Work. If the Contractor considers such correction or change of a Submittal to require Work which differs from the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Architect in writing in accordance with Article 20, Claims for Extra Cost or Extra Work.

J. CONFORMANCE with SUBMITTALS

The Work shall be constructed in accordance with approved Submittals.

ARTICLE 10 DOCUMENTS and SAMPLES at the SITE

A. "AS ISSUED" SET

The Contractor shall maintain at the Project site, in good order, at least one copy of all Addenda, Change Orders, supplemental drawings, written directives and clarifications, and approved Submittals intact as issued, and an updated construction schedule.

B. "POSTED" SET

The Contractor shall maintain at the Project site, in good order, at least one set of the Drawings and Project Manual into which the Contractor has "posted"(incorporated) all Addenda, Change Orders, supplemental drawings, clarifications, and other information pertinent to the proper performance of the Work. The Contractor shall assure that all sets of the Drawings and Project Manuals being used by the Contractor, Subcontractors, and suppliers are "posted" with the current information to insure that updated Contract Documents are used for performance of the Work.

C. RECORD SET

One set of the Drawings and Project Manual described in Paragraph B shall be the Contractor's record set in which the Contractor shall record all field changes, corrections, selections, final locations, and other information as will be duplicated on the "As-built" documents required under Article 11. The Contractor shall record such "as-built" information in its record set as it becomes available through progress of the Work. The Contractor's performance of this requirement shall be subject to confirmation by the Architect at any time as a prerequisite to approval of Progress Payments.

D. The documents and samples required by this Article to be maintained at the Project site shall be readily available to the Architect, Owner, DCM Project Inspector, and their representatives.

ARTICLE 11 "AS-BUILT" DOCUMENTS

- **A.** Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall deliver two (2) sets of "As-built" documents, as described herein, to the Architect for submission to the Owner upon completion of the Work. Each set of "As-built' documents shall consist of a copy of the Drawings and Project Manual, in like-new condition, into which the Contractor has neatly incorporated all Addenda, Change Orders, supplemental drawings, clarifications, field changes, corrections, selections, actual locations of underground utilities, and other information as required herein or specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
- **B.** The Contractor shall use the following methods for incorporating information into the "As-built" documents:

(1) Drawings

- (a) To the greatest extent practicable, information shall be carefully drawn and lettered, in ink, on the Drawings in the form of sketches, details, plans, notes, and dimensions as required to provide a fully dimensioned record of the Work. When required for clarity, sketches, details, or partial plans shall be drawn on supplemental sheets and bound into the Drawings and referenced on the drawing being revised.
- **(b)** Where a revised drawing has been furnished by the Architect, the drawing of latest date shall be bound into the Drawings in the place of the superseded drawing.
- (c) Where a supplemental drawing has been furnished by the Architect, the supplemental drawing shall be bound into the Drawings in an appropriate location and referred to by notes added to the drawing being supplemented.
- (d) Where the Architect has furnished details, partial plans, or lengthy notes of which it would be impractical for the Contractor to redraw or letter on a drawing, such information may be affixed to the appropriate drawing with transparent tape if space is available on the drawing.
- (e) Any entry of information made in the Drawings that is the result of an Addendum or Change Order, shall identify the Addendum or Change Order from which it originated.

(2) Project Manual

- (a) A copy of all Addenda and Change Orders, excluding drawings thereof, shall be bound in the front of the Project Manual.
- (b) Where a document, form, or entire specification section is revised, the latest issue shall be bound into the Project Manual in the place of the superseded issue.
- (c) Where information within a specification section is revised, the deleted or revised information shall be drawn through in ink and an adjacent note added identifying the Addendum or Change Order containing the revised information.
- **C.** Within ten days after the Date of Substantial Completion of the Work, or the last completed portion of the Work, the Contractor shall submit the "As-built" documents to the Architect for approval. If the Architect requires that any corrections be made, the documents will be returned in a reasonable time for correction and resubmission.

ARTICLE 12 PROGRESS SCHEDULE

(Not applicable if the Contract Time is 60 days or less.)

- A. The Contractor shall within fifteen days after the date of commencement stated in the Notice to Proceed, or such other time as may be provided in the Contract Documents, prepare and submit to the Architect for review and approval a practicable construction schedule informing the Architect and Owner of the order in which the Contractor plans to carry on the Work within the Contract Time. The Architect's review and approval of the Contractor's construction schedule shall be only for compliance with the specified format, Contract Time, and suitability for monitoring progress of the Work and shall not be construed as a representation that the Architect has analyzed the schedule to form opinions of sequences or durations of time represented in the schedule.
- **B.** If a schedule format is not specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents, the construction schedule shall be prepared using DCM Form C-11, "Sample Progress Schedule and Report", (contained in the Project Manual) or similar format of suitable scale and detail to indicate the percentage of Work scheduled to be completed at the end of each month. At the end of each month the Contractor shall enter the actual percentage of completion on the construction schedule submit two copies to the Architect, and attach one copy to each copy of the monthly Application for Payment. The construction schedule shall be revised to reflect any agreed extensions of the Contract Time or as required by conditions of the Work.
- **C.** If a more comprehensive schedule format is specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents or voluntarily employed by the Contractor, it may be used in lieu of DCM Form C-11.
- **D.** The Contractor's construction schedule shall be used by the Contractor, Architect, and Owner to determine the adequacy of the Contractor's progress. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining progress in accordance with the currently approved construction schedule and shall increase the number of shifts, and/or overtime operations, days of work, and/or the amount of construction plant and equipment as may be necessary to do so. If the Contractor's progress falls materially behind the currently approved construction schedule and, in the opinion of the Architect or Owner, the Contractor is not taking sufficient steps to regain schedule, the Architect may, with the Owner's concurrence, issue the Contractor a Notice to Cure pursuant to Article 27. In such a Notice to Cure the Architect may require the Contractor to submit such supplementary or revised construction schedules as may be deemed necessary to demonstrate the manner in which schedule will be regained.

ARTICLE 13 EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, and SUBSTITUTIONS

- **A.** Every part of the Work shall be executed in a workmanlike manner in accordance with the Contract Documents and approved Submittals. All materials used in the Work shall be furnished in sufficient quantities to facilitate the proper and expeditious execution of the Work and shall be new except such materials as may be expressly provided or allowed in the Contract Documents to be otherwise.
- **B.** Whenever a product, material, system, item of equipment, or service is identified in the Contract Documents by reference to a trade name, manufacturer's name, model number, etc.(hereinafter

referred to as "source"), and only one or two sources are listed, or three or more sources are listed and followed by "or approved equal" or similar wording, it is intended to establish a required standard of performance, design, and quality, and the Contractor may submit, for the Architect's approval, products, materials, systems, equipment, or services of other sources which the Contractor can prove to the Architect's satisfaction are equal to, or exceed, the standard of performance, design and quality specified, unless the provisions of Paragraph D below apply. Such proposed substitutions are not to be purchased or installed without the Architect's written approval of the substitution.

- **C.** If the Contract Documents identify three or more sources for a product, material, system, item of equipment or service to be used and the list of sources is not followed by "or approved equal" or similar wording, the Contractor may make substitution only after evaluation by the Architect and execution of an appropriate Contract Change Order.
- **D.** If the Contract Documents identify only one source and expressly provide that it is an approved sole source for the product, material, system, item of equipment, or service, the Contractor must furnish the identified sole source.

ARTICLE 14 SAFETY and PROTECTION of PERSONS and PROPERTY

- **A.** The Contractor shall be solely and completely responsible for conditions at the Project site, including safety of all persons (including employees) and property. The Contractor shall create, maintain, and supervise conditions and programs to facilitate and promote safe execution of the Work, and shall supervise the Work with the attention and skill required to assure its safe performance. Safety provisions shall conform to OSHA requirements and all other federal, state, county, and local laws, ordinances, codes, and regulations. Where any of these are in conflict, the more stringent requirement shall be followed. Nothing contained in this Contract shall be construed to mean that the Owner has employed the Architect nor has the Architect employed its consultants to administer, supervise, inspect, or take action regarding safety programs or conditions at the Project site.
- **B.** The Contractor shall employ Construction Methods, safety precautions, and protective measures that will reasonably prevent damage, injury or loss to:
 - (1) workers and other persons on the Project site and in adjacent and other areas that may be affected by the Contractor's operations;
 - (2) the Work and materials and equipment to be incorporated into the Work and stored by the Contractor on or off the Project site; and
 - (3) other property on, or adjacent to, the Project site, including trees, shrubs, lawns, walks, pavements, roadways, structures, utilities, and other improvements not designated in the Contract Documents to be removed, relocated, or replaced.
- C. The Contractor shall be responsible for the prompt remedy of damage and loss to property, including the filing of appropriate insurance claims, caused in whole or in part by the fault or negligence of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable.

- **D.** The Contractor shall comply with and give notices required by applicable laws, ordinances, rules, regulations and lawful orders of public authorities bearing on safety and protection of persons or property, including without limitation notices to adjoining property owners of excavation or other construction activities that potentially could cause damage or injury to adjoining property or persons thereon.
- **E.** The Contractor shall erect and maintain barriers, danger signs, and any other reasonable safeguards and warnings against hazards as may be required for safety and protection during performance of the Contract and shall notify owners and users of adjacent sites and utilities of conditions that may exist or arise which may jeopardize their safety.
- **F.** If use or storage of explosives or other hazardous materials or equipment or unusual Construction Methods are necessary for execution of the Work, the Contractor shall exercise commensurate care and employ supervisors and workers properly qualified to perform such activity.
- **G.** The Contractor shall furnish a qualified safety representative at the Project site whose duties shall include the prevention of accidents. The safety representative shall be the Contractor's superintendent, unless the Contractor assigns this duty to another responsible member of its on-site staff and notifies the Owner and Architect in writing of such assignment.
- **H.** The Contractor shall not permit a load to be applied, or forces introduced, to any part of the construction or site that may cause damage to the construction or site or endanger safety of the construction, site, or persons on or near the site.
- I. The Contractor shall have the right to act as it deems appropriate in emergency situations jeopardizing life or property. The Contractor shall be entitled to equitable adjustment of the Contract Sum or Contract Time for its efforts expended for the sole benefit of the Owner in an emergency. Such adjustment shall be determined as provided in Articles 19 and 20.
- **J.** The duty of the Architect and the Architect's consultants to visit the Project site to conduct periodic inspections of the Work or for other purposes shall not give rise to a duty to review or approve the adequacy of the Contractor's safety program, safety supervisor, or any safety measure which Contractor takes or fails to take in, on, or near the Project site.

ARTICLE 15 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

- **A.** A Hazardous Material is any substance or material identified as hazardous under any federal, state, or local law or regulation, or any other substance or material which may be considered hazardous or otherwise subject to statutory or regulatory requirements governing its handling, disposal, and/or clean-up. Existing Hazardous Materials are Hazardous Materials discovered at the Project site and not introduced to the Project site by the Contractor, a Subcontractor, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable.
- **B.** If, during the performance of the Work, the Contractor encounters a suspected Existing Hazardous Material, the Contractor shall immediately stop work in the affected area, take measures appropriate to the condition to keep people away from the suspected Existing Hazardous Material, and

immediately notify the Architect and Owner of the condition in writing.

- C. The Owner shall obtain the services of an independent laboratory or professional consultant, appropriately licensed and qualified, to determine whether the suspected material is a Hazardous Material requiring abatement and, if so, to certify after its abatement that it has been rendered harmless. Any abatement of Existing Hazardous Materials will be the responsibility of the Owner. The Owner will advise the Contractor in writing of the persons or entities who will determine the nature of the suspected material and those who will, if necessary, perform the abatement. The Owner will not employ persons or entities to perform these services to whom the Contractor or Architect has reasonable objection.
- **D.** After certification by the Owner's independent laboratory or professional consultant that the material is harmless or has been rendered harmless, work in the affected area shall resume upon written agreement between the Owner and Contractor. If the material is found to be an Existing Hazardous Material and the Contractor incurs additional cost or delay due to the presence and abatement of the material, the Contract Sum and/or Contract Time shall be appropriately adjusted by a Contract Change Order pursuant to Article 19.
- **E.** The Owner shall not be responsible for Hazardous Materials introduced to the Project site by the Contractor, a Subcontractor, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable unless such Hazardous Materials were required by the Contract Documents.

ARTICLE 16 INSPECTION of the WORK

A. <u>GENERAL</u>

- (1) The Contractor is solely responsible for the Work's compliance with the Contract Documents; therefore, the Contractor shall be responsible to inspect in-progress and completed Work, and shall verify its compliance with the Contract Documents and that any element or portion of the Work upon which subsequent Work is to be applied or performed is in proper condition to receive the subsequent Work. Neither the presence nor absence of inspections by the Architect, Owner, Director, DCM Project Inspector, any public authority having jurisdiction, or their representatives shall relieve the Contractor of responsibility to inspect the Work, for responsibility for Construction Methods and safety precautions and programs in connection with the Work, or from any other requirement of the Contract Documents.
- (2) The Architect, Owner, Director, DCM Project Inspector, any public authority having jurisdiction, and their representatives shall have access at all times to the Work for inspection whenever it is in preparation or progress, and the Contractor shall provide proper facilities for such access and inspection. All materials, workmanship, processes of manufacture, and methods of construction, if not otherwise stipulated in the Contract Documents, shall be subject to inspection, examination, and test at any and all places where such manufacture and/or construction are being carried on. Such inspections will not unreasonably interfere with the Contractor's operations.
- (3) The Architect will inspect the Work as a representative of the Owner. The Architect's inspections may be supplemented by inspections by the DCM Project Inspector as a representative of the Alabama Division of Construction Management.

(4) The Contractor may be charged by the Owner for any extra cost of inspection incurred by the Owner or Architect on account of material and workmanship not being ready at the time of inspection set by the Contractor.

B. TYPES of INSPECTIONS

- (1) SCHEDULED INSPECTIONS and CONFERENCES. Scheduled Inspections and Conferences are conducted by the Architect, scheduled by the Architect in coordination with the Contractor and DCM Project Inspector, and are attended by the Contractor and applicable Subcontractors, suppliers and manufacturers, and the DCM Project Inspector. Scheduled Inspections and Conferences of this Contract include:
 - (a) Pre-construction Conference.
 - **(b) Pre-roofing Conference** (not applicable if the Contract involves no roofing work)
 - (c) Above Ceiling Inspection(s): An above ceiling inspection of all spaces in the building is required before the ceiling material is installed. Above ceiling inspections are to be conducted at a time when all above ceiling systems are complete and tested to the greatest extent reasonable pending installation of the ceiling material. System identifications and markings are to be complete. All fire-rated construction including fire-stopping of penetrations and specified identification above the ceiling shall be complete. Ceiling framing and suspension systems shall be complete with lights, grilles and diffusers, access panels, fire protection drops for sprinkler heads, etc., installed in their final locations to the greatest extent reasonable. Above ceiling framing to support ceiling mounted equipment shall be complete. The above ceiling construction shall be complete to the extent that after the inspection the ceiling material can be installed without disturbance.
 - (d) Final Inspection(s): A Final Inspection shall establish that the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, is Substantially Complete in accordance with Article 32 and is accepted by the Architect, Owner, and DCM Project Inspector as being ready for the Owner's occupancy or use. At the conclusion of this inspection, items requiring correction or completion ("punch list" items) shall be minimal and require only a short period of time for accomplishment to establish Final Acceptance of the Work. If the Work, or designated portion of the Work, includes the installation, or modification, of a fire alarm system or other life safety systems essential to occupancy, such systems shall have been tested and appropriately certified before the Final Inspection.
 - (e) Year-end Inspection(s): An inspection of the Work, or each separately completed portion thereof, is required near the end of the Contractor's one year warranty period(s). The subsequent delivery of the Architect's report of this inspection will serve as confirmation that the Contractor was notified of Defective Work found within the warranty period in accordance with Article 35.
- (2) **PERIODIC INSPECTIONS.** Periodic Inspections are conducted throughout the course of the Work by the Architect, the Architect's consultants, their representatives, and the DCM Project Inspector, jointly or independently, with or without advance notice to the Contractor.
- (3) **SPECIFIED INSPECTIONS and TESTS**. Specified Inspections and Tests include inspections, tests, demonstrations, and approvals that are either specified in the Contract Documents or required by laws, ordinances, rules, regulations, or orders of public authorities having jurisdiction, to be performed by the Contractor, one of its Subcontractors, or an independent testing laboratory or firm (whether paid for by the Contractor or Owner).

C. INSPECTIONS by the ARCHITECT

- (1) The Architect is not authorized to revoke, alter, relax, or waive any requirements of the Contract Documents (other than "minor" deviations as defined in Article 9 and "minor" changes as defined in Article 19), to finally approve or accept any portion of the Work or to issue instructions contrary to the Contract Documents without concurrence of the Owner.
- (2) The Architect will visit the site at intervals appropriate to the stage of the Contractor's operations and as otherwise necessary to:
 - (a) become generally familiar with the in-progress and completed Work and the quality of the Work,
 - **(b)** determine whether the Work is progressing in general accordance with the Contractor's schedule and is likely to be completed within the Contract Time,
 - (c) visually compare readily accessible elements of the Work to the requirements of the Contract Documents to determine, in general, if the Contractor's performance of the Work indicates that the Work will conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents when completed,
 - (d) endeavor to guard the Owner against Defective Work,
 - (e) review and address with the Contractor any problems in implementing the requirements of the Contract Documents that the Contractor may have encountered, and
 - (f) keep the Owner fully informed about the Project.
- (3) The Architect shall have the authority to reject Defective Work or require its correction, but shall not be required to make exhaustive investigations or examinations of the in-progress or completed portions of the Work to expose the presence of Defective Work. However, it shall be an obligation of the Architect to report in writing, to the Owner, Contractor, and DCM Project Inspector, any Defective Work recognized by the Architect.
- (4) The Architect shall have the authority to require the Contractor to stop work only when, in the Architect's reasonable opinion, such stoppage is necessary to avoid Defective Work. The Architect shall not be liable to the Contractor or Owner for the consequences of any decisions made by the Architect in good faith either to exercise or not to exercise this authority.
- (5) "Inspections by the Architect" includes appropriate inspections by the Architect's consultants as dictated by their respective disciplines of design and the stage of the Contractor's operations.

D. <u>INSPECTIONS by the DCM PROJECT INSPECTOR</u>

- (1) The DCM Project Inspector will:
 - (a) participate in scheduled inspections and conferences as practicable,
 - (b) perform periodic inspections of in-progress and completed Work to ensure code compliance of the Project and general conformance of the Work with the Contract Documents, and
 - (c) monitor the Contractor's progress and performance of the Work.
- (2) The DCM Project Inspector shall have the authority to:
 - (a) reject Work that is not in compliance with the State Building Code adopted by the DCM, unless the Work is in accordance with the Contract Documents in which case the DCM Project Inspector will advise the Architect to initiate appropriate corrective action, and
 - **(b)** notify the Architect, Owner, and Contractor of Defective Work recognized by the DCM Project Inspector.

- (3) The DCM Project Inspector's periodic inspections will usually be scheduled around key stages of construction based upon information reported by the Architect. As the Architect or Owner deems appropriate, the DCM Project Inspector, as well as other members of the Technical Staff, can be requested to schedule special inspections or meetings to address specific matters. The written findings of DCM Project Inspector will be transmitted to the Owner, Contractor, and Architect.
- (4) The DCM Project Inspector is not authorized to revoke, alter, relax, or waive any requirements of the Contract Documents, to finally approve or accept any portion of the Work or to issue instructions contrary to the Contract Documents without concurrence of the Owner. The Contractor shall not proceed with Work as a result of instructions or findings of the DCM Project Inspector which the Contractor considers to be a change to the requirements of the Contract Documents without written authorization of the Owner through the Architect.

E. UNCOVERING WORK

- (1) If the Contractor covers a portion of the Work before it is examined by the Architect and this is contrary to the Architect's request or specific requirements in the Contract Documents, then, upon written request of the Architect, the Work must be uncovered for the Architect's examination and be replaced at the Contractor's expense without change in the Contract Time.
- (2) Without a prior request or specific requirement that Work be examined by the Architect before it is covered, the Architect may request that Work be uncovered for examination and the Contractor shall uncover it. If the Work is in accordance with the Contract Documents, the Contract Sum shall be equitably adjusted under Article 19 to compensate the Contractor for the costs of uncovering and replacement. If the Work is not in accordance with the Contract Documents, uncovering, correction, and replacement shall be at the Contractor's expense unless the condition was caused by the Owner or a separate contractor in which event the Owner shall be responsible for payment of such costs.

F. SPECIFIED INSPECTIONS and TESTS

- (1) The Contractor shall schedule and coordinate Specified Inspections and Tests to be made at appropriate times so as not to delay the progress of the Work or the work of the Owner or separate contractors. If the Contract Documents require that a Specified Inspection or Test be witnessed or attended by the Architect or Architect's consultant, the Contractor shall give the Architect timely notice of the time and place of the Specified Inspection or Test. If a Specified Inspection or Test reveals that Work is not in compliance with requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall bear the costs of correction, repeating the Specified Inspection or Test, and any related costs incurred by the Owner, including reasonable charges, if any, by the Architect for additional services. Through appropriate Contract Change Order the Owner shall bear costs of tests, inspections or approvals which become Contract requirements subsequent to the receipt of bids.
- (2) If the Architect, Owner, or public authority having jurisdiction determines that inspections, tests, demonstrations, or approvals in addition to Specified Inspections and Tests are required, the Contractor shall, upon written instruction from the Architect, arrange for their performance by an entity acceptable to the Owner, giving timely notice to the architect of the time and place of their performance. Related costs shall be borne by the Owner unless the procedures reveal that Work is

not in compliance with requirements of the Contract Documents, in which case the Contractor shall bear the costs of correction, repeating the procedures, and any related costs incurred by the Owner, including reasonable charges, if any, by the Architect for additional services.

- (3) Unless otherwise required by the Contract Documents, required certificates of Specified Inspections and Tests shall be secured by the Contractor and promptly delivered to the Architect.
- (4) Failure of any materials to pass Specified Inspections and Tests will be sufficient cause for refusal to consider any further samples of the same brand or make of that material for use in the Work.

ARTICLE 17 CORRECTION of DEFECTIVE WORK

- **A.** The Contractor shall, at the Contractor's expense, promptly correct Defective Work rejected by the Architect or which otherwise becomes known to the Contractor, removing the rejected or nonconforming materials and construction from the project site.
- **B.** Correction of Defective Work shall be performed in such a timely manner as will avoid delay of completion, use, or occupancy of the Work and the work of the Owner and separate contractors.
- C. The Contractor shall bear all expenses related to the correction of Defective Work, including but not limited to: (1) additional testing and inspections, including repeating Specified Inspections and Tests, (2) reasonable services and expenses of the Architect, and (3) the expense of making good all work of the Contractor, Owner, or separate contractors destroyed or damaged by the correction of Defective Work.

ARTICLE 18 DEDUCTIONS for UNCORRECTED WORK

If the Owner deems it advisable and in the Owner's interest to accept Defective Work, the Owner may allow part or all of such Work to remain in place, provided an equitable deduction from the Contract Sum, acceptable to the Owner, is offered by the Contractor.

ARTICLE 19 CHANGES in the WORK

A. GENERAL

(1) The Owner may at any time direct the Contractor to make changes in the Work which are within the general scope of the Contract, including changes in the Drawings, Specifications, or other portions of the Contract Documents to add, delete, or otherwise revise portions of the Work. The Architect is authorized by the Owner to direct "minor" changes in the Work by written order to the Contractor. "Minor" changes in the Work are defined as those which are in the interest of the Owner, do not materially alter the quality or performance of the finished Work, and do not affect the cost or time of performance of the Work. Changes in the Work which are not "minor" may be

authorized only by the Owner.

- (2) If the Owner directs a change in the Work, the change shall be incorporated into the Contract by a Contract Change Order prepared by the Architect and signed by the Contractor, Owner, and other signatories to the Construction Contract, stating their agreement upon the change or changes in the Work and the adjustments, if any, in the Contract Sum and the Contract Time.
- (3) Subject to compliance with Alabama's Public Works Law, the Owner may, upon agreement by the Contractor, incorporate previously unawarded bid alternates into the Contract.
- (4) In the event of a claim or dispute as to the appropriate adjustment to the Contract Sum or Contract Time due to a directive to make changes in the Work, the Work shall proceed as provided in this article subject to subsequent agreement of the parties or final resolution of the dispute pursuant to Article 24.
- (5) Consent of surety will be obtained for all Contract Change Orders involving an increase in the Contract Sum.
- (6) Changes in the Work shall be performed under applicable provisions of the Contract Documents and the Contractor shall proceed promptly to perform changes in the Work, unless otherwise directed by the Owner through the Architect.
- (7) All change orders require DCM Form C-12: Contract Change Order and DCM Form B-11: Change Order Justification. Only Change Orders 10% or greater of the current contract amount require the Owner's legal advisor's signature on DCM Form B-11: Change Order Justification.

B. <u>DETERMINATION of ADJUSTMENT of the CONTRACT SUM</u>

The adjustment of the Contract Sum resulting from a change in the Work shall be determined by one of the following methods, or a combination thereof, as selected by the Owner:

- (1) Lump Sum. By mutual agreement to a lump sum based on or negotiated from an itemized cost proposal from the Contractor. Additions to the Contract Sum shall include the Contractor's direct costs plus a maximum 15% markup for overhead and profit. Where subcontract work is involved the total mark-up for the Contractor and a Subcontractor shall not exceed 25%. Changes which involve a net credit to the Owner shall include fair and reasonable credits for overhead and profit on the deducted work, in no case less than 5%. For the purposes of this method of determining an adjustment of the Contract Sum, "overhead" shall cover the Contractor's indirect costs of the change, such as the cost of bonds, superintendent and other job office personnel, watchman, job office, job office supplies and expenses, temporary facilities and utilities, and home office expenses.
- (2) Unit Price. By application of Unit Prices included in the Contract or subsequently agreed to by the parties. However, if the character or quantity originally contemplated is materially changed so that application of such unit price to quantities of Work proposed will cause substantial inequity to either party, the applicable unit price shall be equitably adjusted.
- (3) Force Account. By directing the Contractor to proceed with the change in the Work on a "force account" basis under which the Contractor shall be reimbursed for reasonable expenditures incurred by the Contractor and its Subcontractors in performing added Work and the Owner shall

receive reasonable credit for any deleted Work. The Contractor shall keep and present, in such form as the Owner may prescribe, an itemized accounting of the cost of the change together with sufficient supporting data. Unless otherwise stated in the directive, the adjustment of the Contract Sum shall be limited to the following:

- (a) costs of labor and supervision, including employee benefits, social security, retirement, unemployment and workers' compensation insurance required by law, agreement, or under Contractor's or Subcontractor's standard personnel policy;
- (b) cost of materials, supplies and equipment, including cost of delivery, whether incorporated or consumed;
- (c) rental cost of machinery and equipment, not to exceed prevailing local rates if contractor-owned;
- (d) costs of premiums for insurance required by the Contract Documents, permit fees, and sales, use or similar taxes related to the change in the Work;
- (e) reasonable credits to the Owner for the value of deleted Work, without Contractor or Subcontractor mark-ups; and
- (f) for additions to the Contract Sum, mark-up of the Contractor's direct costs for overhead and profit not exceeding 15% on Contractor's work nor exceeding 25% for Contractor and Subcontractor on a Subcontractor's work. Changes which involve a net credit to the Owner shall include fair and reasonable credits for overhead and profit on the deducted work, in no case less than 5%. For the purposes of this method of determining an adjustment of the Contract Sum, "overhead" shall cover the Contractor's indirect costs of the change, such as the cost of insurance other than mentioned above, bonds, superintendent and other job office personnel, watchman, use and rental of small tools, job office, job office supplies and expenses, temporary facilities and utilities, and home office expenses.

C. ADJUSTMENT of the CONTRACT TIME due to CHANGES

- (1) Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contract Time shall be equitably adjusted for the performance of a change provided that the Contractor notifies the Architect in writing that the change will increase the time required to complete the Work. Such notice shall be provided no later than:
 - (a) with the Contractor's cost proposal stating the number of days of extension requested, or
 - **(b)** within ten days after the Contractor receives a directive to proceed with a change in advance of submitting a cost proposal, in which case the notice should provide an estimated number of days of extension to be requested, which may be subject to adjustment in the cost proposal.
- (2) The Contract Time shall be extended only to the extent that the change affects the time required to complete the entire Work of the Contract, taking into account the concurrent performance of the changed and unchanged Work.

D. <u>CHANGE ORDER PROCEDURES</u>

(1) If the Owner proposes to make a change in the Work, the Architect will request that the Contractor provide a cost proposal for making the change to the Work. The request shall be in writing and shall adequately describe the proposed change using drawings, specifications, narrative, or a combination thereof. Within 21 days after receiving such a request, or such other time as may be stated in the request, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Architect a written proposal, properly itemized and supported by sufficient substantiating data to facilitate evaluation. The stated

time within which the Contractor must submit a proposal may be extended if, within that time, the Contractor makes a written request with reasonable justification thereof.

- (2) The Contractor may voluntarily offer a change proposal which, in the Contractor's opinion, will reduce the cost of construction, maintenance, or operation or will improve the cost-effective performance of an element of the Project, in which case the Owner, through the Architect, will accept, reject, or respond otherwise within 21 days after receipt of the proposal, or such other reasonable time as the Contractor may state in the proposal.
- (3) If the Contractor's proposal is acceptable to the Owner, or is negotiated to the mutual agreement of the Contractor and Owner, the Architect will prepare an appropriate Contract Change Order for execution. Upon receipt of the fully executed Contract Change Order, the Contractor shall proceed with the change.
- (4) In advance of delivery of a fully executed Contract Change Order, the Architect may furnish to the Contractor a written authorization to proceed with an agreed change. However, such an authorization shall be effective only if it:
 - (a) identifies the Contractor's accepted or negotiated proposal for the change,
 - (b) states the agreed adjustments, if any, in Contract Sum and Contract Time,
 - (c) states that funds are available to pay for the change, and
 - (d) is signed by the Owner.
- (5) If the Contractor and Owner cannot agree on the amount of the adjustment in the Contract Sum for a change, the Owner, through the Architect, may order the Contractor to proceed with the change on a Force Account basis, but the net cost to the Owner shall not exceed the amount quoted in the Contractor's proposal. Such order shall state that funds are available to pay for the change.
- (6) If the Contractor does not promptly respond to a request for a proposal, or the Owner determines that the change is essential to the final product of the Work and that the change must be effected immediately to avoid delay of the Project, the Owner may:
 - (a) determine with the Contractor a sufficient maximum amount to be authorized for the change and
 - (b) direct the Contractor to proceed with the change on a Force Account basis pending delivery of the Contractor's proposal, stating the maximum increase in the Contract Sum that is authorized for the change.
- (7) Pending agreement of the parties or final resolution of any dispute of the total amount due the Contractor for a change in the Work, amounts not in dispute for such changes in the Work may be included in Applications for Payment accompanied by an interim Change Order indicating the parties' agreement with part of all of such costs or time extension. Once a dispute is resolved, it shall be implemented by preparation and execution of an appropriate Change Order.

ARTICLE 20 CLAIMS for EXTRA COST or EXTRA WORK

A. If the Contractor considers any instructions by the Architect, Owner, DCM Project Inspector, or public authority having jurisdiction to be contrary to the requirements of the Contract Documents and will involve extra work and/or cost under the Contract, the Contractor shall give the Architect

written notice thereof within ten days after receipt of such instructions, and in any event before proceeding to execute such work. As used in this Article, "instructions" shall include written or oral clarifications, directions, instructions, interpretations, or determinations.

- **B.** The Contractor's notification pursuant to Paragraph 20.A shall state: (1) the date, circumstances, and source of the instructions, (2) that the Contractor considers the instructions to constitute a change to the Contract Documents and why, and (3) an estimate of extra cost and time that may be involved to the extent an estimate may be reasonably made at that time.
- **C.** Except for claims relating to an emergency endangering life or property, no claim for extra cost or extra work shall be considered in the absence of prior notice required under Paragraph 20.A.
- **D.** Within ten days of receipt of a notice pursuant to Paragraph 20.A, the Architect will respond in writing to the Contractor, stating one of the following:
 - (1) The cited instruction is rescinded.
 - (2) The cited instruction is a change in the Work and in which manner the Contractor is to proceed with procedures of Article 19, Changes in the Work.
 - (3) The cited instruction is reconfirmed, is not considered by the Architect to be a change in the Contract Documents, and the Contractor is to proceed with Work as instructed.
- **E.** If the Architect's response to the Contractor is as in Paragraph 20.D(3), the Contractor shall proceed with the Work as instructed. If the Contractor continues to consider the instructions to constitute a change in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall, within ten days after receiving the Architect's response, notify the Architect in writing that the Contractor intends to submit a claim pursuant to Article 24, Resolution of Claims and Disputes

ARTICLE 21 <u>DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS</u>

A. <u>DEFINITION</u>

"Differing Site Conditions" are:

- (1) subsurface or otherwise concealed physical conditions at the Project site which differ materially from those indicated in the Contract Documents, or
- (2) unknown physical conditions at the Project site which are of an unusual nature, differing materially from conditions ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in construction activities of the character required by the Contract Documents.

B. PROCEDURES

If Differing Site Conditions are encountered, then the party discovering the condition shall promptly notify the other party before the condition is disturbed and in no event later than ten days after discovering the condition. Upon such notice and verification that a Differing Site Condition exists, the Architect will, with reasonable promptness and with the Owner's concurrence, make changes in the Drawings and/or Specifications as are deemed necessary to conform to the Differing

Site Condition. Any increase or decrease in the Contract Sum or Contract Time that is warranted by the changes will be made as provided under Article 19, Changes in the Work. If the Architect determines a Differing Site Condition has not been encountered, the Architect shall notify the Owner and Contractor in writing, stating the reason for that determination.

ARTICLE 22 CLAIMS for DAMAGES

If either party to the Contract suffers injury or damage to person or property because of an act or omission of the other party, or of others for whose acts such party is legally responsible, written notice of such injury or damage, whether or not insured, shall be given to the other party within a reasonable time after the discovery. The notice shall provide sufficient detail to enable the other party to investigate the matter.

ARTICLE 23 DELAYS

- **A.** A delay beyond the Contractor's control at any time in the commencement or progress of Work by an act or omission of the Owner, Architect, or any separate contractor or by labor disputes, unusual delay in deliveries, unavoidable casualties, fires, abnormal floods, tornadoes, or other cataclysmic events of nature, may entitle the Contractor to an extension of the Contract Time provided, however, that the Contractor shall, within ten days after the delay first occurs, give written notice to the Architect of the cause of the delay and its probable effect on progress of the entire Work.
- **B.** Adverse weather conditions that are more severe than anticipated for the locality of the Work during any given month may entitle the Contractor to an extension of Contract Time provided, however;
 - (1) the weather conditions had an adverse effect on construction scheduled to be performed during the period in which the adverse weather occurred, which in reasonable sequence would have an effect on completion of the entire Work,
 - (2) the Contractor shall, within twenty-one days after the end of the month in which the delay occurs, give the Architect written notice of the delay that occurred during that month and its probable effect on progress of the Work, and
 - (3) within a reasonable time after giving notice of the delay, the Contractor provides the Architect with sufficient data to document that the weather conditions experienced were unusually severe for the locality of the Work during the month in question. Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, data documenting unusually severe weather conditions shall compare actual weather conditions to the average weather conditions for the month in question during the previous five years as recorded by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) or similar record-keeping entities.
- C. Adjustments, if any, of the Contract Time pursuant to this Article shall be incorporated into the Contract by a Contract Change Order prepared by the Architect and signed by the Contractor, Owner, and other signatories to the Construction Contract or, at closeout of the Contract, by mutual

written agreement between the Contractor and Owner. The adjustment of the Contract Time shall not exceed the extent to which the delay extends the time required to complete the entire Work of the Contract.

- **D.** The Contractor shall not be entitled to any adjustment of the Contract Sum for damage due to delays claimed pursuant to this Article unless the delay was caused by the Owner or Architect and was either:
 - (1) the result of bad faith or active interference or
 - (2) beyond the contemplation of the parties and not remedied within a reasonable time after notification by the Contractor of its presence.

ARTICLE 24 RESOLUTION of CLAIMS and DISPUTES

A. APPLICABILITY of ARTICLE

- (1) As used in this Article, "Claims and Disputes" include claims or disputes asserted by the Contractor, its Surety, or Owner arising out of or related to the Contract, or its breach, including without limitation claims seeking, under the provisions of the Contract, equitable adjustment of the Contract Sum or Contract Time and claims and disputes arising between the Contractor (or its Surety) and Owner regarding interpretation of the Contract Documents, performance of the Work, or breach of or compliance with the terms of the Contract.
- (2) "Resolution" addressed in this Article applies only to Claims and Disputes arising between the Contractor (or its Surety) and Owner and asserted after execution of the Construction Contract and prior to the date upon which final payment is made. Upon making application for final payment the Contractor may reserve the right to subsequent Resolution of existing Claims by including a list of all Claims, in stated amounts, which remain to be resolved and specifically excluding them from any release of claims executed by the Contractor, and in that event Resolution may occur after final payment is made.

B. CONTINUANCE of PERFORMANCE

An unresolved Claim or Dispute shall not be just cause for the Contractor to fail or refuse to proceed diligently with performance of the Contract or for the Owner to fail or refuse to continue to make payments in accordance with the Contract Documents.

C. GOOD FAITH EFFORT to SETTLE

The Contractor and Owner agree that, upon the assertion of a Claim by the other, they will make a good faith effort, with the Architect's assistance and advice, to achieve mutual resolution of the Claim. If mutually agreed, the Contractor and Owner may endeavor to resolve a Claim through mediation. If efforts to settle are not successful, the Claim shall be resolved in accordance with paragraph D or E below, whichever applies.

D FINAL RESOLUTION for STATE-FUNDED CONTRACTS

(1) If the Contract is funded in whole or in part with state funds, the final Resolution of Claims

and Disputes which cannot be resolved by the Contractor (or its Surety) and Owner shall be by the Director, whose decision shall be final, binding, and conclusive upon the Contractor, its Surety, and the Owner.

- (2) When it becomes apparent to the party asserting a Claim (the Claimant) that an impasse to mutual resolution has been reached, the Claimant may request in writing to the Director that the Claim be resolved by decision of the Director. Such request by the Contractor (or its Surety) shall be submitted through the Owner. Should the Owner fail or refuse to submit the Contractor's request within ten days of receipt of same, the Contractor may forward such request directly to the Director. Upon receipt of a request to resolve a Claim, the Director will instruct the parties as to procedures to be initiated and followed.
- (3) If the respondent to a Claim fails or refuses to participate or cooperate in the Resolution procedures to the extent that the Claimant is compelled to initiate legal proceedings to induce the Respondent to participate or cooperate, the Claimant will be entitled to recover, and may amend its Claim to include, the expense of reasonable attorney's fees so incurred.

E. FINAL RESOLUTION for LOCALLY-FUNDED CONTRACTS

If the Contract is funded in whole with funds provided by a city or county board of education or other local governmental authority and the Contract Documents do not stipulate a binding alternative dispute resolution method, the final resolution of Claims and Disputes which cannot be resolved by the Contractor (or its Surety) and Owner may be by any legal remedy available to the parties. Alternatively, upon the written agreement of the Contractor (or its Surety) and the Owner, final Resolution of Claims and Disputes may be by submission to binding arbitration before a neutral arbitrator or panel or by submission to the Director in accordance with preceding Paragraph D.

ARTICLE 25 OWNER'S RIGHT to CORRECT DEFECTIVE WORK

If the Contractor fails or refuses to correct Defective Work in a timely manner that will avoid delay of completion, use, or occupancy of the Work or work by the Owner or separate contractors, the Architect may give the Contractor written Notice to Cure the Defective Work within a reasonable, stated time. If within ten days after receipt of the Notice to Cure the Contractor has not proceeded and satisfactorily continued to cure the Defective Work or provided the Architect with written verification that satisfactory positive action is in process to cure the Defective Work, the Owner may, without prejudice to any other remedy available to the Owner, correct the Defective Work and deduct the actual cost of the correction from payment then or thereafter due to the Contractor.

ARTICLE 26 OWNER'S RIGHT to STOP or SUSPEND the WORK

A. STOPPING the WORK for CAUSE

If the Contractor fails to correct Defective Work or persistently fails to carry out Work in accordance with the Contract Documents, the Owner may direct the Contractor in writing to stop the Work, or any part of the Work, until the cause for the Owner's directive has been eliminated:

however, the Owner's right to stop the Work shall not be construed as a duty of the Owner to be exercised for the benefit of the Contractor or any other person or entity.

B. SUSPENSION by the OWNER for CONVENIENCE

- (1) The Owner may, at any time and without cause, direct the Contractor in writing to suspend, delay or interrupt the Work, or any part of the Work, for a period of time as the Owner may determine.
- (2) The Contract Sum and Contract Time shall be adjusted, pursuant to Article 19, for reasonable increases in the cost and time caused by an Owner-directed suspension, delay or interruption of Work for the Owner's convenience. However, no adjustment to the Contract Sum shall be made to the extent that the same or concurrent Work is, was or would have been likewise suspended, delayed or interrupted for other reasons not caused by the Owner.

ARTICLE 27 OWNER'S RIGHT to TERMINATE CONTRACT

A. TERMINATION by the OWNER for CAUSE

- (1) Causes: The Owner may terminate the Contractor's right to complete the Work, or any designated portion of the Work, if the Contractor:
 - (a) should be adjudged bankrupt, or should make a general assignment for the benefit of the Contractor's creditors, or if a receiver should be appointed on account of the Contractor's insolvency to the extent termination for these reasons is permissible under applicable law;
 - (b) refuses or fails to prosecute the Work, or any part of the Work, with the diligence that will insure its completion within the Contract Time, including any extensions, or fails to complete the Work within the Contract Time;
 - (c) refuses or fails to perform the Work, including prompt correction of Defective Work, in a manner that will insure that the Work, when fully completed, will be in accordance with the Contract Documents:
 - (d) fails to pay for labor or materials supplied for the Work or to pay Subcontractors in accordance with the respective Subcontract;
 - (e) persistently disregards laws, ordinances, or rules, regulations or orders of a public authority having jurisdiction, or the instructions of the Architect or Owner; or
 - (f) is otherwise guilty of a substantial breach of the Contract.

(2) Procedure for Unbonded Construction Contracts (Generally, contracts less than \$50,000):

- (a) Notice to Cure: In the presence of any of the above conditions the Architect may give the Contractor written notice to cure the condition within a reasonable, stated time, but not less than ten days after the Contractor receives the notice.
- (b) Notice of Termination: If, at the expiration of the time stated in the Notice to Cure, the Contractor has not proceeded and satisfactorily continued to cure the condition or provided the Architect with written verification that satisfactory positive action is in process to cure the condition, the Owner may, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of the Owner, give the Contractor written notice that the Contractor's right to complete the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, shall terminate seven days after the Contractor's receipt of the

written Notice of Termination.

- (c) If the Contractor satisfies a Notice to Cure, but the condition for which the notice was first given reoccurs, the Owner may give the Contractor a seven day Notice of Termination without giving the Contractor another Notice to Cure.
- (d) At the expiration of the seven days of the termination notice, the Owner may:
 - .1 take possession of the site, of all materials and equipment stored on and off site, and of all Contractor-owned tools, construction equipment and machinery, and facilities located at the site, and
 - .2 finish the Work by whatever reasonable method the Owner may deem expedient.
- (e) The Contractor shall not be entitled to receive further payment under the Contract until the Work is completed.
- (f) If the Owner's cost of completing the Work, including correction of Defective Work, compensation for additional architectural, engineering, managerial, and administrative services, and reasonable attorneys' fees due to the default and termination, is less than the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum, the excess balance less liquidated damages for delay shall be paid to the Contractor. If such cost to the Owner including attorney's fees, plus liquidated damages, exceeds the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum, the Contractor shall pay the difference to the Owner. Final Resolution of any claim or Dispute involving the termination or any amount due any party as a result of the termination shall be pursuant to Article 24.
- (g) Upon the Contractor's request, the Owner shall furnish to the Contractor a detailed accounting of the Owner's cost of completing the Work.

(3) Procedure for Bonded Construction Contracts (Generally, contracts over \$50,000):

- (a) Notice to Cure: In the presence of any of the above conditions the Architect may give the Contractor and its Surety written Notice to Cure the condition within a reasonable, stated time, but not less than ten days after the Contractor receives the notice.
- (b) Notice of Termination: If, at the expiration of the time stated in the Notice to Cure, the Contractor has not proceeded and satisfactorily continued to cure the condition or provided the Architect with written verification that satisfactory positive action is in process to cure the condition, the Owner may, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of the Owner, give the Contractor and its Surety written notice declaring the Contractor to be in default under the Contract and stating that the Contractor's right to complete the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, shall terminate seven days after the Contractor's receipt of the written Notice of Termination.
- (c) If the Contractor satisfies a Notice to Cure, but the condition for which the notice was first given reoccurs, the Owner may give the Contractor a Notice of Termination without giving the Contractor another Notice to Cure.
- (d) Demand on the Performance Bond: With the Notice of Termination the Owner shall give the Surety a written demand that, upon the effective date of the Notice of Termination, the Surety promptly fulfill its obligation to take charge of and complete the Work in accordance with the terms of the Performance Bond.
- (e) Surety Claims: Upon receiving the Owner's demand on the Performance Bond, the Surety shall assume all rights and obligations of the Contractor under the Contract. However, the Surety shall also have the right to assert "Surety Claims" to the Owner, which are defined as claims relating to acts or omissions of the Owner or Architect prior to termination of the Contractor which may have prejudiced its rights as Surety or its interest in the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum. If the Surety wishes to assert a Surety Claim, it shall give the Owner, through the Architect, written notice within twenty-one days after first recognizing the

condition giving rise to the Surety Claim. The Surety Claim shall then be submitted to the Owner, through the Architect, no later than sixty days after giving notice thereof, but no such Surety Claims shall be considered if submitted after the date upon which final payment becomes due. Final resolution of Surety Claims shall be pursuant to Article 24, Resolution of Claims and Disputes. The presence or possibility of a Surety Claim shall not be just cause for the Surety to fail or refuse to take charge of and complete the Work or for the Owner to fail or refuse to continue to make payments in accordance with the Contract Documents.

- (f) Payments to Surety: The Surety shall be paid for completing the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents as if the Surety were the Contractor. The Owner shall have the right to deduct from payments to the Surety any reasonable costs incurred by the Owner, including compensation for additional architectural, engineering, managerial, and administrative services, and attorneys' fees as necessitated by termination of the Contractor and completion of the Work by the Surety. No further payments shall be made to the Contractor by the Owner. The Surety shall be solely responsible for any accounting to the Contractor for the portion of the Contract Sum paid to Surety by Owner or for the costs and expenses of completing the Work.
- **(4) Wrongful Termination:** If any notice of termination by the Owner for cause, made in good faith, is determined to have been wrongly given, such termination shall be effective and compensation therefore determined as if it had been a termination for convenience pursuant to Paragraph B below.

B. TERMINATION by the OWNER for CONVENIENCE

- (1) The Owner may, without cause and at any time, terminate the performance of Work under the Contract in whole, or in part, upon determination by the Owner that such termination is in the Owner's best interest. Such termination is referred to herein as Termination for Convenience.
- (2) Upon receipt of a written notice of Termination for Convenience from the Owner, the Contractor shall:
 - (a) stop Work as specified in the notice;
 - (b) enter into no further subcontracts or purchase orders for materials, services, or facilities, except as may be necessary for Work directed to be performed prior to the effective date of the termination or to complete Work that is not terminated;
 - (c) terminate all existing subcontracts and purchase orders to the extent they relate to the terminated Work;
 - (d) take such actions as are necessary, or directed by the Architect or Owner, to protect, preserve, and make safe the terminated Work; and
 - (e) complete performance of the Work that is not terminated.
- (3) In the event of Termination for Convenience, the Contractor shall be entitled to receive payment for the Work performed prior to its termination, including materials and equipment purchased and delivered for incorporation into the terminated Work, and any reasonable costs incurred because of the termination. Such payment shall include reasonable mark-up of costs for overhead and profit, not to exceed the limits stated in Article 19, Changes in the Work. The Contractor shall be entitled to receive payment for reasonable anticipated overhead ("home office") and shall not be entitled to receive payment for any profits anticipated to have been gained from the terminated Work. A proposal for decreasing the Contract Sum shall be submitted to the Architect by the Contractor in such time and detail, and with such supporting documentation, as is reasonably

directed by the Owner. Final modification of the Contract shall be by Contract Change Order pursuant to Article 19. Any Claim or Dispute involving the termination or any amount due a party as a result shall be resolved pursuant to Article 24.

ARTICLE 28 CONTRACTOR'S RIGHT to SUSPEND or TERMINATE the CONTRACT

A. SUSPENSION by the OWNER

If all of the Work is suspended or delayed for the Owner's convenience or under an order of any court, or other public authority, for a period of sixty days, through no act or fault of the Contractor or a Subcontractor, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, then the Contractor may give the Owner a written Notice of Termination which allows the Owner fourteen days after receiving the Notice in which to give the Contractor appropriate written authorization to resume the Work. Absent the Contractor's receipt of such authorization to resume the Work, the Contract shall terminate upon expiration of this fourteen day period and the Contractor will be compensated by the Owner as if the termination had been for the Owner's convenience pursuant to Article 27.B.

B. NONPAYMENT

The Owner's failure to pay the undisputed amount of an Application for Payment within sixty days after receiving it from the Architect (Certified pursuant to Article 30) shall be just cause for the Contractor to give the Owner fourteen days' written notice that the Work will be suspended pending receipt of payment but that the Contract shall terminate if payment is not received within fourteen days (or a longer period stated by the Contractor) of the expiration of the fourteen day notice period.

- (1) If the Work is then suspended for nonpayment, but resumed upon receipt of payment, the Contractor will be entitled to compensation as if the suspension had been by the Owner pursuant to Article 26, Paragraph B.
- (2) If the Contract is then terminated for nonpayment, the Contractor will be entitled to compensation as if the termination had been by the Owner pursuant to Article 27, Paragraph B.

ARTICLE 29 PROGRESS PAYMENTS

A. FREQUENCY of PROGRESS PAYMENTS

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Owner will make payments to the Contractor as the Work progresses based on monthly estimates prepared and certified by the Contractor, approved and certified by the Architect, and approved by the Owner and other authorities whose approval is required.

B. SCHEDULE of VALUES

Within ten days after receiving the Notice to Proceed the Contractor shall submit to the Architect a

DCM Form C-10SOV, Schedule of Values, which is a breakdown of the Contract Sum showing the value of the various parts of the Work for billing purposes. The Schedule of Values shall be printable on 8.5" × 11" for DCM's scanning purposes and shall divide the Contract Sum into as many parts ("line items") as the Architect and Owner determine necessary to permit evaluation and to show amounts attributable to Subcontractors. The Contractor's overhead and profit are to be proportionately distributed throughout the line items of the Schedule of Values. Upon approval, the Schedule of Values shall be used as a basis for monthly Applications for Payment, unless it is later found to be in error. Approved change order amounts shall be added to or incorporated into the Schedule of Values as mutually agreed by the Contractor and Architect.

C. APPLICATIONS for PAYMENTS

- (1) Based on the approved Schedule of Values, each DCM Form C-10, Application and Certificate for Payment shall show the Contractor's estimate of the value of Work performed in each line item as of the end of the billing period. The Contractor's cost of materials and equipment not yet incorporated into the Work, but delivered and suitably stored on the site, may be considered in monthly Applications for Payment. One payment application per month may be submitted. Each DCM Form C-10, Application and Certificate for Payment shall match to the penny and be accompanied by an attached DCM Form C-10SOV, Schedule of Values.
- (2) The Contractor's estimate of the value of Work performed and stored materials must represent such reasonableness as to warrant certification by the Architect to the Owner in accordance with Article 30. Each monthly Application for Payment shall be supported by such data as will substantiate the Contractor's right to payment, including without limitation copies of requisitions from subcontractors and material suppliers.
- (3) If no other date is stated in the Contract Documents or agreed upon by the parties, each Application for Payment shall be submitted to the Architect on or about the first day of each month and payment shall be issued to the Contractor within thirty days after an Application for Payment is Certified pursuant to Article 30 and delivered to the Owner.
- (4) Four copies of DCM Form C-10, Application and Certificate for Payment containing original signatures, with each copy of DCM Form C-10 to include all attachments, shall be submitted to DCM for review following the Contractor's, Notary's, Architect's and Owner's signatures.

D. MATERIALS STORED OFF SITE

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor's cost of materials and equipment to be incorporated into the Work, which are stored off the site, may also be considered in monthly Applications for Payment under the following conditions:

- (1) the contractor has received written approval from the Architect and Owner to store the materials or equipment off site in advance of delivering the materials to the off site location;
- (2) a Certificate of Insurance is furnished to the Architect evidencing that a special insurance policy, or rider to an existing policy, has been obtained by the Contractor providing all-risk property insurance coverage, specifically naming the materials or equipment stored, and naming the Owner as an additionally insured party;
- (3) the Architect is provided with a detailed inventory of the stored materials or equipment and the materials or equipment are clearly marked in correlation to the inventory to facilitate inspection and verification of the presence of the materials or equipment by the Architect or

Owner;

- (4) the materials or equipment are properly and safely stored in a bonded warehouse, or a facility otherwise approved in advance by the Architect and Owner; and
- (5) compliance by the Contractor with procedures satisfactory to the Owner to establish the Owner's title to such materials and equipment or otherwise protect the Owner's interest.

E. <u>RETAINAGE</u>

- (1) "Retainage" is defined as the money earned and, therefore, belonging to the Contractor (subject to final settlement of the Contract) which has been retained by the Owner conditioned on final completion and acceptance of all Work required by the Contract Documents. Retainage shall not be relied upon by Contractor (or Surety) to cover or off-set unearned monies attributable to uncompleted or uncorrected Work.
- (2) In making progress payments the Owner shall retain five percent of the estimated value of Work performed and the value of the materials stored for the Work; but after retainage has been held upon fifty percent of the Contract Sum, no additional retainage will be withheld.

F. CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION

- (1) Each Application for Payment shall bear the Contractor's notarized certification that, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge, information, and belief, the Work covered by the Application for Payment has been completed in accordance with the Contract Documents, that all amounts have been paid by the Contractor for Work for which previous Certificates for Payments were issued and payments received from the Owner and that the current payment shown in the Application for Payment has not yet been received.
- (2) By making this certification the Contractor represents to the Architect and Owner that, upon receipt of previous progress payments from the Owner, the Contractor has promptly paid each Subcontractor, in accordance with the terms of its agreement with the Subcontractor, the amount due the Subcontractor from the amount included in the progress payment on account of the Subcontractor's Work and stored materials. The Architect and Owner may advise Subcontractors and suppliers regarding percentages of completion or amounts requested and/or approved in an Application for Payment on account of the Subcontractor's Work and stored materials.

G. PAYMENT ESTABLISHES OWNERSHIP

All material and Work covered by progress payments shall become the sole property of the Owner, but the Contractor shall not be relieved from the sole responsibility for the care and protection of material and Work upon which payments have been made and for the restoration of any damaged material and Work.

ARTICLE 30 CERTIFICATION and APPROVALS for PAYMENT

A. The Architect's review, approval, and certification of Applications for Payment shall be based on the Architect's general knowledge of the Work obtained through site visits and the information provided by the Contractor with the Application. The Architect shall not be required to perform

exhaustive examinations, evaluations, or estimates of the cost of completed or uncompleted Work or stored materials to verify the accuracy of amounts requested by the Contractor, but the Architect shall have the authority to adjust the Contractor's estimate when, in the Architect's reasonable opinion, such estimates are overstated or understated.

- **B.** Within seven days after receiving the Contractor's monthly Application for Payment, or such other time as may be stated in the Contract Documents, the Architect will take one of the following actions:
 - (1) The Architect will approve and certify the Application as submitted and forward it to the Owner as a Certification for Payment for approval by the Owner (and other approving authorities, if any) and payment.
 - (2) If the Architect takes exception to any amounts claimed by the Contractor and the Contractor and Architect cannot agree on revised amounts, the Architect will promptly issue a Certificate for Payment for the amount for which the Architect is able to certify to the Owner, transmitting a copy of same to the Contractor.
 - (3) To the extent the Architect determines may be necessary to protect the Owner from loss on account of any of the causes stated in Article 31, the Architect may subtract from the Contractor's estimates and will issue a Certificate for Payment to the Owner, with a copy to the Contractor, for such amount as the Architect determines is properly due and notify the Contractor and Owner in writing of the Architect's reasons for withholding payment in whole or in part.
- **C.** Neither the Architect's issuance of a Certificate for Payment nor the Owner's resulting progress payment shall be a representation to the Contractor that the Work in progress or completed at that time is accepted or deemed to be in conformance with the Contract Documents.
- **D.** The Architect shall not be required to determine that the Contractor has promptly or fully paid Subcontractors and suppliers or how or for what purpose the Contractor has used monies paid under the Construction Contract. However, the Architect may, upon request and if practical, inform any Subcontractor or supplier of the amount, or percentage of completion, approved or paid to the Contractor on account of the materials supplied or the Work performed by the Subcontractor.

ARTICLE 31 PAYMENTS WITHHELD

- **A.** The Architect may nullify or revise a previously issued Certificate for Payment prior to Owner's payment thereunder to the extent as may be necessary in the Architect's opinion to protect the Owner from loss on account of any of the following causes not discovered or fully accounted for at the time of the certification or approval of the Application for Payment:
 - (1) Defective Work;
 - (2) filed, or reasonable evidence indicating probable filing of, claims arising out of the Contract by other parties against the Contractor;
 - (3) the Contractor's failure to pay for labor, materials or equipment or to pay Subcontractors;
 - (4) reasonable evidence that the Work cannot be completed for the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum;
 - (5) damage suffered by the Owner or another contractor caused by the Contractor, a

- Subcontractor, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable;
- (6) reasonable evidence that the Work will not be completed within the Contract Time, and that the unpaid balance is insufficient to cover applicable liquidated damages; or
- (7) the Contractor's persistent failure to conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- **B.** If the Owner deems it necessary to withhold payment pursuant to preceding Paragraph A, the Owner will notify the Contractor and Architect in writing of the amount to be withheld and the reason for same.
- C. The Architect shall not be required to withhold payment for completed or partially completed Work for which compliance with the Contract Documents remains to be determined by Specified Inspections or Final Inspections to be performed in their proper sequence. However, if Work for which payment has been approved, certified, or made under an Application for Payment is subsequently determined to be Defective Work, the Architect shall determine an appropriate amount that will protect the Owner's interest against the Defective Work.
 - (1) If payment has not been made against the Application for Payment first including the Defective Work, the Architect will notify the Owner and Contractor of the amount to be withheld from the payment until the Defective Work is brought into compliance with the Contract Documents.
 - (2) If payment has been made against the Application for Payment first including the Defective Work, the Architect will withhold the appropriate amount from the next Application for Payment submitted after the determination of noncompliance, such amount to then be withheld until the Defective Work is brought into compliance with the Contract Documents.
- **D.** The amount withheld will be paid with the next Application for Payment certified and approved after the condition for which the Owner has withheld payment is removed or otherwise resolved to the Owner's satisfaction.
- **E.** The Owner shall have the right to withhold from payments due the Contractor under this Contract an amount equal to any amount which the Contractor owes the Owner under another contract.

ARTICLE 32 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

- A. Substantial Completion is the stage in the progress of the Work when the Work or designated portion of the Work is sufficiently complete in accordance with the Contract Documents so that the Owner can occupy or utilize the Work for its intended use without disruption or interference by the Contractor in completing or correcting any remaining unfinished Work ("punch list" items). Substantial Completion of the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, is not achieved until so agreed in a Certificate of Substantial Completion signed by the Contractor, Architect, Owner, and Technical Staff of the Alabama Division of Construction Management.
- **B.** The Contractor shall notify the Architect in writing when it considers the Work, or a portion of the Work which the Owner has agreed to accept separately, to be substantially complete and ready for a Final Inspection pursuant to Article 16. In this notification the Contractor shall identify any items remaining to be completed or corrected for Final Acceptance prior to final payment.

C. Substantial Completion is achieved and a Final Inspection is appropriate only when a minimal number of punch list items exists and only a short period of time will be required to correct or complete them. Upon receipt of the Contractor's notice for a Final Inspection, the Architect will advise the Contractor in writing of any conditions of the Work which the Architect or Owner is aware do not constitute Substantial Completion, otherwise, a Final Inspection will proceed within a reasonable time after the Contractor's notice is given. However, the Architect will not be required to prepare lengthy listings of punch list items; therefore, if the Final Inspection discloses that Substantial Completion has not been achieved, the Architect may discontinue or suspend the inspection until the Contractor does achieve Substantial Completion.

D. <u>CERTIFICATE of SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION</u>

- (1) When the Work or a designated portion of the Work is substantially complete, the Architect will prepare and sign a Certificate of Substantial Completion to be signed in order by the Contractor, Owner, and Alabama Division of Construction Management.
- (2) When signed by all parties, the Certificate of Substantial Completion shall establish the Date of Substantial Completion which is the date upon which:
 - (a) the Work, or designated portion of the Work, is accepted by the Architect, Owner, and Alabama Division of Construction Management as being ready for occupancy,
 - **(b)** the Contractor's one-year and special warranties for the Work covered by the Certificate commence, unless stated otherwise in the Certificate (the one-year warranty for punch list items completed or corrected after the period allowed in the Certificate shall commence on the date of their Final Acceptance), and
 - (c) Owner becomes responsible for building security, maintenance, utility services, and insurance, unless stated otherwise in the Certificate.
- (3) The Certificate of Substantial Completion shall set the time within which the Contractor shall finish all items on the "punch list" accompanying the Certificate. The completion of punch list items shall be a condition precedent to Final Payment.
- (4) If the Work or designated portion covered by a Certificate of Substantial Completion includes roofing work, the General Contractor's (5-year) Roofing Guarantee, DCM Form C-9, must be executed by the Contractor and attached to the Certificate of Substantial Completion. If the Contract Documents specify any other roofing warranties to be provided by the roofing manufacturer, Subcontractor, or Contractor, they must also be attached to the Certificate of Substantial Completion. The Alabama Division of Construction Management will not sign the Certificate of Substantial Completion in the absence of the roofing guarantees.
- **E.** The Date of Substantial Completion of the Work, as set in the Certificate of Substantial Completion of the Work or of the last completed portion of the Work, establishes the extent to which the Contractor is liable for Liquidated Damages, if any; however, should the Contractor fail to complete all punch list items within thirty days, or such other time as may be stated in the respective Certificate of Substantial Completion, the Contractor shall bear any expenses, including additional Architectural services and expenses, incurred by the Owner as a result of such failure to complete punch list items in a timely manner.

ARTICLE 33 OCCUPANCY or USE PRIOR to COMPLETION

A. <u>UPON SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION</u>

Prior to completion of the entire Work, the Owner may occupy or begin utilizing any designated portion of the Work on the agreed Date of Substantial Completion of that portion of the Work.

B. BEFORE SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

- (1) The Owner shall not occupy or utilize any portion of the Work before Substantial Completion of that portion has been achieved.
- (2) The Owner may deliver furniture and equipment and store, or install it in place ready for occupancy and use, in any designated portion of the Work before it is substantially completed under the following conditions:
 - (a) The Owner's storage or installation of furniture and equipment will not unreasonably disrupt or interfere with the Contractor's completion of the designated portion of the Work.
 - (b) The Contractor consents to the Owner's planned action (such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld).
 - (c) The Owner shall be responsible for insurance coverage of the Owner's furniture and equipment, and the Contractor's liability shall not be increased.
 - (d) The Contractor, Architect, and Owner will jointly inspect and record the condition of the Work in the area before the Owner delivers and stores or installs furniture and equipment; the Owner will equitably compensate the Contractor for making any repairs to the Work that may subsequently be required due to the Owner's delivery and storage or installation of furniture and equipment.
 - (e) The Owner's delivery and storage or installation of furniture and equipment shall not be deemed an acceptance of any Work not completed in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

ARTICLE 34 FINAL PAYMENT

A. PREREQUISITES to FINAL PAYMENT

The following conditions are prerequisites to Final Payment becoming due the Contractor:

- (1) Full execution of a Certificate of Substantial Completion for the Work, or each designated portion of the Work.
- (2) Final Acceptance of the Work.
- (3) The Contractor's completion, to the satisfaction of the Architect and Owner, of all documentary requirements of the Contract Documents; such as delivery of "as-built" documents, operating and maintenance manuals, warranties, etc.
- (4) Delivery to the Owner of a final Application for Payment, prepared by the Contractor and approved and certified by the Architect. Architect prepares DCM Form B-13: Final Payment Checklist and forwards it to the Owner along with the final Application for Payment.
- (5) Completion of an Advertisement for Completion pursuant to Paragraph C below.
- (6) Delivery by the Contractor to the Owner through the Architect of DCM Form C-18: Contractor's Affidavit of Payment of Debts and Claims, and a Release of Claims, if any, and

- such other documents as may be required by Owner, satisfactory in form to the Owner pursuant to Paragraph D below.
- (7) Consent of Surety to Final Payment, if any, to Contractor. This Consent of Surety is required for projects which have Payment and Performance Bonds.
- (8) Delivery by the Contractor to the Architect and Owner of other documents, if any, required by the Contract Documents as prerequisites to Final Payment.
- (9) See Manual of Procedures Chapter 7, Section L.7 concerning reconciliation of contract time, if any.

B. FINAL ACCEPTANCE of the WORK

"Final Acceptance of the Work" shall be achieved when all "punch list" items recorded with the Certificate(s) of Substantial Completion are accounted for by either: (1) their completion or correction by the Contractor and acceptance by the Architect, Owner, and DCM Project Inspector, or (2) their resolution under Article 18, Deductions for Uncorrected Work.

C. ADVERTISEMENT for COMPLETION

- (1) If the Contract Sum is \$50,000 or less: The Owner, immediately after being notified by the Architect that all other requirements of the Contract have been completed, shall give public notice of completion of the Contract by having an Advertisement for Completion published one time in a newspaper of general circulation, published in the county in which the Owner is located for one week, and shall require the Contractor to certify under oath that all bills have been paid in full. Final payment may be made at any time after the notice has been posted for one entire week.
- (2) If the Contract Sum is more than \$50,000: The Contractor, immediately after being notified by the Architect that all other requirements of the Contract have been completed, shall give public notice of completion of the Contract by having an Advertisement for Completion, similar to the sample contained in the Project Manual, published for a period of four successive weeks in some newspaper of general circulation published within the city or county where the Work was performed. Proof of publication of the Advertisement for Completion shall be made by the Contractor to the Architect by affidavit of the publisher, in duplicate, and a printed copy of the Advertisement for Completion published, in duplicate. If no newspaper is published in the county where the work was done, the notice may be given by posting at the Court House for thirty days and proof of same made by Probate Judge or Sheriff and the Contractor. Final payment shall not be due until thirty days after this public notice is completed.

D. RELEASE of CLAIMS

The Release of Claims and other documents referenced in Paragraph A(6) above are as follows:

- (1) A release executed by Contractor of all claims and claims of lien against the Owner arising under and by virtue of the Contract, other than such claims of the Contractor, if any, as may have been previously made in writing and as may be specifically excepted by the Contractor from the operation of the release in stated amounts to be set forth therein.
- (2) An affidavit under oath, if required, stating that so far as the Contractor has knowledge or information, there are no claims or claims of lien which have been or will be filed by any Subcontractor, Supplier or other party for labor or material for which a claim or claim of lien could be filed.

(3) A release, if required, of all claims and claims of lien made by any Subcontractor, Supplier or other party against the Owner or unpaid Contract funds held by the Owner arising under or related to the Work on the Project; provided, however, that if any Subcontractor, Supplier or others refuse to furnish a release of such claims or claims of lien, the Contractor may furnish a bond executed by Contractor and its Surety to the Owner to provide an unconditional obligation to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the Owner against any loss, cost or expense, including attorney's fees, arising out of or as a result of such claims, or claims of lien, in which event Owner may make Final Payment notwithstanding such claims or claims of lien. If Contractor and Surety fail to fulfill their obligations to Owner under the bond, the Owner shall be entitled to recover damages as a result of such failure, including all costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred to recover such damages.

E. EFFECT of FINAL PAYMENT

- (1) The making of Final Payment shall constitute a waiver of Claims by the Owner except those arising from:
 - (a) liens, claims, security interests or encumbrances arising out of the Contract and unsettled;
 - (b) failure of the Work to comply with the requirements of the Contract Documents;
 - (c) terms of warranties or indemnities required by the Contract Documents, or
 - (d) latent defects.
- (2) Acceptance of Final Payment by the Contractor shall constitute a waiver of claims by Contractor except those previously made in writing, identified by Contractor as unsettled at the time of final Application for Payment, and specifically excepted from the release provided for in Paragraph D(1), above.

ARTICLE 35 CONTRACTOR'S WARRANTY

A. GENERAL WARRANTY

The Contractor warrants to the Owner and Architect that all materials and equipment furnished under the Contract will be of good quality and new, except such materials as may be expressly provided or allowed in the Contract Documents to be otherwise, and that none of the Work will be Defective Work as defined in Article 1.

B. ONE-YEAR WARRANTY

- (1) If, within one year after the date of Substantial Completion of the Work or each designated portion of the Work (or otherwise as agreed upon in a mutually-executed Certificate of Substantial Completion), any of the Work is found to be Defective Work, the Contractor shall promptly upon receipt of written notice from the Owner or Architect, and without expense to either, replace or correct the Defective Work to conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents, and repair all damage to the site, the building and its contents which is the result of Defective Work or its replacement or correction.
- (2) The one-year warranty for punch list items shall begin on the Date of Substantial Completion if they are completed or corrected within the time period allowed in the Certificate of Substantial Completion in which they are recorded. The one-year warranty for punch list items that are not

completed or corrected within the time period allowed in the Certificate of Substantial Completion, and other Work performed after Substantial Completion, shall begin on the date of Final Acceptance of the Work. The Contractor's correction of Work pursuant to this warranty does not extend the period of the warranty. The Contractor's one-year warranty does not apply to defects or damages due to improper or insufficient maintenance, improper operation, or wear and tear during normal usage.

- (3) Upon recognizing a condition of Defective Work, the Owner shall promptly notify the Contractor of the condition. If the condition is causing damage to the building, its contents, equipment, or site, the Owner shall take reasonable actions to mitigate the damage or its continuation, if practical. If the Contractor fails to proceed promptly to comply with the terms of the warranty, or to provide the Owner with satisfactory written verification that positive action is in process, the Owner may have the Defective Work replaced or corrected and the Contractor and the Contractor's Surety shall be liable for all expense incurred.
- (4) Year-end Inspection(s): An inspection of the Work, or each separately completed portion thereof, is required near the end of the Contractor's one-year warranty period(s). The inspection must be scheduled with the Owner, Architect and DCM Inspector. The subsequent delivery of the Architect's report of a Year-end Inspection will serve as confirmation that the Contractor was notified of Defective Work found within the warranty period.
- (5) The Contractor's warranty of one year is in addition to, and not a limitation of, any other remedy stated herein or available to the Owner under applicable law.

C. GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S ROOFING GUARANTEE

- (1) In addition to any other roof related warranties or guarantees that may be specified in the Contract Documents, the roof and associated work shall be guaranteed by the General Contractor against leaks and defects of materials and workmanship for a period of five (5) years, starting on the Date of Substantial Completion of the Project as stated in the Certificate of Substantial Completion. This guarantee for punch list items shall begin on the Date of Substantial Completion if they are completed or corrected within the time period allowed in the Certificate of Substantial Completion in which they are recorded. The guarantee for punch list items that are not completed or corrected within the time period allowed in the Certificate of Substantial Completion shall begin on the date of Final Acceptance of the Work.
- (2) The "General Contractor's Roofing Guarantee" (DCM Form C-9), included in the Project Manual, shall be executed in triplicate, signed by the appropriate party and submitted to the Architect for submission with the Certificate of Substantial Completion to the Owner and the Division of Construction Management.
- (3) This guarantee does not include costs which might be incurred by the General Contractor in making visits to the site requested by the Owner regarding roof problems that are due to lack of proper maintenance (keeping roof drains and/or gutters clear of debris that cause a stoppage of drainage which results in water ponding, overflowing of flashing, etc.), or damages caused by vandalism or misuse of roof areas. Should the contractor be required to return to the job to correct problems of this nature that are determined not to be related to faulty workmanship and materials in the installation of the roof, payment for actions taken by the Contractor in response to such request will be the responsibility of the Owner. A detailed written report shall be made by the General Contractor on each of these 'Service Calls' with copies to the Architect, Owner and Division of

Construction Management.

D. SPECIAL WARRANTIES

- (1) The Contractor shall deliver to the Owner through the Architect all special or extended warranties required by the Contract Documents from the Contractor, Subcontractors, and suppliers.
- (2) The Contractor and the Contractor's Surety shall be liable to the Owner for such special warranties during the Contractor's one-year warranty; thereafter, the Contractor's obligations relative to such special warranties shall be to provide reasonable assistance to the Owner in their enforcement.

E. ASSUMPTION of GUARANTEES of OTHERS

If the Contractor disturbs, alters, or damages any work guaranteed under a separate contract, thereby voiding the guarantee of that work, the Contractor shall restore the work to a condition satisfactory to the Owner and shall also guarantee it to the same extent that it was guaranteed under the separate contract.

ARTICLE 36 INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT

To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Contractor shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the Owner, Architect, Architect's consultants, Alabama Division of Construction Management, State Department of Education (if applicable), and their agents, employees, and consultants (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Indemnitees") from and against all claims, damages, losses and expenses, including but not limited to attorneys' fees, arising out of, related to, or resulting from performance of the Work, provided that such claim, damage, loss or expense is attributable to bodily injury, sickness, disease or death, or to injury to or destruction of tangible property, including loss of use resulting therefrom, and is caused in whole or in part by negligent acts or omissions of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, regardless of whether such claim, damage, loss or expense is caused in part, or is alleged but not legally established to have been caused in whole or in part by the negligence or other fault of a party indemnified hereunder.

- **A.** This indemnification shall extend to all claims, damages, losses and expenses for injury or damage to adjacent or neighboring property, or persons injured thereon, that arise out of, relate to, or result from performance of the Work.
- **B.** This indemnification does not extend to the liability of the Architect, or the Architect's Consultants, agents, or employees, arising out of (1) the preparation or approval of maps, shop drawings, opinions, reports, surveys, field orders, Change Orders, drawings or specifications, or (2) the giving of or the failure to give directions or instructions, provided such giving or failure to give instructions is the primary cause of the injury or damage.
- **C.** This indemnification does not apply to the extent of the sole negligence of the Indemnitees.

ARTICLE 37 CONTRACTOR'S and SUBCONTRACTORS' INSURANCE

(Provide entire Article 37 to Contractor's insurance representative.)

A. GENERAL

- (1) **RESPONSIBILITY.** The Contractor shall be responsible to the Owner from the time of the signing of the Construction Contract or from the beginning of the first work, whichever shall be earlier, for all injury or damage of any kind resulting from any negligent act or omission or breach, failure or other default regarding the work by the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, regardless of who may be the owner of the property.
- (2) INSURANCE PROVIDERS. Each of the insurance coverages required below shall be issued by an insurer licensed by the Insurance Commissioner to transact the business of insurance in the State of Alabama for the applicable line of insurance, and such insurer (or, for qualified self-insureds or group self-insureds, a specific excess insurer providing statutory limits) must have a Best Policyholders Rating of "A-" or better and a financial size rating of Class V or larger.
- (3) **NOTIFICATION ENDORSEMENT.** Each policy shall be endorsed to provide that the insurance company agrees that the policy shall not be canceled, changed, allowed to lapse or allowed to expire for any reason until thirty days after the Owner has received written notice by certified mail as evidenced by return receipt or until such time as other insurance coverage providing protection equal to protection called for in the Contract Documents shall have been received, accepted and acknowledged by the Owner. Such notice shall be valid only as to the Project as shall have been designated by Project Name and Number in said notice.
- (4) INSURANCE CERTIFICATES. The Contractor shall procure the insurance coverages identified below, or as otherwise required in the Contract Documents, at the Contractor's own expense, and to evidence that such insurance coverages are in effect, the Contractor shall furnish the Owner an insurance certificate(s) acceptable to the Owner and listing the Owner as the certificate holder. The insurance certificate(s) must be delivered to the Owner with the Construction Contract and Bonds for final approval and execution of the Construction Contract. The insurance certificate must provide the following:
 - (a) Name and address of authorized agent of the insurance company
 - **(b)** Name and address of insured
 - (c) Name of insurance company or companies
 - (d) Description of policies
 - (e) Policy Number(s)
 - (f) Policy Period(s)
 - (g) Limits of liability
 - (h) Name and address of Owner as certificate holder
 - (i) Project Name and Number, if any
 - (j) Signature of authorized agent of the insurance company
 - (k) Telephone number of authorized agent of the insurance company
 - (I) Mandatory thirty day notice of cancellation / non-renewal / change
- (5) MAXIMUM DEDUCTIBLE. Self-insured retention, except for qualified self-insurers or

group self-insurers, in any policy shall not exceed \$25,000.00.

B. INSURANCE COVERAGES

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall purchase the types of insurance coverages with liability limits not less than as follows:

(1) WORKERS' COMPENSATION and EMPLOYER'S LIABILITY INSURANCE

- (a) Workers' Compensation coverage shall be provided in accordance with the statutory coverage required in Alabama. A group insurer must submit a certificate of authority from the Alabama Department of Industrial Relations approving the group insurance plan. A self-insurer must submit a certificate from the Alabama Department of Industrial Relations stating the Contractor qualifies to pay its own workers' compensation claims.
- **(b)** Employer's Liability Insurance limits shall be at least:
 - .1 Bodily Injury by Accident \$1,000,000 each accident
 - .2 Bodily Injury by Disease \$1,000,000 each employee

(2) COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY INSURANCE

(a) Commercial General Liability Insurance, written on an ISO Occurrence Form (current edition as of the date of Advertisement for Bids) or equivalent, shall include, but need not be limited to, coverage for bodily injury and property damage arising from premises and operations liability, products and completed operations liability, blasting and explosion, collapse of structures, underground damage, personal injury liability and contractual liability. The Commercial General Liability Insurance shall provide at minimum the following limits:

<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Limit</u>
.1 General Aggregate	\$ 2,000,000.00 per Project
.2 Products, Completed Operations Aggregate	\$ 2,000,000.00 per Project
.3 Personal and Advertising Injury	\$ 1,000,000.00 per Occurrence
.4 Each Occurrence	\$ 1,000,000.00

(b) Additional Requirements for Commercial General Liability Insurance:

- .1 The policy shall name the Owner, Architect, Alabama Division of Construction Management, State Department of Education (if applicable), and their agents, consultants and employees as additional insureds, state that this coverage shall be primary insurance for the additional insureds; and contain no exclusions of the additional insureds relative to job accidents.
- .2 The policy must include separate per project aggregate limits.

(3) COMMERCIAL BUSINESS AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY INSURANCE

- (a) Commercial Business Automobile Liability Insurance which shall include coverage for bodily injury and property damage arising from the operation of any owned, non-owned or hired automobile. The Commercial Business Automobile Liability Insurance Policy shall provide not less than \$1,000,000 Combined Single Limits for each occurrence.
- **(b)** The policy shall name the Owner, Architect, Alabama Division of Construction Management, State Department of Education (if applicable), and their agents, consultants, and employees as additional insureds.

(4) COMMERCIAL UMBRELLA LIABILITY INSURANCE

(a) Commercial Umbrella Liability Insurance to provide excess coverage above the Page 42 of 54

Commercial General Liability, Commercial Business Automobile Liability and the Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability to satisfy the minimum limits set forth herein.

- **(b)** Minimum <u>Combined</u> Primary Commercial General Liability and Commercial/Excess Umbrella Limits of:
 - **.1** \$ 5,000,000 per Occurrence
 - .2 \$ 5,000,000 Aggregate
- (c) Additional Requirements for Commercial Umbrella Liability Insurance:
 - .1 The policy shall name the Owner, Architect, Alabama Division of Construction Management, State Department of Education (if applicable), and their agents, consultants, and employees as additional insureds.
 - .2 The policy must be on an "occurrence" basis.

(5) BUILDER'S RISK INSURANCE

- (a) The Builder's Risk Policy shall be made payable to the Owner and Contractor, as their interests may appear. The policy amount shall be equal to 100% of the Contract Sum, written on a Causes of Loss Special Form (current edition as of the date of Advertisement for Bids), or its equivalent. All deductibles shall be the sole responsibility of the Contractor.
- **(b)** The policy shall be endorsed as follows:

"The following may occur without diminishing, changing, altering or otherwise affecting the coverage and protection afforded the insured under this policy:

- (i) Furniture and equipment may be delivered to the insured premises and installed in place ready for use; or
- (ii) Partial or complete occupancy by Owner; or
- (iii) Performance of work in connection with construction operations insured by the Owner, by agents or lessees or other contractors of the Owner, or by contractors of the lessee of the Owner."

C. SUBCONTRACTORS' INSURANCE

- (1) WORKERS' COMPENSATION and EMPLOYER'S LIABILITY INSURANCE. The Contractor shall require each Subcontractor to obtain and maintain Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance coverages as described in preceding Paragraph B, or to be covered by the Contractor's Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance while performing Work under the Contract.
- (2) **LIABILITY INSURANCE.** The Contractor shall require each Subcontractor to obtain and maintain adequate General Liability, Automobile Liability, and Umbrella Liability Insurance coverages similar to those described in preceding Paragraph B. Such coverage shall be in effect at all times that a Subcontractor is performing Work under the Contract.
- (3) **ENFORCEMENT RESPONSIBILITY.** The Contractor shall have responsibility to enforce its Subcontractors' compliance with these or similar insurance requirements; however, the Contractor shall, upon request, provide the Architect or Owner acceptable evidence of insurance for any Subcontractor.

D. TERMINATION of OBLIGATION to INSURE

Unless otherwise expressly provided in the Contract Documents, the obligation to insure as provided herein shall continue as follows:

- (1) **BUILDER'S RISK INSURANCE.** The obligation to insure under Subparagraph B(5) shall remain in effect until the Date of Substantial Completion as shall be established in the Certificate of Substantial Completion. In the event that multiple Certificates of Substantial Completion covering designated portions of the Work are issued, Builder's Risk coverage shall remain in effect until the Date of Substantial Completion as shall be established in the last issued Certificate of Substantial Completion. However, in the case that the Work involves separate buildings, Builder's Risk coverage of each separate building may terminate on the Date of Substantial Completion as established in the Certificate of Substantial Completion issued for each building.
- (2) **PRODUCTS and COMPLETED OPERATIONS.** The obligation to carry Products and Completed Operations coverage specified under Subparagraph B(2) shall remain in effect for two years after the Date(s) of Substantial Completion.
- (3) ALL OTHER INSURANCE. The obligation to carry other insurance coverages specified under Subparagraphs B(1) through B(4) and Paragraph C shall remain in effect after the Date(s) of Substantial Completion until such time as all Work required by the Contract Documents is completed. Equal or similar insurance coverages shall remain in effect if, after completion of the Work, the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, returns to the Project to perform warranty or maintenance work pursuant to the terms of the Contract Documents.

E. WAIVERS of SUBROGATION

The Owner and Contractor waive all rights against (1) each other and any of their subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, agents and employees, each of the other, and (2) the Architect, Architect's consultants, separate contractors performing construction or operations related to the Project, if any, and any of their subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, agents and employees, for damages caused by fire or other causes of loss. But said waiver shall apply only to the extent the loss or damage is covered by builder's risk insurance applicable to the Work or to other property located within or adjacent to the Project, except such rights as they may have to proceeds of such insurance held by the Owner or Contractor as fiduciary. The Owner or Contractor, as appropriate, shall require of the Architect, Architect's consultants, separate contractors, if any, and the subcontractor, subsubcontractors, suppliers, agents and employees of any of them, by appropriate agreements, written where legally required for validity, similar waivers each in favor of other parties enumerated herein. The Policies shall provide such waivers of subrogation by endorsement or otherwise. A waiver of subrogation shall be effective as to the person or entity even though that person or entity would otherwise have a duty of indemnification, contractual or otherwise, did not pay the insurance premium directly or indirectly, and whether or not the person or entity had an insurable interest in the property damaged. The waivers provided for in this paragraph shall not be applicable to loss or damage that occurs after final acceptance of the Work.

ARTICLE 38 PERFORMANCE and PAYMENT BONDS

A. GENERAL

Upon signing and returning the Construction Contract to the Owner for final approval and execution, the Contractor shall, at the Contractor's expense, furnish to the Owner a Performance Bond and a Payment Bond (P&P Bonds), DCM Forms C-6 and C-7 as contained in the Project

Manual, each in a penal sum equal to 100% of the Contract Sum. Each bond shall be on the form contained in the Project Manual, shall be executed by a surety company (Surety) acceptable to the Owner and duly authorized and qualified to make such bonds in the State of Alabama in the required amount. There shall be six original P&P Bonds submitted with original signatures for each of the six contracts required. The P&P bonds must be signed either on the same day or after the construction contract date. Each P&P Bond shall have attached thereto an original power of attorney (POA) of the signing official. The POA signature date must be the same day as the P&P Bond's signature date. All signatures must be present.

The provisions of this Article are not applicable to this Contract if the Contract Sum is less than \$50,000, unless bonds are required for this Contract in the Supplemental General Conditions.

B. PERFORMANCE BOND

Through the Performance Bond, the Surety's obligation to the Owner shall be to assure the prompt and faithful performance of the Contract and Contract Change Orders. The Penal Sum shall remain equal to the Contract Sum as the Contract Sum is adjusted by Contract Change Orders. In case of default on the part of the Contractor, the Surety shall take charge of and complete the Work in accordance with the terms of the Performance Bond. Any reasonable expenses incurred by the Owner as a result of default on the part of the Contractor, including architectural, engineering, administrative, and legal services, shall be recoverable under the Performance Bond.

C. PAYMENT BOND

Through the Payment Bond the Surety's obligation to the Owner shall be to guarantee that the Contractor and its Subcontractors shall promptly make payment to all persons supplying labor, materials, or supplies for, or in, the prosecution of the Work, including the payment of reasonable attorneys fees incurred by successful claimants or plaintiffs in civil actions on the Bond. Any person or entity indicating that they have a claim of nonpayment under the Bond shall, upon written request, be promptly furnished a certified copy of the Bond and Construction Contract by the Contractor, Architect, Owner, or Alabama Division of Construction Management, whomever is recipient of the request.

D. CHANGE ORDERS

The Penal Sum shall remain equal to the Contract Sum as the Contract Sum is adjusted by Contract Change Orders. All Contract Change Orders involving an increase in the Contract Sum will require consent of Surety by endorsement of the Contract Change Order form. The Surety waives notification of any Contract Change Orders involving only extension of the Contract Time.

E. EXPIRATION

The obligations of the Contractor's performance bond surety shall be coextensive with the contractor's performance obligations under the Contract Documents; provided, however, that the surety's obligation shall expire at the end of the one-year warranty period(s) of Article 35.

ARTICLE 39 ASSIGNMENT

The Contractor shall not assign the Contract or sublet it as a whole nor assign any moneys due or to

become due to the Contractor thereunder without the previous written consent of the Owner (and of the Surety, in the case of a bonded Construction Contract). As prescribed by the Public Works Law, the Contract shall in no event be assigned to an unsuccessful bidder for the Contract whose bid was rejected because the bidder was not a responsible or responsive bidder.

ARTICLE 40 CONSTRUCTION by OWNER or SEPARATE CONTRACTORS

A. OWNER'S RESERVATION of RIGHT

- (1) The Owner reserves the right to self-perform, or to award separate contracts for, other portions of the Project and other Project related construction and operations on the site. The contractual conditions of such separate contracts shall be substantially similar to those of this Contract, including insurance requirements and the provisions of this Article. If the Contractor considers such actions to involve delay or additional cost under this Contract, notifications and assertion of claims shall be as provided in Article 20 and Article 23.
- (2) When separate contracts are awarded, the term "Contractor" in the separate Contract Documents shall mean the Contractor who executes the respective Construction Contract.

B. COORDINATION

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Owner shall be responsible for coordinating the activities of the Owner's forces and separate contractors with the Work of the Contractor. The Contractor shall cooperate with the Owner and separate contractors, shall participate in reviewing and comparing their construction schedules relative to that of the Contractor when directed to do so, and shall make and adhere to any revisions to the construction schedule resulting from a joint review and mutual agreement.

C. CONDITIONS APPLICABLE to WORK PERFORMED by OWNER

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, when the Owner self-performs construction or operations related to the Project, the Owner shall be subject to the same obligations to Contractor as Contractor would have to a separate contractor under the provision of this Article 40.

D. MUTUAL RESPONSIBILITY

- (1) The Contractor shall reasonably accommodate the required introduction and storage of materials and equipment and performance of activities by the Owner and separate contractors and shall connect and coordinate the Contractor's Work with theirs as required by the Contract Documents.
- (2) By proceeding with an element or portion of the Work that is applied to or performed on construction by the Owner or a separate contractor, or which relies upon their operations, the Contractor accepts the condition of such construction or operations as being suitable for the Contractor's Work, except for conditions that are not reasonably discoverable by the Contractor. If the Contractor discovers any condition in such construction or operations that is not suitable for the proper performance of the Work, the Contractor shall not proceed, but shall instead promptly notify

the Architect in writing of the condition discovered.

- (3) The Contractor shall reimburse the Owner for any costs incurred by a separate contractor and payable by the Owner because of acts or omissions of the Contractor. Likewise, the Owner shall be responsible to the Contractor for any costs incurred by the Contractor because of the acts or omissions of a separate contractor.
- (4) The Contractor shall not cut or otherwise alter construction by the Owner or a separate contractor without the written consent of the Owner and separate contractor; such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. Likewise, the Contractor shall not unreasonably withhold its consent allowing the Owner or a separate contractor to cut or otherwise alter the Work.
- (5) The Contractor shall promptly remedy any damage caused by the Contractor to the construction or property of the Owner or separate contractors.

ARTICLE 41 SUBCONTRACTS

A. AWARD of SUBCONTRACTS and OTHER CONTRACTS for PORTIONS of the WORK

- (1) Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, when delivering the executed Construction Contract, bonds, and evidence of insurance to the Architect, the Contractor shall also submit a listing of Subcontractors proposed for each principal portion of the Work and fabricators or suppliers proposed for furnishing materials or equipment fabricated to the design of the Contract Documents. This listing shall be in addition to any naming of Subcontractors, fabricators, or suppliers that may have been required in the bid process. The Architect will promptly reply to the Contractor in writing stating whether or not the Owner, after due investigation, has reasonable objection to any Subcontractor, fabricator, or supplier proposed by the Contractor. The issuance of the Notice to Proceed in the absence of such objection by the Owner shall constitute notice that no reasonable objection to them is made.
- (2) The Contractor shall not contract with a proposed Subcontractor, fabricator, or supplier to whom the Owner has made reasonable and timely objection. Except in accordance with prequalification procedures as may be contained in the Contract Documents, through specified qualifications, or on the grounds of reasonable objection, the Owner may not restrict the Contractor's selection of Subcontractors, fabricators, or suppliers.
- (3) Upon the Owner's reasonable objection to a proposed Subcontractor, fabricator, or supplier, the Contractor shall promptly propose another to whom the Owner has no reasonable objection. If the proposed Subcontractor, fabricator, or supplier to whom the Owner made reasonable objection was reasonably capable of performing the Work, the Contract Sum and Contract Time shall be equitably adjusted by Contract Change Order for any resulting difference if the Contractor has acted promptly and responsively in this procedure.
- (4) The Contractor shall not change previously selected Subcontractors, fabricators, or suppliers without notifying the Architect and Owner in writing of proposed substitute Subcontractors, fabricators, or suppliers. If the Owner does not make a reasonable objection to a proposed substitute within three working days, the substitute shall be deemed approved.

B. SUBCONTRACTUAL RELATIONS

- (1) The Contractor agrees to bind every Subcontractor and material supplier (and require every Subcontractor to so bind its subcontractors and material suppliers) to all the provisions of the Contract Documents as they apply to the Subcontractor's and material supplier's portion of the Work.
- (2) Nothing contained in the Contract Documents shall be construed as creating any contractual relationship between any Subcontractor and the Owner, nor to create a duty of the Architect, Owner, or Director to resolve disputes between or among the Contractor or its Subcontractors and suppliers or any other duty to such Subcontractors or suppliers.

ARTICLE 42 ARCHITECT'S STATUS

- A. The Architect is an independent contractor performing, with respect to this Contract, pursuant to an agreement executed between the Owner and the Architect. The Architect has prepared the Drawings and Specifications and assembled the Contract Document and is, therefore, charged with their interpretation and clarification as described in the Contract Documents. As a representative of the Owner, the Architect will endeavor to guard the Owner against variances from the requirements of the Contract Documents by the Contractor. On behalf of the Owner, the Architect will administer the Contract as described in the Contract Documents during construction and the Contractor's one-year warranty.
- **B.** So as to maintain continuity in administration of the Contract and performance of the Work, and to facilitate complete documentation of the project record, all communications between the Contractor and Owner regarding matters of or related to the Contract shall be directed through the Architect, unless direct communication is otherwise required to provide a legal notification. Unless otherwise authorized by the Architect, communications by and with the Architect's consultants shall be through the Architect. Unless otherwise authorized by the Contractor, communications by and with Subcontractors and material suppliers shall be through the Contractor.

C. ARCHITECT'S AUTHORITY

Subject to other provisions of the Contract Documents, the following summarizes some of the authority vested in the Architect by the Owner with respect to the Construction Contract and as further described or conditioned in other Articles of these General Conditions of the Contract.

(1) The Architect is authorized to:

- (a) approve "minor" deviations as defined in Article 9, Submittals,
- (b) make "minor" changes in the Work as defined in Article 19, Changes in the Work,
- (c) reject or require the correction of Defective Work,
- (d) require the Contractor to stop the performance of Defective Work,
- (e) adjust an Application for Payment by the Contractor pursuant to Article 30, Certification and Approval of payments, and
- (f) issue Notices to Cure pursuant to Article 27.

(2) The Architect is not authorized to:

(a) revoke, alter, relax, or waive any requirements of the Contract Documents (other than "minor" deviations and changes) without concurrence of the Owner,

- (b) finally approve or accept any portion of the Work without concurrence of the Owner,
- (c) issue instructions contrary to the Contract Documents,
- (d) issue Notice of Termination or otherwise terminate the Contract, or
- (e) require the Contractor to stop the Work except only to avoid the performance of Defective Work.

D. LIMITATIONS of RESPONSIBILITIES

- (1) The Architect shall not be responsible to Contractors or to others for supervising or coordinating the performance of the Work or for the Construction Methods or safety of the Work, unless the Contract Documents give other specific instructions concerning these matters.
- (2) The Architect will not be responsible to the Contractor (nor the Owner) for the Contractor's failure to perform the Work in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents or for acts or omissions of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable. However, the Architect will report to the Owner and Contractor any Defective Work recognized by the Architect.
- (3) The Architect will endeavor to secure faithful performance by Owner and Contractor, and the Architect will not show partiality to either or be liable to either for results of interpretations or decisions rendered in good faith.
- (4) The Contractor's remedies for additional time or expense arising out of or related to this Contract, or the breach thereof, shall be solely as provided for in the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall have no claim or cause of action against the Owner, Architect, or its consultants for any actions or failures to act, whether such claim may be in contract, tort, strict liability, or otherwise, it being the agreement of the parties that the Contractor shall make no claim against the Owner or any agents of the Owner, including the Architect or its consultants, except as may be provided for claims or disputes submitted in accordance with Article 24. The Architect and Architect's consultants shall be considered third party beneficiaries of this provision of the Contract and entitled to enforce same.

E. ARCHITECT'S DECISIONS

Decisions by the Architect shall be in writing The Architect's decisions on matters relating to aesthetic effect will be final and binding if consistent with the intent expressed in the Contract Documents. The Architect's decisions regarding disputes arising between the Contractor and Owner shall be advisory.

ARTICLE 43 CASH ALLOWANCES

- **A.** All allowances stated in the Contract Documents shall be included in the Contract Sum. Items covered by allowances shall be supplied by the Contractor as directed by the Architect or Owner and the Contractor shall afford the Owner the economy of obtaining competitive pricing from responsible bidders for allowance items unless other purchasing procedures are specified in the Contract Documents.
- **B.** Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents:
 - (1) allowances shall cover the cost to the Contractor of materials and equipment delivered to the Page 49 of 54

- Project site and all applicable taxes, less applicable trade discounts;
- (2) the Contractor's costs for unloading, storing, protecting, and handling at the site, labor, installation, overhead, profit and other expenses related to materials or equipment covered by an allowance shall be included in the Contract Sum but not in the allowances;
- (3) if required, the Contract Sum shall be adjusted by Change Order to reflect the actual costs of an allowance.
- **C.** Any selections of materials or equipment required of the Architect or Owner under an allowance shall be made in sufficient time to avoid delay of the Work.

ARTICLE 44 PERMITS, LAWS, and REGULATIONS

A. PERMITS, FEES AND NOTICES

- (1) Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall secure and pay for the building permit and other permits and governmental fees, licenses, and inspections necessary for proper execution and completion of the Work which are customarily secured after award of the Construction Contract and which are in effect on the date of receipt of bids.
- (2) The Contractor shall comply with and give notices required by all laws, ordinances, rules, regulations, and lawful orders of public authorities applicable to performance of the Work.

B. TAXES

Unless stated otherwise in the Contract Documents, materials incorporated into the Work are exempt from sales and use tax pursuant to Section 40-9-33, <u>Code of Alabama</u>, 1975 as amended. The Owner, Contractor and its subcontractors shall be responsible for complying with rules and regulations of the Sales, Use, & Business Tax Division of the Alabama Department of Revenue regarding certificates and other qualifications necessary to claim such exemption when making qualifying purchases from vendors. The Contractor shall pay all applicable taxes that are not covered by the exemption of Section 40-9-33 and which are imposed as of the date of receipt of bids, including those imposed as of the date of receipt of bids but scheduled to go into effect after that date.

C. COMPENSATION for INCREASES

The Contractor shall be compensated for additional costs incurred because of increases in tax rates imposed after the date of receipt of bids.

D. <u>ALABAMA IMMIGRATION LAW</u>

Per ACT 2011-535 as codified in Title 31, Chapter 13 of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended:

The contracting parties affirm, for the duration of the agreement, that they will not violate federal immigration law or knowingly employ, hire for employment, or continue to employ an unauthorized alien within the State of Alabama. Furthermore, a contracting party found to be in violation of this provision shall be deemed in breach of the agreement and shall be responsible for

all damages resulting therefrom.

E. ALABAMA BOYCOT LAW

Per Act 2016-312as codified in Title 41, Chapter 16, Article 1, of the <u>Code of Alabama</u>, 1975, as amended:

The contracting parties affirm, for the duration of the agreement, that they are not currently engaged in, and will not engage in, the boycott of a person or an entity based in or doing business with a jurisdiction with which this state can enjoy open trade.

F. ACCOUNTING OF SALES TAX EXEMPT PROJECTS

Per Act 2013-205 as codified in Title 40, Chapter 9, Article 1, of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended:

In bidding the work on a tax exempt project, the bid form shall provide an accounting for the tax savings.

ARTICLE 45 ROYALTIES, PATENTS, and COPYRIGHTS

The Contractor shall pay all royalties and license fees. The Contractor shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the Owner, Architect, Architect's consultants, Alabama Division of Construction Management, State Department of Education (if applicable), and their agents, employees, and consultants from and against all claims, damages, losses and expenses, including but not limited to attorney's fees, arising out of, related to, or resulting from all suits or claims for infringement of any patent rights or copyrights arising out of the inclusion of any patented or copyrighted materials, methods, or systems selected by the Contractor and used during the execution of or incorporated into the Work. This indemnification does not apply to any suits or claims of infringement of any patent rights or copyrights arising out of any patented or copyrighted materials, methods, or systems specified in the Contract Documents. However, if the Contractor has information that a specified material, method, or system is or may constitute an infringement of a patent or copyright, the Contractor shall be responsible for any resulting loss unless such information is promptly furnished to the Architect.

ARTICLE 46 USE of the SITE

- A. The Contractor shall confine its operations at the Project site to areas permitted by the Owner and by law, ordinances, permits and the Contract Documents and shall not unreasonably encumber the site with materials, equipment, employees' vehicles, or debris. The Contractor's operations at the site shall be restricted to the sole purpose of constructing the Work, use of the site as a staging, assembly, or storage area for other business which the Contractor may undertake shall not be permitted.
- **B.** Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, temporary facilities, such as storage sheds, shops, and offices may be erected on the Project site with the approval of the Architect and Owner.

Such temporary buildings and/or utilities shall remain the property of the Contractor, and be removed at the Contractor's expense upon completion of the Work, unless the Owner authorizes their abandonment without removal.

ARTICLE 47 CUTTING and PATCHING

- **A.** The Contractor shall be responsible for all cutting, fitting, or patching that may be required to execute the Work to the results indicated in the Contract Documents or to make its parts fit together properly.
- **B.** Any cutting, patching, or excavation by the Contractor shall be supervised and performed in a manner that will not endanger persons nor damage or endanger the Work or any fully or partially completed construction of the Owner or separate contractors.

ARTICLE 48 IN-PROGRESS and FINAL CLEANUP

A. <u>IN-PROGRESS CLEAN-UP</u>

- (1) The Contractor shall at all times during the progress of the Work keep the premises and surrounding area free from rubbish, scrap materials and debris resulting from the Work. Trash and combustible materials shall not be allowed to accumulate inside buildings or elsewhere on the premises. At no time shall any rubbish be thrown from window openings. Burning of trash and debris on site is not permitted.
- (2) The Contractor shall make provisions to minimize and confine dust and debris resulting from construction activities.

B. FINAL CLEAN-UP

- (1) Before Substantial Completion or Final Acceptance is achieved, the Contractor shall have removed from the Owner's property all construction equipment, tools, and machinery; temporary structures and/or utilities including the foundations thereof (except such as the Owner permits in writing to remain); rubbish, debris, and waste materials; and all surplus materials, leaving the site clean and true to line and grade, and the Work in a safe and clean condition, ready for use and operation.
- (2) In addition to the above, and unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall be responsible for the following special cleaning for all trades as the Work is completed:
 - (a) Cleaning of all painted, enameled, stained, or baked enamel work: Removal of all marks, stains, finger prints and splatters from such surfaces.
 - **(b)** Cleaning of all glass: Cleaning and removing of all stickers, labels, stains, and paint from all glass, and the washing and polishing of same on interior and exterior.
 - (c) Cleaning or polishing of all hardware: Cleaning and polishing of all hardware.
 - (d) Cleaning all tile, floor finish of all kinds: Removal of all splatters, stains, paint, dirt,

and dust, the washing and polishing of all floors as recommended by the manufacturer or required by the Architect.

(e) Cleaning of all manufactured articles, materials, fixtures, appliances, and equipment: Removal of all stickers, rust stains, labels, and temporary covers, and cleaning and conditioning of all manufactured articles, material, fixtures, appliances, and electrical, heating, and air conditioning equipment as recommended or directed by the manufacturers, unless otherwise required by the Architect; blowing out or flushing out of all foreign matter from all equipment, piping, tanks, pumps, fans, motors, devices, switches, panels, fixtures, boilers, sanitizing potable water systems; and freeing identification plates on all equipment of excess paint and the polishing thereof.

C. OWNER'S RIGHT to CLEAN-UP

If the Contractor fails to comply with these clean-up requirements and then fails to comply with a written directive by the Architect to clean-up the premises within a specified time, the Architect or Owner may implement appropriate clean-up measures and the cost thereof shall be deducted from any amounts due or to become due the Contractor.

ARTICLE 49 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

- **A.** Time is the essence of the Contract. Any delay in the completion of the Work required by the Contract Documents may cause inconvenience to the public and loss and damage to the Owner including but not limited to interest and additional administrative, architectural, inspection and supervision charges. By executing the Construction Contract, the Contractor agrees that the Contract Time is sufficient for the achievement of Substantial Completion.
- **B.** The Contract Documents may provide in the Construction Contract or elsewhere for a certain dollar amount for which the Contractor and its Surety (if any) will be liable to the Owner as liquidated damages for each calendar day after expiration of the Contract Time that the Contractor fails to achieve Substantial Completion of the Work. If such daily liquidated damages are provided for, Owner and Contractor, and its Surety, agree that such amount is reasonable and agree to be bound thereby.
- **C.** If a daily liquidated damage amount is not otherwise provided for in the Contract Documents, a time charge equal to six percent interest per annum on the total Contract Sum may be made against the Contractor for the entire period after expiration of the Contract Time that the Contractor fails to achieve Substantial Completion of the Work.
- **D.** The amount of liquidated damages due under either paragraph B or C, above, may be deducted by the Owner from the moneys otherwise due the Contractor in the Final Payment, not as a penalty, but as liquidated damages sustained, or the amount may be recovered from Contractor or its Surety. If part of the Work is substantially completed within the Contract Time and part is not, the stated charge for liquidated damages shall be equitably prorated to that portion of the Work that the Contractor fails to substantially complete within the Contract Time. It is mutually understood and agreed between the parties hereto that such amount is reasonable as liquidated damages.

ARTICLE 50 USE of FOREIGN MATERIALS

- **A.** In the performance of the Work the Contractor agrees to use materials, supplies, and products manufactured, mined, processed or otherwise produced in the United States or its territories, if same are available at reasonable and competitive prices and are not contrary to any sole source specification implemented under the Public Works Law.
- **B.** In the performance of the Work the Contractor agrees to use steel produced in the United States if the Contract Documents require the use of steel and do not limit its supply to a sole source pursuant to the Public Works Law. If the Owner decides that the procurement of domestic steel products becomes impractical as a result of national emergency, national strike, or other cause, the Owner shall waive this restriction.
- **C.** If domestic steel or other domestic materials, supplies, and products are not used in accordance with preceding Paragraphs A and B, the Contract Sum shall be reduced by an amount equal to any savings or benefits realized by the Contractor.
- **D.** This Article applies only to Public Works projects financed entirely by the State of Alabama or any political subdivision of the state.

ARTICLE 51 PROJECT SIGN

- **A.** Fully locally-funded State Agency and Public Higher Education projects: DCM Form C-15: Detail of Project Sign must be included in the project manual regardless of expected bid amount. If the awarded contract sum is \$100,000.00 or more, Contractor shall furnish and erect a project sign. Other conditions besides the contract sum may warrant waiver of this requirement, but only with approval of the Technical Staff.
- **B.** <u>Fully locally-funded K-12 school projects</u>: Project sign is not required unless requested by Owner; if project sign is requested by Owner, include DCM Form C-15: Detail of Project Sign in the project manual.
- C. Partially or fully PSCA-funded projects: DCM Form C-15: Detail of Project Sign must be included in the project manual. Contractor shall furnish and erect a project sign for all PSCA-funded projects, regardless of the contract sum. "Alabama Public School and College Authority" as well as the local owner entity must be included as awarding authorities on the project sign of all PSCA-funded projects.

When required per the above conditions, the project sign shall be erected in a prominent location selected by the Architect and Owner and shall be maintained in good condition until completion of Work. If the Contract involves Work on multiple sites, only one project sign is required, which shall be erected on one of the sites in a location selected by the Architect and Owner. Slogan: The title of the current PSCA Act should be placed on the project sign of all PSCA-funded projects, otherwise the Awarding Authority/Owner's slogan, if any, should be used. If the Awarding Authority/Owner of a fully locally-funded project does not have a slogan, the project sign does not require a slogan.

END of GENERAL CONDITIONS of the CONTRACT Page 54 of 54

SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 PURPOSE

- A. The changes, deletions and omissions to DCM Form C-8, General Conditions of the Contract, relate to the limited contract period of the project.
 - 1. Article 4 Documents Furnished to Contractor: Zero (0) sets of Drawings and Project Manuals will be furnished to the Contractor by the Architect without charge (this includes the set or sets that the Contractor used in the bidding process). Other copies requested will be furnished at reproduction cost.
 - 2. Article 16 Inspection of the Work:
 - a. Add Paragraph G: Follow-up observations will be performed by the Architect or Architect's Consultant each time a punchlist is generated to ensure that punchlist items have been corrected. The cost of additional observations required due to incomplete correction of punchlist items will be the responsibility of the Contractor at the rate of \$150.00 per hour, including travel time.
 Shop Drawings and/or submittals requiring resubmission to the Architect due to non-compliance with the Contract Documents and /or incompleteness shall be thoroughly reviewed by the Contractor prior to delivery to the Architect for review. The Contractor shall ensure the completeness and compliance of the submittal materials. Cost incurred by the Owner for review of submittals after the second submittal is rejected will be the responsibility of the Contractor at the rate indicated in the paragraph above.
 - b. Add Paragraph H Punch List Expectations and its subparagraphs to read as follows:
 - H. Punch List Expectations:
 - The General Contractor is to generate a punch list; this list is to be sent to the Architect. After the Architect receives the General Contractors punch list, the Architect will generate a punch list, which will be distributed appropriately. The Architect will not recheck the punch list until the General Contractor notifies the Architect that all punch items are finished and all Subcontractors affected have signed off on. The General Contractor is responsible for getting the punch lists signed off on and send the signed lists to the Architect.
 - 3. Article 19 Changes in the work:
 - b. Paragraph B (3) (f) add subparagraph 1 and its subparagraphs to read as follows:
 - 1. The following fees apply to changes in the Work:
 - a. 15 percent overhead and profit on the net cost of own Work;
 - b. 10 percent on the cost of Work done by any subcontractor.
 - c. The Agreement identifies the overhead and profit fees applicable for changes in the Work, whether additions to or deductions from the Work on which the Contract Sum is based and identifies the fees for subcontract work for changes (both additions and deductions in the Work. The Contractor shall apply fees as noted, to the Subcontractor's gross (net plus fee) costs on addition work.
 - c. Paragraph D add subparagraph (8) to read as follows:
 - (8). All deductive Change Orders are to include a minimum 5 percent return for profit and overhead.
 - 4. Article 23 Delays: Paragraph B (2) delete in its entirety. Time extensions as they relate to weather are outlined in the appendix "WEATHER DELAYS" attached hereto.
 - 5. Article 29 Schedule of Values: Add Article 29 in "Appendix C" attached hereto.
 - 7. Article 44 Permits, Laws, and Regulations,
 - a. Paragraph A Permits, Fees, and Notices The General Contractor is not required to secure and pay for a building permit from the local inspection department.

- Paragraph A Add subparagraph (1) (a) to read as follows, "Public Works Projects Bidding After October 1, 2014, the General Contractor shall secure and pay for building permit fee required under Administrative Rule 170X-8 of The Alabama Building Commission. See attached Permit Fee Calculation Worksheet."
- 8. Article 49 Liquidated Damages: Add Article 49 in "Appendix B" attached hereto.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

END OF SECTION



ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE REAL PROPERTY MANAGEMENT Division of Construction Management

Department Use Only
Invoice #
Date Paid
Confirmation #

Revised August 2020

www.dcm.alabama.gov, 334-242-4082, inspections@realproperty.alabama.gov

PERMIT FEE & PERMIT RE-INSPECTION FEE CALCULATON WORKSHEET

DCM (BC) # Date							
Project Name; Owner/Architect/Engineer Project # & Phase/Package #							
Owner Entity Name							
Architect/Engineer Firm Name							
Contractor Company Name							
Awarded Contract Sum							
Select ONE of the following: Basic Permit Fee Permit Re-Inspecti	ion Fee						
Email address(es) for Payment Receipt:							
·							
BASIC PERMIT FEE CALCULATION:							
Awarded Contract Sum is less than \$1,000 N/A							
Awarded Contract Sum is \$1,001 - \$50,000							
Contract Sum less \$1,000=/1,000 x \$5.00=+\$15.00=							
Awarded Contract Sum is \$50,001 - \$100,000							
Contract Sum less \$50,000=							
Awarded Contract Sum is \$100,001 - \$500,000							
Contract Sum less \$100,000=/1,000 x \$3.00=+\$460.00=							
Awarded Contract Sum is \$500,001 and up							
Contract Sum less \$500,000=							
PERMIT RE-INSPECTION FEE:							
Flat fee of \$1,500.00 per occurrence TOTAL DUE	:						

<u>Basic Permit Fee</u>: Covers all required inspections by the DCM Inspector during construction. This fee is due when a construction contract or self-performance letter is received by DCM and must be paid before the required Pre-Construction Conference is scheduled with the DCM Inspector.

<u>Permit Re-Inspection Fee</u>: May be charged if (A) the contractor has not completed the work required for the particular inspection as detailed in DCM Form B-8: Pre-Construction Conference Checklist, or (B) the inspection is canceled or rescheduled without the required minimum 48 hours notice to all parties.

Make check payable to: "Finance - Construction Management," include the DCM (BC) Project # on the check and attach the fee worksheet. Mail payment to: Finance - Construction Management, P.O. Box 301150, Montgomery, AL 36130-1150.

State agency inter-fund transfer and payments using Public School and College Authority (PSCA) funds: contact Jennie Jones at 334-242-4808 or jennie.jones@realproperty.alabama.gov.

Fees may be paid online at www.dcm.alabama.gov (in which case a completed fee worksheet is not required).

The Basic Permit Fee is subject to the Final Reconciliation of Fees at the close of construction.

APPENDIX A

SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT - WEATHER DELAYS

EXTENSIONS OF CONTRACT TIME

Extension of time on the basis of weather may be granted only for the number of Weather Delay Days in excess of the number of days listed as the Standard baseline for the month.

STANDARD BASELINE FOR AVERAGE CLIMATIC RANGE

Based on weather data available from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration a Standard Baseline of average climatic range for North Alabama has been determined.

Standard Baseline shall be regarded as the normal and anticipatable number of calendar days for each month during which construction activity shall be expected to be prevented and suspended by cause of adverse weather. Suspension of construction activity for the number of days each month as listed in the Standard Baseline is included in the Work and is not eligible for extension of Contract Time.

Standard Baseline for precipitation is as follows:

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
06	09	08	08	07	06	07	08	03	05	05	08
Stand	ard Bas	eline for	tempera	ature is a	s follow	s:					
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
06	02	01	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	01	02

ADVERSE WEATHER AND WEATHER DELAY DAYS

Adverse Weather is defined as the occurrence of one or more of the following conditions which prevents exterior construction activity or access to the site within twenty-four (24) hours:

- 1. Precipitation (rain, snow, or ice) in excess of one-tenth (0.10") liquid measure.
- 2. Temperatures which do not rise above 32 degrees F by 10:00 a.m.
- 3. Temperatures which do not rise above that specified by day's construction activity by 10:00 a.m., if any is specified.
- 4. Sustained wind in excess of twenty-five (25) m.p.h.
- 5. Standing snow in excess of one inch (1.00")

Adverse Weather may include, if appropriate, "dry-out" or "mud" days when all the following conditions are met:

1. For rain days above the standard baseline.

- 2. Only if there is a hindrance to site access or sitework, such as excavation backfill, and footings.
- 3. At a rate no greater than 1 make-up day for each day or consecutive days or rain beyond the standard baseline that totals 1.0 inch or more, liquid measure, unless specifically recommended otherwise by the Designer.

A Weather Delay Day may be counted if adverse weather prevents work on the project for fifty percent (50%) or more of the contractor's scheduled work day, including a weekend day or holiday.

REPORTING OF WEATHER DELAYS

Contractor will provide written notice to the Architect, and Construction Manager, by fax, of a day claimed as a potential basis for delay. Notice of a potential basis for delay must be received by the Architect by 9:00 a.m. on the day immediately following the day claimed. At the end of the month the total days claimed will be compared to the Standard Baseline. Bad weather days exceeding the days indicated on the Standard Baseline will be granted as an extension of time.

END OF APPENDIX A

APPENDIX B

SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT - ARTICLE 49

49. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

- A. The Substantial Completion date of this project is critical due to owner occupancy. Delays in the completion of the work as provided for in the Contract Documents will cause undue expense and hardship for the Owner.
- B. Refer to Section 01 10 00 Summary for contract time.
- C. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:
 - 1. A charge of 6 percent per annum will be made against the General Contractor for not meeting the Date of Substantial Completion.
 - 2. The amount of the total charges shall be deducted by the Owner from the Final estimate and shall be retained by the Owner out of moneys otherwise due the Contractor in the Final Payment, not as a penalty, but as liquidated damages sustained, it being mutually understood and agreed between the parties hereto that such amount is reasonable as liquidated damages.
- D. Liquidated damages will be processed by change order to the contract price.

END OF APPENDIX B

APPENDIX C

SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT – ARTICLE 29

29. SCHEDULE OF VALUES:

A. In accordance with the General Conditions of the Contract, Article 29, Paragraph B, the Contractor shall submit for approval a Schedule of Values as shown below. Items that are not applicable to this project may be omitted.

No.	Divisions of Work
1	Bonds, Insurance & Permits
2	General Conditions
3	Allowances
4	Contingencies
5	Grading & Earthwork
8	Storm Drainage
7	Paving, Curb & Gutter
8	Conc. Walks / Pads / Aprons
9	Demolition
10	Concrete Footings / Slabs
11	Masonry - Block
12	Masonry - Brick
13	Cast Stone / Columns
14	Struct. Steel / Misc. Metals
15	Rough & Finish Carpentry
16	Roofing
17	Painting

END OF SECTION

Do not staple this form and/or attachments; use clips.

GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S ROOFING GUARANTEE	DCM (BC) Project No.		
Project Name & Address	Project Owner Entity(ies) Name(s) & Address(es)		
General Contractor's Company Name, Address, & Telep	Thone Number EFFECTIVE DATES OF GUARANTEE Date of Acceptance:		
	Date of Expiration:		

- 1. The General Contractor does hereby certify that the roofing work included in this contract was installed in strict accordance with all requirements of the plans and specifications and in accordance with approved roofing manufacturers recommendations.
- 2. The General Contractor does hereby guarantee the roofing and associated work including but not limited to all flashing and counter flashing both composition and metal, roof decking and/or sheathing; all materials used as a roof substrate or insulation over which roof is applied; promenade decks or any other work on the surface of the roof; metal work; gravel stops and roof expansion joints to be absolutely watertight and free from all leaks, due to faulty or defective materials and workmanship for a period of five (5) years, starting on the date of substantial completion of the project. This guarantee does not include liability for damage to interior contents of building due to roof leaks, nor does it extend to any deficiency which was caused by the failure of work which the general contractor did not damage or did not accomplish or was not charged to accomplish.
- 3. Subject to the terms and conditions listed below, the General Contractor also guarantees that during the Guarantee Period he will, at his own cost and expense, make or cause to be made such repairs to, or replacements of said work, in accordance with the roofing manufacturers standards as are necessary to correct faulty and defective work and/or materials which may develop in the work including, but not limited to: blisters, delamination, exposed felts, ridges, wrinkles, splits, warped insulation and/or loose flashings, etc. in a manner pursuant to the total anticipated life of the roofing system and the best standards applicable to the particular roof type in value and in accordance with construction documents as are necessary to maintain said work in satisfactory condition, and further, to respond on or within three (3) calendar days upon proper notification or leaks or defects by the Owner or Architect.

- A. Specifically excluded from this Guarantee are damages to the work, other parts of the building and building contents caused by: (1) lightning, windstorm, hailstorm and other unusual phenomena of the elements; and (2) fire. When the work has been damaged by any of the foregoing causes, the Guarantee shall be null and void until such damage has been repaired by the General Contractor, and until the cost and expense thereof has been paid by the Owner or by the responsible party so designated.
- B. During the Guarantee Period, if the Owner allows alteration of the work by anyone other than the General Contractor, including cutting, patching and maintenance in connection with penetrations, and positioning of anything on the roof, this Guarantee shall become null and void upon the date of said alterations. If the owner engages the General Contractor to perform said alterations, the Guarantee shall not become null and void, unless the General Contractor, prior to proceeding with the said work, shall have notified the Owner in writing, showing reasonable cause for claim that said alterations would likely damage or deteriorate the work, thereby reasonably justifying a termination of this Guarantee.
- C. Future building additions will not void this guarantee, except for that portion of the future addition that might affect the work under this contract at the point of connection of the roof areas, and any damage caused by such addition. If this contract is for roofing of an addition to an existing building, then this guarantee covers the work involved at the point of connection with the existing roof.
- D. During the Guarantee period, if the original use of the roof is changed and it becomes used for, but was not originally specified for, a promenade, work deck, spray cooled surface, flooded basin, or other use of service more severe than originally specified, this Guarantee shall become null and void upon the date of said change.
- E. The Owner shall promptly notify the General Contractor of observed, known or suspected leaks, defects or deterioration, and shall afford reasonable opportunity for the General Contractor to inspect the work, and to examine the evidence of such leaks, defects or deterioration.

IN	WITNESS THEREOF, this instrument has been duly executed this	day
of	,,	
	General Contractor's Authorized Signature	
	Typed Name and Title	

DCM (BC) No		Revised January 2021			
PSCA Projects: PSCA No	APPLICAT	TON and			
Application No.		ATE for PAYMENT			
Date:		10SOV: Schedule of Values			
TO OWNER: Entity Name: Address:	PROJECT:	·			
FROM CONTRACTOR: Company Name: Address:	ARCHITECT/ENGINEER: Firm Name: Address:				
Total Original Contract Fully Executed Change Order(s) Numbe Total Contract To Date	rs through	\$ \$ \$			
1. Work Completed to Date per attached Schedule	of Values	\$			
2. Stored Materials (Attach list or Form DCM C10-SM, Inve	entory of Stored Materials)	\$			
3. Total Completed Work and Stored Materials (_	% of Contract To Date)	\$			
4. Less Retainage (5% of Total Completed Work & Stored Materia TCWSM is less than 50% of Total Contract To It	als [TCWSM] is retained when Date [TCTD]. 0 is retained on	(\$			
final pay. app.) 5. Total Due		\$			
6. Less Total Previous Payments		(\$			
7. Balance Due This Estimate		\$			
CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION	ARCHITEC	T'S/ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION			
The undersigned Contractor certifies that to the best of his knowledge, inforr belief the Work covered by this Application for Payment has been con accordance with the Contract Documents, that all amounts have been paid Work for which previous Certificates for Payments were issued and payment from the Owner and that current payment shown herein has not yet been recommendated.	mpleted in by him for tts received eived. Engineer certifies t Engineer's knowle point indicated her the Contract Document the amount approved.	with the Contract Documents, the Architect/ of the Owner that, to the best of the Architect's/ dge and belief, the Work has progressed to the ein, the quality of the Work is in accordance with ments, and the Contractor is entitled to payment of ed.			
By: Date: Date:					
Name & Title	By	Architect's/Engineer's Signature			
Sworn and subscribed before me this day of Month, Year Seal:	Name & Title				
	Date				
Notary Public's Signature		ADDROVAL			
INSTRUCTIONS • Four copies of pay. app., each with original signatures and all attachments: • Date of first payment application cannot precede the Notice to Proceed's Beg • Pay. app. must exactly match an attached DCM Form C-10SOV: Schedule of • A change order must be fully executed before inclusion on a payment applica • On a final payment application, all change orders must be fully executed and • Contractor's signature date cannot precede the payment application date. • Progress schedules must be included with non-final payment applications. • One payment application per month may be submitted. • Retainage is released when the Certificate of Substantial Completion is fully all other close-out requirements per General Conditions Article 34 are comple	gin Date. Values. tion. included. By executed, Name & Title	Owner Entity Signature			

Date _

the final payment application is reviewed, approved and processed.

• DCM processes pay. apps. of state agencies, PSCA and other bond-funded projects.

DCM Form C-10SM Revised July 2020

				H	MATERIALS PRESENTLY STORED		OR PAYMENT. Page of
		SCA No.:		Ξ	MATERIALS USED THIS PERIOD		ERTIFICATE FOF
RIALS	DCM (BC) No.:	PSCA projects: PSCA No.:	For Period Ending:	D	TOTAL COLUMNS B+C		e of Stored Materials reported on APPLICATION AND CERTIFICATE FOR PAYMENT. Page of Of
INVENTORY OF STORED MATERIALS			•	С	PURCHASED THIS PERIOD		reported on APPLI
NVENTORY OF				В	MATERIALS STORED LAST PERIOD		Stored Materials 1
NI NI	Project:	Contractor	Collidation.	A	DESCRIPTION		To be used as documentation to support value of

ject: tractor Company: ainage: 5% of Complet we (C) Total. 0 is retain							Revis	Revised January 2021
Contractor Company: Retainage: 5% of Completed Work and Stored Mc Value (C) Total. 0 is retained on final payment ap						ii ii		
Contractor Company: Retainage: 5% of Completed Work and Stored Ma Value (C) Total. 0 is retained on final payment ap					DCM (BC) No.:			
Retainage: 5% of Completed Work and Stored Ma Value (C) Total. 0 is retained on final payment ap					PSCA projects: PSCA No.:	PSCA No.:		
Retainage: 5% of Completed Work and Stored Ma Value (C) Total. 0 is retained on final payment at					Application No.:			
Value (C) Total. 0 is retained on final payment at	iterials to Date (C		retained when G Total is less than 50% of Scheduled	% of Scheduled	Application Date:	e:		
	oplication.				Period From:		Period To:	
A	С	D	E	F	Ð		Н	I
	Scheduled	Work Completed	npleted	Materials	Completed	Jo %	D-1	
Item Description of Work	Value	From Previous		Presently	Work & Stored	Contract	Balance to Finish	Ketainage (Variable
No.	executed change	Application (D+F)	This Period	Stored (Not in D or E)	Materials to Date (D+E+F)	to Date (G/C)	(C-G)	Rate)
1.	orders)				- \$			-
2.					- \$			
3.					- \$			- \$
4.					- \$			- \$
5.					-			- \$
6.					-			- \$
7.					-			-
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28.								
29.								- \$
30.								- \$
TOTALS:	- -	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$		- \$	

FINAL PAYMENT CHECKLIST (FPC)

To be completed by the Architect/Engineer and submitted to DCM for review; applicable only to state agencies, partially or fully PSCA-funded and other bond-funded projects. Four copies of the FPC are required. Each copy of the FPC shall include all attachments including the Contractor's Application for Final Payment.

(For further guidance refer to Article 34/Final Payment of DCM Form C-8: General Conditions of the Contract.)

DDC	JECT	·.		
PRO	JECI	•	DCM (BC) No.	
			PSCA No.	
	I			(If applicable)
YES	N/A	Select "YES" or "N/A" as applicable.		
		Application and Certificate for Final Payment, Dapplication must include original signatures of all par	CM Form C-10: Attach ties and include all applica	one copy to FPC. The ation attachments.
		Certificate of Substantial Completion, DCM For	ກ C-13: Attach one fully-ເ	executed copy to FPC.
		Advertisement for Completion, DCM Form C-14 publication (including the advertisement) to the FPC	1: Attach one copy of the	affidavit of
		Contractor's Affidavit of Payment of Debts & Cla	ims, DCM Form C-18: A	attach one copy to FPC.
		Contractor's Affidavit of Release of Liens, if req one copy to the FPC.	uired by Owner, DCM F	Form C-19: Attach
		Consent of Surety to Final Payment, if any, To C required for projects with P&P Bonds. Original has be	ontractor, DCM Form C en delivered to Owner. Att	C-20: Consent is tach one copy to FPC.
		General Contractor's Roofing Guarantee, DCM Guarantees, if any: Attached to Certificate of Subs		Specified Roofing
		Contractor's One-Year Warranty: Original has be the FPC.	en delivered to the Owne	r. Attach one copy to
		Other Warranties: All other specified original warra one copy to the FPC.	nties has been delivered	to the Owner. Attach
		Record Documents: Specified "As-built" plans and Owner.	specifications have been	delivered to the
		O & M Manuals: Specified instructions and O&M M		red to the Owner.
		Time Extension: Over-run of Contract Time has be Change Order Liquidated Damag	<u> </u>	ed explanation
		Additional Documents or Explanations which ar	e attached:	
Subm	itted B	y: Architectural / Engineering F	irm	
		, to modular, Engineering i		
		Signature Printed Nam	e and Title	Date

Final Reconciliation of Fees: Between the final change order execution and the year-end inspection, report the final project cost to https://appengine.egov.com/apps/al/dcm-fees (back-up is not needed unless requested by DCM). DCM will then email a Final Reconciliation of Fees Statement to the Owner. If the Final Statement shows a net payment is owed to DCM, that amount must be paid prior to scheduling the year-end inspection. If the Final Statement shows a net refund is owed then a check will be mailed to the Owner.

SA	SAMPLE PROGRESS SCHEDULE & REPORT	DULE 8	REPORT	Ö	ONTRACTOR (Cont	CONTRACTOR (Contractor may use own form in lieu of	form in lieu of	DATE OF	DATE OF REPORT:		
DC	DCM (BC) No.:			<u> </u>	Form C-11):						
PSC	PSCA projects: PSCA No.:							PROCEED DATE:) DATE:		
PRC	PROJECT:										
				₹	ARCHITECT/ENGINEER:	ER:		PROJECT	ЕD СОМРІ	PROJECTED COMPLETION DATE:	
	WORK DIVISION	%	AMOUNT								
1.	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS										
2.	SITEWORK										
3.	CONCRETE										
4	MASONRY										
5.	METALS										
9	WOOD AND PLASTIC										100%
7.	THERMAL AND MOISTURE										
	PROTECTION										%06
8	DOORS AND WINDOWS										80%
9.	FINISHES										70%
10.	SPECIALTIES										%09
11.	EQUIPMENT										20%
12.	FURNISHINGS										40%
13.	SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION										30%
14.	CONVEYING SYSTEMS										70%
15.	MECHANICAL										10%
16.	ELECTRICAL										%0
TOT	TOTAL ORIG. CONTRACT	100%									
AN	ANTICIPATED DRAW IN \$1,000										
ACT	ACTUAL DRAW IN \$1,000										M F
				1		1		USE ADDIT	USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF JOB IS	TS IF JOB IS	
LEG	LEGEND: ANTICIPATED ACTIVITY	ACT	ACTUAL ACTIVITY	ANTICIP/	ANTICIPATED CASH FLOW	ACTUAL CASH FLOW	MO1:	SCHEDULE	SCHEDULED OVER 12 MONTHS.	10NTHS.	

DCM Form C-12 (fully locally-funded K-12 Schools) Revised November 2020 A Change Order is not valid without an accompanying completed Change Order Justification (DCM Form B-11).

CONTRACT CHANGE ORDER

Change Order No.	Date	DCM (BC) No
TO: (Contractor)		PROJECT:
Co. Name: Address:		
TERMS: You are hereby authoriz	zed, subject to the prov	sions of your Contract for this project, to make the
following changes thereto in accor-	dance with your propose	al(s) dated
FURNISH the necessary labor, mathe description is continued in an a		o (Description of work to be done or changes to be made. If attachment below.):

ORIGINAL CONTRACT SUM	\$
NET TOTAL OF PREVIOUS CHANGE ORDERS	\$
PREVIOUS REVISED CONTRACT SUM	\$
THIS CHANGE ORDER WILL INCREASE THE CONTRAC	
REVISED CONTRACT SUM, INCLUDING THIS CH	ANGE ORDER \$
EXTENSION OF TIME resulting from this Change Order	None or Calendar days.
The Owner does hereby certify that this Change Order was ex Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended.	xecuted in accordance with the provisions of Title 39,
	CONTRACTING PARTIES
Architectural/Engineering Firm	
Recommended By	Contractor Company
Name & Title	By
	Name & Title
APPROVAL	Awarding Authority/Owner Entity
ALABAMA STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	By
(SDE) (Required for locally-funded, SDE projects.)	Name & Title
(CONSENT OF SURETY (for additive \$ change orders only)
By Date: State Superintendent of Education	Surety Company
	By(Attach current Power of Attorney)
	Name & Title

Review/Signature flow: Architect/Engineer (prepare documents) > Contractor (review and sign) (> Surety for additive \$ change orders only [sign]) > Architect/Engineer (review and sign) > Owner (review and sign) > SDE (review, sign, distribute the fully executed Change Order to all parties and forward a copy to the Alabama Division of Construction Management [DCM]). Note: DCM does not sign fully locally-funded SDE project contract documents.

TO: Alabama Department of Finance Real Property Management

Division of Construction Management

770 Washington Avenue, Suite 444 Montgomery, Alabama 36104

CHANGE ORDER JUSTIFICATION

Change Order No. _____ (334) 242-4082 FAX (334) 242-4182 Date: Purpose and instructions on next page. DCM (BC) No. Do not staple this form and/or attachments; use clips. OWNER ENTITY NAME & ADDRESS: PROJECT NAME & LOCATION: CONTRACTOR COMPANY NAME & ADDRESS: ARCHITECTURAL / ENGINEERING FIRM NAME & ADDRESS: (B) **DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED CHANGE(S):** ATTACH CONTRACTOR'S DETAILED COST PROPOSAL(s) DEDUCT \$_ ____ TIME EXTENSION: _ AMOUNT: ADD CALENDAR DAYS CONTRACT AMOUNT PRIOR TO PROPOSED CHANGE ORDER ORIGINAL CONTRACT AMOUNT (C) PREVIOUS C.O.'s _____ THRU _____ JUSTIFICATION FOR NEED OF CHANGE(S): (D) JUSTIFICATION OF CHANGE ORDER vs. COMPETITIVE BID: (E) ARCHITECT / ENGINEER'S EVALUATION OF PROPOSED COST: (F) CHANGE ORDER RECOMMENDED CHANGE ORDER JUSTIFIED AND APPROVED (G) LOCAL OWNER ENTITY NAME ARCHITECTURAL / ENGINEERING FIRM NAME By: OWNER'S SIGNATURE ARCHITECT / ENGINEER'S SIGNATURE OWNER'S LEGAL COUNSEL'S SIGNATURE OWNER'S PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE'S SIGNATURE

CHANGE ORDER JUSTIFICATION: PURPOSE and INSTRUCTIONS

PURPOSE

The awarding of work through an existing contract may potentially conflict with, or violate, the "Competitive Bid Laws" of the State of Alabama. The determination of legality of Change Orders rests with the Awarding Authority and its legal advisor. In a June 15, 1979, Opinion, the Office of the Attorney General offered guidelines for making such determinations in conjunction with considering the facts and merits of each situation. The purpose of the CHANGE ORDER JUSTIFICATION is to provide a means through which the Awarding Authority considers these guidelines and the intent of the "Competitive Bid Laws" when authorizing Change Orders. Pursuant to these guidelines, the following types of changes meet the criteria for awarding work through Change Orders in lieu of through the Competitive Bid process:

- I. Minor Changes for a monetary value less than required for competitive bidding.
- II. Changes for matters relatively minor and incidental to the original contract necessitated by unforeseeable circumstances arising during the course of the work.
- III. Emergencies arising during the course of the work of the contract.
- IV. Bid alternates provided for in the original bidding where there is no difference in price of the change order from the original best bid on the alternate.
- V. Changes of relatively minor items not contemplated when the plans and specifications were prepared and the project was bid which are in the public interest and which do not exceed 10% of the contract price.

Under these guidelines the cumulative total of Change Orders, including any negotiations to bring the original contract price within the funds available, would become questionable if the total of such changes and negotiations exceed 10% of the original contract price. These guidelines are not intended to interfere with the Awarding Authority's good faith discretion to respond to specific situations in the public's best interest. If the cumulative change order amount exceeds 10% of the original contract amount then the Owner's legal consultant must sign the Change Order Justification prior to submission to the Division of Construction Management (DCM).

INSTRUCTIONS

The CHANGE ORDER JUSTIFICATION is to be prepared by the design professional, who has evaluated the fairness and reasonableness of the proposed cost of the change(s) and recommends that the proposed Change Order be executed. The fully executed Form B-11: CHANGE ORDER JUSTIFICATION must accompany the proposed DCM Form C-12: Change Order. Instructions for completing the B-11 form are:

- 1. Insert the <u>proposed</u> Change Order Number, date of the Justification, and DCM (BC) Project Number in the spaces provided in the upper right-hand corner.
- 2. **Section (A):** Insert the complete name and address of the PROJECT, OWNER, CONTRACTOR, AND ARCHITECT/ENGINEER.
- 3. **Section (B)**: Provide a complete description of the proposed changes in work, referring to and attaching revised specifications and/or drawings as appropriate. An attachment may be used if additional space is needed, but insert the proposed amount and time extension of the change(s) in the spaces provided. **Attached a copy of the contractor's detailed cost proposal.**
- 4. **Section (C)**: Insert the Original Contract amount, the net increase or decrease of previous Change Orders, and the Current Contract amount (preceding the currently proposed Change Order).
- 5. **Section (D):** Explain why it is necessary, or in the public's interest, to make the proposed change(s) to the Work.
- 6. **Section (E)**: Explain why award of the changed work to the existing contractor instead of awarding the work under the competitive bid process is justified.
- 7. **Section (F)**: The design professional must state his evaluation of the reasonableness and fairness of the proposed costs based upon his review of the contractor's proposal.
- 8. Section (G): The design professional must recommend the Change Order to the Owner by signing the document; the Owner may require such recommendation from other individuals. The Owner must sign the document indicating that they believe change order action in lieu of the competitive bid process is justified for the proposed change(s). Review of the matter and signing of the document by the Owner's legal counsel is highly recommended. If the cumulative change order amount exceeds 10% of the original contract amount then the Owner's legal consultant must sign the Change Order Justification prior to submission to DCM.

Alabama Department of Finance Real Property Management Division of Construction Management

770 Washington Avenue, Suite 444 Montgomery, Alabama 36104 (334) 242-4082 FAX (334) 242-4182

CHANGE ORDER CHECKLIST

DCM Form B-12

Revised July 2020

For use with DCM Form C-12 and DCM Form 9-J

WHICH FORM DO YOU USE?

Use DCM Form C-12 for contracts of state agencies and departments, ACCS & SDE.

Use **DCM Form 9-J** for contracts of projects partially or fully Public School and College Authority (PSCA)-funded. Include a completed **DCM Form B-11:** Change Order Justification with either DCM Forms C-12 or 9-J.

Verify that the following information is inserted in the spaces provided on the CONTRACT CHANGE ORDER form, or attached to the form where attachments are noted to be acceptable or obviously necessary. Do not staple forms; use clips. CHANGE ORDER NUMBER: Insert current change order number. 1. 2. **DATE:** Insert date. 3. DCM (BC) PROJECT NUMBER: Insert DCM Project Number in the block provided at top of document. 4. **CONTRACTOR** Insert name and address of the Contractor, exactly as they appear on the Construction Contract. NAME OF PROJECT: Under "Project", insert the complete name of the project as identified in 5. the bid documents. If using DCM Form 9-J, insert the PSCA Project Number in the space provided. CONTRACTOR'S PROPOSALS: Under "TERMS", identify the change order proposals submitted by 6. the contractor that are being addressed by the Contract Change Order. Identify these proposals by inserting their dates. 7. DESCRIPTION OF THE CHANGE(S) IN WORK: Fully describe the change or changes to the original contract work for which the Construction Contract is being modified. This description should be written so that a reader of the document who is not directly involved in the project can understand what is being changed. If the space provided on the form is inadequate for such a description, use attachments and cite them. CONTRACT AND CHANGE ORDER AMOUNTS: Insert the applicable dollar amounts to record the 8. original contract sum, change orders, and the currently revised contract sum. 9. EXTENSION OF TIME: If the Contract Time is being extended by the Contract Change Order, insert appropriate number of calendar days in the space provided. If the Contract Time is not being extended, insert "NONE". 10. RESPONSIBILITY FOR CHANGE ORDER FUNDING - DCM Form 9-J ONLY: responsible for funding the change order is to be identified in the following sentence in the form,: "The amount of this Change Order will be the responsibility of Insert whichever is appropriate: (1) "PSCA", (2) name of LEA, or (3) "PSCA" and name of LEA. 11. SIGNATURES: The signature spaces for State Agency, PSCA and fully locally-funded Alabama Community College System projects are different from each other. Download the appropriate document per Owner/project type from www.dcm.alabama.gov/forms.aspx. Before submitting a Contract Change Order to DCM, the document must be signed by the contractor, surety (for additive change orders only), design professional and owner (local owner or using agency). Signature by the surety is not necessary on deductive change orders or change orders involving only extensions of time. If the cumulative change order amount exceeds 10% of the original contract amount then the Owner's legal consultant must sign DCM Form B-11: Change Order Justification. 12. ATTACHMENTS: To each copy of the Contract Change Order form, attach with clips (do not staple): a. Contractor's change order proposals and/or invoices providing a detailed breakdown of change order costs. General Contractors (GC) must include subcontractors' (sub) quotes as backup. All GC and sub quotes must be broken down by labor (hours and rates), materials including quantities and unit prices (with receipts or quotes attached), equipment whether rented or owned (with receipts or quotes attached), and Overhead & Profit (OH&P). 1. Total OH&P can be a maximum of 25% divided between GC and subs; GC can have a maximum of 15% OH&P (in which case a sub could have up to 10% OH&P). See General Conditions- Article #19. 2. Sales tax cannot be included in change orders. 3. Deductive change orders also require backup including breakdown of labor and material, and must also deduct OH&P if included in original bid. Include specification section regarding allowances. b. **POWER OF ATTORNEY** for the individual signing the Contract Change Order for the surety. c. DCM Form B-11, CHANGE ORDER JUSTIFICATION: completed and signed by the design professional and owner.

TO: Alabama Department of Finance Real Property Management Division of Construction Management

770 Washington Avenue, Suite 444 Montgomery, AL 36130-1150 (334) 242-4082 FAX (334) 242-4182

CERTIFICATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

Do not staple this form and/or attachments; use clips. Print single-sided; do not submit double-side printed documents.

DCM (BC) No.

ROUTING PROCEDURES ON NEXT PAGE

OWNER ENTITY NAME AND ADDRESS:	ARCHITECTURAL / ENGINEERING FIRM NAME AND ADDRESS:				
Empil to receive executed conv	Email to receive executed conv				
Email to receive executed copy: CONTRACTOR COMPANY NAME AND ADDRESS:	Email to receive executed copy: BONDING COMPANY NAME AND ADDRESS:				
Email to receive executed copy:	Email to receive executed copy:				
PROJECT:	Email to receive executed copy.				
TROLLET.					
Substantial Completion has been achieved forthe e	ntire Work the following portion of the Work:				
The Date of Substantial Completion of the Work covered by	y this certificate is established to be				
"Solve and I Committee all more all decimals I Work in section	in the country in the country of December 1				
	ciently complete, in accordance with the Contract Documents, such ended use without disruption or interference by the Contractor in				
completing or correcting any remaining unfinished Work.	The Date of Substantial Completion is the date upon which al				
warranties for the designated Work commence, unless otherwi	se agreed and recorded herein.				
Punch List: A page list of items to be completed or corrected prior to the Owner's approval of Final Payment is attached					
	omplete or correct all Work in full compliance with the Contract				
	ns on the attached list, ready for re-inspection for Final Acceptance				
within 30 days after the above Date of Substantial Completion If completed or corrected within this period warranties of	, unless another date is stated here: these items commence on the Date of Substantial Completion				
otherwise such warranties commence on the date of Final Acc					
Only one (1) originally executed substantial completion for	m shall be routed for signature. DCM office will mail the				
fully-executed original to the Owner and email copies to al					
RECOMMENDED BY (signature and email address require	red):				
ARCHITECT/ENGINEER:	DATE:				
CONTRACTING PARTIES:					
CONTRACTOR:	DATE:				
OWNER:					
	DATE.				
APPROVALS:	BAIL.				
	DATE				
DCM INSPECTOR:					
DCM CHIEF INSPECTOR:					
DCM DIRECTOR:	DATE:				

CERTIFICATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION ROUTING PROCEDURE

Only <u>one</u> (1) originally executed substantial completion form shall be routed for signature. DCM office will mail the fully-executed original to the owner and email copies to all parties.

ARCHITECT/ENGINEER: Sign and date document, then mail it to Contractor. <u>Provide Owner with DCM Inspector's name & field office address;</u> territories and addresses are available at www.dcm.alabama.gov/staff.aspx.

CONTRACTOR: Sign and date document, then mail it to Owner.

OWNER: Sign and date document, then mail it to DCM Inspector's <u>field office address</u>; DCM Inspector territories and addresses are available at www.dcm.alabama.gov/staff.aspx.

DCM INSPECTOR: Sign and date document, then mail it to DCM Montgomery office.

DCM OFFICE: After review and signature/date by DCM Chief Inspector and DCM Director, DCM office will mail the fully-executed original document to Owner and will email copies to all parties.

NOTICE

THE EXECUTED "GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S ROOFING GUARANTEE" (DCM Form C-9) AND ANY OTHER ROOFING WARRANTY REQUIRED BY THE CONTRACT MUST ACCOMPANY THIS CERTIFICATE TO OBTAIN DCM APPROVAL.

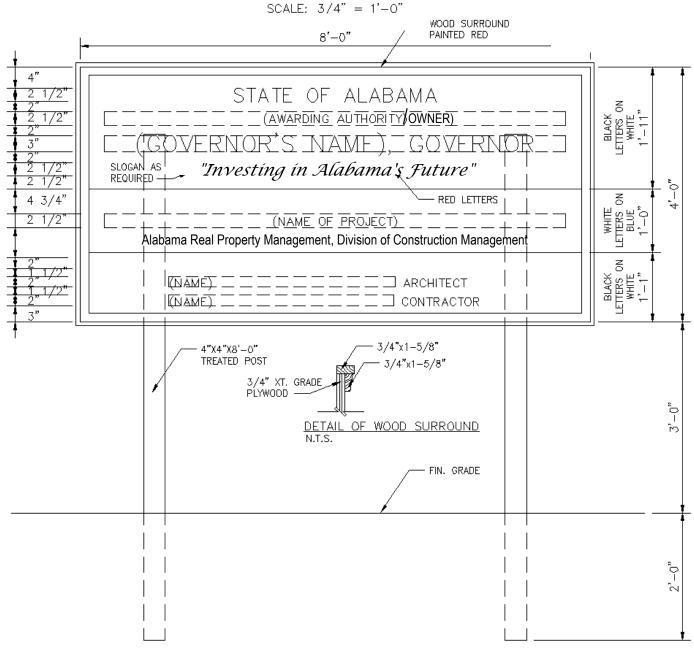
SAMPLE FORM OF ADVERTISEMENT FOR COMPLETION

LEGAL NOTICE

In accordance with Chapter 1, Title 39, Code of Alaban	na, 1975, as amended, notice is hereby given
that	
(Contractor Co	ompany Name)
Contractor, has completed the Contract for ☐(C ☐(Equipment) ☐(Improvement) of	
at	
(Insert location data for the State of Alabama and the (County) (City) (Owner(s), and have made request for final settlem any claim for labor, materials, or otherwise in connotify	of, nent of said Contract. All persons having
(Architect / _	Engineer)
(9)
	(Contractor)
	(Business Address)

NOTE: This notice must be run once a week for four successive weeks for projects exceeding \$50,000.00. For projects of \$50,000.00 or less, run one time only. A copy of the publisher's affidavit of publication (including a copy of the advertisement) shall be submitted by the Contractor to the Design Professional for inclusion with DCM Form B-13: Final Payment Checklist for state agencies, PSCA-funded and other bond-funded projects.

Detail of Project Sign



Notes:

- Fully locally-funded State Agency and Public Higher Education projects: DCM Form C-15 must be included in the project manual regardless of expected bid amount. If the awarded contract sum is \$100,000.00 or more, Contractor shall furnish and erect a project sign. Fully locally-funded K-12 school projects: Project sign is not required unless requested by Owner; if project sign is requested by Owner, include DCM Form C-15 in the project manual.
 - <u>Partially or fully PSCA-funded projects</u>: DCM Form C-15 must be included in the project manual. Contractor shall furnishand erect a project sign for all PSCA-funded projects, regardless of the contract sum. "Alabama Public School and College Authority" as well as the local owner entity must be included as awarding authorities on the project sign of all PSCA-funded projects.
- 2. Sign to be constructed of 3/4" exterior grade plywood.
- 3. Paint with two coats best grade exterior paint before letters are painted. Option: In lieu of painted lettering on plywood, a corrugated plastic sign (displaying the same lettering, layout and colors as above) may be secured directly to the unpainted exterior grade plywood.
- 4. Sign shall be placed in a prominent location and easily readable from existing street or roadway.
- 5. Sign shall be maintained in good condition until project completion.
- 6. Slogan: Act 2020-167's title "Investing In Alabama's Future" should be placed on the project signs of all PSCA-funded projects, otherwise the Awarding Authority/Owner's slogan, if any, should be used. If the Awarding Authority/Owner of a fully locally-funded project does not have a slogan, the project sign does not require a slogan.

DC	M (BC) Number:	<u> </u>		
PSO	CA Projects: PSCA Number:	- Contractor's Affidavit of		
Dat	te of the Construction Contract:	Payment of Debts and Claims		
	Γο Owner (Entity name and address):	Project (Same as appears in the Construction Contract):		
ST.	ATE OF:			
СО	UNTY OF:			
oth all per	erwise been satisfied for all materials and equipment known indebtedness and claims against the Contractor	elow, payment has been made in full and all obligations have furnished, for all work, labor and services performed, and for or for damages arising in any manner in connection with the love for which the Owner or Owner's property might in any		
EX	CEPTIONS:			
Sup	oporting Documents Attached Hereto:	Contractor (Insert company name and address):		
1. Consent of Surety to Final Payment. Whenever Surety is involved, Consent of Surety is required. DCM Form C-20, Consent of Surety to Final Payment, may be used for this purpose.				
	Indicate attachment: Yes No	By:		
	ne following supporting document should be tached hereto if required by the Owner:	Signature of authorized representative		
1.	Contractor's Release of Waiver of Liens.	Name and Title		
2	Canarata Dalaggas on Waiyang of Liang from	Sworn to and subscribed before me this day		
۷.	Separate Releases or Waivers of Liens from Subcontractors and material and equipment supplies, to the extent required by the Owner, accompanied by the list thereof.	of		
3.	Contractor's Affidavit of Release of Liens,	Notary Public's Signature		
	DCM Form C-19.	My commission expires:		
		Seal:		

Seal:

DCI	M (BC) Number:	<u> </u>
PSCA Projects: PSCA Number: Date of the Construction Contract:		— Contractor's Affidevit of
		Contractor's Amuavit of
		— Release of Liens
Т	Co Owner (Entity name and address):	Project (Same as appears in the Construction Contract):
STA	ATE OF:	•
CO	UNTY OF:	
the serv of tl	Contractor, all Subcontractors, all suppliers of mat vices who have or may have liens or encumbrances or the Owner arising in any manner out of the performan	elow, the Releases or Waivers of Lien attached hereto include terials and equipment, and all performers of Work, labor or the right to assert liens or encumbrances against any property are of the Construction Contract referenced above.
EX(CEPTIONS:	
a		
Sup	porting Documents Attached Hereto:	Contractor (Insert company name and address):
1.	Contractor's Release of Waiver of Liens.	
2.	Separate Releases or Waivers of Liens from Subcontractors and material and equipment supplies, to the extent required by the Owner, accompanied by the list thereof.	
		By: Signature of authorized representative
		Name and Title
		Sworn to and subscribed before me this day
		of
		Notary Public's Signature
		My commission expires:

Alabama Department of Finance Real Property Management Division of Construction Management

770 Washington Avenue, Suite 444 Montgomery, AL 36104 (334) 242-4082, inspections@realproperty.alabama.gov

PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE CHECKLIST

The following are recommended topics to be covered during a Pre-Construction Conference. Contact the DCM Project Inspector at least fourteen (14) days prior to scheduling the conference.

 ^Ite	m shall be discussed while Owner is present.	
*1.	Name and relationship to job of local Owner personnel	
2.	Public officials involved	
3.	Names of architect/engineer personnel involved	
4.	Provide e-mail addresses on Pre-Construction Sign-in sheet	
5.	Construction sets of plans available to contractor	
6.	Verify alternates accepted, etc.	
7.	. Approved list of sub-contractors	
8. Approved cost breakdown & Progress Schedule		
Method of approving monthly payment requests		
10. Change Orders - Documentation - no prior work, unless authorized in writing		
11.	Shop drawings, time to process	
	Advance notice for required inspections The contractor will notify the architect by email of the date the project will be ready for an inspection by the Division of Construction Management. Inspections must be requested 14 days in advance. When the DCM Inspector confirms the inspection date and time, the architect will send an email confirming the inspection date and time to all parties as well as a copy to inspections@realproperty.alabama.gov. Cancellations of any scheduled inspection must be received in writing no later than 48 hours prior to the scheduled inspection. If the inspection is canceled, it will be rescheduled subject to the DCM Inspector's availability. Cancellations received less than 48 hours in advance shall incur a \$1,500.00 re-inspection fee. If the contractor is not ready for the scheduled inspection he shall incur a \$1,500.00 re-inspection fee.	
13.	Inspection Minimum Requirements The following minimum requirements listed below are provided to aid the contractors and architect in determining if a project is ready for a required inspection. Pre-Construction Conference: Required Attendees: Contractor, Owner, Architect, Major Subs • Fully-executed construction contract and Notice to Proceed • Verification of payment of permit fee • Contractor's statement of responsibility and quality assurance plan (storm shelter) • Fire alarm contractor and fire sprinkler contractor certification (from State Fire Marshal) • ADEM permit, if more than one acre of land is disturbed Pre-Construction Conference for Storm Shelter: Required Attendees: Contractor, Owner, Architect, Structural Engineer, Major Subs, Special Inspections Representative • The completed and signed DCM Form C-17: Contractor's Statement of Responsibility for Construction of Tornado Storm Shelter (Hurricane Shelter Where Applicable) along with the required Quality Assurance Plan (QAP) must be submitted to the DCM Inspector at the pre-construction conference.	

	13.	Pre-Rooling Conference: Required Attendees: Contractor, Owner, Architect, Rooling Sub, Rooling	
		Manufacturer's Representative	
		Roofing submittals must be approved by the architect prior to pre-roofing conference	
		Roofing manufacturer must provide documentation that roof design and roofing materials	
		meet code requirements for wind uplift and impact resistance	
		Copy of sample roof warranty Above Colling Instructional Required Attendance Contractor Oversor Architect MED Engineers	
	Above Ceiling Inspections: Required Attendees: Contractor, Owner, Architect, MEP Enginee		
		 Major Subs All work must be completed except for installation of ceiling tiles, and/or hard ceilings 	
		Space must be conditioned	
		 Permanent power must be connected unless otherwise arranged with the DCM Inspector 	
		 Grease duct must be inspected and approved by the DCM Inspector prior to fire wrapping 	
		and above-ceiling inspection	
		Life Safety Inspections and Final Inspection: Required Attendees: Contractor, Owner, Architect,	
	Engineers, Major Subs, Local Fire Marshal		
		Fire alarm certification	
		Kitchen hood fire suppression system certification	
		General contractor's 5-year roofing guarantee (DCM Form C-9)	
		Roofing manufacturer's warranty	
		 Above ground and below ground sprinkler certifications 	
		 Completed certificate of structural engineer's observations (for storm shelter) 	
		Emergency and exit lighting tests	
		Fire alarm must be monitored	
		 Elevator inspection completed and certificate of operation provided by the State of Alabama 	
		Department of Labor	
		Boiler/vessels inspection completed and certificate of operation provided by the State of	
		Alabama Department of Labor	
		Pressure test/Flush test for underground sprinkler lines (witnessed by local fire marshal, fire	
		chief and/or DCM Inspector)	
		Flush/pressure test for new and/or existing fire hydrants Must be a clear agrees (aggest and amarganes) (for first responders) aggest to building	
		Must have clear egress/access and emergency (for first responders) access to building Must have ADA access completed.	
		 Must have ADA access completed Year-End Inspection: Required Attendees: Contractor, Owner, Architect, Engineers and/or Major 	
		Subs may be required	
		Owner's list of documented warranty items	
		Reconciliation of user fees with DCM shall be completed prior to inspection	
П	14	Other inspections required before work is covered	
Ш		outer inspections required seriors from to severed	
	15.	Inspection report distribution – weekly per Owner-Architect Agreement	
	16.	Record Drawings, definition of, procedures, addenda posted, etc.	
\vdash	*17	Project sign and other job signs	
Ш	17.	Project sign and other job signs	
\Box	18.	Point of contact for project. Job Superintendent and phone number.	
ш			
	*19.	Overall phasing of job	
	20.	Contractor's duty to coordinate work of separate contractors	
\vdash	*21.	Use of site and existing building, access drive, signs	
Ш	۷۱.	Ose of site and existing building, access drive, signs	
П	*22.	Use of existing toilets	
Ш			
	*23.	Coordinate any utilities supplied by Owner	
	*24	Coordinate outages and work in existing building with Owner	
$ \sqcup $	۷4.	Coordinate outages and work in existing building with Owner	
	25.	Keeping existing exit paths open	
الاا	-		

DCM Form B-8 Revised January 2021

	26.	Routine job cleanup	
	27.	O.S.H.A Report all accidents - safety General Contractor's responsibility	
	28.	Contractor is reminded of obligation to comply with the Alabama Child Labor Law and E-verify	
	29.	Project limits	
	30.	Building location relative to critical property line, easement, setback, etc.	
	31. Locating property line, corners, etc.		
	32.	Verify sanitary outfall before committing floor level	
	33.	ADEM land disturbance permits shall be required if site is over 1-acre.	
	34.	Procedure if bad soil or rock is encountered: Geotech and special inspections	
	35.	Stockpiling topsoil	
	36. Protecting trees		
	37.	Soil compaction, type soil, lab tests, etc.	
	38.	Soil Treatment, mix on site in presence of Job Superintendent	
	39.	Surveyor to check foundation wall if location critical	
40. Ready mix plant, file delivery tickets, slump tests, cylinders			
	41.	Quality of concrete work; concrete testing	
	42.	Inspections before pouring concrete	
	43.	What is expected of masonry work, mortar additive	
	44.	Problems with hollow metal - install proper fire labels	
	45.	Pre-roofing Conference - no roofing materials installed prior to conference, all roofing submittals and warranties must have been reviewed and approved by the Architect prior to the Pre-roofing Conference. Manufacturer's Representative must be present at Pre-roofing conference. The Roofing Manufacturer must show compliance with the IBC wind and impact-resistance requirements. Contractor shall video existing building interior and exterior prior to roofing operations and provide copy to Owner.	
	46.		
	47.	Potential conflict of mechanical and electrical equipment; shop drawings	
	48.	Return air plenums (no combustibles)	
	49.	Fire damper installation issues	
	50.	Certificate of Substantial Completion/Final Inspection	
	51.	Conduct of contractor's personnel. No interaction with staff and/or students. No foul	
		language, no smoking or use of tobacco products, no drugs and no firearms on school property.	
	52.	Elevators/Pressure Vessels must be inspected and approved by the State of AL Dept. of Labor prior to final inspection.	
	53.	Life safety, fire alarm, sprinkler and kitchen hood fire suppression systems must be complete and certified prior to final Inspection. Also, exit and emergency lighting must be	
		complete.	
	54.	Comply with ADA requirements: plumbing fixture heights, toilet partition widths, turnaround, signage, parking lot striping, etc.	

55.	equipment during construction and before final acceptance. Provide fire extinguishers as required.
56.	Light gauge metal roof framing and/or wood truss framing to be inspected by the structural engineer.
57.	Marshal.
58.	Craft-faced insulation is not to be installed exposed.
59.	Fire alarm contractor and fire sprinkler contractor must be permitted through the State of Alabama Fire Marshal's Office. Provide permits.
60.	All sprinkler system valves must be electrically supervised
*61.	Fire alarm monitoring requirements
62.	 Storm Shelter requirements a. Contractor's Statement of Responsibility and Quality Assurance Plan – Provide paperwork at Pre-Construction Conference b. Certification of Structural Observations from the Structural Engineer of Record must be attached to the Certificate of Substantial Completion form.
63.	Third-party inspections/special inspections
64.	Release of retainage – 30 days to complete punch list and closeout
*65.	Sales tax savings (Alabama Department of Revenue)
66.	Project Closeout - precedes Final Payment a. Warranties b. Operating and Maintenance Manuals c. As-built Drawings d. Other requirements
67.	Advertisement of Completion - start ad after substantial completion a. for projects less than \$50,000.00, Owner advertises 1 week b. for projects \$50,000.00 or more, Contractor advertises for 4 consecutive weeks
68.	Time Extensions
69.	Final Payment Application checklist



State of Alabama

Disclosure Statement

Required by Article 3B of Title 41, Code of Alabama 1975

ENTITY COMPLETING FORM
ADDRESS
CITY, STATE, ZIP TELEPHONE NUMBER
STATE AGENCY/DEPARTMENT THAT WILL RECEIVE GOODS, SERVICES, OR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR GRANT AWARD
ADDRESS
CITY, STATE, ZIP TELEPHÔNE NUMBER
This form is provided with: Contract Proposal Request for Proposal Invitation to Bid Grant Proposal
Have you or any of your partners, divisions, or any related business units previously performed work or provided goods to any State Agency/Department in the current or last fiscal year? Yes No If yes, identify below the State Agency/Department that received the goods or services, the type(s) of goods or services previously provided, and the amount received for the provision of such goods or services.
STATE AGENCY/DEPARTMENT TYPE OF GOODS/SERVICES AMOUNT RECEIVED
Have you or any of your partners, divisions, or any related business units previously applied and received any grants from any State Agency/Department in the current or last fiscal year? Yes No If yes, identify the State Agency/Department that awarded the grant, the date such grant was awarded, and the amount of the grant. STATE AGENCY/DEPARTMENT DATE GRANT AWARDED AMOUNT OF GRANT
List below the name(s) and address(es) of all public officials/public employees with whom you, members of your immediate family, o any of your employees have a family relationship and who may directly personally benefit financially from the proposed transaction Identify the State Department/Agency for which the public officials/public employees work. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.) NAME OF PUBLIC OFFICIAL/EMPLOYEE ADDRESS STATE DEPARTMENT/AGENCY

	tify the public officials/public em dditional sheets if necessary.)	ployees and State Department	/Agency for whi	ch the public officials/public
NAME OF FAMILY MEMBER	ADDRESS	NAME OF PUBLIC PUBLIC EMPI		STATE DEPARTMENT/ AGENCY WHERE EMPLOYED
	items one and/or two above, de nd/or their family members as the onal sheets if necessary.)			
	ndirect financial benefits to be g yee as the result of the contract			
	ddress(es) of all paid consultan	ts and/or lobbyists utilized to ob	tain the contrac	t, proposal, request for pro
posal, invitation to bid, or grand NAME OF PAID CONSULTANT/LO		ADDRESS		
to the best of my knowledge	ender oath and penalty of perjoe. I further understand that a colled for knowingly providing to	civil penalty of ten percent (10	0%) of the amo	
Signature		Date		
Notary's Signature		Date		Date Notary Expires

2. List below the name(s) and address(es) of all family members of public officials/public employees with whom you, members of your immediate family, or any of your employees have a family relationship and who may directly personally benefit financially from the

Article 3B of Title 41, Code of Alabama 1975 requires the disclosure statement to be completed and filed with all proposals, bids, contracts, or grant proposals to the State of Alabama in excess of \$5,000.

SECTION 01 10 00

SUMMARY

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 PROJECT

- A. Project Name: William Hooper Councill Memorial.
- B. Owner's Name: Alabama A & M University.
- C. Architect's Name: Nola | VanPeursem Architects, PC.
- D. The Project consists of the construction of the William Hooper Coucill Memorial located at Alabama A&M University, Normal, Alabama.

1.02 CONTRACT DESCRIPTION

A. Contract Type: A single prime contract based on a Stipulated Price as described in Construction Contract - DCM Form C-5, dated November 2020 located in Section 00 50 00 - Construction Documents and Forms.

1.03 AID TO CONSTRUCTION - NOT INCLUDED IN CONTRACT.

1.04 OWNER OCCUPANCY

A. The Owner intends to occupy the Project by the date stated in the Agreement as the contract completion date.

1.05 CONTRACTOR USE OF SITE AND PREMISES

- A. Arrange use of site and premises to allow:
 - 1. Owner occupancy.
 - 2. Work by Others.
 - 3. Work by Owner.
- B. Provide access to and from site as required by law and by Owner:
- C. Confine operations at site to area permitted by Owner.
- D. Do not unreasonable encumber site with materials or equipment.
- E. Assume full responsibility for protecting and safe-keeping of products stored on premises.

1.06 WORK SEQUENCE

A. Coordinate construction schedule and operations with Owner.

1.07 TIME

A. It is anticipated that the successful bidder will be issued a notice to proceed within thirty (30) days of the bid date. Substantial completion must be achieved within 200 calendar days. Refer to Supplementary Conditions of the Contract located in Section 00 50 00 for contract requirements relating to liquidated damages and time extensions.

1.08 PROJECT SUPERVISION

A. The Contractor shall employ a competent supervisor and necessary assistants who shall be in attendance at the project site at all times during performance of the work. The project supervisor shall not be moved to another project or otherwise fail to be in attendance at the

project site until the project is substantially complete or until the Architect and Owner approve of the supervisor's absence from the project site.

1.09 SMOKING AND USE OF RADIOS

- A. Owner does not allow smoking, tobacco, fire arms, or drugs on the job site.
- B. General Contractor and Subcontractors personnel shall not have a radio on job-site, shall wear shirts at all times on-site, shall not use foul language in the presence of students or school personnel. Persons violating any of these conditions shall be removed from the job site immediaely by the Project Supervisor, warned by their respective empolyer, and if found violating any condition afterward shall be removed from the project site permanently without any return for any reason.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01 20 00

PRICE AND PAYMENT PROCEDURES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Procedures for preparation and submittal of applications for progress payments.
- B. Documentation of changes in Contract Sum and Contract Time.
- C. Change procedures.
- D. Correlation of Contractor submittals based on changes.
- E. Procedures for preparation and submittal of application for final payment.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 00 50 00 Construction Documents and Forms: Agreement: Contract Sum, retainages, payment period, monetary values of unit prices.
- B. Section 00 50 00 Construction Documents and Forms: General Conditions of the Contract and Document 00 50 00 Supplementary Conditions: Additional requirements for progress payments, final payment, changes in the Work.
- C. Document 00 50 00 Supplementary Conditions: Percentage allowances for Contractor's overhead and profit.
- D. Section 01 21 00 Allowances: Payment procedures relating to allowances.

1.03 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Electronic media printout including equivalent information will be considered in lieu of standard form specified; submit sample to Architect for approval.
- B. Forms filled out by hand will not be accepted.
- C. Submit a printed schedule on DCM Form C-10, January 2021, Application and Certificate for Payment Continuation Sheet. Contractor's standard form or electronic media printout will be considered.
- D. Submit Schedule of Values in duplicate within 15 days after date of Owner-Contractor Agreement.
- E. Format: Utilize the Table of Contents of this Project Manual. Identify each line item with number and title of the specification Section. Identify site mobilization and bonds and insurance.
- F. Include in each line item, the amount of Allowances specified in this section.
- G. Include within each line item, a direct proportional amount of Contractor's overhead and profit.
- H. Revise schedule to list approved Change Orders, with each Application For Payment.

1.04 APPLICATIONS FOR PROGRESS PAYMENTS

- A. Payment Period: 26th day through the 25th day of the next month.
- B. Electronic media printout including equivalent information will be considered in lieu of standard form specified; submit sample to Architect for approval.

- C. Forms filled out by hand will not be accepted.
- D. Present required information in typewritten form.
- E. Form: DCM Form C-10, January 2021, Application and Certification for Payment. Utilize Schedule of Values for listing items in Application and Certificate for Payment.
- F. For each item, provide a column for listing each of the following:
 - 1. Item Number.
 - 2. Description of work.
 - 3. Scheduled Values.
 - 4. Previous Applications.
 - 5. Work in Place and Stored Materials under this Application.
 - 6. Authorized Change Orders.
 - 7. Total Completed and Stored to Date of Application.
 - 8. Percentage of Completion.
 - 9. Balance to Finish.
 - 10. Retainage.
- G. Execute certification by signature of authorized officer.
- H. Use data from approved Schedule of Values. Provide dollar value in each column for each line item for portion of work performed and for stored Products.
- I. List each authorized Change Order as a separate line item, listing Change Order number and dollar amount as for an original item of Work.
- J. Submit six copies of each Application for Payment.
- K. Include the following with the application:
 - 1. Transmittal letter as specified for Submittals in Section 01 30 00.
 - Construction progress schedule, revised and current as specified in Section 01 30 00.
 - 3. Affidavits attesting to off-site stored products.
- L. When Architect requires substantiating information, submit data justifying dollar amounts in question.

1.05 MODIFICATION PROCEDURES

- A. Submit name of the individual authorized to receive change documents and who will be responsible for informing others in Contractor's employ or subcontractors of changes to the Contract Documents.
- B. For minor changes not involving an adjustment to the Contract Price or Contract Time, Architect will issue instructions directly to Contractor.
- C. The Architect/Engineer will advise of minor changes in the Work not involving an adjustment to Contract Sum or Contract Time as authorized by the Conditions of the Contract.
- D. For other required changes, Architect will issue a document signed by Owner instructing Contractor to proceed with the change, for subsequent inclusion in a Change Order.
 - The document will describe the required changes and will designate method of determining any change in Contract Sum or Contract Time.
 - 2. Promptly execute the change.
- E. For changes for which advance pricing is desired, Architect will issue a document that includes a detailed description of a proposed change with supplementary or revised drawings and specifications, a change in Contract Time for executing the change. Contractor shall prepare and submit a fixed price quotation within 10 days.

- F. Contractor may propose a change by submitting a request for change to Architect, describing the proposed change and its full effect on the Work, with a statement describing the reason for the change, and the effect on the Contract Sum and Contract Time with full documentation. Document any requested substitutions in accordance with Section 01 60 00.
- G. Computation of Change in Contract Amount: As specified in the Agreement and Conditions of the Contract.
 - 1. For change requested by Architect for work falling under a fixed price contract, the amount will be based on Contractor's price quotation.
 - 2. For change requested by Contractor, the amount will be based on the Contractor's request for a Change Order as approved by Architect.
 - 3. For pre-determined unit prices and quantities, the amount will based on the fixed unit prices.
- H. Substantiation of Costs: Provide full information required for evaluation.
 - 1. On request, provide following data:
 - a. Quantities of products, labor, and equipment.
 - b. Taxes, insurance, and bonds.
 - c. Overhead and profit.
 - d. Justification for any change in Contract Time.
 - e. Credit for deletions from Contract, similarly documented.
 - 2. Support each claim for additional costs with additional information:
 - a. Origin and date of claim.
 - b. Dates and times work was performed, and by whom.
 - c. Time records and wage rates paid.
 - Invoices and receipts for products, equipment, and subcontracts, similarly documented.
 - 3. For Time and Material work, submit itemized account and supporting data after completion of change, within time limits indicated in the Conditions of the Contract.
- I. Execution of Change Orders: Architect will issue Change Orders for signatures of parties as provided in the Conditions of the Contract.
- J. After execution of Change Order, promptly revise Schedule of Values and Application for Payment forms to record each authorized Change Order as a separate line item and adjust the Contract Sum.
- K. Promptly revise progress schedules to reflect any change in Contract Time, revise sub-schedules to adjust times for other items of work affected by the change, and resubmit.
- L. Promptly enter changes in Project Record Documents.

1.06 APPLICATION FOR FINAL PAYMENT

- A. Prepare Application for Final Payment as specified for progress payments, identifying total adjusted Contract Sum, previous payments, and sum remaining due.
- B. Application for Final Payment will not be considered until the following have been accomplished:

 1. All closeout procedures specified in Section 01 70 00.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01 21 00

ALLOWANCES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Cash allowances.
- B. Unit price allowances.
- C. Payment and modification procedures relating to allowances

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 01 20 00 - Price and Payment Procedures: Additional payment and modification procedures.

1.03 CASH ALLOWANCES

- A. Costs Included in Cash Allowances: Cost of Product to Contractor or Subcontractor, less applicable trade discounts, delivery to site, and applicable taxes. All profit and overhead shall be included in the base bid and shall not be added to items covered by allowance.
- B. Costs Not Included in Cash Allowances: Product delivery to site and handling at the site, including unloading, uncrating, and storage; protection of products from elements and from damage; and labor for installation and finishing unless noted in specific allowance; and overhead and profit.
- C. Architect Responsibilities:
 - 1. Consult with Contractor for consideration and selection of products, suppliers, and installers.
 - 2. Select products in consultation with Owner and transmit decision to Contractor.
 - 3. Prepare Change Order.
- D. Contractor Responsibilities:
 - 1. Assist Architect in selection of products, and installers.
 - 2. Obtain proposals from suppliers and installers and offer recommendations.
 - 3. On notification of which products have been selected, execute purchase agreement with designated supplier and installer.
 - 4. Arrange for and process shop drawings, product data, and samples. Arrange for delivery.
 - 5. Promptly inspect products upon delivery for completeness, damage, and defects. Submit claims for transportation damage.
- E. Differences in costs will be adjusted by Change Order. At the Owner's discretion all or a portion of allowance may be reallocated for miscellaneous changes. Profit and overhead shall be excluded from the cost of changes applied to allowances.
- F. All changes covered by Allowance will be approved by the Owner in writing.
- G. At closeout of Contract, funds remaining in Allowances will be credited to Owner by Change Order, plus a minium of 5 percent for profit and overhead.

1.04 UNIT PRICE ALLOWANCE

A. All allowances are to be included in Contractor's base bid. The value of items 2.01, 2.02 and 2.03 are determined by contractor based on unit prices.

- B. General Contractor's profit and overhead are to be included in allowance. All other fees are presumed to be included in the base bid and will not be added to changes covered by the Allowances.
- C. All changes covered by Allowances will be approved by the Owner, and Architect in writing.
- D. At closeout of contract, unused Allowances will be fully credited to Owner by Change Order. Unit prices shall be applied to unused quantities to determine dollar value.
- E. Owner may reallocate allowance amounts to alternate scopes of work by applying unit prices to unused quantities to determine dollar values.
- F. Items covered by allowance are part of the scope of work and do not relate to claims for delays or extensions of contract time.

1.05 ALLOWANCES SCHEDULE

- A. Include the stipulated sum of \$30,000.00 for Owner's discretionary use.
- B. See Item 2.01 in Section 00 43 22 Supplement B List of Unit Prices / Allowances.
- C. See Item 2.02 in Section 00 43 22 Supplement B List of Unit Prices / Allowances.
- D. See Item 2.03 in Section 00 43 22 Supplement B List of Unit Prices / Allowances.
- E. Include the stipulated sum of \$50,000.00 for tomb enclosure.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01 30 00

ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Communication.
- B. Preconstruction meeting.
- C. Site mobilization meeting.
- D. Progress meetings.
- E. Construction progress schedule.
- F. Coordination drawings.
- G. Submittals for review, information, and project closeout.
- H. Number of copies of submittals.
- I. Submittal procedures.

1.02 COMMUNICATION

- A. ProCore Construction Managment Software is required for communications. General Contractor is responsible for the cost on their user license and any hardware or software required to use ProCore. This includes the following:
 - 1. Document Integrity and Revisions:
 - a. Documents, comments, drawings and other records posted to the system shall remain for the project record. The authorship time and date shall be recorded for each document submitted to the system. Submitting a new document or record with a unique ID, authorship, and time stamp shall be the method used to make modifications or corrections.
 - b. The system shall make it easy to identify revised or superseded documents and their predecessors.
 - c. Server or Client side software enhancements during the life of the project shall not alter or restrict the content of data published by the system. System upgrades shall not affect access to older documents or software.
 - 2. Document Security:
 - a. The system shall provide a method for communication of documents. Documents shall allow security group assignment to respect the contractual parties' communication except for Administrative Users. DO NOT POST PRIVATE OR COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL ITEMS IN THE DATABASE!
 - 3. Document Integration:
 - a. Documents of various types shall be logically related to one another and discoverable. For example, requests for information, daily field reports, supplemental sketches and photographs shall be capable of reference as related records.
 - 4. Reporting:
 - a. The system shall be capable of generating reports for work in progress, and logs for each document type. Summary reports generated by the system shall be available for team members.
 - 5. Notifications and Distribution:
 - a. Document distribution to project members shall be accomplished both within the extranet system and via email as appropriate. Project document distribution to parties

outside of the project communication system shall be accomplished by secure email of outgoing documents and attachments readable by a standard email client.

- 6. Required Document Types:
 - a. RFI, Request for Information.
 - b. Submittals, including record numbering by drawing and specification section.
 - c. Transmittals, including record of documents and materials delivered in hard copy.
 - d. Meeting Minutes.
 - e. Application for Payments (Draft or Pencil).
 - f. Review Comments.
 - g. Daily Field Reports.
 - h. Construction Photographs.
 - i. Drawings.
 - j. Supplemental Sketches.
 - k. Schedules.
 - Specifications.
- 7. Record Keeping: All documents, except for paper documents that require original signatures and large format documents (greater than 8 ½ x 11 inches), shall be submitted by transmission in electronic form to the ProCore web site by licensed users.
 - a. The Owner and his representatives, the Program Manager and his representatives, the Architect and his consultants, the General Contractor, and his sub-contractors shall respond to documents received in electronic form on the web site, and consider them as if received in paper document form.
 - b. The Owner and his representatives, the Program Manager and his representatives, the Architect and his consultants, General Contractor and his sub-contractors reserves the right to and shall reply or respond by transmissions in electronic form on the web site to documents actually received in paper document form.
 - c. The Owner and his representatives, the Program Manager and his representatives, the Architect and his consultants, the General Contractor and his sub-contractors reserves the right to and shall copy any paper document into electronic form and make same available on the web site.
 - d. The following are some but not all of the paper documents which require original signature:
 - 1) Contract
 - 2) Change Orders
 - 3) Application & Certificates for Payment
 - 4) Request for Proposals

1.03 PROJECT COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate scheduling, submittals, and Work of the various sections of the Project Manual to assure efficient and orderly sequence of installation of interdependent construction elements, with provisions for accommodating items installed later.
- B. Verify utility requirements and characteristics of operating equipment are compatible with building utilities. Coordinate work of various sections having interdependent responsibilities for installing, connecting to, and placing in service such equipment.
- C. Coordinate space requirements and installation of mechanical and electgrical work which are indicated diagrammatically on Drawings. Follow routing shown for pipes, ducts, and conduit, as closely as practicable; place runs parallel with line of building. Utilize spaces efficiently to maximize accessibility for other installations, for maintenance, and for repairs.
- D. In finished areas except as otherwise indicated, conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring within the construction. Coordinate locations of fixtures and outlets with finish elements.

- E. Coordinate completion and clean uup of Work of separate sections in preparation for Substantial Completion and for portions of Work designated for Owner's partial occupancy.
- F. After Owner occupancy of premises, coordinate access to site for correction of defective Work and Work not in accordance with Contract Documents, to minimize disruption of Owner's activities.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING

- A. Architect will schedule a meeting after Notice of Award.
- B. Attendance Required:
 - Owner.
 - 2. Architect.
 - 3. Contractor.
 - 4. Major Subcontractors or Suppliers.

C. Agenda:

- 1. Execution of Owner-Contractor Agreement.
- 2. Submission of executed bonds and insurance certificates.
- 3. Distribution of Contract Documents.
- 4. Designation of personnel representing the parties to Contract, major subcontractors, and Architect.
- 5. Procedures and processing of field decisions, submittals, substitutions, applications for payments, proposal request, Change Orders, and Contract closeout procedures.
- 6. Scheduling.
- D. Record minutes and distribute copies within two days after meeting to participants, with one copy to Architect, Owner, participants, and those affected by decisions made.

3.02 SITE MOBILIZATION MEETING

- A. Topics covered under this section will be addressed at the above mentioned Preconstruction Meeting.
- B. Architect will schedule a meeting at the Project site prior to Contractor occupancy.
- C. Attendance Required:
 - 1. Contractor.
 - 2. Owner.
 - 3. Architect.
 - 4. Special Consultants.
 - 5. Contractor's Superintendent.
 - 6. Major Subcontractors.

D. Agenda:

- 1. Use of premises by Owner and Contractor.
- 2. Owner's requirements and occupancy prior to completion.
- 3. Temporary utilities provided by Owner.
- 4. Security and housekeeping procedures.
- 5. Schedules.
- 6. Application for payment procedures.
- 7. Procedures for testing.
- 8. Procedures for maintaining record documents.

- 9. Requirements for start-up of equipment.
- 10. Inspection and acceptance of equipment put into service during construction period.
- E. Record minutes and distribute copies within two days after meeting to participants, with one copy to Architect, Owner, participants, and those affected by decisions made.

3.03 PROGRESS MEETINGS

- A. Schedule and administer meetings throughout progress of the Work at maximum maximum two week intervals during initial phase of construction and at one week intervals upon commencement of application of finish materials.
- B. Make arrangements for meetings, prepare agenda with copies for participants, preside at meetings.
- C. Attendance Required: Job superintendent, major Subcontractors and suppliers, Owner, Architect, as appropriate to agenda topics for each meeting.

D. Agenda:

- 1. Review minutes of previous meetings.
- 2. Review of Work progress.
- 3. Field observations, problems, and decisions.
- 4. Identification of problems that impede, or will impede, planned progress.
- 5. Review of submittals schedule and status of submittals.
- 6. Review of off-site fabrication and delivery schedules.
- 7. Maintenance of progress schedule.
- 8. Corrective measures to regain projected schedules.
- 9. Planned progress during succeeding work period.
- 10. Coordination of projected progress.
- 11. Maintenance of quality and work standards.
- 12. Effect of proposed changes on progress schedule and coordination.
- 13. Other business relating to Work.
- E. Record minutes and distribute copies within two days after meeting to participants, with one copy to Architect, Owner, participants, and those affected by decisions made.

3.04 CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS SCHEDULE - SEE SECTION 01 32 16

- A. Within 10 days after date of the Agreement, submit preliminary schedule defining planned operations for the first 60 days of Work, with a general outline for remainder of Work.
- B. If preliminary schedule requires revision after review, submit revised schedule within 10 days.
- C. Within 20 days after review of preliminary schedule, submit draft of proposed complete schedule for review.
 - 1. Include written certification that mechanical and electrical contractors have reviewed and accepted proposed schedule.
- D. Within 10 days after joint review, submit complete schedule.
- E. Submit updated schedule every 30 days.

3.05 SUBMITTALS FOR REVIEW

- A. When the following are specified in individual sections, submit them for review:
 - 1. Product data.
 - 2. Shop drawings.
 - 3. Samples for selection.
 - 4. Samples for verification.

- B. Submit to Architect for review for the limited purpose of checking for conformance with information given and the design concept expressed in the contract documents.
- C. Samples will be reviewed only for aesthetic, color, or finish selection.
- D. After review, provide copies and distribute in accordance with SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES article below and for record documents purposes described in Section 01 78 00 - Closeout Submittals.

3.06 SUBMITTALS FOR INFORMATION

- A. When the following are specified in individual sections, submit them for information:
 - 1. Design data.
 - 2. Certificates.
 - 3. Test reports.
 - 4. Inspection reports.
 - 5. Manufacturer's instructions.
 - 6. Manufacturer's field reports.
 - 7. Other types indicated.
- B. Submit for Architect's knowledge as contract administrator or for Owner.

3.07 SUBMITTALS FOR PROJECT CLOSEOUT

- A. When the following are specified in individual sections, submit them at project closeout:
 - 1. Project record documents.
 - 2. Operation and maintenance data.
 - 3. Warranties.
 - 4. Bonds.
 - 5. Other types as indicated.
- B. Submit for Owner's benefit during and after project completion.

3.08 NUMBER OF COPIES OF SUBMITTALS

- A. Documents for Review:
 - 1. Small Size Sheets, Not Larger Than 8-1/2 x 11 inches: Submit the number of copies that Contractor requires, plus two that will be retained by Architect.
 - 2. Larger Sheets, Not Larger Than 30 x 42 inches: Submit the number of opaque reproductions that Contractor requires, plus two copies that will be retained by Architect.
- B. Documents for Information: Submit two copies.
- C. Documents for Project Closeout: Make one reproduction of submittal originally reviewed. Submit one extra of submittals for information.
- D. Samples: Submit the number specified in individual specification sections; one of which will be retained by Architect.
 - 1. After review, produce duplicates.
 - 2. Retained samples will not be returned to Contractor unless specifically so stated.

3.09 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. Shop Drawing Procedures:
 - 1. Prepare accurate, drawn-to-scale, original shop drawing documentation by interpreting the Contract Documents and coordinating related Work.
 - 2. Generic, non-project specific information submitted as shop drawings do not meet the requirements for shop drawings.

- B. Transmit each submittal with a copy of approved submittal form.
- C. Transmit each submittal with approved form.
- D. Sequentially number the transmittal form. Revise submittals with original number and a sequential alphabetic suffix.
- E. Identify Project, Contractor, Subcontractor or supplier; pertinent drawing and detail number, and specification section number, as appropriate on each copy.
- F. Apply Contractor's stamp, signed or initialed certifying that review, approval, verification of Products required, field dimensions, adjacent construction Work, and coordination of information is in accordance with the requirements of the Work and Contract Documents.
- G. Deliver submittals to Architect at 301 Jefferson Street, Huntsville, AL 35801.
- H. Schedule submittals to expedite the Project, and coordinate submission of related items.
- I. For each submittal for review, allow 15 days excluding delivery time to and from the Contractor.
- J. Identify variations from Contract Documents and Product or system limitations that may be detrimental to successful performance of the completed Work.
- K. Provide space for Contractor and Architect review stamps.
- L. When revised for resubmission, identify all changes made since previous submission.
- M. Distribute reviewed submittals as appropriate. Instruct parties to promptly report any inability to comply with requirements.
- N. Submittals not requested will not be recognized or processed.
- O. Shop Drawings and/or submittals requiring resubmission to the Architect due to non-compliance with the Contract Documents and /or incompleteness shall be thoroughly reviewed by the Contractor prior to delivery to the Architect for review. The Contractor shall ensure the completeness and compliance of the submittal materials. Cost incurred by the Owner for review of submittals after the second submittal is rejected will be the responsibility of the Contractor at the rate of \$150.00 per hour, including travel time.

SECTION 01 32 16

CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS SCHEDULE

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Preliminary schedule.
- B. Construction progress schedule, bar chart type.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Section 01 10 00 - Summary: Work sequence.

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. AGC (CPSM) Construction Planning and Scheduling Manual; 2004.
- B. M-H (CPM) CPM in Construction Management Project Management with CPM; O'Brien; 2006.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Within 5 days after date established in Notice to Proceed, submit preliminary schedule.
- B. If preliminary schedule requires revision after review, submit revised schedule within 5 days.
- C. Submit updated schedule every 30 days.
- D. Submit under transmittal letter form specified in Section 01 30 00.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Contractor shall furnish, at a minimum, a monthly, published update of the project schedule in CPM (Critical Path Method) format for review with the Owner, Architect and Construction Manager. Schedule shall designate the critical path in red and initial schedule shall publish target dates of activities to compare against for future published schedules. This work shall be performed within scheduling software that automatically updates the critical path. Schedule shall, at a minimum include 50 items but not to exceed 100 items of activity and activities shall not exceed more than 20 working days in duration. Should the critical path change as a result of a progress update, contractor shall provide written explanation of the cause for such a change to be agreed to by the Owner, Architect and the Construction Manager.
- B. Contractor's Administrative Personnel: Five years minimum experience in using and monitoring CPM schedules on comparable projects.

1.06 SCHEDULE FORMAT

- A. Listings: In chronological order according to the start date for each activity. Identify each activity with the applicable specification section number.
- B. Diagram Sheet Size: Maximum 24 x 36 inches or width required.
- C. Sheet Size: Multiples of 8-1/2 x 11 inches.
- D. Scale and Spacing: To allow for notations and revisions.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 PRELIMINARY SCHEDULE

A. Prepare preliminary schedule in the form of a horizontal bar chart.

3.02 CONTENT

- A. Show complete sequence of construction by activity, with dates for beginning and completion of each element of construction.
- B. Identify each item by specification section number.
- C. Identify work of separate stages and other logically grouped activities.
- D. Provide sub-schedules for each stage of Work identified in Section 01 10 00.
- E. Provide sub-schedules to define critical portions of the entire schedule.
- F. Include conferences and meetings in schedule.
- G. Show accumulated percentage of completion of each item, and total percentage of Work completed, as of the first day of each month.
- H. Coordinate content with schedule of values specified in Section 01 20 00.
- I. Provide legend for symbols and abbreviations used.

3.03 BAR CHARTS

- A. Include a separate bar for each major portion of Work or operation.
- B. Identify the first work day of each week.

3.04 REVIEW AND EVALUATION OF SCHEDULE

- A. Participate in joint review and evaluation of schedule with Architect at each submittal.
- B. Evaluate project status to determine work behind schedule and work ahead of schedule.
- C. After review, revise as necessary as result of review, and resubmit within 10 days.

3.05 UPDATING SCHEDULE

- A. Maintain schedules to record actual start and finish dates of completed activities.
- B. Indicate progress of each activity to date of revision, with projected completion date of each activity.
- C. Update diagrams to graphically depict current status of Work.
- D. Identify activities modified since previous submittal, major changes in Work, and other identifiable changes.
- E. Indicate changes required to maintain Date of Final Completion.
- F. Submit reports required to support recommended changes.
- G. Provide narrative report to define problem areas, anticipated delays, and impact on the schedule. Report corrective action taken or proposed and its effect .

3.06 DISTRIBUTION OF SCHEDULE

- A. Distribute copies of updated schedules to Contractor's project site file, to Subcontractors, suppliers, Architect, Owner .
- B. Instruct recipients to promptly report, in writing, problems anticipated by projections shown in schedules.

SECTION 01 40 00

QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. References and standards.
- B. Quality assurance submittals.
- C. Mock-ups.
- D. Control of installation.
- E. Tolerances.
- F. Testing and inspectionTesting services.
- G. Manufacturers' field services.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- Document 00 72 00 General Conditions: Inspections and approvals required by public authorities.
- B. Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements: Submittal procedures.
- C. Section 01 60 00 Product Requirements: Requirements for material and product quality.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Certificates: When specified in individual specification sections, submit certification by the manufacturer and Contractor to Architect, in quantities specified for Product Data.
 - 1. Indicate material or product conforms to or exceeds specified requirements. Submit supporting reference data, affidavits, and certifications as appropriate.
 - 2. Certificates may be recent or previous test results on material or product, but must be acceptable to Architect.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: When specified in individual specification sections, submit printed instructions for delivery, storage, assembly, installation, start-up, adjusting, and finishing, for the Owner's information. Indicate special procedures, perimeter conditions requiring special attention, and special environmental criteria required for application or installation.
- D. Manufacturer's Field Reports: Submit reports for Architect's benefit as contract administrator or for Owner.
 - 1. Submit report within 30 days of observation to Architect for information.
 - 2. Submit for information for the limited purpose of assessing conformance with information given and the design concept expressed in the contract documents.
- E. Erection Drawings: Submit drawings for Architect's benefit as contract administrator or for Owner.
 - 1. Submit for information for the limited purpose of assessing conformance with information given and the design concept expressed in the contract documents.
 - 2. Data indicating inappropriate or unacceptable Work may be subject to action by Architect or Owner.

1.04 REFERENCES AND STANDARDS

- A. For products and workmanship specified by reference to a document or documents not included in the Project Manual, also referred to as reference standards, comply with requirements of the standard, except when more rigid requirements are specified or are required by applicable codes.
- B. Conform to reference standard of date of issue current on date of Contract Documents, except where a specific date is established by applicable code.
- C. Obtain copies of standards where required by product specification sections.
- D. Maintain copy at project site during submittals, planning, and progress of the specific work, until Substantial Completion.
- E. Should specified reference standards conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification from Architect before proceeding.
- F. Neither the contractual relationships, duties, or responsibilities of the parties in Contract nor those of Architect shall be altered from the Contract Documents by mention or inference otherwise in any reference document.

1.05 TESTING AND INSPECTION AGENCIES

- A. Owner will employ and pay for services of an independent testing agency to perform soil and concrete testing all other testing is by Contractor.
- B. Employment of agency in no way relieves Contractor of obligation to perform Work in accordance with requirements of Contract Documents.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 CONTROL OF INSTALLATION

- A. Monitor quality control over suppliers, manufacturers, products, services, site conditions, and workmanship, to produce Work of specified quality.
- B. Comply with manufacturers' instructions, including each step in sequence.
- C. Should manufacturers' instructions conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification from Architect before proceeding.
- D. Comply with specified standards as minimum quality for the Work except where more stringent tolerances, codes, or specified requirements indicate higher standards or more precise workmanship.
- E. Have Work performed by persons qualified to produce required and specified quality.
- F. Verify that field measurements are as indicated on shop drawings or as instructed by the manufacturer.
- G. Secure products in place with positive anchorage devices designed and sized to withstand stresses, vibration, physical distortion, and disfigurement.

3.02 MOCK-UPS

A. Tests will be performed under provisions identified in this section and identified in the respective product specification sections.

- B. Assemble and erect specified items with specified attachment and anchorage devices, flashings, seals, and finishes.
- C. Accepted mock-ups shall be a comparison standard for the remaining Work.
- D. Where mock-up has been accepted by Architect and is specified in product specification sections to be removed, remove mock-up and clear area when directed to do so.

3.03 TOLERANCES

- A. Monitor fabrication and installation tolerance control of products to produce acceptable Work. Do not permit tolerances to accumulate.
- B. Comply with manufacturers' tolerances. Should manufacturers' tolerances conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification from Architect before proceeding.
- C. Adjust products to appropriate dimensions; position before securing products in place.

3.04 TESTING AND INSPECTION

- A. See individual specification sections for testing required.
- B. Testing Agency Duties:
 - 1. Test samples of mixes submitted by Contractor.
 - 2. Provide qualified personnel at site. Cooperate with Architect and Contractor in performance of services.
 - 3. Perform specified sampling and testing of products in accordance with specified standards.
 - 4. Ascertain compliance of materials and mixes with requirements of Contract Documents.
 - 5. Promptly notify Architect and Contractor of observed irregularities or non-conformance of Work or products.
 - 6. Perform additional tests and inspections required by Architect.
 - Attend preconstruction meetings and progress meetings.
 - 8. Submit reports of all tests/inspections specified.
- C. Limits on Testing/Inspection Agency Authority:
 - 1. Agency may not release, revoke, alter, or enlarge on requirements of Contract Documents.
 - 2. Agency may not approve or accept any portion of the Work.
 - 3. Agency may not assume any duties of Contractor.
 - 4. Agency has no authority to stop the Work.
- D. Contractor Responsibilities:
 - 1. Deliver to agency at designated location, adequate samples of materials proposed to be used that require testing, along with proposed mix designs.
 - 2. Cooperate with laboratory personnel, and provide access to the Work and to manufacturers' facilities.
 - 3. Provide incidental labor and facilities:
 - a. To provide access to Work to be tested/inspected.
 - b. To obtain and handle samples at the site or at source of Products to be tested/inspected.
 - c. To facilitate tests/inspections.
 - d. To provide storage and curing of test samples.
 - 4. Notify Architect and laboratory 24 hours prior to expected time for operations requiring testing/inspection services.
 - 5. Employ services of an independent qualified testing laboratory and pay for additional samples, tests, and inspections required by Contractor beyond specified requirements.
 - 6. Arrange with Owner's agency and pay for additional samples, tests, and inspections required by Contractor beyond specified requirements.

- E. Re-testing required because of non-conformance to specified requirements shall be performed by the same agency on instructions by Architect.
- F. Re-testing required because of non-conformance to specified requirements shall be paid for by Contractor.
- G. Re-testing required because of non-conformance to specified requirements shall be performed by the same agency on instructions by Architect. Payment for re testing will be charged to the Contractor by deducting testing charges from the Contract Price.

3.05 MANUFACTURERS' FIELD SERVICES

- A. When specified in individual specification sections, require material or product suppliers or manufacturers to provide qualified staff personnel to observe site conditions, conditions of surfaces and installation, quality of workmanship, as applicable, and to initiate instructions when necessary.
- B. Submit qualifications of observer to Architect 30 days in advance of required observations.
 - 1. Observer subject to approval of Architect.
 - 2. Observer subject to approval of Owner.
- C. Report observations and site decisions or instructions given to applicators or installers that are supplemental or contrary to manufacturers' written instructions.

3.06 DEFECT ASSESSMENT

- A. Replace Work or portions of the Work not conforming to specified requirements.
- B. If, in the opinion of Architect, it is not practical to remove and replace the Work, Architect will direct an appropriate remedy or adjust payment.

SECTION 01 41 00

REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Regulatory requirements applicable to this project are the following:
 - ADA Standards Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Standards for Accessible Design; 2010.
 - 2. 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards; current edition.
 - 3. ICC (IFC) International Fire Code; 2015.
 - 4. ICC (IBC) International Building Code; 2015.
 - 5. ICC (IPC) International Plumbing Code; 2015.
 - 6. ICC (IMC) International Mechanical Code; 2015.
 - 7. ICC (IFGC) International Fuel Gas Code; 2015.
 - 8. National Electric Code, 2014.
 - 9. NFPA 72 National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code; 2013.
 - 10. All local govering codes and ordinances.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

SECTION 01 50 00

TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Temporary utilities.
- B. Temporary telecommunications services.
- C. Temporary telephone service.
- D. Temporary sanitary facilities.
- E. Temporary Controls: Barriers, enclosures, and fencing.
- F. Security requirements.
- G. Vehicular access and parking.
- H. Waste removal facilities and services.
- I. Field offices.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 01 51 00 - Temporary Utilities.

1.03 TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

- A. Provide, maintain, and pay for telecommunications services to field office at time of project mobilization.
- B. Telecommunications services shall include:
 - 1. Windows-based personal computer dedicated to project telecommunications, with necessary software and laser printer.
 - 2. Internet Connections: Minimum of one; DSL modem or faster.
 - 3. Email: Account/address reserved for project use.

1.04 TEMPORARY SANITARY FACILITIES

- A. Provide and maintain required facilities and enclosures. Provide at time of project mobilization.
- B. Use of existing facilities located at project site is not permitted.
- C. Maintain daily in clean and sanitary condition.
- D. At end of construction, return facilities to same or better condition as originally found.

1.05 BARRIERS

- A. Provide barriers to prevent unauthorized entry to construction areas and to protect existing facilities and adjacent properties from damage from construction operations.
- B. Provide barricades and covered walkways required by governing authorities for public rights-of-way and for public access to existing building.
- C. Provide protection for plants designated to remain. Replace damaged plants.
- D. Protect non-owned vehicular traffic, stored materials, site, and structures from damage.

1.06 FENCING

A. Construction Material: Contractor's option.

1.07 SECURITY

- A. Provide security and facilities to protect Work, and Owner's operations from unauthorized entry, vandalism, or theft.
- B. Coordinate with Owner security program.

1.08 VEHICULAR ACCESS AND PARKING

- A. Coordinate access and haul routes with governing authorities and Owner.
- B. Provide and maintain access to fire hydrants, free of obstructions.
- C. Provide means of removing mud from vehicle wheels before entering streets.
- D. Existing on-site roads may be used for construction traffic.
- E. Provide temporary parking areas to accommodate construction personnel. When site space is not adequate, provide additional off-site parking.
- F. Do not allow vehicle parking on existing pavement.

1.09 WASTE REMOVAL

- A. Provide waste removal facilities and services as required to maintain the site in clean and orderly condition.
- B. Provide containers with lids. Remove trash from site periodically.
- C. If materials to be recycled or re-used on the project must be stored on-site, provide suitable non-combustible containers; locate containers holding flammable material outside the structure unless otherwise approved by the authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Open free-fall chutes are not permitted. Terminate closed chutes into appropriate containers with lids.

1.10 FIELD OFFICES

- A. Office: Weathertight, with lighting, electrical outlets, heating, cooling equipment, and equipped with sturdy furniture. Contractor may designate area of existing structure as a field office.
- B. Provide space for Project meetings, with table and chairs to accommodate 6 persons.

1.11 REMOVAL OF UTILITIES, FACILITIES, AND CONTROLS

- A. Remove temporary utilities, equipment, facilities, materials, prior to Final Application for Payment inspection.
- B. Clean and repair damage caused by installation or use of temporary work.
- C. Restore existing facilities used during construction to original condition.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

SECTION 01 51 00

TEMPORARY UTILITIES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Temporary Utilities: Electricity, lighting, heat, ventilation, and water.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 01 50 00 - Temporary Facilities and Controls: Telephone service for administrative purposes.

1.03 TEMPORARY ELECTRICITY

- A. Cost: By Contractor.
- B. Provide power service required from utility source.
- C. Provide power outlets for construction operations, with branch wiring and distribution boxes located at each floor. Provide flexible power cords as required.
- D. Provide main service disconnect and over-current protection at convenient location and meter.
- E. Provide adequate distribution equipment, wiring, and outlets to provide single phase branch circuits for power and lighting.

1.04 TEMPORARY LIGHTING FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES

- A. Provide and maintain lighting for construction operations to achieve a minimum lighting level of 2 watt/sq ft .
- B. Provide and maintain 1 watt/sq ft lighting to exterior staging and storage areas after dark for security purposes.
- C. Provide and maintain 0.25 watt/sq ft H.I.D. lighting to interior work areas after dark for security purposes.
- D. Provide branch wiring from power source to distribution boxes with lighting conductors, pigtails, and lamps as required.
- E. Maintain lighting and provide routine repairs.
- F. Permanent building lighting may be utilized during construction.

1.05 TEMPORARY HEATING

- A. Cost of Energy: By Contractor.
- B. Provide heating devices and heat as needed to maintain specified conditions for construction operations.
- C. Maintain minimum ambient temperature of 50 degrees F in areas where construction is in progress, unless indicated otherwise in specifications.
- D. Prior to operation of permanent equipment for temporary heating purposes, verify that installation is approved for operation, equipment is lubricated and filters are in place. Provide and pay for operation, maintenance, and regular replacement of filters and worn or consumed parts.

1.06 TEMPORARY COOLING

- A. Cost of Energy: By Contractor.
- B. Provide cooling devices and cooling as needed to maintain specified conditions for construction operations.
- C. Maintain maximum ambient temperature of 80 degrees F in areas where construction is in progress, unless indicated otherwise in specifications.
- D. Prior to operation of permanent equipment for temporary cooling purposes, verify that installation is approved for operation, equipment is lubricated and filters are in place. Provide and pay for operation, maintenance, and regular replacement of filters and worn or consumed parts.

1.07 TEMPORARY VENTILATION

A. Utilize ventilation equipment as required to maintain clean air for construction operations.

1.08 TEMPORARY WATER SERVICE

- A. Cost of Water Used: By Contractor.
- B. Provide and maintain suitable quality water service for construction operations at time of project mobilization.
- C. Extend branch piping with outlets located so water is available by hoses with threaded connections.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

SECTION 01 60 00

PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. General product requirements.
- B. Re-use of existing products.
- C. Transportation, handling, storage and protection.
- D. Product option requirements.
- E. Substitution limitations and procedures.
- F. Procedures for Owner-supplied products.
- G. Spare parts and maintenance materials.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 00100 Bid Documents and Forms: Instructions to Bidders: Product options and substitution procedures prior to bid date.
- B. Section 01 40 00 Quality Requirements: Product quality monitoring.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NEMA MG 1 Motors and Generators; 2014.
- B. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data Submittals: Submit manufacturer's standard published data. Mark each copy to identify applicable products, models, options, and other data. Supplement manufacturers' standard data to provide information specific to this Project.
- B. Shop Drawing Submittals: Prepared specifically for this Project; indicate utility and electrical characteristics, utility connection requirements, and location of utility outlets for service for functional equipment and appliances.
- C. Sample Submittals: Illustrate functional and aesthetic characteristics of the product, with integral parts and attachment devices. Coordinate sample submittals for interfacing work.
 - 1. For selection from standard finishes, submit samples of the full range of the manufacturer's standard colors, textures, and patterns.
- D. Indicate utility and electrical characteristics, utility connection requirements, and location of utility outlets for service for functional equipment and appliances.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 EXISTING PRODUCTS

A. Do not use materials and equipment removed from existing premises unless specifically required or permitted by the Contract Documents.

B. Reused Products: Reused products include materials and equipment previously used in this or other construction, salvaged and refurbished as specified.

2.02 NEW PRODUCTS

- A. Provide new products unless specifically required or permitted by the Contract Documents.
- B. DO NOT USE products having any of the following characteristics:
 - Made of wood from newly cut old growth timber.
 - 2. Containing lead, cadmium, or asbestos.
- C. Where all other criteria are met, Contractor shall give preference to products that:
 - 1. If used on interior, have lower emissions.
 - 2. If wet-applied, have lower VOC content.
 - 3. Have a published GreenScreen Chemical Hazard Analysis.
- D. Provide interchangeable components of the same manufacture for components being replaced.
- E. Motors: Refer to Section 22 05 13, NEMA MG 1 Type. Specific motor type is specified in individual specification sections.
- F. Wiring Terminations: Provide terminal lugs to match branch circuit conductor quantities, sizes, and materials indicated. Size terminal lugs to NFPA 70, include lugs for terminal box.
- G. Cord and Plug: Provide minimum 6 foot cord and plug including grounding connector for connection to electric wiring system. Cord of longer length is specified in individual specification sections.

2.03 PRODUCT OPTIONS

- A. Products Specified by Reference Standards or by Description Only: Use any product meeting those standards or description.
- B. Products Specified by Naming One or More Manufacturers: Use a product of one of the manufacturers named and meeting specifications, no options or substitutions allowed.
- C. Products Specified by Naming One or More Manufacturers with a Provision for Substitutions: Submit a request for substitution for any manufacturer not named.

2.04 SPARE PARTS AND MAINTENANCE PRODUCTS

- A. Provide spare parts, maintenance, and extra products of types and in quantities specified in individual specification sections.
- B. Deliver to Project site and place in location as directed by Owner; obtain receipt prior to final payment.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

- A. Instructions to Bidders specify time restrictions for submitting requests for substitutions during the bidding period. Comply with requirements specified in this section.
- B. Architect will consider requests for substitutions only within 15 days after date of Agreement.
- C. Substitutions may be considered when a product becomes unavailable through no fault of the Contractor.
- D. Document each request with complete data substantiating compliance of proposed substitution with Contract Documents.

- E. A request for substitution constitutes a representation that the submitter:
 - 1. Has investigated proposed product and determined that it meets or exceeds the quality level of the specified product.
 - 2. Will provide the same warranty for the substitution as for the specified product.
 - 3. Will coordinate installation and make changes to other Work that may be required for the Work to be complete with no additional cost to Owner.
 - 4. Waives claims for additional costs or time extension that may subsequently become apparent.
 - 5. Will reimburse Owner for all costs incurred for review or redesign services associated with approval by Architect or Architect's Consultants.
- F. Substitutions will not be considered when they are indicated or implied on shop drawing or product data submittals, without separate written request, or when acceptance will require revision to the Contract Documents.

3.02 TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING

- A. Package products for shipment in manner to prevent damage; for equipment, package to avoid loss of factory calibration.
- B. If special precautions are required, attach instructions prominently and legibly on outside of packaging.
- C. Coordinate schedule of product delivery to designated prepared areas in order to minimize site storage time and potential damage to stored materials.
- D. Transport and handle products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- E. Transport materials in covered trucks to prevent contamination of product and littering of surrounding areas.
- F. Promptly inspect shipments to ensure that products comply with requirements, quantities are correct, and products are undamaged.
- G. Provide equipment and personnel to handle products by methods to prevent soiling, disfigurement, or damage.
- H. Arrange for the return of packing materials, such as wood pallets, where economically feasible.

3.03 STORAGE AND PROTECTION

- A. Designate receiving/storage areas for incoming products so that they are delivered according to installation schedule and placed convenient to work area in order to minimize waste due to excessive materials handling and misapplication.
- B. Store and protect products in accordance with manufacturers' instructions.
- C. Store with seals and labels intact and legible.
- D. Store sensitive products in weather tight, climate controlled, enclosures in an environment favorable to product.
- E. For exterior storage of fabricated products, place on sloped supports above ground.
- F. Provide bonded off-site storage and protection when site does not permit on-site storage or protection.
- G. Protect products from damage or deterioration due to construction operations, weather, precipitation, humidity, temperature, sunlight and ultraviolet light, dirt, dust, and other contaminants.

- H. Comply with manufacturer's warranty conditions, if any.
- I. Cover products subject to deterioration with impervious sheet covering. Provide ventilation to prevent condensation and degradation of products.
- J. Store loose granular materials on solid flat surfaces in a well-drained area. Prevent mixing with foreign matter.
- K. Prevent contact with material that may cause corrosion, discoloration, or staining.
- L. Provide equipment and personnel to store products by methods to prevent soiling, disfigurement, or damage.
- M. Arrange storage of products to permit access for inspection. Periodically inspect to verify products are undamaged and are maintained in acceptable condition.

SECTION 01 70 00

EXECUTION AND CLOSEOUT REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Examination, preparation, and general installation procedures.
- B. Pre-installation meetings.
- C. Cutting and patching.
- D. Surveying for laying out the work.
- E. Cleaning and protection.
- F. Starting of systems and equipment.
- G. Demonstration and instruction of Owner personnel.
- H. Closeout procedures, except payment procedures.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements: Submittals procedures.
- B. Section 01 40 00 Quality Requirements: Testing and inspection procedures.
- C. Section 01 50 00 Temporary Facilities and Controls: Temporary exterior enclosures.
- D. Section 01 78 00 Closeout Submittals: Project record documents, operation and maintenance data, warranties .
- E. Section 07 84 00 Firestopping.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Cutting and Patching: Submit written request in advance of cutting or alteration that affects:
 - 1. Structural integrity of any element of Project.
 - 2. Integrity of weather exposed or moisture resistant element.
 - 3. Efficiency, maintenance, or safety of any operational element.
 - 4. Visual qualities of sight exposed elements.
 - 5. Work of Owner or separate Contractor.
 - 6. Include in request:
 - a. Identification of Project.
 - b. Location and description of affected work.
 - c. Necessity for cutting or alteration.
 - d. Description of proposed work and products to be used.
 - e. Alternatives to cutting and patching.
 - f. Effect on work of Owner or separate Contractor.
 - g. Written permission of affected separate Contractor.
 - h. Date and time work will be executed.

1.04 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Grade site to drain. Maintain excavations free of water. Provide, operate, and maintain pumping equipment.

- B. Protect site from puddling or running water. Provide water barriers as required to protect site from soil erosion.
- C. Ventilate enclosed areas to assist cure of materials, to dissipate humidity, and to prevent accumulation of dust, fumes, vapors, or gases.
- D. Dust Control: Execute work by methods to minimize raising dust from construction operations. Provide positive means to prevent air-borne dust from dispersing into atmosphere.
- E. Erosion and Sediment Control: Plan and execute work by methods to control surface drainage from cuts and fills, from borrow and waste disposal areas. Prevent erosion and sedimentation.
 - 1. Minimize amount of bare soil exposed at one time.
 - 2. Provide temporary measures such as berms, dikes, and drains, to prevent water flow.
 - 3. Construct fill and waste areas by selective placement to avoid erosive surface silts or clays.
 - 4. Periodically inspect earthwork to detect evidence of erosion and sedimentation; promptly apply corrective measures.
- F. Noise Control: Provide methods, means, and facilities to minimize noise f produced by construction operations.
- G. Pest Control: Provide methods, means, and facilities to prevent pests and insects from damaging the work.
- H. Rodent Control: Provide methods, means, and facilities to prevent rodents from accessing or invading premises.

1.05 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate scheduling, submittals, and work of the various sections of the Project Manual to ensure efficient and orderly sequence of installation of interdependent construction elements.
- B. Notify affected utility companies and comply with their requirements.
- C. Verify that utility requirements and characteristics of new operating equipment are compatible with building utilities. Coordinate work of various sections having interdependent responsibilities for installing, connecting to, and placing in service, such equipment.
- D. Coordinate space requirements, supports, and installation of mechanical and electrical work that are indicated diagrammatically on Drawings. Follow routing shown for pipes, ducts, and conduit, as closely as practicable; place runs parallel with lines of building. Utilize spaces efficiently to maximize accessibility for other installations, for maintenance, and for repairs.
- E. In finished areas except as otherwise indicated, conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring within the construction. Coordinate locations of fixtures and outlets with finish elements.
- F. Coordinate completion and clean-up of work of separate sections.
- G. After Owner occupancy of premises, coordinate access to site for correction of defective work and work not in accordance with Contract Documents, to minimize disruption of Owner's activities.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 PATCHING MATERIALS

- A. New Materials: As specified in product sections; match existing products and work for patching and extending work.
- B. Type and Quality of Existing Products: Determine by inspecting and testing products where necessary, referring to existing work as a standard.

C. Product Substitution: For any proposed change in materials, submit request for substitution described in Section 01 60 00.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that existing site conditions and substrate surfaces are acceptable for subsequent work. Start of work means acceptance of existing conditions.
- B. Verify that existing substrate is capable of structural support or attachment of new work being applied or attached.
- C. Examine and verify specific conditions described in individual specification sections.
- D. Take field measurements before confirming product orders or beginning fabrication, to minimize waste due to over-ordering or misfabrication.
- E. Verify that utility services are available, of the correct characteristics, and in the correct locations.
- F. Prior to Cutting: Examine existing conditions prior to commencing work, including elements subject to damage or movement during cutting and patching. After uncovering existing work, assess conditions affecting performance of work. Beginning of cutting or patching means acceptance of existing conditions.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrate surfaces prior to applying next material or substance.
- B. Seal cracks or openings of substrate prior to applying next material or substance.
- C. Apply manufacturer required or recommended substrate primer, sealer, or conditioner prior to applying any new material or substance in contact or bond.

3.03 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. When required in individual specification sections, convene a preinstallation meeting at the site prior to commencing work of the section.
- B. Require attendance of parties directly affecting, or affected by, work of the specific section.
- C. Notify Architect four days in advance of meeting date.

3.04 LAYING OUT THE WORK

- A. Verify locations of survey control points prior to starting work.
- B. Promptly notify Architect of any discrepancies discovered.
- C. Contractor shall locate and protect survey control and reference points.
- D. Utilize recognized engineering survey practices.
- E. Establish a minimum of two permanent bench marks on site, referenced to established control points. Record locations, with horizontal and vertical data, on project record documents.
- F. Establish elevations, lines and levels. Locate and lay out by instrumentation and similar appropriate means:
 - 1. Site improvements including pavements; stakes for grading, fill and topsoil placement; utility locations, slopes, and invert elevations.

- 2. Grid or axis for structures.
- 3. Building foundation, column locations, ground floor elevations.
- G. Periodically verify layouts by same means.
- H. Maintain a complete and accurate log of control and survey work as it progresses.

3.05 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Install products as specified in individual sections, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations, and so as to avoid waste due to necessity for replacement.
- B. Make vertical elements plumb and horizontal elements level, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install equipment and fittings plumb and level, neatly aligned with adjacent vertical and horizontal lines, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Make consistent texture on surfaces, with seamless transitions, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Make neat transitions between different surfaces, maintaining texture and appearance.

3.06 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Whenever possible, execute the work by methods that avoid cutting or patching.
- B. Perform whatever cutting and patching is necessary to:
 - 1. Complete the work.
 - 2. Fit products together to integrate with other work.
 - 3. Provide openings for penetration of mechanical, electrical, and other services.
 - 4. Match work that has been cut to adjacent work.
 - 5. Repair areas adjacent to cuts to required condition.
 - 6. Repair new work damaged by subsequent work.
 - 7. Remove samples of installed work for testing when requested.
 - 8. Remove and replace defective and non-conforming work.
- C. Execute cutting and patching including excavation and fill to complete the work, to uncover work in order to install improperly sequenced work, to remove and replace defective or non-conforming work, to remove samples of installed work for testing when requested, to provide openings in the work for penetration of mechanical and electrical work, to execute patching to complement adjacent work, and to fit products together to integrate with other work.
- D. Execute work by methods that avoid damage to other work and that will provide appropriate surfaces to receive patching and finishing. In existing work, minimize damage and restore to original condition.
- E. Employ skilled and experienced installer to perform cutting for weather exposed and moisture resistant elements, and sight exposed surfaces.
- F. Cut rigid materials using masonry saw or core drill. Pneumatic tools not allowed without prior approval.
- G. Restore work with new products in accordance with requirements of Contract Documents.
- H. Fit work air tight to pipes, sleeves, ducts, conduit, and other penetrations through surfaces.
- At penetrations of fire rated walls, partitions, ceiling, or floor construction, completely seal voids with fire rated material in accordance with Section 07 84 00, to full thickness of the penetrated element.
- J. Patching:

- 1. Finish patched surfaces to match finish that existed prior to patching. On continuous surfaces, refinish to nearest intersection or natural break. For an assembly, refinish entire unit.
- 2. Match color, texture, and appearance.
- 3. Repair patched surfaces that are damaged, lifted, discolored, or showing other imperfections due to patching work. If defects are due to condition of substrate, repair substrate prior to repairing finish.
- K. Refinish surfaces to match adjacent finish. For continuous surfaces, refinish to nearest intersection or natural break. For an assembly, refinish entire unit.
- L. Patch or replace surfaces that are damaged, lifted, discolored, or showing other imperfections due to patching work. Repair substrate prior to patching finish. Finish patches to produce uniform finish and texture over entire area. When finish cannot be matched, refinish entire surface to nearest intersections.

3.07 PROGRESS CLEANING

- A. Maintain areas free of waste materials, debris, and rubbish. Maintain site in a clean and orderly condition.
- B. Remove debris and rubbish from pipe chases, plenums, attics, crawl spaces, and other closed or remote spaces, prior to enclosing the space.
- C. Broom and vacuum clean interior areas prior to start of surface finishing, and continue cleaning to eliminate dust.
- D. Collect and remove waste materials, debris, and trash/rubbish from site periodically and dispose off-site; do not burn or bury.

3.08 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED WORK

- A. Protect installed work from damage by construction operations.
- B. Provide special protection where specified in individual specification sections.
- C. Provide temporary and removable protection for installed products. Control activity in immediate work area to prevent damage.
- D. Provide protective coverings at walls, projections, jambs, sills, and soffits of openings.
- E. Protect finished floors, stairs, and other surfaces from traffic, dirt, wear, damage, or movement of heavy objects, by protecting with durable sheet materials.
- F. Prohibit traffic or storage upon waterproofed or roofed surfaces. If traffic or activity is necessary, obtain recommendations for protection from waterproofing or roofing material manufacturer.
- G. Prohibit traffic from landscaped areas.
- H. Remove protective coverings when no longer needed; reuse or recycle plastic coverings if possible.

3.09 SYSTEMS STARTUP

- A. Coordinate schedule for start-up of various equipment and systems.
- B. Notify Architect and owner seven days prior to start-up of each item.
- C. Verify that each piece of equipment or system has been checked for proper lubrication, drive rotation, belt tension, control sequence, and for conditions that may cause damage.

- D. Verify tests, meter readings, and specified electrical characteristics agree with those required by the equipment or system manufacturer.
- E. Verify that wiring and support components for equipment are complete and tested.
- F. Execute start-up under supervision of applicable Contractor personnel in accordance with manufacturers' instructions.
- G. Submit a written report that equipment or system has been properly installed and is functioning correctly.

3.10 DEMONSTRATION AND INSTRUCTION

- A. Demonstrate operation and maintenance of products to Owner's personnel two weeks prior to date of final inspection.
- B. Demonstrate start-up, operation, control, adjustment, trouble-shooting, servicing, maintenance, and shutdown of each item of equipment at agreed time, at designated location.
- C. For equipment or systems requiring seasonal operation, perform demonstration for other season within six months.
- D. Provide a qualified person who is knowledgeable about the Project to perform demonstration and instruction of owner personnel.
- E. Utilize operation and maintenance manuals as basis for instruction. Review contents of manual with Owner's personnel in detail to explain all aspects of operation and maintenance.
- F. Prepare and insert additional data in operations and maintenance manuals when need for additional data becomes apparent during instruction.
- G. The amount of time required for instruction on each item of equipment and system is that specified in individual sections.

3.11 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust operating products and equipment to ensure smooth and unhindered operation.
- B. Testing, adjusting, and balancing HVAC systems: See Section 23 05 93.

3.12 FINAL CLEANING

- A. Execute final cleaning prior to final project assessment.
- B. Use cleaning materials that are nonhazardous.
- C. Clean interior and exterior glass, surfaces exposed to view; remove temporary labels, stains and foreign substances, polish transparent and glossy surfaces, vacuum carpeted and soft surfaces.
- Clean equipment and fixtures to a sanitary condition with cleaning materials appropriate to the surface and material being cleaned.
- E. Replace filters of operating equipment.
- F. Clean debris from roofs, gutters, downspouts, and drainage systems.
- G. Clean site; sweep paved areas, rake clean landscaped surfaces.
- H. Remove waste, surplus materials, trash/rubbish, and construction facilities from the site; dispose of in legal manner; do not burn or bury.

3.13 CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

- A. Make submittals that are required by governing or other authorities.
 - 1. Provide copies to Architect.
- B. Accompany Architect on preliminary inspection to determine items to be listed for completion or correction in Contractor's Notice of Substantial Completion.
- C. Notify Architect when work is considered ready for Substantial Completion.
- D. Submit written certification that Contract Documents have been reviewed, work has been inspected, and that work is complete in accordance with Contract Documents and ready for Architect's review.
- E. Owner will occupy portions of the building as specified in Section 01 10 00.
- F. Correct items of work listed in executed Certificates of Substantial Completion and comply with requirements for access to Owner-occupied areas.
- G. Accompany Architect on preliminary final inspection.
- H. Notify Architect when work is considered finally complete.
- I. Complete items of work determined by Architect's final inspection.

3.14 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

- A. Furnish service and maintenance of components indicated in specification sections during the warranty period.
- B. Examine system components at a frequency consistent with reliable operation. Clean, adjust, and lubricate as required.
- C. Include systematic examination, adjustment, and lubrication of components. Repair or replace parts whenever required. Use parts produced by the manufacturer of the original component.
- D. Maintenance service shall not be assigned or transferred to any agent or Subcontractor without prior written consent of the Owner.

SECTION 01 78 00

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Project Record Documents.
- B. Operation and Maintenance Data.
- C. Warranties and bonds.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 00 72 00 General Conditions: Performance bond and labor and material payment bonds, warranty, and correction of work.
- B. Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements: Submittals procedures, shop drawings, product data, and samples.
- C. Section 01 70 00 Execution and Closeout Requirements: Contract closeout procedures.
- D. Individual Product Sections: Specific requirements for operation and maintenance data.
- E. Individual Product Sections: Warranties required for specific products or Work.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Project Record Documents: Submit documents to Architect with claim for final Application for Payment.
- B. Operation and Maintenance Data:
 - 1. Submit two copies of preliminary draft or proposed formats and outlines of contents before start of Work. Architect will review draft and return one copy with comments.
 - 2. For equipment, or component parts of equipment put into service during construction and operated by Owner, submit completed documents within ten days after acceptance.
 - 3. Submit one copy of completed documents 15 days prior to final inspection. This copy will be reviewed and returned after final inspection, with Architect comments. Revise content of all document sets as required prior to final submission.
 - 4. Submit one set of hardcopy revised final documents and two copies of final documents in PDF format on flash drives in final form within 10 days after final inspection.

C. Warranties and Bonds:

- 1. For equipment or component parts of equipment put into service during construction with Owner's permission, submit documents within 10 days after acceptance.
- 2. Make other submittals within 10 days after Date of Substantial Completion, prior to final Application for Payment.
- 3. For items of Work for which acceptance is delayed beyond Date of Substantial Completion, submit within 10 days after acceptance, listing the date of acceptance as the beginning of the warranty period.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

A. Maintain on site one set of the following record documents; record actual revisions to the Work:

- 1. Drawings.
- 2. Specifications.
- 3. Addenda.
- 4. Change Orders and other modifications to the Contract.
- 5. Reviewed shop drawings, product data, and samples.
- 6. Manufacturer's instruction for assembly, installation, and adjusting.
- B. Ensure entries are complete and accurate, enabling future reference by Owner.
- C. Store record documents separate from documents used for construction.
- D. Record information concurrent with construction progress.
- E. Specifications: Legibly mark and record at each product section description of actual products installed, including the following:
 - 1. Manufacturer's name and product model and number.
 - 2. Product substitutions or alternates utilized.
 - 3. Changes made by Addenda and modifications.
- F. Record Drawings and Shop Drawings: Legibly mark each item to record actual construction including:
 - 1. Measured depths of foundations in relation to finish first floor datum.
 - 2. Measured horizontal and vertical locations of underground utilities and appurtenances, referenced to permanent surface improvements.
 - 3. Measured locations of internal utilities and appurtenances concealed in construction, referenced to visible and accessible features of the Work.
 - 4. Field changes of dimension and detail.
 - 5. Details not on original Contract drawings.

3.02 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- A. Source Data: For each product or system, list names, addresses and telephone numbers of Subcontractors and suppliers, including local source of supplies and replacement parts.
- B. Product Data: Mark each sheet to clearly identify specific products and component parts, and data applicable to installation. Delete inapplicable information.
- C. Drawings: Supplement product data to illustrate relations of component parts of equipment and systems, to show control and flow diagrams.
- D. Typed Text: As required to supplement product data. Provide logical sequence of instructions for each procedure, incorporating manufacturer's instructions.

3.03 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA FOR MATERIALS AND FINISHES

- A. For Each Product, Applied Material, and Finish:
 - 1. Product data, with catalog number, size, composition, and color and texture designations.
 - 2. Information for re-ordering custom manufactured products.
- B. Instructions for Care and Maintenance: Manufacturer's recommendations for cleaning agents and methods, precautions against detrimental cleaning agents and methods, and recommended schedule for cleaning and maintenance.
- C. Moisture protection and weather-exposed products: Include product data listing applicable reference standards, chemical composition, and details of installation. Provide recommendations for inspections, maintenance, and repair.
- D. Additional information as specified in individual product specification sections.

- E. Where additional instructions are required, beyond the manufacturer's standard printed instructions, have instructions prepared by personnel experienced in the operation and maintenance of the specific products.
- F. Provide a listing in Table of Contents for design data, with tabbed fly sheet and space for insertion of data.

3.04 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA FOR EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS

- A. For Each Item of Equipment and Each System:
 - 1. Description of unit or system, and component parts.
 - 2. Identify function, normal operating characteristics, and limiting conditions.
 - 3. Include performance curves, with engineering data and tests.
 - 4. Complete nomenclature and model number of replaceable parts.
- B. Where additional instructions are required, beyond the manufacturer's standard printed instructions, have instructions prepared by personnel experienced in the operation and maintenance of the specific products.
- C. Panelboard Circuit Directories: Provide electrical service characteristics, controls, and communications; typed.
- D. Include color coded wiring diagrams as installed.
- E. Operating Procedures: Include start-up, break-in, and routine normal operating instructions and sequences. Include regulation, control, stopping, shut-down, and emergency instructions. Include summer, winter, and any special operating instructions.
- F. Maintenance Requirements: Include routine procedures and guide for preventative maintenance and trouble shooting; disassembly, repair, and reassembly instructions; and alignment, adjusting, balancing, and checking instructions.
- G. Provide servicing and lubrication schedule, and list of lubricants required.
- H. Include manufacturer's printed operation and maintenance instructions.
- I. Include sequence of operation by controls manufacturer.
- J. Provide original manufacturer's parts list, illustrations, assembly drawings, and diagrams required for maintenance.
- K. Provide control diagrams by controls manufacturer as installed.
- L. Provide Contractor's coordination drawings, with color coded piping diagrams as installed.
- M. Provide charts of valve tag numbers, with location and function of each valve, keyed to flow and control diagrams.
- N. Provide list of original manufacturer's spare parts, current prices, and recommended quantities to be maintained in storage.
- O. Include test and balancing reports.
- P. Additional Requirements: As specified in individual product specification sections.

3.05 ASSEMBLY OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

A. Assemble operation and maintenance data into durable manuals for Owner's personnel use, with data arranged in the same sequence as, and identified by, the specification sections.

- B. Where systems involve more than one specification section, provide separate tabbed divider for each system.
- C. Binders: Commercial quality, 8-1/2 by 11 inch three D side ring binders with durable plastic covers; 2 inch maximum ring size. When multiple binders are used, correlate data into related consistent groupings.
- D. Cover: Identify each binder with typed or printed title OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS; identify title of Project; identify subject matter of contents.
- E. Project Directory: Title and address of Project; names, addresses, and telephone numbers of Architect, Consultants, Contractorand subcontractors, with names of responsible parties.
- F. Tables of Contents: List every item separated by a divider, using the same identification as on the divider tab; where multiple volumes are required, include all volumes Tables of Contents in each volume, with the current volume clearly identified.
- G. Dividers: Provide tabbed dividers for each separate product and system; identify the contents on the divider tab; immediately following the divider tab include a description of product and major component parts of equipment.
- H. Text: Manufacturer's printed data, or typewritten data on 24 pound paper.
- I. Drawings: Provide with reinforced punched binder tab. Bind in with text; fold larger drawings to size of text pages.
- J. Arrange content by systems under section numbers and sequence of Table of Contents of this Project Manual.
- K. Contents: Prepare a Table of Contents for each volume, with each product or system description identified, in three parts as follows:
 - 1. Part 1: Directory, listing names, addresses, and telephone numbers of Architect, Contractor, Subcontractors, and major equipment suppliers.
 - 2. Part 2: Operation and maintenance instructions, arranged by system and subdivided by specification section. For each category, identify names, addresses, and telephone numbers of Subcontractors and suppliers. Identify the following:
 - a. Significant design criteria.
 - b. List of equipment.
 - c. Parts list for each component.
 - d. Operating instructions.
 - e. Maintenance instructions for equipment and systems.
 - f. Maintenance instructions for special finishes, including recommended cleaning methods and materials, and special precautions identifying detrimental agents.
 - 3. Part 3: Project documents and certificates, including the following:
 - a. Shop drawings and product data.
 - b. Air and water balance reports.
 - c. Certificates.
 - d. Photocopies of warranties and bonds.
- L. Provide a listing in Table of Contents for design data, with tabbed dividers and space for insertion of data.
- M. Table of Contents: Provide title of Project; names, addresses, and telephone numbers of Architect, Consultants, and Contractor with name of responsible parties; schedule of products and systems, indexed to content of the volume.

3.06 WARRANTIES AND BONDS

- A. Obtain warranties and bonds, executed in duplicate by responsible Subcontractors, suppliers, and manufacturers, within 10 days after completion of the applicable item of work. Except for items put into use with Owner's permission, leave date of beginning of time of warranty until the Date of Substantial completion is determined.
- B. Verify that documents are in proper form, contain full information, and are notarized.
- C. Co-execute submittals when required.
- D. Retain warranties and bonds until time specified for submittal.
- E. Include originals of each in operation and maintenance manuals, indexed separately on Table of Contents.
- F. Manual: Bind in commercial quality 8-1/2 by 11 inch three D side ring binders with durable plastic covers.
- G. Cover: Identify each binder with typed or printed title WARRANTIES AND BONDS, with title of Project; name, address and telephone number of Contractor and equipment supplier; and name of responsible company principal.
- H. Table of Contents: Neatly typed, in the sequence of the Table of Contents of the Project Manual, with each item identified with the number and title of the specification section in which specified, and the name of product or work item.
- I. Separate each warranty or bond with index tab sheets keyed to the Table of Contents listing. Provide full information, using separate typed sheets as necessary. List Subcontractor, supplier, and manufacturer, with name, address, and telephone number of responsible principal.

SECTION 02 40 00

DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Supplementary Conditions, apply to this Section.
- B. City of Huntsville, AL Construction Specifications Manual for Public Improvements
- C. ALL DEMOLITION WITHIN CITY OF HUNTSVILLE RIGHT-OF-WAY AND EASEMENTS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HUNTSVILLE SPECIFICATIONS. ALL OTHER DEMOLITION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE SPECIFICATIONS.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Demolition and removal of buildings and structures.
 - 2. Demolition and removal of site improvements adjacent to a building or structure to be demolished.
 - 3. Removing below-grade construction.
 - 4. Disconnecting, capping or sealing, and removing site utilities.
 - 5. Utility Company notifications.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Remove: Detach items from existing construction and legally dispose of them off-site unless indicated to be removed and salvaged or recycled.
- B. Existing to Remain: Existing items of construction that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be removed, removed and salvaged, or recycled.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Schedule of Building Demolition Activities: Indicate the following:
 - 1. Detailed sequence of demolition and removal work, with starting and ending dates for each activity.
 - 2. Coordination for shutoff, capping, and continuation of utility services.
- B. Landfill Records: Indicate receipt and acceptance of hazardous wastes by a landfill facility licensed to accept hazardous wastes.
- C. Statement of Refrigerant Recovery: Signed by refrigerant recovery technician responsible for recovering refrigerant, stating that all refrigerant that was present was recovered and that recovery was performed according to EPA regulations. Include name and address of technician and date refrigerant was recovered.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Demolition Firm Qualifications: An experienced firm that has specialized in demolition work similar in material and extent to that indicated for this Project.
- B. Refrigerant Recovery Technician Qualifications: Certified by EPA-approved certification program.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Standards: Comply with ANSI A10.6 and NFPA 241.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Buildings to be demolished will be vacated and their use discontinued before start of Work.
- B. Owner assumes no responsibility for buildings and structures to be demolished.
 - 1. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
- C. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials will be encountered in the Work.
 - If materials suspected of containing hazardous materials are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Owner. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner under a separate contract.
- D. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.

1.7 PRODUCTS (Not Used)

1.8 EXECUTION

1.9 EXAMINATION

A. Survey existing conditions and correlate with requirements indicated to determine extent of building demolition required. Notify the Owner immediately of any required demolition, including utilities.

1.10 PREPARATION

A. Refrigerant: Remove and store refrigerant according to 40 CFR 82 and regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

- B. Existing Utilities: Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off indicated utilities serving buildings and structures to be demolished.
 - 1. Arrange to shut off indicated utilities with utility companies.
 - 2. If utility services are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, before proceeding with other demolition provide temporary utilities that bypass buildings and structures to be demolished and that maintain continuity of service to other buildings and structures.
- C. Temporary Shoring: Provide and maintain interior and exterior shoring, bracing, or structural support to preserve stability and prevent unexpected movement or collapse of construction being demolished.
 - 1. Strengthen or add new supports when required during progress of demolition.

1.11 PROTECTION

- A. Existing Utilities: Maintain utility services indicated to remain and protect them against damage during demolition operations.
 - 1. Do not interrupt existing utilities serving adjacent occupied or operating facilities unless authorized in writing by Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Temporary Protection: Erect temporary protection, such as walks, fences, railings, canopies, and covered passageways, where required by authorities having jurisdiction and as indicated.
 - 1. Protect existing site improvements, appurtenances, and landscaping to remain.
 - 2. Erect a plainly visible fence around drip line of individual trees or around perimeter drip line of groups of trees to remain.
 - 3. Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.
 - 4. Provide protection to ensure safe passage of people around building demolition area and to and from occupied portions of adjacent buildings and structures.
 - 5. Protect adjacent exterior construction that are to remain and that are exposed to building demolition operations.

1.12 DEMOLITION, GENERAL

- A. General: Demolish indicated existing buildings and structures and site improvements as indicated on the Drawings. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
 - 1. Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials.
 - 2. Maintain adequate ventilation when using cutting torches.
 - 3. Locate building demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
- B. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct building demolition and debris-removal operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.

- Do not close or obstruct streets, walks, walkways, or other adjacent occupied or used facilities without permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction. Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed traffic ways if required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- 2. Use water mist and other suitable methods to limit spread of dust and dirt. Comply with governing environmental-protection regulations. Do not use water when it may damage adjacent construction or create hazardous or objectionable conditions, such as ice, flooding, and pollution.

1.13 MECHANICAL DEMOLITION

- A. Remove buildings and structures and site improvements when permitted by authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Proceed with demolition of structural framing members systematically, from higher to lower level.
 - 1. Remove structural framing members and lower to ground by method suitable to minimize ground impact or dust generation.
- C. Below-Grade Construction: Demolish foundation walls and other below-grade construction.
- D. Existing Utilities: Demolish and remove existing utilities and below-grade utility structures.

1.14 EXPLOSIVE DEMOLITION

A. Explosives: Use of explosives is not permitted.

1.15 SITE RESTORATION

- A. Below-Grade Areas: Rough grade below-grade areas ready for further excavation or new construction.
- B. Below-Grade Areas: Completely fill below-grade areas and voids resulting from building demolition operations with satisfactory soil materials according to backfill requirements in Section 310000 "Earthwork."
- C. Site Grading: Uniformly rough grade area of demolished construction to a smooth surface, free from irregular surface changes. Provide a smooth transition between adjacent existing grades and new grades.

1.16 REPAIRS

A. General: Promptly repair damage to adjacent construction caused by building demolition operations.

1.17 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

- A. General: Except for items or materials indicated to be reused, salvaged, reinstalled, or otherwise indicated to remain Owner's property, remove demolished materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in an EPA-approved landfill.
 - 1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
 - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.
- C. Disposal: Transport demolished materials off Owner's property and legally dispose of them.

SECTION 03 10 00

CONCRETE FORMING AND ACCESSORIES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Formwork for cast-in place concrete, with shoring, bracing and anchorage.
- B. Openings for other work.
- C. Form accessories.
- D. Form stripping.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 03 20 00 Concrete Reinforcing.
- B. Section 03 30 00 Cast-in-Place Concrete.
- C. Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: Reinforcement for masonry.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ACI 301 Specifications for Structural Concrete; 2010 (Errata 2012).
- ACI 318 Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete and Commentary; 2014 (Errata 2016).
- C. ACI 347R Guide to Formwork for Concrete; 2014.
- D. ASME A17.1 Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators; 2013.
- E. PS 1 Structural Plywood; 2009.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Designer Qualifications: Design of formwork is the responsibility of the General Contractor.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 FORMWORK - GENERAL

- A. Provide concrete forms, accessories, shoring, and bracing as required to accomplish cast-in-place concrete work.
- B. Design and construct to provide resultant concrete that conforms to design with respect to shape, lines, and dimensions.
- C. Comply with applicable State and local codes with respect to design, fabrication, erection, and removal of formwork.

2.02 FORM FACING MATERIALS

- A. Smooth-Formed Finished Concrete: Form-facing panels that will provide continuous, true, and smooth concrete surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints.
 - 1. Plywood, metal, or other approved panel materials.
- B. Rough-Formed Finished Concrete: Plywood, lumber, metal, or another approved material. Provide lumber dressed on at least two edges and one side for tight fit.

03 10 00 - 2 CONCRETE FORMING AND ACCESSORIES

C. Void Forms: Biodegradable paper surface, treated for moisture resistance, structurally sufficient to support weight of plastic concrete and other superimposed loads.

2.03 FORMWORK ACCESSORIES

- A. Form Release Agent: Colorless mineral oil that will not stain concrete, absorb moisture, impair natural bonding of concrete finish coatings, or affect color characteristics of concrete finish coatings.
- B. Dovetail Anchor Slot: Galvanized steel, at least 22 gage, 0.0299 inch thick, foam filled, release tape sealed slots, anchors for securing to concrete formwork.
- C. Nails, Spikes, Lag Bolts, Through Bolts, Anchorages: Sized as required, of sufficient strength and character to maintain formwork in place while placing concrete.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. Design, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301, to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, and construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads.
- B. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.
- C. Limit concrete surface irregularities, designated by ACI 347 as abrupt or gradual, as follows:
 - 1. Class A, 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) for smooth-formed finished surfaces. (This includes all formed concrete exposed to view.)
 - 2. Class B, 1/4 inch (6 mm) for rough-formed finished surfaces. (This includes formed concrete not exposed to view.)
- D. Construct forms tight enough to prevent loss of concrete mortar.
- E. Fabricate forms for easy removal without hammering or prying against concrete surfaces. Provide crush or wrecking plates where stripping may damage cast concrete surfaces. Provide top forms for inclined surfaces steeper than 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical.
 - 1. Install keyways, reglets, recesses, and the like, for easy removal.
 - 2. Do not use rust-stained steel form-facing material.
- F. Set edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed strips for slabs to achieve required elevations and slopes in finished concrete surfaces. Provide and secure units to support screed strips; use strike-off templates or compacting-type screeds.
- G. Provide temporary openings for cleanouts and inspection ports where interior area of formwork is inaccessible. Close openings with panels tightly fitted to forms and securely braced to prevent loss of concrete mortar. Locate temporary openings in forms at inconspicuous locations.
- H. Chamfer exterior corners and edges of permanently exposed concrete.
- I. Form openings, chases, offsets, sinkages, keyways, reglets, blocking, screeds, and bulkheads required in the Work. Determine sizes and locations from trades providing such items.
- J. Clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt, and other debris just before placing concrete.
- K. Retighten forms and bracing before placing concrete, as required, to prevent mortar leaks and maintain proper alignment.

03 10 00 - 3 CONCRETE FORMING AND ACCESSORIES

L. Coat contact surfaces of forms with form-release agent, according to manufacturer's written instructions, before placing reinforcement.

3.02 EXAMINATION

A. Verify lines, levels and centers before proceeding with formwork. Ensure that dimensions agree with drawings.

3.03 EARTH FORMS

A. Hand trim sides and bottom of earth forms. Remove loose soil prior to placing concrete.

3.04 ERECTION - FORMWORK

- A. Erect formwork, shoring and bracing to achieve design requirements, in accordance with requirements of ACI 301.
- B. Provide bracing to ensure stability of formwork. Shore or strengthen formwork subject to overstressing by construction loads.
- C. Arrange and assemble formwork to permit dismantling and stripping. Do not damage concrete during stripping. Permit removal of remaining principal shores.
- D. Align joints and make watertight. Keep form joints to a minimum.
- E. Obtain approval before framing openings in structural members that are not indicated on drawings.
- F. Install void forms in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Protect forms from moisture or crushing.
- G. Coordinate this section with other sections of work that require attachment of components to formwork.
- H. If formwork is placed after reinforcement, resulting in insufficient concrete cover over reinforcement, request instructions from Architect before proceeding.

3.05 APPLICATION - FORM RELEASE AGENT

- A. Apply form release agent on formwork in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- B. Apply prior to placement of reinforcing steel, anchoring devices, and embedded items.
- C. Do not apply form release agent where concrete surfaces will receive special finishes or applied coverings that are affected by agent. Soak inside surfaces of untreated forms with clean water. Keep surfaces coated prior to placement of concrete.

3.06 INSERTS, EMBEDDED PARTS, AND OPENINGS

- A. Provide formed openings where required for items to be embedded in passing through concrete work.
- B. Locate and set in place items that will be cast directly into concrete.
- C. Coordinate with work of other sections in forming and placing openings, slots, reglets, recesses, sleeves, bolts, anchors, other inserts, and components of other work.
- D. Position recessed anchor slots for brick veneer masonry anchors to spacing and intervals specified in Section 04 20 00.

- E. Install accessories in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, so they are straight, level, and plumb. Ensure items are not disturbed during concrete placement.
- F. Install waterstops in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, so they are continuous without displacing reinforcement. Heat seal joints so they are watertight.
- G. Provide temporary ports or openings in formwork where required to facilitate cleaning and inspection. Locate openings at bottom of forms to allow flushing water to drain.
- H. Close temporary openings with tight fitting panels, flush with inside face of forms, and neatly fitted so joints will not be apparent in exposed concrete surfaces.

3.07 FORM CLEANING

- A. Clean forms as erection proceeds, to remove foreign matter within forms.
- B. Clean formed cavities of debris prior to placing concrete.
 - 1. Flush with water or use compressed air to remove remaining foreign matter. Ensure that water and debris drain to exterior through clean-out ports.

3.08 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Inspect erected formwork, shoring, and bracing to ensure that work is in accordance with formwork design, and to verify that supports, fastenings, wedges, ties, and items are secure.

3.09 FORM REMOVAL AND REUSING

- A. General: Formwork for sides of beams, walls, columns, and similar parts of the Work that does not support weight of concrete may be removed after cumulatively curing at not less than 50 deg F (10 deg C) for 24 hours after placing concrete. Concrete has to be hard enough to not be damaged by form-removal operations and curing and protection operations need to be maintained.
 - Leave formwork for beam soffits, joists, slabs, and other structural elements that supports
 weight of concrete in place until concrete has achieved at least 70 percent of its 28-day
 design compressive strength.
 - 2. Remove forms only if shores have been arranged to permit removal of forms without loosening or disturbing shores.
- B. Do not remove forms or bracing until concrete has gained sufficient strength to carry its own weight and imposed loads.
- C. Loosen forms carefully. Do not wedge pry bars, hammers, or tools against finish concrete surfaces scheduled for exposure to view.
- D. Clean and repair surfaces of forms to be reused in the Work. Split, frayed, delaminated, or otherwise damaged form-facing material will not be acceptable for exposed surfaces. Apply new form-release agent.
- E. When forms are reused, clean surfaces, remove fins and laitance, and tighten to close joints. Align and secure joints to avoid offsets. Do not use patched forms for exposed concrete surfaces unless approved by Architect.
- F. Store removed forms to prevent damage to form materials or to fresh concrete. Discard damaged forms.

SECTION 03 20 00

CONCRETE REINFORCING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Reinforcing steel for cast-in-place concrete.
- B. Supports and accessories for steel reinforcement.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 03 30 00 Cast-in-Place Concrete.
- B. Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: Reinforcement for masonry.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A615/A615M Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement; 2015.
- B. CRSI (DA4) Manual of Standard Practice; 2009.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include bar schedules, shapes of bent bars, spacing of bars, and location of splices.
- C. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify that reinforcing steel and accessories supplied for this project meet or exceed specified requirements.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Reinforcing bar placing accessories to be installed in accordance with ACI manual of standard practice. Detail reinforcement in accordance with ACI 315.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 REINFORCEMENT

- A. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615/A615M, Grade 60 60,000 psi.
 - 1. Deformed billet-steel bars.
 - 2. Unfinished.
- B. Plain Steel Wire: ASTM A 82/A 82M steel wire, unfinished.
- C. Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement (WWR): Deformed type; ASTM A185.
 - 1. Form: Flat Sheets.
 - 2. WWR Style: As indicated on drawings.
 - 3. Mesh Size and Wire Gage: As indicated on drawings.

D. Reinforcement Accessories:

- 1. Tie Wire: Annealed, minimum 16 gage, 0.0508 inch.
- 2. Chairs, Bolsters, Bar Supports, Spacers: Sized and shaped for adequate support of reinforcement during concrete placement.
- 3. Provide stainless steel, galvanized, plastic, or plastic coated steel components for placement within 1-1/2 inches of weathering surfaces.

2.02 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate concrete reinforcing in accordance with CRSI (DA4) Manual of Standard Practice.
- B. Welding of reinforcement is not permitted.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 PLACEMENT

- A. Place, support and secure reinforcement against displacement. Do not deviate from required position.
- B. Do not displace or damage vapor barrier.
- C. Accommodate placement of formed openings.
- D. Maintain concrete cover around reinforcing as follows, unless noted otherwise on drawings:
 - 1. Walls (exposed to weather or backfill): 2 inch.
 - 2. Footings: 2 inch top, 3 inch bottom and sides.
 - 3. WWR and Rebar in Slabs on Grade: 2 inch.
- E. Conform to applicable code for concrete cover over reinforcement.
- F. Splices shall be Class "B" tension lap splice, unless noted. Reinforcing marked "continuous" shall be spliced with Class "B" tension lap splice, unless noted.

SECTION 03 30 00

CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Concrete formwork.
- B. Elevated concrete slabs.
- C. Floors and slabs on grade.
- D. Joint devices associated with concrete work.
- E. Miscellaneous concrete elements, including equipment pads, light pole bases, flagpole bases, thrust blocks, and manholes.
- F. Concrete curing.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 03 20 00 Concrete Reinforcing.
- B. Section 03 35 10 Concrete Finishes.
- C. Section 07 90 05 Joint Sealers.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ACI 211.1 Standard Practice for Selecting Proportions for Normal, Heavyweight, and Mass Concrete; 1991 (Reapproved 2009).
- B. ACI 301 Specifications for Structural Concrete; 2010 (Errata 2012).
- C. ACI 302.1R Guide for Concrete Floor and Slab Construction; 2004 (Errata 2007).
- D. ACI 304R Guide for Measuring, Mixing, Transporting, and Placing Concrete; 2000.
- E. ACI 305R Guide to Hot Weather Concreting; 2010.
- F. ACI 306R Cold Weather Concreting; 2010.
- G. ACI 308R Guide to Curing Concrete; 2001 (Reapproved 2008).
- H. ACI 318 Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete and Commentary; 2014 (Errata 2016).
- ASTM A615/A615M Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement; 2015.
- J. ASTM A884/A884M Standard Specification for Epoxy-Coated Steel Wire and Welded Wire Reinforcement; 2014.
- K. ASTM C33/C33M Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates; 2016.
- L. ASTM C39/C39M Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens; 2016b.
- M. ASTM C94/C94M Standard Specification for Ready-Mixed Concrete; 2015.
- N. ASTM C143/C143M Standard Test Method for Slump of Hydraulic-Cement Concrete; 2015a.

- O. ASTM C150/C150M Standard Specification for Portland Cement; 2015.
- P. ASTM C171 Standard Specification for Sheet Materials for Curing Concrete; 2016.
- Q. ASTM C618 Standard Specification for Coal Fly Ash and Raw or Calcined Natural Pozzolan for Use in Concrete; 2015.
- R. ASTM C881/C881M Standard Specification for Epoxy-Resin-Base Bonding Systems for Concrete; 2015.
- S. ASTM C979/C979M Standard Specification for Pigments for Integrally Colored Concrete; 2010.
- T. ASTM C1059/C1059M Standard Specification for Latex Agents for Bonding Fresh to Hardened Concrete; 2013.
- U. ASTM D1751 Standard Specification for Preformed Expansion Joint Filler for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction (Nonextruding and Resilient Bituminous Types); 2004 (Reapproved 2013).
- V. ASTM E1155 Standard Test Method for Determining F(F) Floor Flatness and F(L) Floor Levelness Numbers; 2014.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit manufacturers' data on manufactured products showing compliance with specified requirements and installation instructions.
- C. Samples: Submit two, 12 inch long samples of waterstops and construction joint devices.
- D. Test Reports: Submit report for each test or series of tests specified.
- E. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: For concrete accessories, indicate installation procedures and interface required with adjacent construction.
- F. Project Record Documents: Accurately record actual locations of embedded utilities and components that will be concealed from view upon completion of concrete work.
- G. Design Mixes: For each concrete mix. Include alternate mix designs when characteristics of materials, project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant adjustments.

1.05 FIELD SAMPLES

- A. All strength and control test required for concrete shall be performed by a laboratory selected and directed by the Architect, in accordance with provisions of Section 01 40 00.
- B. The testing laboratory, under the direction of the Architect or his representative, shall make, identify, and transport to the testing laboratory a minimum of 1 set of 4 cylinders from each 50 cubic yards or from each day's pour if less than 50 cubic yards. Cylinders shall be made and cured in accordance with ASTM C31 and tested at 7 days and 2 cylinders at 28 days. The fourth cylinder shall be held in reserve and tested at 56 days in the event the 28-day strength is below specification requirements. The 7-day strength shall be at least 60 percent of the required 28-day compressive strength. Each strength test result shall be the average strength of 2 cylinders from the same sample tested at 28 days.
- C. Make at least 1 slump test from each 25 cubic yards of concrete and from each sample from which cylinders are made. Slump tests shall be made in accordance with ASTM C143.

D. Percent of entrained air shall be determined in accordance with ASTM C231 on the sample from which cylinders are made.

1.06 COMPRESSION TESTS

- A. Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete: Evaluation of results of cylinder tests for concrete shall be according to Section 5 6 of ACI 318-95.
- B. Qualification: Section 5 6 of ACI 318-95 is qualified as follows. No individual strength test result shall be less then the specified 28-day compressive strength for concrete placed in position of critical structural importance in the building or structure, the Architect's decision in identifying positions of critical structural importance in building or structure shall be final.
- C. Compliance: Failure to comply with required evaluation procedure outlined in Paragraphs A and B above shall constitute questionable concrete and the following additional tests shall be made at no cost to the Owner:
 - A minimum of 3 usable cores shall be taken from each area where questionable concrete was placed. Cores shall be taken and tested in accordance with ASTM C42 and Section 5 6 of ACI 318-95. Core test results shall be evaluated in accordance with Section 5 6, of ACI 318-95.
 - 2. If results of core tests do not meet acceptance criteria or if structural inadequacy is in doubt, the Architect may require remedial measures to be taken or load tests in accordance with Part 6, Chapter 20 of ACI 318-77.

1.07 DEFECTIVE CONCRETE

- A. Where concrete fails to meet specified strength or where defects which cannot be repaired exist, the Work shall be removed and replaced, at Contractor's expense, with Work that meets specification requirements.
- B. The Contractor is solely responsible for furnishing concrete of the strength, quality, and appearance specified.

1.08 BUILT-IN ITEMS

- A. All items specified under other sections of the Project Manual which require being built into the concrete shall be installed as the concrete work progresses.
- B. The Contractor shall be responsible for placing of items required by subcontractors.
- C. Electrical conduits and other other pipes indicated to be embedded in concrete shall be of such size and location so as not to reduce strength of structures. Conduits less than 1 inch in diameter are not regarded as reducing strength of structure. Any areas weakened by conduit or pipe shall be reinforced with additional reinforcement as directed by the Architect.

1.09 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform work of this section in accordance with ACI 301 and ACI 318.
 - 1. Maintain one copy of each document on site.
- B. Acquire cement from same source and aggregate from same source for entire project.
- C. Follow recommendations of ACI 305R when concreting during hot weather.
- D. Follow recommendations of ACI 306R when concreting during cold weather.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 FORMWORK

- A. Form Materials: Contractor's choice of standard products with sufficient strength to withstand hydrostatic head without distortion in excess of permitted tolerances.
 - 1. Form Facing for Exposed Finish Concrete: Contractor's choice of materials that will provide smooth, stain-free final appearance.
 - 2. Form Coating: Release agent that will not adversely affect concrete or interfere with application of coatings.

2.02 REINFORCEMENT

A. Comply with requirements of Section 03 20 00.

2.03 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Cement: ASTM C150, Type I Normal Portland type.
- B. Fine and Coarse Aggregates: ASTM C 33.
- C. Fly Ash: ASTM C618, Class C or F.
- D. Water: Clean and not detrimental to concrete.

2.04 ADMIXTURES

- A. Do not use chemicals that will result in soluble chloride ions in excess of 0.1 percent by weight of cement.
- B. Air Entrainment Admixture: ASTM C 260. Provide Air Mix manufactured by Euclid.
- C. Chemical Admixtures: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type F Water Reducing, High Range and Type G Water Reducing, High Range and Retarding.
 - 1. Do not use chemicals that will result in soluble chloride ions in excess of 0.1 percent by weight of cement.

2.05 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

- A. Bonding Agent: ASTM C 1059, Type II acrylic non-redispersable type.
- B. Epoxy Bonding System: ASTM C 881, type as required by project conditions.
- C. Vapor Barriers (Underslab): 10-mil polyethylene.
 - 1. Accessory Products: Vapor retarder manufacturer's recommended tape, adhesive, mastic, prefabricated boots, etc., for sealing seams and penetrations in vapor retarder.
 - 2. Reference Standard: ASTM E 1745 Class B (premium).
 - 3. Puncture Resistance: 2000 grams minimum (premium), ASTM D-1709
- D. Chemical Hardener: Fluosilicate solution designed for densification of cured concrete slabs.
- E. Non-Shrink Cementitious Grout: Premixed compound consisting of non-metallic aggregate, cement, water reducing and plasticizing agents.
 - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength at 48 Hours: 2,000 psi.
- F. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C171; regular curing paper, white curing paper, clear polyethylene, white polyethylene, or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.
- G. Liquid Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, clear or translucent.

2.06 BONDING AND JOINTING PRODUCTS

- A. Joint Filler: Nonextruding, resilient asphalt impregnated fiberboard or felt, complying with ASTM D1751, 1/2 inch thick and 4 inches deep; tongue and groove profile.
- B. Construction Joint Devices: Integral extruded plastic; 1/2 inch thick, formed to tongue and groove profile, with removable top strip exposing sealant trough, knockout holes spaced at 6 inches, ribbed steel spikes with tongue to fit top screed edge.
- C. Sealant and Primer: As specified in Section [].

2.07 CONCRETE MIX DESIGN

- A. Mix and deliver concrete in accordance with ASTM C94.
- B. Proportioning Normal Weight Concrete: Comply with ACI 211.1 recommendations.
- C. Limit percentage of fly ash to 25% (by weight).
- D. Admixtures: Add acceptable admixtures as recommended in ACI 211.1 and at rates recommended by manufacturer. Use of admixtures will not relax cold weather placement requirements.
- E. Do not use admixtures that contain calcium chloride.
- F. Use set retarding admixtures during hot weather only when approved by the Architect/Engineer.
- G. Add air entraining agent to normal weight concrete mix for work exposed to exterior.
- H. Concrete at Slabs on Grade:
 - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days.
 - 2. Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials Ratio: 0.45
 - 3. Slump Limit: 4 inches, plus or minus 1 inch
 - 4. Air Content: Do not allow air content of trowel-finished floors to exceed 3 percent.
- Other Concrete:
 - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days.
 - 2. Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials Ratio: 0.57
 - 3. Slump Limit: 4 inches, plus or minus 1 inch

2.08 BATCHING

- A. Provide necessary equipment to accurately determine and control the actual amount of materials entering the concrete mix. Weigh individual ingredients separately for each batch. The accuracy of weighing devices shall be such that successive quantities can be measured to within 1 percent of the desired amount.
- B. Completely discharge contents of mixer before each new batch is loaded. The use of retempered concrete is not acceptable.

2.09 MIXING

- A. Transit Mixers: Comply with ASTM C 94 and as follows.
 - 1. Use a separate water metering device (not truck tank) for measuring water added to the original batch.
 - 2. The use of wash water as a portion of the mixing water is not acceptable. Dump all wash water added to empty drums after discharging, before a new batch is received.
 - 3. Mixing drums shall be watertight.
 - 4. Discharge concrete within 1-1/2 hours from time concrete was mixed, if central mixed, or from the time original water was added, if transit mixed.

5. Producer shall furnish delivery tickets with each load of concrete delivered under this specification. Delivery ticket shall show clearly the class and strength of concrete, size of coarse aggregate, and the slump ordered.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Verify lines, levels, and dimensions before proceeding with work of this section.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Formwork: Comply with requirements of ACI 301. Design and fabricate forms to support all applied loads until concrete is cured, and for easy removal without damage to concrete.
- B. Verify that forms are clean and free of rust before applying release agent.
- Coordinate placement of embedded items with erection of concrete formwork and placement of form accessories.
- D. Where new concrete is to be bonded to previously placed concrete, prepare existing surface by cleaning with steel brush and applying bonding agent in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- E. In locations where new concrete is doweled to existing work, drill holes in existing concrete, insert steel dowels and pack solid with non-shrink grout.

3.03 PLACING CONCRETE

- A. Place concrete in accordance with ACI 304R.
- B. Place concrete for floor slabs in accordance with ACI 302.1R.
- C. Notify Architect not less than 24 hours prior to commencement of placement operations.
- D. Ensure reinforcement, inserts, waterstops, embedded parts, and formed construction joint devices will not be disturbed during concrete placement.

3.04 SLAB JOINTING

- A. Separate slabs on grade from vertical surfaces with joint filler.
- B. Place joint filler in floor slab pattern placement sequence. Set top to required elevations. Secure to resist movement by wet concrete.
- C. Extend joint filler from bottom of slab to within 1/8 inch of finished slab surface. Conform to Section 07 90 05 for finish joint sealer requirements.
- D. Install joint devices in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- E. Install construction joint devices in coordination with floor slab pattern placement sequence. Set top to required elevations. Secure to resist movement by wet concrete.
- F. Apply sealants in joint devices in accordance with Section 07 90 05.
- G. Maintain records of concrete placement. Record date, location, quantity, air temperature, and test samples taken.
- H. Place concrete continuously between predetermined expansion, control, and construction joints.
- I. Do not interrupt successive placement; do not permit cold joints to occur.

- J. Saw cut joints within 8 hours after placing. Use 3/16 inch thick blade, cut into 1/4 depth of slab thickness.
- K. Screed floors level, maintaining surface flatness of maximum 1/16 inch in 10 ft.
- L. Concrete shall be placed by an ACI certified and experienced crew with sufficient equipment to place the entire panel or section in a continuous unbroken operation from beginning to end.
- M. The conveying of concrete from the mixer to the forms shall be as rapid as possible. The conveying equipment shall be of sufficient capacity to ensure a practically continuous flow of concrete to the placing point without segregation or loss of materials.
- N. No concrete that has partially hardened or been contaminated shall be deposited on the work, nor shall retempered concrete be used. In no case shall concrete be used when the elapsed time after addition of water to the batch exceeds 1-1/2 hours. No concrete shall be placed with a slump greater than 6 inches.
- O. All concrete shall be thoroughly spaded around reinforcement, embedded items, and faces of forms. Vibrators of an approved internal type shall be used to assist but not replace the spading. Concrete shall be placed and compacted in layers not over 18 inches thick.
- P. Concrete shall not be allowed to drop freely more than 5 feet in unexposed work or more than 3 feet in exposed work. Where greater drops are required, a tremie or other approved means shall be employed to prevent segregation.
- Q. All concrete slabs shall be consolidated and screeded to an even surface by the use of a straight edge and screeding strips accurately and securely set to the proper grade and prepared for the specified finish. Depress slabs as required for toppings, setting beds, and tile. Slope surfaces 1/8 inch per foot to drains, unless otherwise shown.
- R. On suspension of placing, all keys for joining work shall be made before initial set of concrete. All concrete deposited on exposed reinforcement for future work shall be washed off immediately.

3.05 CURING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with requirements of ACI 308R. Immediately after placement, protect concrete from premature drying, excessively hot or cold temperatures, and mechanical injury.
- B. Maintain concrete with minimal moisture loss at relatively constant temperature for period necessary for hydration of cement and hardening of concrete.
 - 1. Normal concrete: Not less than 7 days.
- C. Monitor rates of evaporation per ACI 305R. Apply evaporation retarder to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.
- D. Formed Surfaces: Cure by moist curing with forms in place for full curing period.
- E. Surface Not in Contact with Forms: Cure concrete according to ACI 308.1, by one or a combination of the following methods:
 - 1. Moisture Curing: Keep surfaces continuously moist for not less than seven days with the following materials:
 - a. Water.
 - b. Continuous water-fog spray.
 - c. Absorptive cover, water saturated, and kept continuously wet. Cover concrete surfaces and edges with 12-inch lap over adjacent absorptive covers.

- Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12 inches, and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Cure for not less than seven days. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.
 - a. Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure concrete surfaces to receive floor coverings.
 - b. Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure concrete surfaces to receive penetrating liquid floor treatments.
 - c. Cure concrete surfaces to receive floor coverings with either a moisture-retaining cover or a curing compound that the manufacturer certifies will not interfere with bonding of floor covering used on Project.
- 3. Curing Compound: Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.
 - a. Removal: After curing period has elapsed, remove curing compound without damaging concrete surfaces by method recommended by curing compound manufacturer unless manufacturer certifies curing compound will not interfere with bonding of floor covering used on Project.
 - b. Curing Compounds are not allowed at stained exposed concrete slabs.

3.06 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- An independent testing agency will perform field quality control tests, as specified in Section 01 40 00.
- B. Provide free access to concrete operations at project site and cooperate with appointed firm.
- C. Submit proposed mix design of each class of concrete to inspection and testing firm for review prior to commencement of concrete operations.
- D. Tests of concrete and concrete materials may be performed at any time to ensure conformance with specified requirements.
- E. Compressive Strength Tests: ASTM C39/C39M. For each test, mold and cure four concrete test cylinders. Obtain test samples for every 50 cu yd or less of each class of concrete placed.
- F. Take one additional test cylinder during cold weather concreting, cured on job site under same conditions as concrete it represents.
- G. Perform one slump test for each set of test cylinders taken, following procedures of ASTM C143/C143M.
- H. Monitor rates of evaporation per ACI 305R.

3.07 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

- A. Defective Concrete: Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Architect. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Architect's approval.
- B. Patching Mortar: Mix dry-pack patching mortar, consisting of one part portland cement to two and one-half parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 (1.18-mm) sieve, using only enough water for handling and placing.
- C. Repairing Formed Surfaces: Surface defects include color and texture irregularities, cracks, spalls, air bubbles, honeycombs, rock pockets, fins and other projections on the surface, and stains and other discolorations that cannot be removed by cleaning.

- Immediately after form removal, cut out honeycombs, rock pockets, and voids more than 1/2 inch (13 mm) in any dimension to solid concrete. Limit cut depth to 3/4 inch (19 mm). Make edges of cuts perpendicular to concrete surface. Clean, dampen with water, and brush-coat holes and voids with bonding agent. Fill and compact with patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Fill form-tie voids with patching mortar or cone plugs secured in place with bonding agent.
- Repair defects on surfaces exposed to view by blending white portland cement and standard portland cement so that, when dry, patching mortar will match surrounding color. Patch a test area at inconspicuous locations to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching. Compact mortar in place and strike off slightly higher than surrounding surface.
- 3. Repair defects on concealed formed surfaces that affect concrete's durability and structural performance as determined by Architect.
- D. Repairing Unformed Surfaces: Test unformed surfaces, such as floors and slabs, for finish and verify surface tolerances specified for each surface. Correct low and high areas. Test surfaces sloped to drain for trueness of slope and smoothness; use a sloped template.
 - 1. Repair finished surfaces containing defects. Surface defects include spalls, popouts, honeycombs, rock pockets, crazing and cracks in excess of 0.01 inch (0.25 mm) wide or that penetrate to reinforcement or completely through unreinforced sections regardless of width, and other objectionable conditions.
 - 2. After concrete has cured at least 14 days, correct high areas by grinding.
 - 3. Correct localized low areas during or immediately after completing surface finishing operations by cutting out low areas and replacing with patching mortar. Finish repaired areas to blend into adjacent concrete.
 - 4. Correct other low areas scheduled to receive floor coverings with a repair underlayment. Prepare, mix, and apply repair underlayment and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface. Feather edges to match adjacent floor elevations.
 - 5. Correct other low areas scheduled to remain exposed with a repair topping. Cut out low areas to ensure a minimum repair topping depth of 1/4 inch (6 mm) to match adjacent floor elevations. Prepare, mix, and apply repair topping and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface.
 - 6. Repair defective areas, except random cracks and single holes 1 inch (25 mm) or less in diameter, by cutting out and replacing with fresh concrete. Remove defective areas with clean, square cuts and expose steel reinforcement with at least a 3/4-inch (19-mm) clearance all around. Dampen concrete surfaces in contact with patching concrete and apply bonding agent. Mix patching concrete of same materials and mixture as original concrete except without coarse aggregate. Place, compact, and finish to blend with adjacent finished concrete. Cure in same manner as adjacent concrete.
 - 7. Repair random cracks and single holes 1 inch (25 mm) or less in diameter with patching mortar. Groove top of cracks and cut out holes to sound concrete and clean off dust, dirt, and loose particles. Dampen cleaned concrete surfaces and apply bonding agent. Place patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Compact patching mortar and finish to match adjacent concrete.
- E. Perform structural repairs of concrete, subject to Architect's approval, using epoxy adhesive and patching mortar.
- F. Repair materials and installation not specified above may be used, subject to Architect's approval.

3.08 DEFECTIVE CONCRETE

A. Test Results: The testing agency shall report test results in writing to Architect and Contractor within 24 hours of test.

- B. Defective Concrete: Concrete not conforming to required lines, details, dimensions, tolerances or specified requirements.
- C. Repair or replacement of defective concrete will be determined by the Architect. The cost of additional testing shall be borne by Contractor when defective concrete is identified.
- D. Do not patch, fill, touch-up, repair, or replace exposed concrete except upon express direction of Architect for each individual area.

SECTION 03 35 10

CONCRETE FINISHES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Scratch, broom, troweled, and non-slip finishes.

1.02 SAMPLE PANELS

- A. Sample panels to be inspected by the Architect/Engineer for uniformity, color and texture.
- B. The finishes in the complete structure shall match the sample panels approved by the Architect/Engineer.
- C. Prepare sample panels of the following finishes:
 - 1. Rubbed Finish: Select a portion of the structure which will not be exposed to view and apply a rubbed finish. See Paragraph 3.01, Subparagraph D, Item 2 of this Section for rubbed finish requirements.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 FORMED SURFACES FINISHES

- A. Immediately after removal of forms, the surface shall be inspected by the Architect/Engineer.
- B. Minor defects (1-1/2 inches or less in depth) in the Work shall be repaired by patching the same day the forms are removed. Defects shall be cut back at 90 degrees to the surface at least 1 inch deep without feather edges. After soaking with water, a dry mortar mix shall be packed into defect. In exposed work, the mortar mix shall be determined by trial method to produce a color and texture which will match adjoining concrete. After the mortar has attained its initial set, the patch shall be scraped or rubbed flush with the concrete and matched to the color and texture of the adjoining surface.

C. Description of Finishes:

- 1. Common Finish: Remove all fins and loose material and patch defects and tie holes.
- 2. Rubbed Finish: After applying a common finish, rub the surface as follows. Finish shall be produced on green concrete as soon as possible after removal of forms, but no later than the day following removal of forms. Surface shall be wet with water and rubbed with carborundum brick or other abrasive until a uniform color and texture are produced. No cement grout or slush shall be used other than the cement paste drawn from the green concrete by the rubbing process. Match finish of approved sample.

D. Schedule of Finishes:

- 1. Common Finish: For all formed surfaces which will not be exposed to view in the finish structure.
- 2. Rubbed Finish: For exposed surfaces where indicated on Drawings.

3.02 FLATWORK FINISHES

A. Slabs shall be consolidated and screeded to an even surface using a straight edge and screed strips to set accurately and securely to the proper grade and prepared for finishing. Surfaces shall slope to drains where applicable.

- B. Exterior Concrete Walks, Platforms and Landings: Slope 1/8 inch per foot unless otherwise indicated. Walks shown crown in the center or if adjoining the building, slope away from the building unless otherwise shown. All exposed edges of walks shall be tooled to form 1/4 inch radius rounded edges.
- C. Scratch Finish: Remove surface water and laitance and roughen the surface with a stiff brush, leaving the aggregate slightly exposed and rough to provide good mechanical bond.
- D. Float Finish: Begin when water sheen has disappeared and the concrete has hardened sufficiently so that the weight of a man standing on it leaves only a slight imprint on the surface. Consolidate the surface by hand or machine floating. Recheck the trueness of surface at this state with a 10 foot straight edge applied at not less than 2 different angles. Cut down all high spots and fill all low spots to produce planes checking true under the straight edge in all directions with a tolerance not to exceed 1/8 inch every 10 feet. Immediately refloat the slab to a uniform, smooth granular texture.
- E. Broom Finish: Provide a float finish and then score the surface in a transverse direction by drawing a broom or burlap belt across the surface, to a texture approved by the Architect/Engineer.
- F. Trowel Finish: Provide a float finish and follow by steel troweling. Produce a smooth surface relatively free from defects with a power trowel. After the surface has hardened sufficiently, trowel by hand. After a ringing sound is produced as the trowel is moved over the surface, make the final troweling. Thoroughly consolidate the surface by hand troweling. The finish surface shall be free of trowel marks, pin holes, and other imperfections; producing a uniform texture and appearance, in a plane within the tolerance specified. Correct any deviation from the above condition which remains after troweling by grinding or filling with an approved material.
 - 1. Finish the Event Floor slab surface to the following tolerances, according to ASTM E 1155, for randomly trafficked floor surfaces:
 - a. Specified overall values of flatness, F(F) 50; and levelness, F(L) 35; with minimum local values of flatness F(F) 30; and of levelness, F(L) 24.
 - 2. Finish other polished concrete slab surfaces to the following tolerances, according to ASTM E 1155, for randomly trafficked floor surfaces:
 - Specified overall values of flatness, F(F) 40; and levelness, F(L) 30; with minimum local values of flatness F(F) 25; and of levelness, F(L) 20.
 - 3. Finish other concrete surfaces to the following tolerances, according to ASTM E 1155, for randomly trafficked floor surfaces:
 - a. Specified overall values of flatness, F(F) 25; and levelness, F(L) 20; with minimum local values of flatness F(F) 17; and of levelness, F(L) 15.

3.03 SCHEDULE OF FINISHES

- A. Scratch Finish: For all concrete surfaces which will be covered with setting beds or topping.
- B. Broom Finish: For all exterior walks, exterior steps, exterior landings, and entrance slabs.
- C. Trowel Finish: For all interior floor slabs which are to be exposed or covered, and other areas where inidicated on Drawings.
- D. Do not use curing compounds, hardeners, or sealers on areas to be covered with carpet.

3.04 FINISHING FORMED SURFACES

- A. Rough-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material with tie holes and defects repaired and patched. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.
 - 1. Apply to concrete surfaces not exposed to public view.

- B. Smooth-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and defects. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.
 - 1. Apply to concrete surfaces exposed to public view, to receive a rubbed finish, or to be covered with a coating or covering material applied directly to concrete.
- C. Rubbed Finish: Apply the following to smooth-formed finished as-cast concrete where indicated:
 - Smooth-Rubbed Finish: Not later than one day after form removal, moisten concrete surfaces and rub with carborundum brick or another abrasive until producing a uniform color and texture. Do not apply cement grout other than that created by the rubbing process.
 - 2. Grout-Cleaned Finish: Wet concrete surfaces and apply grout of a consistency of thick paint to coat surfaces and fill small holes. Mix one part portland cement to one and one-half parts fine sand with a 1:1 mixture of bonding admixture and water. Add white portland cement in amounts determined by trial patches so color of dry grout will match adjacent surfaces. Scrub grout into voids and remove excess grout. When grout whitens, rub surface with clean burlap and keep surface damp by fog spray for at least 36 hours.
 - 3. Cork-Floated Finish: Wet concrete surfaces and apply a stiff grout. Mix one part portland cement and one part fine sand with a 1:1 mixture of bonding agent and water. Add white portland cement in amounts determined by trial patches so color of dry grout will match adjacent surfaces. Compress grout into voids by grinding surface. In a swirling motion, finish surface with a cork float.
- D. Related Unformed Surfaces: At tops of walls, horizontal offsets, and similar unformed surfaces adjacent to formed surfaces, strike off smooth and finish with a texture matching adjacent formed surfaces. Continue final surface treatment of formed surfaces uniformly across adjacent unformed surfaces unless otherwise indicated.

3.05 FLOOR TREATMENTS

A. Concrete floors: Concrete floors which will be covered with floor coverings shall be thoroughly cured in accordance with Section 03 30 00.

3.06 CURING

A. Curing of finished surfaces is specified in Section 03 30 00 - Cast-In-Place Concrete

3.07 INSPECTION

- A. The Architect/Engineer or his representative shall inspect finished concrete for compliance with the requirement of this Section.
- B. Areas which do not comply therewith shall be refinished or corrective measures made, directed by the Architect.

SECTION 04 05 11

MASONRY MORTARING AND GROUTING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Mortar for masonry.
- B. Grout for masonry.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 04 20 00 - Unit Masonry: Installation of mortar and grout.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ACI 530/530.1/ERTA Building Code Requirements and Specification for Masonry Structures and Related Commentaries; 2011.
- B. ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 Specification for Masonry Structures; American Concrete Institute International; 2008.
- C. ASTM C94/C94M Standard Specification for Ready-Mixed Concrete; 2015.
- D. ASTM C144 Standard Specification for Aggregate for Masonry Mortar; 2011.
- E. ASTM C150/C150M Standard Specification for Portland Cement; 2015.
- F. ASTM C207 Standard Specification for Hydrated Lime for Masonry Purposes; 2006 (Reapproved 2011).
- G. ASTM C270 Standard Specification for Mortar for Unit Masonry; 2014a.
- H. ASTM C404 Standard Specification for Aggregates for Masonry Grout; 2011.
- I. ASTM C476 Standard Specification for Grout for Masonry; 2010.
- J. ASTM C780 Standard Test Method for Preconstruction and Construction Evaluation of Mortars for Plain and Reinforced Unit Masonry; 2012.
- K. ASTM C979/C979M Standard Specification for Pigments for Integrally Colored Concrete; 2010.
- L. IMIAWC (HW) Recommended Practices & Guide Specifications for Hot Weather Masonry Construction; International Masonry Industry All-Weather Council; current edition.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Design Mixes: For each grout mix. Indicate amounts of mix water to be withheld for later addition at Project site.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Comply with provisions of ACI 530/ASCE 5/TMS 402 and ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602, except where exceeded by requirements of the contract documents.

1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

 Maintain packaged materials clean, dry, and protected against dampness, freezing, and foreign matter.

1.07 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Cold Weather Requirements: Comply with recommendations of IMIAWC (CW).
- B. Hot Weather Requirements: Comply with IMIAWC (HW).

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C150, Type I Normal; standard gray color.
- B. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C207, Type S.
- C. Mortar Aggregate: ASTM C144.
- D. Grout Aggregate: ASTM C404.
- E. Pigments for Colored Mortar: Pure, concentrated mineral pigments specifically intended for mixing into mortar and complying with ASTM C979.
 - 1. Color: Coosa Frosty as manufacturered by National Cement.
- F. Water: Clean and potable.

2.02 MORTAR MIXES

- A. Mortar for Unit Masonry: ASTM C270, Property Specification.
 - 1. Masonry below grade and in contact with earth: Type M.

2.03 MORTAR MIXING

- A. Thoroughly mix mortar ingredients using mechanical batch mixer, in accordance with ASTM C270 and in quantities needed for immediate use.
- B. Maintain sand uniformly damp immediately before the mixing process.
- C. Do not use anti-freeze compounds to lower the freezing point of mortar.
- D. If water is lost by evaporation, re-temper only within two hours of mixing.
- E. Use mortar within two hours after mixing at temperatures of 90 degrees F, or two-and-one-half hours at temperatures under 40 degrees F.

2.04 GROUT MIXES

A. Grout shall conform to ASTM C476 with compressive strength (F'g) of 2500 psi at 28 days, 8-10 inches slump. Grout shall be placed according to TMS 602/ACI 530.1/ASCE 6 section 3.5

2.05 GROUT MIXING

- A. Mix grout in accordance with ASTM C94/C94M.
- B. Thoroughly mix grout ingredients in quantities needed for immediate use in accordance with ASTM C476 for fine and coarse grout.
- C. Do not use anti-freeze compounds to lower the freezing point of grout.

2.06 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

A. Testing will be conducted by an independent test agency, in accordance with provisions of Section 01 40 00.

- B. Mortar Mixes: Test mortars prebatched by weight in accordance with ASTM C780 recommendations for preconstruction testing.
 - 1. Test results will be used to establish optimum mortar proportions and establish quality control values for construction testing.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

A. Plug clean-out holes for grouted masonry with brick masonry units. Brace masonry to resist wet grout pressure.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install mortar to requirements of section(s) in which masonry is specified.
- B. Work grout into masonry cores and cavities to eliminate voids.
- C. Do not install grout in lifts greater than 16 inches without consolidating grout by rodding.
- D. Do not displace reinforcement while placing grout.
- E. Remove excess mortar from grout spaces.

3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. An independent testing agency will perform field tests, in accordance with provisions of Section 01 40 00.
- B. Test and evaluate mortar in accordance with ASTM C780 procedures.

SECTION 04 20 00

UNIT MASONRY

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Concrete Block.
- B. Common Brick.
- C. Reinforcement and Anchorage.
- D. Flashings.
- E. Lintels.
- F. Accessories.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 04 05 11 Masonry Mortaring and Grouting.
- B. Section 07 90 05 Joint Sealers: Backing rod and sealant at control and expansion joints.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ACI 530/530.1/ERTA Building Code Requirements and Specification for Masonry Structures and Related Commentaries; 2011.
- B. ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602 Specification For Masonry Structures; American Concrete Institute International; 2008.
- C. ASTM A153/A153M Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware; 2009.
- D. ASTM A240/A240M Standard Specification for Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip for Pressure Vessels and for General Applications; 2015b.
- E. ASTM A615/A615M Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement; 2015.
- F. ASTM A641/A641M Standard Specification for Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Carbon Steel Wire; 2009a (Reapproved 2014).
- G. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2015.
- H. ASTM A1064/A1064M Standard Specification for Carbon-Steel Wire and Welded Wire Reinforcement, Plain and Deformed, for Concrete; 2015.
- I. ASTM C34 Standard Specification for Structural Clay Load-Bearing Wall Tile; 2013.
- J. ASTM C62 Standard Specification for Building Brick (Solid Masonry Units Made From Clay or Shale); 2013.
- K. ASTM C90 Standard Specification for Loadbearing Concrete Masonry Units; 2014.
- L. ASTM C126 Standard Specification for Ceramic Glazed Structural Clay Facing Tile, Facing Brick, and Solid Masonry Units; 2015.

- M. ASTM C129 Standard Specification for Nonloadbearing Concrete Masonry Units; 2011.
- N. ASTM C144 Standard Specification for Aggregate for Masonry Mortar; 2011.
- O. ASTM C530 Standard Specification for Structural Clay Nonloadbearing Screen Tile; 2013.
- P. BIA Technical Notes No. 13 Ceramic Glazed Brick Exterior Walls; 2017.
- Q. TMS 402/602 Building Code Requirements and Specification for Masonry Structures; 2016.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data for masonry units, fabricated wire reinforcement, and mortar.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with provisions of ACI 530/530.1/ERTA, except where exceeded by requirements of the contract documents.
 - 1. Maintain one copy of each document on project site.

1.06 MOCK-UP

- A. Construct a masonry wall as a mock-up panel sized 6 feet long by 6 feet high; include mortar, accessories, structural backup, and flashings (with lap joint, corner, and end dam) in mock-up.
- B. Locate where directed.
- C. Mock-up may not remain as part of the Work.

1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver, handle, and store masonry units by means that will prevent mechanical damage and contamination by other materials.
- B. Handle and store ceramic glazed masonry units in protective cartons or trays. Do not remove from protective packaging until ready for installation.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS

- A. Concrete Block: Comply with referenced standards and as follows:
 - 1. Size: Standard units with nominal face dimensions of 16 x 8 inches and nominal depths as indicated on the drawings for specific locations.
 - 2. Special Shapes: Provide non-standard blocks configured for corners and lintels.
 - 3. Load-Bearing Units: ASTM C90, lightweight.
 - a. Type I Moisture-controlled; lightweight.
 - 1) Smooth face
 - 2) Bull-nose, for interior of building, at all exterior corners.
 - b. Exposed Faces: Manufacturer's standard color and texture where indicated.
 - 4. Non-Loadbearing Units: ASTM C129.
 - a. Hollow block, as indicated.
 - b. Lightweight.
 - 1) Smooth face
 - 2) Bull-nose, for interior of building, at all exterior corners.

2.02 BRICK UNITS

A. Manufacturers:

- Meridian Brick LLC; Varsity modular Bessemer Architectural Series: www.meridianbrick.com
- 2. Substitutions: See section 01 60 00 Product Requirements.
- B. Facing Brick: ASTM C216, Type FBS, Grade SW.
 - 1. Special shapes: Molded units as required by conditions indicated, unless standard units can be sawn to produce equivalent effect.
 - 2. Special shaped sills as indicated on drawings.
- C. Building (Common) Brick: ASTM C62, Grade SW; solid units.

2.03 MORTAR AND GROUT MATERIALS

A. Mortar and Grout: As specified in Section 04 05 11.

2.04 REINFORCEMENT AND ANCHORAGE

- A. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615/A615M, Grade 60 60,000 psi, deformed billet bars; uncoated.
- B. Single Wythe Joint Reinforcement: Truss or ladder type; ASTM A1064/A1064M steel wire, mill galvanized to ASTM A641/A641M, Class 3; 0.1483 inch side rods with 0.1483 inch cross rods; width as required to provide not more than 1 inch and not less than 1/2 inch of mortar coverage on each exposure.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Dur-O-Wal.
 - b. Hohmann & Barnard, Inc.
 - c. Substitutions: See Section 01600 Product Requirements.
- C. Multiple Wythe Joint Reinforcement: Truss or ladder type; fabricated with moisture drip; ASTM A1064/A1064M steel wire, hot dip galvanized after fabrication to ASTM A153/153M, Class B; 0.1483 inch side rods with 0.1483 inch cross rods; width as required to provide not more than 1 inch and not less than 1/2 inch of mortar coverage on each exposure.
- D. Type 1 Two-Piece Wall Ties (for attachment to metal studs and sheathing): Formed steel wire, 0.1875 inch thick, adjustable, eye and pintle type, hot dip galvanized to ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class B, sized to provide not more than 1 inch and not less than 1/2 inch of mortar coverage from masonry face and to allow vertical adjustment of up to 1-1/4 in.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Dur-O-Wal: www.dur-o-wal.com.
 - b. Heckmann Building Products, Inc. www.heckmannbuildingprods.com.
 - c. Hohmann & Barnard, Inc: www.h-b.com.
 - d. Substitutions: See Section 01 60 00 Product Requirements.

2.05 FLASHINGS

- A. Stainless Steel/Polymer Fabric Drainage Plane Flashing: ASTM A240/A240M; 2 mil type 304 stainless steel sheet bonded between one sheet of polymer fabric and one sheet of non-woven drainage material.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Building Materials West Company, Inc.; Evacu-Flash SS: www.evacu-flash.com
 - STS Coatings, Inc; Wall Guardian Venting Stainless Steel TWF: www.stscoatings.com
 - c. York Manufacturing, Inc; Flash-Vent SS: www.yorkmfg.com
 - d. Substitutions: See Section 01 60 00 Product Requirements.
- B. Lap Sealant: Butyl type as specified in Section 07 90 05.
- C. Termination Bars: Stainless steel; compatible with membrane and adhesives.

- D. Lap Sealants and Tapes: As recommended by flashing manufacturer; compatible with membrane and adhesives.
- E. 40 mill rubberized membrane with adhesive backing for use above lintels and shelf angles.

2.06 ACCESSORIES

- A. Preformed Control Joints: Rubber material. Provide with corner and tee accessories, fused joints.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Dur-O-Wal: www.dur-o-wal.com.
 - b. Heckmann Building Products, Inc.
 - c. Hohmann & Barnard, Inc (including Dur-O-Wal brand): www.h-b.com/#sle.
 - d. Substitutions: See Section 01 60 00 Product Requirements.
- B. Weeps:
 - 1. Type: Molded PVC grilles, insect resistant.
- C. Mortar Deflectors: Polyethylene core geomatrix
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Masonry Reinforcing Corp. of America; Product Mortar Net 2"
 - b. Substitutions: See Section 01 60 00 Product Requirements.
- D. Cleaning Solution: Non-acidic, not harmful to masonry work or adjacent materials.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field conditions are acceptable and are ready to receive masonry.
- B. Verify that related items provided under other sections are properly sized and located.
- C. Verify that built-in items are in proper location, and ready for roughing into masonry work.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Direct and coordinate placement of metal anchors supplied for installation under other sections.
- B. Provide temporary bracing during installation of masonry work. Maintain in place until building structure provides permanent bracing.

3.03 COURSING

- A. Establish lines, levels, and coursing indicated. Protect from displacement.
- B. Maintain masonry courses to uniform dimension. Form vertical and horizontal joints of uniform thickness.
- C. Concrete Masonry Units:
 - 1. Bond: Running.
 - 2. Coursing: One unit and one mortar joint to equal 8 inches.
 - 3. Mortar Joints: Concave.
- D. Brick Units:
 - 1. Bond: Running.
 - 2. Coursing: Three units and three mortar joints to equal 8 inches.
 - 3. Mortar Joints: Concave.

3.04 PLACING AND BONDING

- A. Lay solid masonry units in full bed of mortar, with full head joints, uniformly jointed with other work.
- B. Lay hollow masonry units with face shell bedding on head and bed joints.
- C. Buttering corners of joints or excessive furrowing of mortar joints is not permitted.
- D. Remove excess mortar and mortar smears as work progresses.
- E. Interlock intersections and external corners, except for units laid in stack bond.
- F. Do not shift or tap masonry units after mortar has achieved initial set. Where adjustment must be made, remove mortar and replace.
- G. Perform job site cutting of masonry units with proper tools to provide straight, clean, unchipped edges. Prevent broken masonry unit corners or edges.
- H. Cut mortar joints flush where wall tile is scheduled or bitumen dampproofing is applied.

3.05 WEEPS/CAVITY VENTS

A. Install weeps in veneer and cavity walls at 24 inches on center horizontally above through-wall flashing.

3.06 CAVITY MORTAR CONTROL

- A. Do not permit mortar to drop or accumulate into cavity air space or to plug weep/cavity vents.
- B. For cavity walls, build inner wythe ahead of outer wythe to accommodate accessories.

3.07 REINFORCEMENT AND ANCHORAGE - SINGLE WYTHE MASONRY

- A. Install horizontal joint reinforcement 16 inches on center.
- B. Place masonry joint reinforcement in first and second horizontal joints above and below openings. Extend minimum 16 inches each side of opening.
- C. Place continuous joint reinforcement in first and second joint below top of walls.
- D. Lap joint reinforcement ends minimum 6 inches.
- E. Reinforce joint corners and intersections with strap anchors 16 inches on center.

3.08 REINFORCEMENT AND ANCHORAGE - MASONRY VENEER

- A. Install horizontal joint reinforcement 16 inches on center.
- B. Place masonry joint reinforcement in first and second horizontal joints above and below openings. Extend minimum 16 inches each side of opening.
- C. Place continuous joint reinforcement in first and second joint below top of walls.
- D. Lap joint reinforcement ends minimum 6 inches.
- E. Masonry Back-Up: Embed anchors to bond veneer at maximum 16 inches on center vertically and 24 inches on center horizontally. Place additional anchors at perimeter of openings and ends of panels, so maximum spacing of anchors is 8 inches on center.
- F. Reinforce joint corners and intersections with strap anchors 16 inches on center.

3.09 REINFORCEMENT AND ANCHORAGES - CAVITY WALL MASONRY

- A. Install horizontal joint reinforcement 16 inches on center.
- B. Place masonry joint reinforcement in first and second horizontal joints above and below openings. Extend minimum 16 inches each side of openings.
- C. Place continuous joint reinforcement in first and second joint below top of walls.
- D. Lap joint reinforcement ends minimum 6 inches.
- E. Fasten anchors to structural framing and embed in masonry joints as masonry is laid. Space anchors at maximum of 24 inches horizontally and 16 inches vertically.
- F. Reinforce joint corners and intersections with strap anchors 16 inches on center.

3.10 MASONRY FLASHINGS

- A. Whether or not specifically indicated, install masonry flashing to divert water to exterior at all locations where downward flow of water will be interrupted.
 - 1. Extend flashings full width at such interruptions and at least 6 inches into adjacent masonry or turn up at least 8 inches to form watertight pan at non-masonry construction.
 - 2. Remove or cover protrusions or sharp edges that could puncture flashings.
 - 3. Seal lapped ends and penetrations of flashing before covering with mortar.
- B. Extend metal flashings through exterior face of masonry and turn down to form drip. Install joint sealer below drip edge to prevent moisture migration under flashing.
- C. Lap end joints of flashings at least 6 inches and seal watertight with flashing sealant/adhesive.

3.11 LINTELS

A. Refer to Drawings.

3.12 GROUTED COMPONENTS

- A. Lap splices as indicated on drawings.
- B. Support and secure reinforcing bars from displacement. Maintain position within 1/2 inch of dimensioned position.
- C. Place and consolidate grout fill without displacing reinforcing.
- D. Fill all masonry cells of retaining walls with grout.

3.13 CONTROL AND EXPANSION JOINTS

- A. Do not continue horizontal joint reinforcement through control or expansion joints.
- B. Form control joint with a sheet building paper bond breaker fitted to one side of the hollow contour end of the block unit. Fill the resultant core with grout fill. Rake joint at exposed unit faces for placement of backer rod and sealant.
- C. Install preformed control joint device in continuous lengths. Seal butt and corner joints in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Size control joints as indicated on drawings; if not shown, 3/4 inch wide and deep.
- E. Size control joint in accordance with Section 07 90 05 for sealant performance.

3.14 BUILT-IN WORK

- A. As work progresses, install built-in metal door frames, fabricated metal frames, and block-outs for openings and other items to be built into the work and furnished under other sections.
- B. Install built-in items plumb, level, and true to line.
- C. Bed anchors of metal door frames in adjacent mortar joints. Fill frame voids solid with grout.
 1. Fill adjacent masonry cores with grout minimum 12 inches from framed openings.
- D. Do not build into masonry construction organic materials that are subject to deterioration.

3.15 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation from Alignment of Columns: 1/4 inch.
- B. Maximum Variation From Unit to Adjacent Unit: 1/32 inch.
- C. Maximum Variation from Plane of Wall: 1/4 inch in 10 ft and 1/2 inch in 20 ft or more.
- D. Maximum Variation from Plumb: 1/4 inch per story non-cumulative; 1/2 inch in two stories or more.
- E. Maximum Variation from Level Coursing: 1/8 inch in 3 ft and 1/4 inch in 10 ft; 1/2 inch in 30 ft.
- F. Maximum Variation of Mortar Joint Thickness: Head joint, minus 1/4 inch, plus 3/8 inch.
- G. Maximum Variation from Cross Sectional Thickness of Walls: 1/4 inch.

3.16 CUTTING AND FITTING

- Cut and fit for chases. Coordinate with other sections of work to provide correct size, shape, and location.
- B. Obtain approval prior to cutting or fitting masonry work not indicated or where appearance or strength of masonry work may be impaired.

3.17 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. An independent testing agency will perform field quality control tests, as specified in Section 01 40 00.

3.18 CLEANING

- A. Remove excess mortar and mortar droppings.
- B. Replace defective mortar. Match adjacent work.
- C. Clean soiled surfaces with cleaning solution.
- D. Use non-metallic tools in cleaning operations.

3.19 PROTECTION

A. Without damaging completed work, provide protective boards at exposed external corners that are subject to damage by construction activities.

SECTION 04 72 00

CAST STONE MASONRY

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Architectural cast stone.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements.
- B. Section 04 05 11 Masonry Mortaring and Grouting: Mortar for setting cast stone.
- C. Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: Installation of cast stone in conjunction with masonry.
- D. Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry Assemblies: Cast Stone Unit Masonry.
- E. Section 07 90 05 Joint Sealers: Materials and execution methods for sealing soft joints in cast stone work.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ACI 318 Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete and Commentary; 2014 (Errata 2016).
- B. ASTM A185/A185M Standard Specification for Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement, Plain, for Concrete; 2007.
- C. ASTM A615/A615M Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement; 2015.
- D. ASTM C33/C33M Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates; 2016.
- E. ASTM C150/C150M Standard Specification for Portland Cement; 2015.
- F. ASTM C494/C494M Standard Specification for Chemical Admixtures for Concrete; 2016.
- G. ASTM C979/C979M Standard Specification for Pigments for Integrally Colored Concrete; 2010.
- H. ASTM C1364 Standard Specification for Architectural Cast Stone; 2016.

1.04 DEFINITIONS

- A. Cast Stone: Highly refined architectural concrete stone product manufactured to simulate fine grain texture of natural stone.
- B. Vibrant Dry Tamp (VDT) Casting Method: Vibatory ramming of damp-zero-slump concrete against rigid formwork until it is densely compacted and ready for immediate removal from form.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include elevations, dimensions, layouts, profiles, cross sections, reinforcement, exposed faces, arrangement of joints, anchoring methods, anchors, and piece numbers.
- C. Verification Samples: Pieces of actual cast stone components not less than 12 inches square, illustrating range of color and texture to be anticipated in components furnished for the project.

1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A current producer member of the Cast Stone Institute with a minimum of 5 years of experience in producing cast stone of the types required for project and:
 - 1. Adequate plant capacity to furnish quality, sizes, and quantity of cast stone required without delaying progress of the work.
 - 2. Products previously produced by plant and exposed to weather that exhibit satisfactory appearance.
- B. Standards: Comply with requirements of Cast Stone Institute Technical Manual (CSI-TM).

1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver cast stone components secured to shipping pallets and protected from damage and discoloration. Protect corners from damage.
- B. Number each piece individually to match shop drawings and schedule.
- C. Store cast stone components and installation materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Store cast stone components on pallets with nonstaining, waterproof covers. Ventilate under covers to prevent condensation. Prevent contact with dirt.
- E. Protect cast stone components during handling and installation to prevent chipping, cracking, or other damage.
- F. Store mortar materials where contamination can be avoided.
- G. Schedule and coordinate production and delivery of cast stone components with unit masonry work to optimize on-site inventory and to avoid delaying the work.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Architectural Cast Stone:
 - 1. Tanner Stone, www.TannerStone.com.
 - 2. Castone, P.O. Box 747, Opelika, Alabama 36801. Phone (334) 745-3571.
 - 3. Continental Cast Stone; www.continentalcaststone.com
 - 4. Miller-Mize Precast, Inc.
 - 5. Southern Castings, Inc.
 - 6. Valley Stone, Inc; www.valleystone-inc.com.
 - 7. Substitutions: See Section 01 60 00 Product Requirements.

2.02 ARCHITECTURAL CAST STONE

- A. Cast Stone: Architectural concrete product manufactured to simulate appearance of natural granite, complying with ASTM C1364.
 - 1. Compressive Strength: As specified in ASTM C1364; calculate strength of pieces to be field cut at 80 percent of uncut piece.
 - 2. Absorption, ASTM C 642 or C 1195: 6 percent maximum at 28 days.
 - 3. Freeze-Thaw Resistance: Demonstrated by field experience.
 - 4. Surface Texture: Fine grained texture, similar to natural stone, with no bugholes, air voids, or other surface blemishes visible from distance of 10 feet.
 - 5. Color and Finish: Selected by Architect to match Cast Stone Modular Units specified in Section 04 20 00. Provide custom color as required.
 - a. Viewing conditions: Compare in direct daylight at 10 feet, after subjecting to similar aging and weather conditions.

- 6. Remove cement film from exposed surfaces before packaging for shipment.
- B. Shapes: Provide shapes indicated on drawings.
 - 1. Variation from Any Dimension, Including Bow, Camber, and Twist: Maximum of plus/minus 1/8 inch or length divided by 360, whichever is greater, but not more than 1/4 inch.
 - 2. Unless otherwise indicated on drawings, provide:
 - a. Wash or slope of 1:12 on exterior horizontal surfaces.
 - b. Drips on projecting components, wherever possible.
 - c. Raised fillets at back of sills and at ends to be built in.
- C. Reinforcement: Provide reinforcement as required to withstand handling and structural stresses; comply with ACI 318.
 - 1. Pieces More than 12 inches Wide: Provide full length two-way reinforcement of cross-sectional area not less than 0.25 percent of unit cross-sectional area.
- D. Curing: Cure componets with a direct fired steam generator at a minimum temperture of 105 degrees F for a minimum of 6 hours, within 12 hours of fabrication.
 - 1. Cure components in the presence of carbon monoxide and corbon dioxide to promote carbonation at the surface, for efflorescence control.

E. Columns:

- 1. Column shaft shall be molded cast stone. The column style shall be as shown on drawings.
- 2. Capital shall be two-piece molded capital consistent with the Orders of Architecture, matching the profile sown on the drawings.
- 3. Base shall be two-piece molded base consistent with the Orders of Architecture.
- 4. Ornamental Capitals shall be manufactured from the same manufacturer as the column shaft.

2.03 MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C150.
 - 1. For Units: Type I, white or gray as required to match Architect 's sample.
 - 2. For Mortar: Type I or II, except Type III may be used in cold weather.
- B. Coarse Aggregate: ASTM C33, except for gradation; granite, quartz, or limestone.
- C. Fine Aggregate: ASTM C33, except for gradation; natural or manufactured sands.
- D. Pigments: ASTM C979, inorganic iron oxides; do not use carbon black.
- E. Admixtures: ASTM C 494.
- F. Water: Potable.
- G. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615, galvanized.
- H. Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A185/A185M, galvanized.
- I. Embedded Anchors, Dowels, and Inserts: Type 304 stainless steel, of type and size as required for conditions.
- J. Mortar: As specified in Section 04065.
- K. Anchors: Non-corrosive type, sized for conditions.
- L. Sealant: As specified in Section 07 90 05.
- M. Cleaner: General-purpose cleaner designed for removing mortar and grout stains, efflorescence, and other construction stains from new masonry surfaces without discoloring or

damaging masonry surfaces; approved for intended use by cast stone manufacturer and by cleaner manufacturer for use on cast stone and adjacent masonry materials.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine construction to receive cast stone components. Notify Architect if construction is not acceptable.
- B. Do not begin installation until unacceptable conditions have been corrected.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- Install cast stone components in conjunction with masonry, complying with requirements of Section 04 20 00.
- B. Mechanically anchor cast stone units indicated; set remainder in mortar.
- C. Setting:
 - 1. Drench cast stone components with clear, running water immediately before installation.
 - 2. Do not use pry bars or other equipment in a manner that could damage cast.
 - 3. Set units in a full bed of mortar unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Fill vertical joints with mortar.
 - 5. Fill dowel holes and anchor slots completely with mortar or non-shrink grout.
 - 6. Sealant to be used at head joints, see Section 07 90 05 Joint Sealers.

3.03 CLEANING

- A. Keep cast stone components clean as work progresses.
- B. Clean completed exposed cast stone after mortar is thoroughly set and cured.
 - 1. Wet surfaces with water before applying cleaner.
 - 2. Apply cleaner to cast stone in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
 - 3. Remove cleaner promptly by rinsing thoroughly with clear water.
 - 4. Do not use acidic cleaners.

3.04 PROTECTION

- A. Protect completed work from damage.
- B. Clean, repair, or restore damaged or mortar-splashed work to condition of new work.

SECTION 05 12 00

STRUCTURAL STEEL FRAMING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Structural steel framing members, support members.
- B. Base plates.
- C. Grouting under base plates.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 05 21 00 Steel Joist Framing.
- B. Section 05 31 00 Steel Decking: Support framing for small openings in deck.
- C. Section 05 50 00 Metal Fabrications: Steel fabrications affecting structural steel work.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AISC (MAN) Steel Construction Manual; 2011.
- B. AISC S303 Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges; 2016.
- C. AISC S348 Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A325 or A490 Bolts; 2004.
- D. ASTM A36/A36M Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel; 2014.
- E. ASTM A53/A53M Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless; 2012.
- F. ASTM A307 Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts, Studs, and Threaded Rod 60 000 PSI Tensile Strength; 2014.
- G. ASTM A325 Standard Specification for Structural Bolts, Steel, Heat Treated, 120/105 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength; 2014.
- H. ASTM A500/A500M Standard Specification for Cold-Formed Welded and Seamless Carbon Steel Structural Tubing in Rounds and Shapes; 2013.
- I. ASTM A1008/A1008M Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, Solution Hardened, and Bake Hardenable; 2015.
- J. ASTM A1011/A1011M Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet and Strip, Hot-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, and Ultra-High Strength; 2014.
- K. ASTM C1107/C1107M Standard Specification for Packaged Dry, Hydraulic-Cement Grout (Nonshrink); 2014a.
- L. ASTM F1554 Standard Specification for Anchor Bolts, Steel, 36, 55, and 105-ksi Yield Strength; 2015.
- M. AWS A2.4 Standard Symbols for Welding, Brazing, and Nondestructive Examination; 2012.
- N. AWS D1.1/D1.1M Structural Welding Code Steel; 2015 (Errata 2016).

O. SSPC-Paint 20 - Zinc-Rich Primers (Type I, "Inorganic," and Type II, "Organic"); 2002 (Ed. 2004).

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings:
 - 1. Indicate profiles, sizes, spacing, locations of structural members, openings, attachments, and fasteners.
 - 2. Connections.
 - 3. Indicate welded connections with AWS A2.4 welding symbols. Indicate net weld lengths.
- C. Manufacturer's Mill Certificate: Certify that products meet or exceed specified requirements.
- D. Welders Certificates: Certify welders employed on the Work, verifying AWS qualification within the previous 12 months.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricate structural steel members in accordance with AISC "Steel Construction Manual."
- B. Comply with Section 10 of AISC "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" for architecturally exposed structural steel.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Steel Angles and Plates: ASTM A36/A36M.
- B. Hollow Structural Sections: ASTM A500, Grade C.
- C. Bolts: ASTM A307.
- D. Headed Anchor Rods: ASTM F1554, Grade 36, plain.
- E. Welding Materials: AWS D1.1; E70XX electrodes, minimum size 3/16"
- F. Grout: Non-shrink, non-metallic aggregate type, complying with ASTM C1107/C1107M and capable of developing a minimum compressive strength of 7,000 psi at 28 days.
- G. Shop and Touch-Up Primer: Fabricator's standard, complying with VOC limitations of authorities having jurisdiction.

2.02 FABRICATION

- A. Shop fabricate to greatest extent possible.
- B. Fabricate connections for bolt, nut, and washer connectors.

2.03 FINISH

- A. Prepare structural component surfaces in accordance with SSPC SP 20.
- B. Shop prime structural steel members. Do not prime surfaces that will be field welded, in contact with concrete, or high strength bolted.

2.04 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Provide shop testing and inspection of structural steel per Special Inspections as noted in drawings and specifications.

- B. High-Strength Bolts: Provide testing and verification of shop-bolted connections in accordance with AISC "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A325 or A490 Bolts".
- C. Welded Connections: Visually inspect all shop-welded connections.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that conditions are appropriate for erection of structural steel and that the work may properly proceed.

3.02 ERECTION

- A. Erect structural steel in compliance with AISC "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges".
- B. Allow for erection loads, and provide sufficient temporary bracing to maintain structure in safe condition, plumb, and in true alignment until completion of erection and installation of permanent bracing.
- C. Field weld components indicated on shop drawings.
- Use carbon steel bolts only for temporary bracing during construction, unless otherwise specifically permitted on drawings. Install high-strength bolts in accordance with AISC "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A325 or A490 Bolts".
- E. Do not field cut or alter structural members without approval of Architect.
- F. After erection, prime welds, abrasions, and surfaces not shop primed, except surfaces to be in contact with concrete.
- G. Grout solidly between column plates and bearing surfaces, complying with manufacturer's instructions for nonshrink grout. Trowel grouted surfaces smooth, splaying neatly to 45 degrees.

3.03 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation From Plumb: 1/4 inch per story, non-cumulative.
- B. Maximum Offset From True Alignment: 1/4 inch.

3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. An independent testing agency will perform field quality control tests, as specified in Section 01 40 00.

SECTION 05 50 00

METAL FABRICATIONS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Shop fabricated steel items.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 03 30 00 Cast-in-Place Concrete: Placement of metal fabrications in concrete.
- B. Section 05 12 00-Structural Steel: Bearing plates for metal deck bearing, including anchorage.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A36/A36M Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel; 2014.
- B. ASTM A53/A53M Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless; 2012.
- C. ASTM A283/A283M Standard Specification for Low and Intermediate Tensile Strength Carbon Steel Plates; 2013.
- D. ASTM A307 Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts, Studs, and Threaded Rod 60 000 PSI Tensile Strength; 2014.
- E. ASTM A325 Standard Specification for Structural Bolts, Steel, Heat Treated, 120/105 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength; 2014.
- F. ASTM A325M Standard Specification for Structural Bolts, Steel, Heat Treated 830 MPa Minimum Tensile Strength (Metric); 2014.
- G. ASTM A500/A500M Standard Specification for Cold-Formed Welded and Seamless Carbon Steel Structural Tubing in Rounds and Shapes; 2013.
- H. ASTM A501/A501M Standard Specification for Hot-Formed Welded and Seamless Carbon Steel Structural Tubing; 2014.
- ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2015.
- J. ASTM B85/85M Standard Specification for Aluminum-Alloy Die Castings; 2014.
- K. ASTM B177/B177M Standard Guide for Engineering Chromium Electroplating; 2011.
- L. AWS A2.4 Standard Symbols for Welding, Brazing, and Nondestructive Examination; 2012.
- M. AWS D1.1/D1.1M Structural Welding Code Steel; 2015 (Errata 2016).
- N. SSPC-Paint 15 Steel Joist Shop Primer/Metal Building Primer; 1999 (Ed. 2004).
- O. SSPC-Paint 20 Zinc-Rich Primers (Type I, "Inorganic," and Type II, "Organic"); 2002 (Ed. 2004).
- P. SSPC-SP 2 Hand Tool Cleaning; 1982 (Ed. 2004).

1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 01 30 00 - Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.

- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate profiles, sizes, connection attachments, reinforcing, anchorage, size and type of fasteners, and accessories. Include erection drawings, elevations, and details where applicable.
 - 1. Indicate welded connections using standard AWS A2.4 welding symbols. Indicate net weld lengths.
- C. Welders' Certificates: Submit certification for welders employed on the project, verifying AWS qualification within the previous 12 months.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS - STEEL

- A. Steel Sections: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- B. Steel Tubing: ASTM A 500, Grade B cold-formed structural tubing.
- C. Plates: ASTM A 283.
- D. Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Grade B Schedule 40, black finish.
- E. Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 325 (ASTM A 325M), Type 1.
- F. Welding Materials: AWS D1.1/D1.1M; type required for materials being welded.
- G. Shop and Touch-Up Primer: SSPC-Paint 15, complying with VOC limitations of authorities having jurisdiction.

2.02 FABRICATION

- A. Fit and shop assemble items in largest practical sections, for delivery to site.
- B. Fabricate items with joints tightly fitted and secured.
- C. Continuously seal joined members by intermittent welds and plastic filler.
- D. Grind exposed joints flush and smooth with adjacent finish surface. Make exposed joints butt tight, flush, and hairline. Ease exposed edges to small uniform radius.
- E. Exposed Mechanical Fastenings: Flush countersunk screws or bolts; unobtrusively located; consistent with design of component, except where specifically noted otherwise.
- F. Supply components required for anchorage of fabrications. Fabricate anchors and related components of same material and finish as fabrication, except where specifically noted otherwise.

2.03 FABRICATED ITEMS

- A. Posts and Guard Rails: As detailed; prime paint finish.
- B. Bollards: Steel pipe, concrete filled, crowned cap, as detailed; prime paint finish.
- C. Ledge Angles, Shelf Angles, Channels, and Plates Not Attached to Structural Framing: For support of metal decking; prime paint finish.
- D. Lintels: As detailed; prime paint finish.

2.04 FINISHES - STEEL

- A. Prime paint all steel items.
 - 1. Exceptions: Do not prime surfaces in direct contact with concrete, where field welding is required, and items to be covered with sprayed fireproofing.

- B. Prepare surfaces to be primed in accordance with SSPC-SP2.
- C. Clean surfaces of rust, scale, grease, and foreign matter prior to finishing.
- D. Prime Painting: One coat.

2.05 FABRICATION TOLERANCES

- A. Squareness: 1/8 inch maximum difference in diagonal measurements.
- B. Maximum Offset Between Faces: 1/16 inch.
- C. Maximum Misalignment of Adjacent Members: 1/16 inch.
- D. Maximum Bow: 1/8 inch in 48 inches.
- E. Maximum Deviation From Plane: 1/16 inch in 48 inches.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field conditions are acceptable and are ready to receive work.
- B. Beginning of installation means erector accepts existing conditions.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Clean and strip primed steel items to bare metal where site welding is required.
- B. Supply setting templates to the appropriate entities for steel items required to be cast into concrete or embedded in masonry.

3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Install items plumb and level, accurately fitted, free from distortion or defects.
- B. Provide for erection loads, and for sufficient temporary bracing to maintain true alignment until completion of erection and installation of permanent attachments.
- C. Field weld components indicated on shop drawings.
- D. Perform field welding in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- E. Obtain approval prior to site cutting or making adjustments not scheduled.
- F. After erection, prime welds, abrasions, and surfaces not shop primed.

3.04 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation From Plumb: 1/4 inch per story, non-cumulative.
- B. Maximum Offset From True Alignment: 1/4 inch.
- C. Maximum Out-of-Position: 1/4 inch.

SECTION 06 10 00

ROUGH CARPENTRY

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Preservative treated wood materials.
- B. Communications and electrical room mounting boards.
- C. Wood nailers and curbs for roofing and items installed on roof.
- D. Concealed wood blocking, nailers, and supports.

1.02 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A153/A153M Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware; 2009.
- B. AWC (WFCM) Wood Frame Construction Manual for One- and Two-Family Dwellings; 2015.
- C. AWPA U1 Use Category System: User Specification for Treated Wood; 2012.
- D. PS 1 Structural Plywood; 2009.
- E. PS 20 American Softwood Lumber Standard; 2010.
- F. SPIB (GR) Grading Rules; 2014.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Lumber: Comply with PS 20 and approved grading rules and inspection agencies.
 - Lumber of other species or grades, or graded by other agencies, is acceptable provided structural and appearance characteristics are equivalent to or better than products specified.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Dimension Lumber: Comply with PS 20 and requirements of specified grading agencies.
 - 1. If no species is specified, provide any species graded by the agency specified; if no grading agency is specified, provide lumber graded by any grading agency meeting the specified requirements.
 - Grading Agency: Any grading agency whose rules are approved by the Board of Review, American Lumber Standard Committee (www.alsc.org) and who provides grading service for the species and grade specified; provide lumber stamped with grade mark unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Lumber fabricated from old growth timber is not permitted.

2.02 DIMENSION LUMBER FOR CONCEALED APPLICATIONS

- A. Grading Agency: Southern Pine Inspection Bureau, Inc. (SPIB).
- B. Sizes: Nominal sizes as indicated on drawings, #2 Southern Pine.
- C. Moisture Content: S-dry or MC19.
- D. Miscellaneous Framing, Blocking, Nailers, Grounds, and Furring:

- 1. Lumber: S4S, No. 2 or Standard Grade.
- 2. Boards: Standard or No. 3.
- E. Miscellaneous Blocking, Furring, and Nailers:
 - 1. Lumber: S4S, No. 2 or Standard Grade.

2.03 CONSTRUCTION PANELS

- A. Other Applications:
 - 1. Plywood Concealed From View But Located Within Exterior Enclosure: PS 1, C-C Plugged or better, Exterior grade.
 - 2. Plywood Exposed to View But Not Exposed to Weather: PS 1, A-D, or better.
 - 3. Other Locations: PS 1, C-D Plugged or better.
 - 4. Electrical Component Mounting: APA rated sheathing, fire retardant treated.

2.04 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners and Anchors:
 - Metal and Finish: Hot-dipped galvanized steel per ASTM A 153/A 153M for high humidity and preservative-treated wood locations, unfinished steel elsewhere.
 - 2. Drywall Screws: Bugle head, hardened steel, power driven type, length three times thickness of sheathing.
 - 3. Anchors: Toggle bolt type for anchorage to hollow masonry.

2.05 FACTORY WOOD TREATMENT

- A. Treated Lumber and Plywood: Comply with requirements of AWPA U1 Use Category System for wood treatments determined by use categories, expected service conditions, and specific applications.
 - Preservative-Treated Wood: Provide lumber and plywood marked or stamped by an ALSC-accredited testing agency, certifying level and type of treatment in accordance with AWPA standards.
- B. Preservative Pressure Treatment of Lumber Above Grade: AWPA U1, Use Category UC3B, Commodity Specification A using waterborne preservative to 0.25 lb/cu ft retention.
 - 1. Kiln dry lumber after treatment to maximum moisture content of 19 percent.
 - 2. Treat lumber in contact with masonry or concrete.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Select material sizes to minimize waste.
- B. Reuse scrap to the greatest extent possible; clearly separate scrap for use on site as accessory components, including: shims, bracing, and blocking.
- C. Where treated wood is used on interior, provide temporary ventilation during and immediately after installation sufficient to remove indoor air contaminants.

3.02 FRAMING INSTALLATION

- A. Set structural members level, plumb, and true to line. Discard pieces with defects that would lower required strength or result in unacceptable appearance of exposed members.
- B. Make provisions for temporary construction loads, and provide temporary bracing sufficient to maintain structure in true alignment and safe condition until completion of erection and installation of permanent bracing.
- C. Install structural members full length without splices unless otherwise specifically detailed.

D.	Comply with member sizes, spacing, and configurations indicated, and fastener size and
	spacing indicated, but not less than required by applicable codes, AWC (WFCM) Wood Frame
	Construction Manual, and

- E. Construct double joist headers at floor and ceiling openings and under wall stud partitions that are parallel to floor joists; use metal joist hangers unless otherwise detailed.
- F. Frame wall openings with two or more studs at each jamb; support headers on cripple studs.

3.03 BLOCKING, NAILERS, AND SUPPORTS

A. Provide framing and blocking members as indicated or as required to support finishes, fixtures, specialty items, and trim.

3.04 INSTALLATION OF CONSTRUCTION PANELS

3.05 TOLERANCES

- A. Framing Members: 1/4 inch from true position, maximum.
- B. Variation from Plane (Other than Floors): 1/4 inch in 10 feet maximum, and 1/4 inch in 30 feet maximum.

3.06 CLEANING

- A. Do not leave any wood, shavings, sawdust, etc. on the ground or buried in fill.
- B. Prevent sawdust and wood shavings from entering the storm drainage system.

SECTION 06 20 00

FINISH CARPENTRY

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Finish carpentry items.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 09 90 00 - Paints and Coatings: Painting and finishing of finish carpentry items.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AWI/AWMAC (QSI) Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards Illustrated; Architectural Woodwork Institute and Architectural Woodwork Manufacturers Association of Canada; 2005, 8th Ed., Version 2.0.
- B. NHLA G-101 Rules for the Measurement & Inspection of Hardwood & Cypress; 2011.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform work in accordance with AWI Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards Illustrated, Custom grade.
- B. Fabricator Qualifications: Company specializing in fabricating the products specified in this section with minimum five years of documented experience.

1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect work from moisture damage.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 FINISH CARPENTRY ITEMS

- A. Exterior Woodwork Items:
 - 1. Window Casings and Moldings: Softwood; prepare for paint finish.
 - 2. Soffits and Fascias: Prepare for paint finish.

2.02 WOOD-BASED COMPONENTS

A. Wood fabricated from old growth timber is not permitted.

2.03 LUMBER MATERIALS

- A. Softwood Lumber: Poplar species, plain sawn, maximum moisture content of 6 percent; with vertical grain, paint grade.
 - 1. Grading: In accordance with rules certified by ALSC; www.alsc.org.
- B. Trim Lumber: Poplar species, plain sawn, maximum moisture content of 6 percent; with vertical grain, paint grade unless otherwise noted.
 - 1. Grading: In accordance with NHLA G-101 Grading Rules; www.nhla.org.

2.04 ADHESIVE

A. Adhesive: Type recommended by AWI to suit application.

2.05 FASTENINGS

- A. Fasteners: Of size and type to suit application; mill finish in concealed locations and satin chrome finish in exposed locations.
- B. Concealed Joint Fasteners: Threaded steel.

2.06 ACCESSORIES

- A. Lumber for Shimming, Blocking, and Curbing: Softwood lumber of Southern Yellow Pine or Spruce species.
- B. Primer: Alkyd primer sealer.
- C. Wood Filler: Solvent base, tinted to match surface finish color.

2.07 FABRICATION

A. Shop assemble work for delivery to site, permitting passage through building openings.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Verify adequacy of backing and support framing.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Set and secure materials and components in place, plumb and level.
- B. Carefully scribe work abutting other components, with maximum gaps of 1/32 inch. Do not use additional overlay trim to conceal larger gaps.
- C. Install trim with wall adhesive by gun application and mechanically fastened as required.

3.03 PREPARATION FOR SITE FINISHING

- A. Set exposed fasteners. Apply wood filler in exposed fastener indentations. Sand work smooth.
- B. Site Finishing: See Section 09 90 00.
- C. Before installation, prime paint surfaces of items or assemblies to be in contact with cementitious materials.

3.04 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation from True Position: 1/16 inch.
- B. Maximum Offset from True Alignment with Abutting Materials: 1/32 inch.

SECTION 07 31 13

ASPHALT SHINGLES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Asphalt shingles.
 - 2. Underlayment.
 - 3. Nail Over Ridge & Hip Vents.
 - 4. Fascia Vent.
- B. Related Sections:
 - 1. Division 01 Section "Summary of Work" for scope of work.
 - 2. Division 06 Section "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry" for wood framing and roof deck.
 - 3. Division 07 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" for metal roof penetration flashings, counter-flashings and flashings.

1.03 DEFINITION

A. Roofing Terminology: See ASTM D 1079 and glossary of NRCA's "The NRCA Roofing and Waterproofing Manual" for definitions of terms related to roofing work in this Section.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of asphalt shingle, ridge and hip cap shingles, and ridge vent indicated.
 - 1. Include similar color charts of trim and accessories involving color selection.
- C. Samples for Verification: For the following products, of sizes indicated, to verify color selected:
 - 1. Asphalt Shingle: Full size.
 - 2. Ridge and Hip Cap Shingles: Full size.
 - 3. Ridge Vent: 12-inch (300-mm) long Sample.
 - 4. Self-Adhering Underlayment: 12 inches (300 mm) square.
 - 5. Fascia Vent 12-inch (300 mm) long sample.
- D. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
- E. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, for asphalt shingles.
- F. Research/Evaluation Reports: For each type of asphalt shingle required, from the ICC.
- G. Maintenance Data: For each type of asphalt shingle to include in maintenance manuals.
- H. Warranties: Sample of special warranties.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of units required for this Project.

- 1. A single installer (Contractor) shall perform the roofing work of this project; and shall be a firm with not less than five (5) years experience in installation of Roofing System similar to that required for this project and which is acceptable to or licensed by manufacturer of primary roofing materials. Contractor/installer/sub-contractor is to have been in business under the same name and organization for the past five (5) consecutive years with a successful experience record.
- 2. Installer's Field Supervision: Installer to maintain a full-time supervisor/foreman on the job site during times that roofing work is in progress. Any roofing installed during times when the supervisor/foreman is not on site is subject to rejection.
 - a. Provide Field Supervisor's resume.
 - b. Field Supervisor must be experienced in installation of roofing systems similar to type and scope required for this project.
- B. Manufacturer: Company specializing in Asphalt Roofing Products with fifteen (15) years minimum experience. Being listed as pre-qualified manufacturer does not release manufacturer from providing complete, current and acceptable test data for each performance, thermal, and wind load requirement specified.
 - 1. Shingle Roofing Standard: Comply with instruction and recommendations of shingle manufacturer, but not less than those recommended by ARMA's "Residential Asphalt Roofing Manual" and NRCA's "Steep Roofing Manual".
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain ridge and hip cap shingles ridge vents, felt underlayment and self-adhering sheet underlayment from single source from single manufacturer.
- D. Fire-Resistance Characteristics: Where indicated, provide asphalt shingles and related roofing materials identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per test method below by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - Exterior Fire-Test Exposure: Class A; ASTM E 108 or UL 790, for application and roof slopes indicated.
- E. Wind-Resistance Test Characteristics: Provide products identical to those tested according to ASTM D 3161 or UL 997 and passed. Identify each bundle of asphalt shingles with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
- F. FM Listing: Provide shingle roofing system and component materials which have been evaluated by Factory Mutual System for fire spread, wind-uplift, and hail damage and are listed in "Factory Mutual Approval Guide" for Class 1 construction.
- G. Pre-installation Roofing Conference: Prior to project start-up, a Pre-Roofing Conference will be held at the project site. Required attendees include the Owner, Architect/Consultant, Alabama Building Commission Inspector, Owner's insurer (if applicable), testing and inspection representative, roofing installer, roofing system manufacturer's representative, and installers whose work interfaces with or affects roofing including installer of roof accessories and equipment. ATTENDENCE OF THE CONTRACTOR'S FOREMAN IS MANDITORY. Comply with the requirements in Division 01 Section "Project Management and Coordination". Review methods and procedures related to roofing system including but not limited to the following:
 - Review methods and procedures related to asphalt shingle roof installation, including manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 2. Review and finalize construction schedule and verify availability of materials, installer's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
 - Examine deck substrate conditions for compliance with requirements, including flatness and attachment to structural members.
 - 4. Review structural loading limitations of deck during and after roofing.
 - 5. Review flashings, special roof details, roof drainage, roof penetrations, exhaust fans, venting requirements and condition of other construction that will affect roofing system.

- 6. Review governing regulations and requirements for insurance, certificates, and testing and inspecting if applicable.
- Review temporary protection requirements for shingle assembly during and after installation.
- 8. Review roof observation and repair procedures after roofing installation.
- 9. Document proceedings, including corrective measures and actions required, and furnish copy of record to each participant.

1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store roofing materials in a dry, well-ventilated, weather-tight location according to asphalt shingle manufacturer's written instructions. Store underlayment rolls on end on pallets or other raised surfaces. Do not double stack rolls.
 - 1. Handle, store, and place roofing materials in a manner to avoid significant or permanent damage to roof deck or structural supporting members.
- B. Protect unused underlayment from weather, sunlight, and moisture when left overnight or when roofing work is not in progress.
- C. Provide traps or other means of protection from weather. Manufacturer's plastic wrapping is provided for protection during shipping only.

1.07 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Substrate: Proceed with shingle work only after substrate construction and penetrating work have been completed.
- B. Weather Conditions: Proceed with installation of shingles only with weather conditions are in compliance with manufacturer's recommendations and when substrate is dry.

1.08 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of roofing system that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period. Failures include, but are not limited to, roof leaks, deformation, delaminating, or deterioration of shingles beyond normal weathering.
- B. Material Warranty Period: Thirty (30) years from date of Substantial Completion, prorated, with first twelve (12) years non-prorated.
- C. Wind-Speed Warranty Period: Asphalt shingles will resist blow-off or damage caused by wind speeds up to 90 mph for five (5) years from date of Substantial Completion.
- D. Design Uplift Pressure: The uplift pressure, calculated according to procedures in SPRI's "Wind Load Design Guide" for adhered and mechanically fastened Roofing Systems and UL 997 Wind Resistant, (ASTM D 3161-99, Type 1 Wind Resistant).
- E. Algae-Discoloration Warranty Period: Fiberglass-Asphalt shingles will not discolor five (5) years from date of Substantial Completion.
- F. State of Alabama General Contractor's Roofing Guarantee: Provide a FIVE (5) year State of Alabama General Contractor's Roofing Guarantee.
- G. Special Requirements: Standard manufacturer's roofing guarantees which contain language regarding the governing of the guarantee by any state other than the State of Alabama, must be amended to exclude such language, and substituting the requirement that the laws of the State of Alabama shall govern all such guarantees.

1.09 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Asphalt Shingles: 200 sq. ft of each type, in unbroken bundles.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 GLASS-FIBER-REINFORCED ASPHALT SHINGLES

- A. Asphalt Shingles: ASTM D 3462, glass-fiber reinforced, mineral-granule surfaced, and self-sealing. UL Certification of ASTM D3462; Conforms to ASTM D3018 Type I Self-Sealing; ASTM D3161-03b, Class "F" Wind Resistance (110-mph): ASTM D3161-99a, (110-mph) Wind Resistance; UL997 Wind Resistance, UL 2390/ASTM D6381 Class "H" and ASTM D7158 Class "H" Wind Resistance, and UL Class A Fire Resistance; heavy-duty glass fiber mat base; ceramically colored/UV resistant mineral surface granules across entire face of shingle; four-tab type, algae-resistant; designed to resist blow-off in high wind conditions up to 110 mph.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. CertainTeed Corporation Landmark Series Shingles.
 - b. Owens Corning Duration Series Shingles.
 - c. GAF Materials Corporation Timberline HD
 - 2. Butt Edge Straight cut.
 - 3. Strip Size: Manufacturer's standard.
 - 4. Algae Resistance: Granules treated to resist algae discoloration.
 - 5. Color and Blends: As selected by Architect/Consultant from manufacturer's full range to match existing asphalt shingles.

2.02 UNDERLAYMENT MATERIALS

- A. Self-Adhering Sheet Underlayment, Granular Surfaced: ASTM D 1970, minimum of 55-mil-(1.4-mm-) thick sheet; glass-fiber-mat-reinforced, SBS-modified asphalt; mineral-granule surfaced; with release paper backing; cold applied.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Owens Corning Corporation StormMaster DG Ice & Water Protection.
 - b. CertainTeed Corporation WinterGuard
 - c. GAF Materials Corporation StormGuard.

2.03 SHINGLE-OVER RIDGE VENTS

- A. Rigid Ridge Vent: Manufacturer's standard, rigid section high-density polypropylene or other UV-stabilized plastic ridge vent with nonwoven geotextile filter strips and external deflector baffles; for use under ridge shingles.
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Cor-A-Vent, Inc. V-600
 - b. GAF Materials Corporation Cobra III Ridge Vent
 - c. Lomanco, Inc. OmniRidge Vent
 - 2. Minimum Net Free Area: 18 inch squared NFA.
 - 3. Width: 11 inch Minimum.
 - 4. Thickness: 1 inch.

2.04 ACCESSORIES

A. Asphalt Roofing Cement: ASTM D 4586, Type II, asbestos free of consistency required by roofing system manufacturer for application.

- B. Roofing Nails: Double hot-dip galvanized-steel wire shingle nails, minimum 0.120-inch- (3-mm-) diameter, ring-shank, sharp-pointed, with a minimum 3/8-inch- (9.5-mm-) diameter flat head and of sufficient length to penetrate 3/4 inch (19 mm) into solid wood decking or extend at least 1/8 inch (3 mm) through OSB or plywood sheathing.
 - 1. Nails equal to the following:
 - a. Maze # R103A, 1.5-inches, 11guage, 3/8-inch head
 - 2. Where nails are in contact with metal flashing, use nails made from same metal as flashing.
- C. Hip and Ridge Shingles: Pre-cut manufacturer's ridge and hip shingles applicable for wind warranty rating required under this Specification Section.
- D. Starter Shingles: Generally located at the eaves or any other location where shingle roof begins. These shall be starter shingles as provided by the shingle manufacturer or regular shingles of type used with the tabs or exposure removed providing the "self-Sealing" adhesive strip along the bottom edge.
- E. Passive Exhaust Ventilation: Low profile, round aluminum roof louver with minimum 144 square inch net free area; black or bronze finish.
- F. Continuous Soffit Vent: LSV8 Series as manufacturered by GAF or equal. Field finish.

2.05 METAL FLASHING AND TRIM

- A. General: Comply with requirements in Division 07 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."
- B. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with recommendations in SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" that apply to design, dimensions, metal, and other characteristics of the item.
 - Apron Flashings: Fabricate with lower flange a minimum of 5 inches (125 mm) over and 4 inches (100 mm) beyond each side of down-slope asphalt shingles and 12 inches (300 mm) up the vertical surface.
 - 2. Step Flashings: Fabricate with a head-lap of 2 inches (50 mm) and a minimum extension of 4 inches (100 mm) over the underlying asphalt shingle and up the vertical surface.
 - 3. Cricket Backer Flashings: Fabricate with concealed flange extending a minimum of 24 inches (600 mm) beneath upslope asphalt shingles and 6 inches (150 mm) above the roof plane.
 - 4. Drip Edges: Fabricate in lengths not exceeding 10 feet (3 m) with 4-inch (50-mm) roof-deck flange and 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) fascia flange with 3/8-inch (9.6-mm) hemmed drip at lower edge.
 - 5. Gutters and Down Pipes: Fabricate and install of metal type and shape as indicated. Refer to Section 07 60 00 "Flashing & Sheet Metal" of this project manual.
- C. Vent Pipe Flashings: ASTM B 749, Type L51121, at least 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) thick. Provide lead sleeve sized to slip over and turn down into pipe, soldered to skirt at slope of roof, and extending at least 6 inches (150 mm) from pipe onto roof.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 DEMOLITION

A. No roofing materials will be removed or installed under adverse weather conditions. All work shall be scheduled and executed without exposing interior building areas to the effects of inclement weather. The existing building and its contents shall be protected against all reasonable risks at all times.

- B. Only as much existing roofing shall be removed and new roofing installed as can be made weather-tight each day. This includes all flashing work. Polyethylene or tarps do not constitute an acceptable temporary covering.
- C. All existing roofing materials torn-off shall be immediately removed from the site to a dumping area authorized to receive such debris.
- D. Any unusual or concealed conditions discovered during the course of the work that may adversely affect the performance of the new roof system must be immediately reported to the Architect/Consultant. All work shall be halted until the Architect/Consultant has responded with a solution to the problem.
- E. Any substrate to receive new roofing shall be thoroughly dry. Should surface moisture occur on the decking, the Contractor shall provide adequate equipment to dry the substrate.
- F. Temporary water stops shall be installed at the end of each work day and if inclement weather conditions dictate during the course of the day's work. These temporary water stops shall be removed at the start of the next work day and disposed of properly.

3.02 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions under which shingle work is to be performed and notify Architect/Consultant in writing of unsatisfactory conditions.
- B. Do not proceed with shingle work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.03 PREPARATION OF SUBSTRATE

- A. Clean substrate of any projections and substances detrimental to shingle work. Cover knotholes or other minor voids in substrate with sheet metal flashing secured with non-corrosive roofing nails
 - 1. Remove and replace any damaged or deteriorated wood blocking, nailers, or fascia boards as drawings indicate.
- B. Verify that roof penetrations and plumbing stacks are in place and are securely fastened against movement.
- C. Verify roof openings are correctly framed prior to installing work of this Section.
- D. Verify deck surfaces are dry, free of ridges, warps, or voids.
- E. Review General and Specific Instructions noted on the Drawings.

3.04 UNDERLAYMENT INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with underlayment manufacturer's written installation instructions applicable to products and applications indicated unless more stringent requirements apply.
- B. Elastomeric Underlayment:
 - 1. Place eave edge metal flashing tight with fascia boards. Lap joints a minimum of four (4) inches. Secure flange with nails spaced six (6) inches o.c. staggered.
 - 2. Apply self-adhering, SBS rubberized asphalt membrane over entire roof area, with ends and edges weather lapped minimum 4 inches. Stagger end laps of each consecutive layer.

3.05 METAL FLASHING INSTALLATION

A. General: Install metal flashings and other sheet metal to comply with requirements in Division 07 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" and shingle manufacturer's written instruction.

- Install metal flashings according to recommendations in ARMA's "Residential Asphalt Roofing Manual" and asphalt shingle recommendations in NRCA's "The NRCA Roofing and Waterproofing Manual."
- B. Apron Flashings: Extend lower flange over and beyond each side of down-slope asphalt shingles and up the vertical surface.
- C. Step Flashings: Install with a head-lap of 2 inches (50 mm) and extend over the underlying asphalt shingle and up the vertical surface. Fasten to roof deck only.
 - 1. First course minimum 5 inches by 12 inches applied with the lowermost edge of the first shingle.
 - 2. Succeeding courses must consist of pieces that are a minimum 5 inches by 10 inches. Place each piece of flashing 2 inches up the roof from where the lowermost edge of the next (overlapping) shingle will be applied. Each succeeding course of flashing must "overlap" the flashing course below it a minimum of 2 inches.
- D. Cricket Flashings: Install against the roof-penetrating element extending concealed flange beneath upslope asphalt shingles and beyond each side.
- E. Closed-Valley Installation: Install valley shingle using closed-valley method; install in strict compliance with shingle roof system manufacturer's written specification guidelines.
- F. Rake Drip Edges: Install rake drip edge flashings over underlayment and fasten to roof deck.
- G. Eave Drip Edges: Install eave drip edge flashings below underlayment and fasten to roof sheathing.
- H. Pipe Flashings: Form flashing around pipe penetrations and asphalt shingles. Fasten and seal to asphalt shingles as recommended by manufacturer.
- I. Fabricate Pipe or Post Flashing: Assemble on-site as required with soldered seams and flange. Fasten and seal to asphalt shingles as recommended by manufacturer.

3.06 ASPHALT SHINGLE INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install asphalt shingles according to manufacturer's written instructions, recommendations in ARMA's "Residential Asphalt Roofing Manual," and asphalt shingle recommendations in NRCA's "The NRCA Roofing and Waterproofing Manual."
 - Shingles must be applied with exposure specified by the shingle manufacturer, this is a requirement. Changing exposure will harm the appearance of the installed roof and reduce the ability to resist wind up-lift.
- B. Install starter strip along lowest roof edge, consisting of manufactured starter strips or asphalt shingle strip with tabs removed self-sealing strip face up at roof edge.
 - 1. Extend asphalt shingles 3/4 inch (19 mm) over fasciae at eaves and rakes.
 - 2. Install starter strip along rake edge.
- C. Install first and remaining courses of asphalt shingles stair-stepping diagonally across roof deck with manufacturer's recommended offset pattern at succeeding courses, maintaining uniform exposure.
- D. Fasten asphalt shingle strips with a minimum of SIX roofing nails located according to manufacturer's written instructions. **Hand nailing only, pneumatically driven fasteners will not be allowed.**
- E. Closed-Cut Valleys: Extend asphalt shingle strips from one side of valley 12 inches (300 mm) beyond center of valley. Use one-piece shingle strips without joints in valley. Fasten with extra nail in upper end of shingle. Install asphalt shingle courses from other side of valley and cut

back to a straight line 2 inches (50 mm) short of valley centerline. Trim upper concealed corners of cut-back shingle strips.

- 1. Do not nail asphalt shingles within 6 inches (150 mm) of valley center.
- 2. Set trimmed, concealed-corner asphalt shingles in a 3-inch- (75-mm-) wide bed of asphalt roofing cement.
- F. Ridge Vents: Install continuous ridge vents over asphalt shingles according to manufacturer's written instructions. Fasten with roofing nails of sufficient length to penetrate sheathing.
- G. Ridge and Hip Cap Shingles: Maintain same exposure of cap shingles as roofing shingle exposure. Lap cap shingles at ridges to shed water away from direction of prevailing winds. Fasten with roofing nails of sufficient length to penetrate sheathing.
 - 1. Fasten ridge cap asphalt shingles to cover ridge vent without obstructing airflow.

3.07 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Protect existing roofing and installed products from foot traffic until completion of project.
- B. Any roof areas that are not completed by the end of the workday are to be protected from moisture and contaminants.
- C. Upon completion, remove any remaining debris from the roof and project site. Restore any damage to existing building surfaces and site caused by new work.

SECTION 07 60 00

FLASHING & SHEET METAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

1.02 SUMMARY

- A. The extent of each type of flashing and sheet metal work is indicated on the drawings and by provisions of this section.
- B. The types of work specified in this section include the following:
 - 1. Metal counter flashings- 24 ga. pre-finished galvalume
 - 2. Metal edging-24 ga. pre-finished galvalume
 - 3. Miscellaneous sheet metal accessories.- as indicated
 - 4. Metal gutter & downspouts 24 ga. pre-finished galvalume
 - 5. Metal fascias-24 ga. pre-finished galvalume
 - 6. Metal Soffit-24 ga. pre-finished galvalume

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Flashing Sheet Metal, Accessories: Submit manufacturer's color chart, product specifications, installation instructions and general recommendations for each specified sheet material and fabricated product.
- B. Samples: Flashing, Sheet Metal, Accessories: Submit two 8" square samples of specified sheet materials to be exposed as finished surfaces.
 - 1. Submit two 12" long, completely finished units of specified factory-fabricated products exposed as finished work in accordance with Section 01 30 00.
- C. Shop Drawings: Flashing, Sheet Metal, Accessories: Submit shop drawings showing layout, jointing, profiles, and anchorage of fabricated work, including major counter flashings, trim/fascia units, scuppers and expansion joint systems; layouts at 1/4" scale, details at 3" scale in accordance with Section 01 30 00.

1.04 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Coordinate work of this section with interfacing and adjoining work for proper sequencing of each installation. Ensure best possible weather resistance and durability of the work and protection of materials and finishes.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 FLASHING AND SHEET METAL MATERIALS

- A. Zinc-coated steel: Commercial quality with 0.20% copper, ASTM A 525 except ASTM A 527 for lock-forming, G90 hot-dip galvanized; 24 gauge except as otherwise indicated.
- B. Steel- 24 gauge galvalume steel ASTM A 525 except ASTM A 527 for lock forming, pre-finished equal to KYNAR 500 FINISH.
- C. Steel- 24 gauge galvalume steel ASTM A 525 except ASTM A 527 for lock forming, bare galvalume sheet.
 - 1. Available manufacturers:

- a. Copper Sales, Inc.
- b. Reynolds Metals Company
- c. Approved equals
- D. Gutters and Downspouts: Style D (SMACNA) Aluminum-zing alloy coated steel sheet (Galvalume).

2.02 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Solder: For use with steel or copper, provide 50/50 tin/lead solder (ASTM B 32), with rosin flux.
- B. Fasteners: Same metal as flashing/sheet metal or, other non-corrosive metal as recommended by sheet manufacturer. Match finish of exposed heads with material being fastened.
- C. Bituminous Coating: FS IT-C494 or SSPC Paint 12, solvent type bituminous mastic, nominally free of sulfur, compounded for 15-mil dry film thickness per coat.
- D. Mastic Sealant: Polyisobutylene; no hardening non-skinning, nondrying, non-migrating sealant.
- E. Elastomeric Sealant: Generic type recommended by manufacturer of metal and fabricator of component being sealed; comply with FS TT- S-0027, TT-S-00230, or TT-S-001543.
- F. Slip Sheet/Underlayment: .020" "Nervastral", PVC membrane.
- G. Metal Accessories: Provide sheet metal clips, straps, anchoring devices and similar accessory units as required for installation of work, matching that which is compatible with material being installed, non-corrosive, size and guage required for performance.
- H. Roofing Cement: ASTM D 4586 asphaltic.
- I. Gutter straps.
- J. Concrete splash blocks.

2.03 WARRANTIES & GUARANTEES

- A. Provide manufacturer's 20-year written warranty on all prefinished sheet metal flashings, trim and components.
- B. All sheet metal flashings, trim and components shall be covered under the General Contractor's Roofing Guarantee for a period of 5-years.

2.04 FABRICATED UNITS

- A. General Metal Fabrication: Shop-fabricate work to greatest extent possible. Comply with details shown, and with applicable requirements of SMACNA "Roof Consultantural Sheet Metal Manual" and other recognized industry practices. Fabricate for waterproof and weather-resistant performance; with expansion provisions for running work, sufficient to permanently prevent leakage, damage or deterioration of the work. Form work to fit substrates. Comply with material manufacturer instruction and recommendations. Form exposed sheet metal work with excessive oil-canning, buckling and tool marks, true to line and levels as indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems.
- B. Seams: Fabricate nonmoving seams in sheet metal with flat-lock seams. For metal other than aluminum, tin edges to be seamed, form seams, and solder. Form aluminum seams with epoxy seam sealer; rivet joints for additional strength where required.
- C. Expansion Provisions: Where lapped or bayonet-type expansion provisions in work cannot be used, or would not be sufficiently water/weatherproof, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1" deep, filled with mastic sealant (concealed within joints).

- D. Sealant Joints: Where movable, non-expansion type joint are indicated or required for proper performance of work, form metal to provide for proper installation of elastomeric sealant, in compliance with industry standards.
- E. Separations: Provide for separation of metal from non-compatible metal or corrosive substrates by coating concealed surfaces at locations of contact, with bituminous coating or other permanent separation as recommended by manufacturer/fabricator.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Except as otherwise indicated, comply with manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations, and with SMACNA "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual". Anchor units of work securely in place by methods indicated, providing for thermal expansion of
- B. Metal units; conceal fasteners where possible, and set units true to line and level as indicated, install work with laps, joints and seams which will be permanently watertight and weatherproof.
- C. Underlayment: Where metal is to be installed directly on cementitious or wood substrates, install a layer of PVC underlayment, equal to .020" Nervastral.
- D. Perimeter conditions: Metal edging shall be 24-gauge pre-finished steel extending a minimum of 4" onto roof surface, set in a bed of mastic, with mastic between lap flanges and in general be nailed a minimum of 4" o.c. staggered with adequate nails to achieve retention requirements.
- E. Metal edging: Shall be 24 gauge pre-finished steel installed of size and profile as indicated.
- F. Metal counterflashings, expansion joint covers, shall be 24 ga. galvalume in size and profile as indicated.
- G. Bed flanges: Work in a thick coat of bituminous roofing cement where required for waterproof performance.
- H. Install water diverters in gutters to ensure no overflow.
- I. Provide a gutter splash guard at all interior corners in gutters.
- J. Provide gutters, down pipes and scuppers to shapes indicated and as required. Systems shall include all items sized as necessary to carry off water to splash blocks or into boots.
- K. Down pipe strainers shall be installed in top of each down pipe. Metal strainers shall be 1/2" woven mesh not less than 4" high and extend full coverage into down pipe.
- L. Down pipe straps shall be 20 gauge metal hangers, 1-1/2" wide anchored into wall each side of down pipe. Straps shall be minimum 8'-0" apart with minimum two per pipe. Finished downpipe shall set away from finished wall one inch, and shall be true and plumb.

3.02 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- Clean exposed metal surfaces, removing substances which might cause corrosion of metal or deterioration of finishes.
- B. Protection: Installer shall advise Contractor of required procedures for surveillance and protection of flashings and sheet metal work during construction, to ensure that work will be without damage or deterioration, other than natural weathering, at time of substantial completion.

SECTION 07 90 05

JOINT SEALERS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Sealants and joint backing.
- B. Precompressed foam sealers.

1.02 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C920 Standard Specification for Elastomeric Joint Sealants; 2014.
- B. ASTM C1193 Standard Guide for Use of Joint Sealants; 2013.
- C. SCAQMD 1168 South Coast Air Quality Management District Rule No.1168; current edition.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data indicating sealant chemical characteristics.

1.04 MOCK-UP

- A. Provide mock-up of sealant joints in conjunction with window under provisions of Section 01 40 00.
- B. Construct mock-up with specified sealant types and with other components noted.
- C. Locate where directed.
- D. Mock-up may remain as part of the Work.

1.05 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Maintain temperature and humidity recommended by the sealant manufacturer during and after installation.

1.06 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 01 78 00 Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Correct defective work within a five year period after Date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Warranty: Include coverage for installed sealants and accessories which fail to achieve airtight seal, exhibit loss of adhesion or cohesion, or do not cure.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Gunnable and Pourable Sealants:
 - 1. BASF Construction Chemicals-Building Systems: www.buildingsystems.basf.com
 - 2. Bostik Inc: www.bostik-us.com
 - 3. Dow Corning Corporation: www.dowcorning.com
 - 4. Tremco Global Sealants: www.tremcosealants.com
 - 5. Substitutions: See Section 01 60 00 Product Requirements.

2.02 SEALANTS

- A. Sealants and Primers General: Provide only products having lower volatile organic compound (VOC) content than required by South Coast Air Quality Management District Rule No.1168.
- B. Type 1 General Purpose Exterior Sealant: Silicone; ASTM C920, Grade NS, Class 25 minimum; Uses M, G, and A; single component.
 - 1. Applications: Use for:
 - a. Control, expansion, and soft joints in masonry.
 - b. Joints between concrete and other materials.
 - c. Joints between metal frames and other materials.
 - d. Other exterior joints for which no other sealant is indicated.
- C. Type 2 Exterior Expansion Joint Sealer: Precompressed foam sealer; urethane with water-repellent;
 - 1. Face color: As selected.
 - 2. Size as required to provide weathertight seal when installed.
 - 3. Applications: Use for:
 - a. Exterior wall expansion joints.
- D. Type 3 Exterior Metal Lap Joint Sealant: Butyl or polyisobutylene, nondrying, nonskinning, noncuring.
 - 1. Applications: Use for:
 - a. Concealed sealant bead in sheet metal work.
 - b. Concealed sealant bead in siding overlaps.
- E. Type 6 Concrete Paving Joint Sealant: Polyurethane, self-leveling; ASTM C920, Class 25, Uses T, I, M and A; single component.
 - 1. Color: Gray.
 - 2. Applications: Use for:
 - a. Joints in sidewalks and vehicular paving.

2.03 ACCESSORIES

- A. Primer: Non-staining type, recommended by sealant manufacturer to suit application.
- B. Joint Cleaner: Non-corrosive and non-staining type, recommended by sealant manufacturer; compatible with joint forming materials.
- C. Joint Backing: Round foam rod compatible with sealant; ASTM D 1667, closed cell PVC; oversized 30 to 50 percent larger than joint width.
- D. Bond Breaker: Pressure sensitive tape recommended by sealant manufacturer to suit application.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that substrate surfaces are ready to receive work.
- B. Verify that joint backing and release tapes are compatible with sealant.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Remove loose materials and foreign matter that could impair adhesion of sealant.
- B. Clean and prime joints in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Perform preparation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and ASTM C1193.

D. Protect elements surrounding the work of this section from damage or disfigurement.

3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Perform work in accordance with sealant manufacturer's requirements for preparation of surfaces and material installation instructions.
- B. Perform installation in accordance with ASTM C1193.
- C. Measure joint dimensions and size joint backers to achieve width-to-depth ratio, neck dimension, and surface bond area as recommended by manufacturer, except where specific dimensions are indicated.
- D. Install bond breaker where joint backing is not used.
- E. Install sealant free of air pockets, foreign embedded matter, ridges, and sags.
- F. Apply sealant within recommended application temperature ranges. Consult manufacturer when sealant cannot be applied within these temperature ranges.
- G. Tool joints concave.
- H. Precompressed Foam Sealant: Do not stretch; avoid joints except at corners, ends, and intersections; install with face 1/8 to 1/4 inch below adjoining surface.

3.04 CLEANING

A. Clean adjacent soiled surfaces.

3.05 PROTECTION

A. Protect sealants until cured.

3.06 SCHEDULE

- A. Control and Expansion Joints in Paving: Type 6.
- B. Exterior Wall Expansion Joints: Type 2.
- C. Lap Joints in Exterior Sheet Metal Work: Type 3.
- D. Butt Joints in Exterior Metal Work and Siding: Type 1.
- E. Joints Between Exterior Metal Frames and Adjacent Work (except masonry): Type 1.
- F. Under Exterior Door Thresholds: Type 3.
- G. Control and Expansion Joints in Interior Concrete Slabs and Floors: Type 6.

SECTION 09 90 00

PAINTS AND COATINGS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Surface preparation.
- B. Field application of paints.
- C. Scope: Finish all interior and exterior surfaces exposed to view, unless fully factory-finished and unless otherwise indicated, including the following:
 - 1. Exposed surfaces of steel lintels and ledge angles.
 - 2. Interior walls and bottom of fountains.
 - 3. Mechanical and Electrical:
 - Refer to Mechanical and Electrical specifications for schedule of color coding of equipment, ductwork, piping, and conduit.
 - b. In finished areas, paint all insulated and exposed pipes, conduit, boxes, insulated and exposed ducts, hangers, brackets, collars and supports, mechanical equipment, and electrical equipment, unless otherwise indicated.
 - c. In finished areas, paint shop-primed items.
 - d. Paint all exposed mechanical, plumbing, or electrical accessories on sloped roof areas, including that which is factory-finished.

D. Do Not Paint or Finish the Following Items:

- 1. Items fully factory-finished unless specifically so indicated; materials and products having factory-applied primers are not considered factory finished.
- 2. Items indicated to receive other finishes.
- 3. Items indicated to remain unfinished.
- 4. Fire rating labels, equipment serial number and capacity labels, and operating parts of equipment.
- 5. Floors, unless specifically so indicated.
- 6. Ceramic and other tiles.
- 7. Brick, architectural concrete, cast stone, integrally colored plaster and stucco.
- 8. Exterior insulation and finish system (EIFS).
- 9 Glass
- 10. Concealed pipes, ducts, and conduits.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 05 50 00 - Metal Fabrications: Shop-primed items.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. 40 CFR 59, Subpart D National Volatile Organic Compound Emission Standards for Architectural Coatings; U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; current edition.
- B. ASTM D4442 Standard Test Methods for Direct Moisture Content Measurement of Wood and Wood-Base Materials; 2007.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on all finishing products, including VOC content.

C. Samples: Submit two paper chip samples, 8-1/2 x 11 inch in size illustrating range of colors and textures available for each surface finishing product scheduled.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified, with minimum three years documented experience.
- B. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified with minimum 5 years experience.

1.06 MOCK-UP

- A. See Section 01 40 00 Quality Requirements, for general requirements for mock-up.
- B. Provide door and frame assembly illustrating paint coating color, texture, and finish.
- C. Locate where directed.
- D. Mock-up may remain as part of the work.

1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver products to site in sealed and labeled containers; inspect to verify acceptability.
- B. Container Label: Include manufacturer's name, type of paint, brand name, lot number, brand code, coverage, surface preparation, drying time, cleanup requirements, color designation, and instructions for mixing and reducing.
- C. Paint Materials: Store at minimum ambient temperature of 45 degrees F and a maximum of 90 degrees F, in ventilated area, and as required by manufacturer's instructions.

1.08 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not apply materials when surface and ambient temperatures are outside the temperature ranges required by the paint product manufacturer.
- B. Follow manufacturer's recommended procedures for producing best results, including testing of substrates, moisture in substrates, and humidity and temperature limitations.
- C. Do not apply exterior coatings during rain or snow, or when relative humidity is outside the humidity ranges required by the paint product manufacturer.
- D. Minimum Application Temperatures for Latex Paints: 45 degrees F for interiors; 50 degrees F for exterior; unless required otherwise by manufacturer's instructions.
- E. Minimum Application Temperature for Varnish Finishes: 65 degrees F for interior or exterior, unless required otherwise by manufacturer's instructions.
- F. Provide lighting level of 80 ft candles measured mid-height at substrate surface.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Provide all paint and coating products used in any individual system from the same manufacturer: no exceptions.
- B. Paints:
 - 1. Glidden Professional, a product of PPG Architectural Coatings: www.gliddenprofessional.com.

- 2. Benjamin Moore & Co: www.benjaminmoore.com/#sle.
- 3. PPG Architectural Finishes, Inc: www.ppgaf.com/#sle.
- 4. Sherwin-Williams Company: www.sherwin-williams.com/#sle.
- C. Primer Sealers: Same manufacturer as top coats.
- D. Substitutions: See Section 01 60 00 Product Requirements.

2.02 PAINTS AND COATINGS - GENERAL

- A. Paints and Coatings: Ready mixed, unless intended to be a field-catalyzed coating.
 - 1. Provide paints and coatings of a soft paste consistency, capable of being readily and uniformly dispersed to a homogeneous coating, with good flow and brushing properties, and capable of drying or curing free of streaks or sags.
 - 2. Supply each coating material in quantity required to complete entire project's work from a single production run.
 - 3. Do not reduce, thin, or dilute coatings or add materials to coatings unless such procedure is specifically described in manufacturer's product instructions.
- B. Primers: As follows unless other primer is required or recommended by manufacturer of top coats; where the manufacturer offers options on primers for a particular substrate, use primer categorized as "best" by the manufacturer.
 - 1. Primers maybe tinted to 50 percent of finish color.
- C. Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Content:
 - 1. Provide coatings that comply with the most stringent requirements specified in the following:
 - a. 40 CFR 59, Subpart D--National Volatile Organic Compound Emission Standards for Architectural Coatings.
 - 2. Determination of VOC Content: Testing and calculation in accordance with 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), exclusive of colorants added to a tint base and water added at project site; or other method acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Chemical Content: The following compounds are prohibited:
 - 1. Aromatic Compounds: In excess of 1.0 percent by weight of total aromatic compounds (hydrocarbon compounds containing one or more benzene rings).
 - 2. Acrolein, acrylonitrile, antimony, benzene, butyl benzyl phthalate, cadmium, di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, di-n-butyl phthalate, di-n-octyl phthalate, 1,2-dichlorobenzene, diethyl phthalate, dimethyl phthalate, ethylbenzene, formaldehyde, hexavalent chromium, isophorone, lead, mercury, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone, methylene chloride, naphthalene, toluene (methylbenzene), 1,1,1-trichloroethane, vinyl chloride.

2.03 PAINT SYSTEMS - EXTERIOR

- A. Paint WE-OP-3L Wood, Opaque, Latex, 3 Coat:
 - 1. One coat of latex primer sealer.
 - 2. Gloss: Two coats of latex enamel.
- B. Paint ME-OP-3L Ferrous Metals, Unprimed, Latex, 3 Coat:
 - 1. One coat of latex primer.
 - 2. Gloss: Two coats of latex enamel.
- C. Paint ME-OP-2L Ferrous Metals, Primed, Latex, 2 Coat:
 - 1. Touch-up with rust-inhibitive primer recommended by top coat manufacturer.
 - 2. Gloss: Two coats of latex enamel.

2.04 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

- A. Accessory Materials: Provide all primers, sealers, cleaning agents, cleaning cloths, sanding materials, and clean-up materials required to achieve the finishes specified whether specifically indicated or not; commercial quality.
- B. Patching Material: Latex filler.
- C. Fastener Head Cover Material: Latex filler.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that surfaces are ready to receive work as instructed by the product manufacturer.
- B. Examine surfaces scheduled to be finished prior to commencement of work. Report any condition that may potentially affect proper application.
- C. Test shop-applied primer for compatibility with subsequent cover materials.
- D. Measure moisture content of surfaces using an electronic moisture meter. Do not apply finishes unless moisture content of surfaces are below the following maximums:
 - 1. Gypsum Wallboard: 12 percent.
 - 2. Masonry, Concrete, and Concrete Unit Masonry: 12 percent.
 - 3. Exterior Wood: 15 percent, measured in accordance with ASTM D4442.
 - 4. Concrete Floors and Traffic Surfaces: 8 percent.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces thoroughly and correct defects prior to coating application.
- B. Prepare surfaces using the methods recommended by the manufacturer for achieving the best result for the substrate under the project conditions.
- C. Remove or repair existing coatings that exhibit surface defects.
- D. Remove surface appurtenances, including electrical plates, hardware, light fixture trim, escutcheons, and fittings, prior to preparing surfaces or finishing.
- E. Seal surfaces that might cause bleed through or staining of topcoat.
- F. Remove mildew from impervious surfaces by scrubbing with solution of tetra-sodium phosphate and bleach. Rinse with clean water and allow surface to dry.
- G. Concrete and Unit Masonry Surfaces to be Painted: Remove dirt, loose mortar, scale, salt or alkali powder, and other foreign matter. Remove oil and grease with a solution of tri-sodium phosphate; rinse well and allow to dry. Remove stains caused by weathering of corroding metals with a solution of sodium metasilicate after thoroughly wetting with water. Allow to dry.
- H. Gypsum Board Surfaces to be Painted: Fill minor defects with filler compound. Spot prime defects after repair.
- Shop-Primed Steel Surfaces to be Finish Painted: Sand and scrape to remove loose primer and rust. Feather edges to make touch-up patches inconspicuous. Clean surfaces with solvent. Prime bare steel surfaces. Re-prime entire shop-primed item.

3.03 APPLICATION

A. Remove unfinished louvers, grilles, covers, and access panels on mechanical and electrical components and paint separately.

- B. Apply products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Do not apply finishes to surfaces that are not dry. Allow applied coats to dry before next coat is applied.
- D. Apply each coat to uniform appearance.
- E. Sand wood and metal surfaces lightly between coats to achieve required finish.
- F. Vacuum clean surfaces of loose particles. Use tack cloth to remove dust and particles just prior to applying next coat.
- G. Reinstall electrical cover plates, hardware, light fixture trim, escutcheons, and fittings removed prior to finishing.
- H. Label all fire and smoke walls in accordance with applicable Building Codes.

3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. See Section 01 40 00 - Quality Requirements, for general requirements for field inspection.

3.05 SCHEDULE - PAINT SYSTEMS

- A. Wood: Finish all surfaces exposed to view.
 - 1. Exterior trim and frames: WE-OP-3L.
- B. Steel Fabrications: Finish all surfaces exposed to view.
 - 1. Handrails: MI-OP-3E, gloss.
 - 2. Exterior: ME-OP-3L, gloss; finish all surfaces, including concealed surfaces, before installation.
- C. Pipe and Duct Insulation Jackets: Finish all surfaces exposed to view; FI-OP-2L, flat.
- D. Exterior Pavement Markings: E-Pav, and as shown on Site Plan.

SECTION 31 00 00

EARTHWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, apply to this Section.
- B. Geotechnical Report prepared by GeoSolutions, LLC.
- C. City of Huntsville, AL Construction Specifications Manual for Public Improvements.

ALL EARTHWORK WITHIN CITY OF HUNTSVILLE RIGHT-OF-WAY AND EASEMENTS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HUNTSVILLE SPECIFICATIONS. ALL OTHER EARTHWORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE SPECIFICATIONS.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Preparing subgrades for slabs-on-grade, walks, pavements, lawns, and plantings.
 - 2. Excavating and backfilling for buildings and structures.
 - 3. Drainage course for slabs-on-grade.
 - 4. Subbase course for concrete walks and pavements.
 - 5. Base course for asphalt paving.
 - 6. Subsurface drainage backfill for walls and trenches.
 - 7. Excavating and backfilling trenches within building lines.
 - 8. Excavating and backfilling trenches for buried mechanical and electrical utilities and pits for buried utility structures.
- B. Related Civil Site Sections include the following:
 - 1. Section 311000 "Site Clearing" for site stripping, grubbing, removing topsoil, and protecting trees to remain.

1.3 MASS ROCK

A. Mass rock excavation, including replacement with approved materials will be addressed by the unit price & allowance for Mass Rock Excavation. Trench Rock, including replacement with approved materials will be addressed by the unit price & allowance for Trench Rock excavation.

1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. Backfill: Soil materials used to fill an excavation.
 - 1. Initial Backfill: Backfill placed beside and over pipe in a trench, including haunches to support sides of pipe.
 - 2. Final Backfill: Backfill placed over initial backfill to fill an excavated area to final grade.

- B. Base Course: Layer placed between the subbase course and asphalt paving.
- C. Bedding Course: Layer placed over the excavated subgrade in a trench before laying pipe.
- D. Borrow: Satisfactory soil imported from off-site for use as fill or backfill as approved by geotechnical engineers.
- E. Drainage Course: Layer supporting slab-on-grade used to minimize capillary flow of pore water.
- F. Excavation: Removal of material encountered above subgrade elevations.
 - Additional Excavation: Excavation below subgrade elevations as recommended by Owner's Testing Agency, and approved by the Owner, to reach specified compaction level. Additional excavation and replacement material costs are to be included in the Base Contract amount.
 - Bulk Excavation: Excavations more than 10 feet in width and pits more than 30 feet in either length or width.
 - 2. Unauthorized Excavation: Excavation below subgrade elevations or beyond indicated dimensions without direction by Owner's Testing Agency. Unauthorized excavation, as well as remedial work recommended by Owner's Testing Agency, shall be without additional compensation.
- G. Fill: Suitable soil materials, as determined by the Owner's Testing Agency, used to raise existing grades.
- H. Rock: Rock material in beds, ledges, unstratified masses, and conglomerate deposits and boulders of rock material exceeding 1 cu. yd. for bulk excavation or 3/4 cu. yd. for footing, trench, and pit excavation that cannot be removed by rock excavating equipment equivalent to the following in size and performance ratings, without systematic drilling, ram hammering, ripping, or blasting, when permitted:
 - Excavation of Footings, Trenches, and Pits: Late-model, track-mounted hydraulic excavator equal to Caterpillar Model No. 215D-LC; equipped with a 42-inch- wide, short-tip-radius rock bucket; rated at not less than 120-hp flywheel power with bucket-curling force of not less than 25,000 lbf and stick-crowd force of not less than 18,000 lbf; measured according to SAE J-1179.
 - 2. Bulk or Open Excavation: Late-model, track-type tractor, equal to Caterpillar Model No. D-8N, rated at not less than 285-hp flywheel and equipped with a single-shank hydraulic ripper, capable of exerting not less than 45,000-lbf breakout force; measured according to SAE J-732.
- I. Structures: Buildings, footings, foundations, retaining walls, slabs, tanks, curbs, mechanical and electrical appurtenances, or other man-made stationary features constructed above or below the ground surface.
- J. Subbase Course: Layer placed between the subgrade and base course for asphalt paving, or layer placed between the subgrade and a concrete pavement or walk.
- K. Subgrade: Surface or elevation remaining after completing excavation, or top surface of a fill or backfill immediately below subbase, drainage fill, or topsoil materials.
- L. Utilities include on-site underground pipes, conduits, ducts, and cables, as well as underground services within buildings.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
 - 1. Each type of plastic warning tape.
 - 2. Drainage fabric.
 - 3. Separation fabric.
- B. Samples: For the following:
 - 30-lb samples sealed in airtight containers, of each proposed soil material from on-site or borrow sources.
 - 2. 12-by-12-inch sample of drainage fabric.
 - 3. 12-by-12-inch sample of separation fabric.
- C. Material Test Reports: From a qualified testing agency indicating and interpreting test results for compliance of the following with requirements indicated:
 - Classification according to ASTM D 2487 of each on-site or borrow soil material proposed for fill and backfill.
 - Laboratory compaction curve according to ASTM D 698 for each on-site or borrow soil material proposed for fill and backfill.
 - 3. Laboratory compaction curve according to ASTM D 1557 for each on-site or borrow soil material proposed for fill and backfill.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Geotechnical Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM E 329 to conduct soil materials and rock-definition testing, as documented according to ASTM D 3740 and ASTM E 548.
- B. Pre-excavation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted in writing by Owner and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Owner not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
 - 2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Owner's written permission.
 - 3. Contact utility-locator service for area where Project is located before excavating.
 - 4. Demolish and completely remove from site existing underground utilities indicated to be removed. Coordinate with utility companies to shut off services if lines are active.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SOIL MATERIALS

A. General: Provide borrow soil materials when sufficient satisfactory soil materials are not available from excavations.

- B. Satisfactory Soils: ASTM D 2487 soil classification groups GW, GP, GM, SW, SP, and SM, or a combination of these group symbols; free of rock or gravel larger than 3 inches in any dimension, debris, waste, frozen materials, vegetation, and other deleterious matter. CL can be used if approved by geotechnical engineer.
- C. Unsatisfactory Soils: ASTM D 2487 soil classification groups GC, SC, MH, CH, OL, OH, and PT, or a combination of these group symbols.
 - 1. Unsatisfactory soils also include satisfactory soils not maintained within 2 percent of optimum moisture content at time of compaction.
- D. Backfill and Fill: Satisfactory soil materials.
- E. Subbase: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; with at least 90 percent passing a 1-1/2- inch sieve and not more than 12 percent passing a No. 200 sieve.
- F. Base: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; with at least 95 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch sieve and not more than 8 percent passing a No. 200 sieve.
- G. Engineered Fill: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; with at least 90 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch sieve and not more than 12 percent passing a No. 200 sieve.
- H. Bedding: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; except with 100 percent passing a 1-inch sieve and not more than 8 percent passing a No. 200 sieve.
- I. Drainage Fill: Washed, narrowly graded mixture of crushed stone, or crushed or uncrushed gravel; ASTM D 448; coarse-aggregate grading Size 57; with 100 percent passing a 1-1/2- inch sieve and 0 to 5 percent passing a No. 8 sieve.
- J. Filter Material: Narrowly graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, or crushed stone and natural sand; ASTM D 448; coarse-aggregate grading Size 67; with 100 percent passing a 1-inch sieve and 0 to 5 percent passing a No. 4 sieve.
- K. Impervious Fill: Clayey gravel and sand mixture capable of compacting to a dense state.

2.2 ACCESSORIES

- A. Detectable Warning Tape: Acid- and alkali-resistant polyethylene film warning tape manufactured for marking and identifying underground utilities, minimum 6 inches wide and 4 mils thick, continuously inscribed with a description of utility, with metallic core encased in a protective jacket for corrosion protection, detectable by metal detector when tape is buried up to 30 inches deep; colored as follows:
 - 1. Red: Electric.
 - 2. Yellow: Gas, oil, steam, and dangerous materials.
 - 3. Orange: Telephone and other communications.
 - 4. Blue: Water systems.
 - 5. Green: Sewer systems.

- B. Drainage Fabric: Nonwoven geotextile, specifically manufactured as a drainage geotextile; made from polyolefins, polyesters, or polyamides; and with the following minimum properties determined according to ASTM D 4759 and referenced standard test methods:
 - 1. Grab Tensile Strength: 110 lbf; ASTM D 4632.
 - 2. Tear Strength: 40 lbf; ASTM D 4533.
 - 3. Puncture Resistance: 50 lbf; ASTM D 4833.
 - 4. Water Flow Rate: 150 gpm per sq. ft.; ASTM D 4491.
 - 5. Apparent Opening Size: No. 50; ASTM D 4751.
- C. Separation Fabric: Woven geotextile, specifically manufactured for use as a separation geotextile; made from polyolefins, polyesters, or polyamides; and with the following minimum properties determined according to ASTM D 4759 and referenced standard test methods:
 - 1. Grab Tensile Strength: 200 lbf; ASTM D 4632.
 - 2. Tear Strength: 75 lbf; ASTM D 4533.
 - 3. Puncture Resistance: 90 lbf; ASTM D 4833.
 - 4. Water Flow Rate: 4 gpm per sq. ft.; ASTM D 4491.
 - 5. Apparent Opening Size: No. 30; ASTM D 4751.
- D. Erosion-Control Blankets: Biodegradable wood excelsior, straw, or coconut-fiber mat enclosed in a photodegradable plastic mesh. Include manufacturer's recommended steel wire staples, 6 inches long.
- E. Erosion-Control Fiber Mesh: Biodegradable twisted jute or spun-coir mesh, a minimum of 0.92 lb/sq. yd., with 50 to 65 percent open area. Include manufacturer's recommended steel wire staples, 6 inches long.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout, and other hazards created by earthwork operations.
- B. Protect subgrades and foundation soils against freezing temperatures or frost. Provide protective insulating materials as necessary.
- C. Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of soils and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways.

3.2 DEWATERING

- A. Prevent surface water and ground water from entering excavations, from ponding on prepared subgrades, and from flooding Project site and surrounding area. Unsuitable soils as a result of improper dewatering are to be removed and replaced at the General Contractor's expense.
- B. Protect subgrades from softening, undermining, washout, and damage by rain or water accumulation. Unsuitable soils as a result of improper subgrade protection are to be removed and replaced at the General Contractor's expense.

- 1. Reroute surface water runoff away from excavated areas. Do not allow water to accumulate in excavations. Do not use excavated trenches as temporary drainage ditches.
- 2. Install a dewatering system to keep subgrades dry and convey ground water away from excavations. Maintain until dewatering is no longer required.

3.3 EXPLOSIVES

A. Explosives: The use of explosives is prohibited.

3.4 EXCAVATION, GENERAL

- A. Unclassified Excavation: Excavation to, and beyond, subgrade elevations as necessary to reach specified compaction level, regardless of the character of surface and subsurface conditions encountered, including rock, soil materials, and obstructions. Unclassified excavated material may include rock, soil materials, and obstructions. No changes in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time will be authorized for excavation or removal of material.
 - 1. If excavated materials intended for fill and backfill include unsatisfactory soil materials and rock, replace with satisfactory soil materials as directed by the Owner's Testing Agency. Replacement of soils shall be included in both the Contract Time and Contract Sum. No adjustments shall be authorized to either component for such occurrences.

3.5 EXCAVATION FOR STRUCTURES

- A. Excavate to indicated elevations and dimensions within a tolerance of plus or minus 1 inch. Extend excavations a sufficient distance from structures for placing and removing concrete formwork, for installing services and other construction, and for inspections.
 - 1. Excavations for Footings and Foundations: Do not disturb bottom of excavation. Excavate by hand to final grade just before placing concrete reinforcement. Trim bottoms to required lines and grades to leave solid base to receive other work.
 - 2. Excavation for Underground Tanks, Basins, and Mechanical or Electrical Utility Structures: Excavate to elevations and dimensions indicated within a tolerance of plus or minus 1 inch. Do not disturb bottom of excavations intended for bearing surface.

3.6 EXCAVATION FOR WALKS AND PAVEMENTS

A. Excavate surfaces under walks and pavements to indicated cross sections, elevations, and grades.

3.7 EXCAVATION FOR UTILITY TRENCHES

- A. Excavate trenches to indicated gradients, lines, depths, and elevations.
 - 1. Beyond building perimeter, excavate trenches to allow installation of top of pipe below frost line.

- B. Excavate trenches to uniform widths, in accordance with OSHA guidelines, to provide a working clearance on each side of pipe or conduit. Excavate trench walls vertically from trench bottom to 12 inches higher than top of pipe or conduit, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Trench Bottoms: Excavate and shape trench bottoms to provide uniform bearing and support of pipes and conduit. Shape subgrade to provide continuous support for bells, joints, and barrels of pipes and for joints, fittings, and bodies of conduits. Remove projecting stones and sharp objects along trench subgrade.
 - 1. For pipes and conduit less than 6 inches in nominal diameter and flat-bottomed, multipleduct conduit units, hand-excavate trench bottoms and support pipe and conduit on an undisturbed subgrade.
 - 2. For pipes and conduit 6 inches or larger in nominal diameter, shape bottom of trench to support bottom 90 degrees of pipe circumference. See Plans for trenching details.
 - 3. Excavate trenches 6 inches deeper than elevation required in rock or other unyielding bearing material to allow for bedding course.

3.8 APPROVAL OF SUBGRADE

- A. Notify Owner's Testing Agency when excavations have reached required subgrade.
- B. If Owner's Testing Agency determines that unsatisfactory soil is present, continue excavation and replace with compacted backfill or fill material as directed.
 - Additional excavation and replacement material is included in the General Contractor's Contract Sum.
- C. Proof roll subgrade with heavy pneumatic-tired equipment to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding. Do not proof roll wet or saturated subgrades.
- D. Reconstruct subgrades damaged by freezing temperatures, frost, rain, accumulated water, or construction activities, as directed by Owner's Testing Agency.

3.9 UNAUTHORIZED EXCAVATION

- A. Fill unauthorized excavation under sidewalks and curbs by extending bottom elevation of concrete foundation or footing to excavation bottom, without altering top elevation. Lean concrete fill may be used when approved by Engineer.
 - Fill unauthorized excavations under other construction or utility pipe as directed by Engineer.

3.10 STORAGE OF SOIL MATERIALS

- A. Stockpile borrow materials and satisfactory excavated soil materials. Stockpile soil materials without intermixing. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.
 - 1. Stockpile soil materials away from edge of excavations. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.

3.11 BACKFILL

A. Backfill for structures shall be in accordance with the drawing notes and geotechnical report.

- B. Place and compact backfill in excavations promptly, but not before completing the following:
 - Construction below finish grade including, where applicable, dampproofing, waterproofing, and perimeter insulation.
 - 2. Surveying locations of underground utilities for record documents.
 - 3. Inspecting and testing underground utilities.
 - 4. Removing concrete formwork.
 - 5. Removing trash and debris.
 - 6. Removing temporary shoring and bracing, and sheeting.
 - 7. Installing permanent or temporary horizontal bracing on horizontally supported walls.

3.12 UTILITY TRENCH BACKFILL

- A. Place and compact bedding course on trench bottoms and where indicated. Shape bedding course to provide continuous support for bells, joints, and barrels of pipes and for joints, fittings, and bodies of conduits.
- B. Backfill trenches excavated under footings and within 18 inches of bottom of footings; fill with concrete to elevation of bottom of footings.
- C. Provide 4-inch thick, concrete-base slab support for piping or conduit less than 30 inches below surface of roadways. After installing and testing, completely encase piping or conduit in a minimum of 4 inches of concrete before backfilling or placing roadway subbase.
- D. Place and compact initial backfill of subbase material, free of particles larger than 1 inch, to a height of 12 inches over the utility pipe or conduit.
 - Carefully compact material under pipe haunches and bring backfill evenly up on both sides and along the full length of utility piping or conduit to avoid damage or displacement of utility system.
- E. Coordinate backfilling with utilities testing.
- F. Fill voids with approved backfill materials while shoring and bracing, and as sheeting is removed.
- G. Place and compact final backfill of satisfactory soil material to final subgrade.
- H. Install warning tape directly above utilities, 12 inches below finished grade, except 6 inches below subgrade under pavements and slabs.

3.13 FILL

- A. Preparation: Remove vegetation, topsoil, debris, unsatisfactory soil materials, obstructions, and deleterious materials from ground surface before placing fills.
- B. Plow, scarify, bench, or break up sloped surfaces steeper than 1 vertical to 4 horizontal so fill material will bond with existing material.
- C. Place and compact fill material in layers to required elevations as follows:
 - 1. Under grass and planted areas, use satisfactory soil material.
 - 2. Under walks and pavements, use satisfactory soil material.
 - 3. Under steps and ramps, use engineered fill.
 - 4. Under building slabs, use engineered fill.
 - 5. Under footings and foundations, use engineered fill.

3.14 MOISTURE CONTROL

- A. Uniformly moisten or aerate subgrade and each subsequent fill or backfill layer before compaction to within 2 percent of optimum moisture content.
 - 1. Do not place backfill or fill material on surfaces that are muddy, frozen, or contain frost or ice
 - 2. Remove and replace, or scarify and air-dry, otherwise satisfactory soil material that exceeds optimum moisture content by 2 percent and is too wet to compact to specified dry unit weight.

3.15 COMPACTION OF BACKFILLS AND FILLS

- A. Compaction of backfills and fills for structures shall be in accordance with the drawing notes and geotechnical report.
- B. Place backfill and fill materials in layers not more than 6 inches in loose depth for material compacted by heavy compaction equipment, and not more than 4 inches in loose depth for material compacted by hand-operated tampers.
- C. Place backfill and fill materials evenly on all sides of structures to required elevations, and uniformly along the full length of each structure.
- D. Compact soil to not less than the following percentages of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 698.
 - 1. Under pavements, the compaction should be a minimum of 95 percent of the optimum density.
- E. Compact soil to not less than the following percentages of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 698:
 - 1. Under walkways, scarify and recompact top 6 inches below subgrade and compact each layer of backfill or fill material at 90 percent.
 - 2. Under lawn or unpaved areas, scarify and recompact top 6 inches below subgrade and compact each layer of backfill or fill material at 90 percent.

3.16 GRADING

- A. General: Uniformly grade areas to a smooth surface, free from irregular surface changes. Comply with compaction requirements and grade to cross sections, lines, and elevations indicated.
 - 1. Provide a smooth transition between adjacent existing grades and new grades.
 - 2. Cut out soft spots, fill low spots, and trim high spots to comply with required surface tolerances.
- B. Site Grading: Slope grades to direct water away from buildings and to prevent ponding. Finish subgrades to required elevations within the following tolerances:
 - 1. Lawn or Unpaved Areas: Plus or minus 1 inch.
 - 2. Walks: Plus or minus 1/2 inch.
 - 3. Pavements: Plus or minus 1/2 inch.

- C. Grading inside Building Lines: Finish subgrade to a tolerance of 1/2 inch when tested with a 10-foot straightedge.
- D. Site contractor to provide 12" min. settled depth of topsoil for all planting beds. Prior to installation of topsoil, subsoil is to be loosened to a depth of 6". All gravel and other construction debris are to be removed from site in areas outside of 18" from back of curbs, edges of sidewalks and building faces. Site contractor to provide 4" min. settled depth of topsoil for all areas to receive sod prior to installation of topsoil, subsoil is to be loosened to a depth of 6". All gravel and other construction debris are to be removed from site in areas outside of 18" from back of curbs, edges of sidewalks and building faces.

3.17 SUBBASE AND BASE COURSES

- A. Under pavements and walks, place subbase course on prepared subgrade and as follows:
 - 1. Place base course material over subbase.
 - Compact subbase and base courses at optimum moisture content to required grades, lines, cross sections, and thickness to not less than 98 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 1557.
 - 3. Shape subbase and base to required crown elevations and cross-slope grades.
 - 4. When thickness of compacted subbase or base course is 6 inches or less, place materials in a single layer.
 - 5. When thickness of compacted subbase or base course exceeds 6 inches, place materials in equal layers, with no layer more than 6 inches thick or less than 3 inches thick when compacted.
- B. Pavement Shoulders: Place shoulders along edges of subbase and base course to prevent lateral movement. Construct shoulders, at least 60 inches wide, of satisfactory soil materials and compact simultaneously with each subbase and base layer to not less than 98 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 1557.

3.18 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent geotechnical engineering testing agency to perform field quality-control testing.
- B. Allow testing agency to inspect and test subgrades and each fill or backfill layer. Proceed with subsequent earthwork only after test results for previously completed work comply with requirements.
- C. Footing Subgrade: At footing subgrades, at least one test of each soil stratum will be performed to verify design bearing capacities. Subsequent verification and approval of other footing subgrades may be based on a visual comparison of subgrade with tested subgrade when approved by the Owner's Testing Agency.
- D. Testing agency will test compaction of soils in place according to ASTM D 1556, ASTM D 2167, ASTM D 2922, and ASTM D 2937, as applicable. Tests will be performed at the following locations and frequencies:
 - 1. Paved and Building Slab Areas: At subgrade and at each compacted fill and backfill layer, at least one test for every 5000 sq. ft. or less of paved area or building slab, but in no case fewer than three tests.
 - 2. Foundation Wall Backfill: At each compacted backfill layer, at least one test for each 100 feet or less of wall length, but no fewer than two tests.

- 3. Trench Backfill: At each compacted initial and final backfill layer, at least one test for each 150 feet or less of trench length, but no fewer than two tests.
- E. When testing agency reports that subgrades, fills, or backfills have not achieved degree of compaction specified, scarify and moisten or aerate, or remove and replace soil to depth required; recompact and retest until specified compaction is obtained.

3.19 PROTECTION

- A. Protecting Graded Areas: Protect newly graded areas from traffic, freezing, and erosion. Keep free of trash and debris.
- B. Repair and reestablish grades to specified tolerances where completed or partially completed surfaces become eroded, rutted, settled, or where they lose compaction due to subsequent construction operations or weather conditions.
 - 1. Scarify or remove and replace soil material to depth as directed by Engineer; reshape and recompact.
- C. Where settling occurs before Project correction period elapses, remove finished surfacing, backfill with additional soil material, compact, and reconstruct surfacing.
 - 1. Restore appearance, quality, and condition of finished surfacing to match adjacent work, and eliminate evidence of restoration to the greatest extent possible.
- D. Protect areas with slopes exceeding 1 vertical: 2 horizontal with erosion-control fiber mesh and with erosion-control blankets installed and stapled according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Protect areas with slopes not exceeding 1 vertical: 2 horizontal by spreading straw mulch. Spread uniformly at a minimum rate of 2 tons/acre to form a continuous blanket 1-1/2 inches in loose depth over seeded areas. Spread by hand, blower, or other suitable equipment.
 - 1. Anchor straw mulch by crimping into topsoil with suitable mechanical equipment.

3.20 DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS

- A. Disposal: Remove surplus satisfactory soil and waste material, including unsatisfactory soil, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of it off Owner's property.
 - 1. Remove waste material, including unsatisfactory soil, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of it off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 31 10 00

SITE CLEARING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Supplementary Conditions, apply to this Section.
- B. City of Huntsville, AL Construction Specifications Manual for Public Improvements

ALL SITE CLEARING WITHIN CITY OF HUNTSVILLE RIGHT-OF-WAY AND EASEMENTS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HUNTSVILLE SPECIFICATIONS. ALL OTHER SITE CLEARING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE SPECIFICATIONS.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Protecting existing trees and vegetation to remain.
 - 2. Removing trees and other vegetation.
 - 3. Clearing and grubbing.
 - 4. Topsoil stripping.
 - Removing above-grade site improvements.
 - 6. Disconnecting, capping or sealing, and abandoning site utilities in place.
 - 7. Disconnecting, capping or sealing, and removing site utilities.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Section 310000 "Earthwork" for soil materials, excavating, backfilling, and site grading.

1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

A. Topsoil: Natural or cultivated surface-soil layer containing organic matter and sand, silt, and clay particles; friable, pervious, and black or a darker shade of brown, gray, or red than underlying subsoil; reasonably free of subsoil, clay lumps, gravel, and other objects more than 2 inches in diameter; and free of weeds, roots, and other deleterious materials.

1.4 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

A. Except for materials indicated to be stockpiled or to remain Owner's property, cleared materials shall become Contractor's property and shall be removed from the site.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Photographs or videotape, sufficiently detailed, of existing conditions of trees and plantings, adjoining construction, and site improvements that might be misconstrued as damage caused by site clearing.
- B. Contractor's record drawings shall not be required for this project.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Preconstruction Conference: Attend pre-construction conference at Project site prior to initiating construction.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Traffic: Minimize interference with adjoining roads, streets, walks, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities during site-clearing operations.
 - 1. Do not close or obstruct streets, walks, or other adjacent occupied or used facilities without permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed traffic ways if required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Improvements on Adjoining Property: Confirm that the Owner has authority for performing work on property adjoining Owner's property prior to proceeding with this Work.
- C. Salvageable Improvements: Carefully remove items indicated to be salvaged and store on Owner's premises where indicated.
- D. Notify utility locator service for area where Project is located before site clearing.

1.8 PRODUCTS

1.9 SOIL MATERIALS

- A. Satisfactory Soil Materials: Requirements for satisfactory soil materials are specified in Section 310000 "Earthwork."
 - 1. Obtain approved borrow soil materials off-site when satisfactory soil materials are not available on-site.

PART 2 - EXECUTION

2.1 PREPARATION

A. Protect and maintain benchmarks and survey control points from disturbance during construction.

- B. Provide erosion-control measures to prevent soil erosion and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways.
- C. Locate and clearly flag trees and vegetation to remain or to be relocated.
- D. Protect existing site improvements to remain from damage during construction.
 - 1. Restore damaged improvements to their original condition, as acceptable to Owner.

2.2 TREE PROTECTION

- A. Erect and maintain a temporary fence around drip line of individual trees or around perimeter drip line of groups of trees to remain. Remove fence when construction is complete.
 - Do not store construction materials, debris, or excavated material within drip line of remaining trees.
 - 2. Do not permit vehicles, equipment, or foot traffic within drip line of remaining trees.
 - 3. Maintain existing drainage pattern in all tree save areas standing water in these areas is not permitted.
- B. Do not excavate within drip line of trees, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Where excavation for new construction is required within drip line of trees, hand clear and excavate to minimize damage to root systems. Use narrow-tine spading forks, comb soil to expose roots, and cleanly cut roots as close to excavation as possible.
 - 1. Cover exposed roots with burlap and water regularly.
 - 2. Temporarily support and protect roots from damage until they are permanently relocated and covered with soil.
 - 3. Coat cut faces of roots more than 1-1/2 inches in diameter with emulsified asphalt or other approved coating formulated for use on damaged plant tissues.
 - 4. Cover exposed roots with wet burlap to prevent roots from drying out. Backfill with soil as soon as possible.
- D. Repair or replace trees and vegetation indicated to remain that are damaged by construction operations, in a manner approved by Engineer.
 - 1. Employ a qualified arborist, licensed in jurisdiction where Project is located, to submit details of proposed repairs and to repair damage to trees and shrubs.
 - 2. Replace trees that cannot be repaired and restored to full-growth status, as determined by the qualified arborist.

2.3 UTILITIES

- A. Arrange for disconnecting and sealing indicated utilities that serve existing structures before site clearing.
 - Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before proceeding with site clearing.
- B. Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off utilities indicated to be removed.

- 1. Arrange to shut off indicated utilities with utility companies.
- C. Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Owner not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
 - 2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Owner's and Engineer's written permission.
- D. Excavate for and remove underground utilities indicated to be removed.

2.4 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

- A. Remove obstructions, trees, shrubs, grass, and other vegetation to permit installation of new construction. Removal includes digging out stumps and obstructions and grubbing roots.
 - 1. Do not remove trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain or to be relocated.
 - 2. Cut minor roots and branches of trees indicated to remain in a clean and careful manner where such roots and branches obstruct installation of new construction.
 - 3. Completely remove stumps, roots, obstructions, and debris extending to a depth of 18 inches below exposed subgrade.
 - 4. Use only hand methods for grubbing within drip line of remaining trees.
- B. Fill depressions caused by clearing and grubbing operations with satisfactory soil material, unless further excavation or earthwork is indicated.
 - 1. Place fill material in horizontal layers not exceeding 8-inch loose depth, and compact each layer in accordance with requirements for structural fill.

2.5 TOPSOIL STRIPPING

- A. Remove sod and grass before stripping topsoil.
- B. Strip topsoil to whatever depths are encountered in a manner to prevent intermingling with underlying subsoil or other waste materials.
 - 1. Strip surface soil of unsuitable topsoil, including trash, debris, weeds, roots, and other waste materials.
- C. Stockpile topsoil materials away from edge of excavations without intermixing with subsoil. Grade and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.
 - 1. Limit height of topsoil stockpiles to 72 inches.
 - 2. Do not stockpile topsoil within drip line of remaining trees.
 - 3. Dispose of excess topsoil as specified for waste material disposal.
 - 4. Stockpile surplus topsoil and allow for respreading topsoil.

2.6 SITE IMPROVEMENTS

- A. Remove existing above- and below-grade improvements as indicated and as necessary to facilitate new construction.
- B. Remove slabs, paving, curbs, gutters, and aggregate base as indicated.
 - 1. Unless existing full-depth joints coincide with line of demolition, neatly saw-cut length of existing pavement to remain before removing existing pavement. Saw-cut faces vertically.

2.7 DISPOSAL

A. Disposal: Remove surplus soil material, unsuitable topsoil, obstructions, demolished materials, and waste materials, including trash and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

Storage or sale of cleared items or materials on-site is not permitted.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 31 31 16

TERMITE CONTROL

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Chemical soil treatment.

1.02 PRICE AND PAYMENT PROCEDURES

A. Soil Treatment: By the square yard of treated soil. Includes applying toxicant to designated soil, re-treating when directed, warranty, annual inspections.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. Title 7, United States Code, 136 through 136y - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act; 1947 (Revised 2001).

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Indicate toxicants to be used, composition by percentage, dilution schedule, intended application rate.
- C. Test Reports: Indicate regulatory agency approval reports when required.
- D. Manufacturer's Application Instructions: Indicate caution requirements .
- E. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify that toxicants meet or exceed specified requirements.
- F. Warranty: Submit warranty and ensure that forms have been completed in Owner's name.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing this type of work.
 - 1. Licensed in Alabama.

1.06 WARRANTY

A. See Section 01 78 00 - Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Toxicant Chemical: EPA approved; synthetically color dyed to permit visual identification of treated soil.
- B. Diluent: Recommended by toxicant manufacturer.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that soil surfaces are unfrozen, sufficiently dry to absorb toxicant, and ready to receive treatment.
- B. Verify final grading is complete.

3.02 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with requirements of U.S. EPA and applicable state and local codes.
- B. Spray apply toxicant in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Apply toxicant at following locations:
 - 1. Under Slabs-on-Grade.
 - 2. At Both Sides of Foundation Surface.
- D. Under slabs, apply toxicant immediately prior to installation of vapor barrier.
- E. At foundation walls, apply toxicant immediately prior to finish grading work outside foundations.
- F. Apply extra treatment to structure penetration surfaces such as pipe or ducts, and soil penetrations such as grounding rods or posts.
- G. Re-treat disturbed treated soil with same toxicant as original treatment.
- H. If inspection or testing identifies the presence of termites, re-treat soil and re-test.

3.03 PROTECTION

A. Do not permit soil grading over treated work.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 32 12 00

HOT-MIX ASPHALT PAVING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, apply to this Section.
- B. Alabama Department of Transportation (ALDOT) Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, latest edition.
- C. City of Huntsville, AL Engineering Standards for Construction for Public Improvements

ALL ASPHALT PAVEMENT WITHIN CITY OF HUNTSVILLE RIGHT-OF-WAY AND EASEMENTS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HUNTSVILLE SPECIFICATIONS. ALL OTHER ASPHALT PAVEMENT SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE SPECIFICATIONS.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Hot-mix asphalt paving.
 - 2. Hot-mix asphalt patching.
 - 3. Pavement-marking paint.
 - 4. Wheel stops.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Section 310000 "Earthwork" for aggregate subbase and base courses and aggregate pavement shoulders.
 - Section 321373 "Paving Joint Sealants" for joint sealants and fillers at paving terminations.

1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Provide hot-mix asphalt pavement according to the materials, workmanship, and other applicable requirements of the standard specifications of the state or of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Standard Specification: Alabama Department of Transportation Standard Specifications' for Highway Construction, latest edition
 - 2. Measurement and payment provisions and safety program submittals included in standard specifications do not apply to this Section.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each product specified. Include technical data and tested physical and performance properties.
- B. Job-Mix Designs: Certification, by authorities having jurisdiction, of approval of each job mix proposed for the Work.
- C. Job-Mix Designs: For each job mix proposed for the Work.
- D. Material Test Reports: Indicate and interpret test results for compliance of materials with requirements indicated.
- E. Material Certificates: Certificates signed by manufacturers certifying that each material complies with requirements.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an experienced installer who has completed hot-mix asphalt paving similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Engage a firm experienced in manufacturing hot-mix asphalt similar to that indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance.
 - 1. Firm shall be a registered and approved paving mix manufacturer with authorities having jurisdiction or with the Alabama Department of Transportation.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Conform to applicable standards of authorities having jurisdiction for asphalt paving work on public property.
- D. Asphalt-Paving Publication: Comply with "ALDOT Standard Specifications for Highway Construction," latest edition, except where more stringent requirements are indicated.
- E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site. Review methods and procedures related to asphalt paving including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Review proposed sources of paving materials, including capabilities and location of plant that will manufacture hot-mix asphalt.
 - 2. Review condition of substrate and preparatory work performed by other trades.
 - Review requirements for protecting paving work, including restriction of traffic during installation period and for remainder of construction period.
 - 4. Review and finalize construction schedule for paving and related work. Verify availability of materials, paving Installer's personnel, and equipment required to execute the Work without delays.
 - 5. Review inspection and testing requirements, governing regulations, and proposed installation procedures.
 - 6. Review forecasted weather conditions and procedures for coping with unfavorable conditions.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver pavement-marking materials to Project site in original packages with seals unbroken and bearing manufacturer's labels containing brand name and type of material, date of manufacture, and directions for storage.
- B. Store pavement-marking materials in a clean, dry, protected location and within temperature range required by manufacturer. Protect stored materials from direct sunlight.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not apply asphalt materials if substrate is wet or excessively damp or if the following conditions are not met:
 - 1. Prime and Tack Coats: Minimum surface temperature of 60 deg F.
 - 2. Slurry Coat: Comply with weather limitations of ASTM D 3910.
 - 3. Asphalt Base Course: Minimum surface temperature of 40 deg F and rising at time of placement.
 - 4. Asphalt Surface Course: Minimum surface temperature of 60 deg F at time of placement.
- B. Pavement-Marking Paint: Proceed with pavement marking only on clean, dry surfaces and at a minimum ambient or surface temperature of 40 deg F for oil-based materials, 50 deg F for water-based materials, and not exceeding 95 deg F.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 AGGREGATES

- A. General: Use materials and gradations that have performed satisfactorily in previous installations.
- B. Coarse Aggregate: Sound; angular crushed stone; crushed gravel; or properly cured, crushed blast-furnace slag; complying with ASTM D 692.
- C. Fine Aggregate: Sharp-edged natural sand or sand prepared from stone; gravel, properly cured blast-furnace slag, or combinations thereof; complying with ASTM D 1073.
 - 1. For hot-mix asphalt, limit natural sand to a maximum of 20 percent by weight of the total aggregate mass.
- D. Mineral Filler: Rock or slag dust, hydraulic cement, or other inert material complying with ASTM D 242.

2.2 ASPHALT MATERIALS

- A. Asphalt Cement: ASTM D 3381 for viscosity-graded material; ASTM D 946 for penetration-graded material.
- B. Asphalt Cement: ASTM D 3381 for viscosity-graded material.

- C. Undersealing Asphalt: ASTM D 3141, pumping consistency.
- D. Prime Coat: ASTM D 2027; medium-curing cutback asphalt; MC-30, MC-70, or MC-250.
- E. Prime Coat: Asphalt emulsion prime conforming to state DOT requirements.
- F. Prime Coat: ASTM D 977, emulsified asphalt or ASTM D 2397, cationic emulsified asphalt, slow setting, factory diluted in water, of suitable grade and consistency for application.
- G. Tack Coat: ASTM D 977, emulsified asphalt or ASTM D 2397, cationic emulsified asphalt, slow setting, factory diluted in water, of suitable grade and consistency for application.
- H. Fog Seal: ASTM D 977, emulsified asphalt or ASTM D 2397, cationic emulsified asphalt, slow setting, factory diluted in water, of suitable grade and consistency for application.
- I. Water: Potable.

2.3 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. Herbicide: Commercial chemical for weed control, registered by Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Provide granular, liquid, or wettable powder form.
- B. Sand: ASTM D 1073, Grade Nos. 2 or 3.
- C. Paving Geotextile: Nonwoven polypropylene, specifically designed for paving applications, resistant to chemical attack, rot, and mildew.
- D. Pavement-Marking Paint: Latex, waterborne emulsion, lead and chromate free, ready mixed, complying with FS TT-P-1952, with drying time of less than 3 minutes.

2.4 MIXES

- A. Hot-Mix Asphalt: Provide dense, hot-laid, hot-mix asphalt plant mixes approved by authorities having jurisdiction; designed according to procedures in Al's "Mix Design Methods for Asphalt Concrete and Other Hot-Mix Types"; and complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. Provide mixes with a history of satisfactory performance in geographical area where Project is located.
 - 2. Base Course: As indicated on drawings
 - 3. Binder Course: As indicated on drawings
 - Surface Course: As indicated on drawings.
- B. Hot-Mix Asphalt: Provide dense, hot-laid, hot-mix asphalt plant mixes approved by authorities having jurisdiction and designed according to procedures in Al's "Mix Design Methods for Asphalt Concrete and Other Hot-Mix Types."
 - 1. Provide mixes with a history of satisfactory performance in geographical area where Project is located.
 - 2. Provide mixes complying with the composition, grading, and tolerance requirements of ASTM D 3515 for the following nominal, maximum aggregate sizes:
 - a. Base Course: As indicated on drawings.
 - b. Surface Course: As indicated on drawings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that subgrade is dry and in suitable condition to support paving and imposed loads.
- B. Proof-roll subbase using heavy, equipment having a minimum loaded weight of 25 tons to locate areas that are unstable or that require further compaction.
- C. Notify Engineer in writing of any unsatisfactory conditions. Do not begin paving installation until these conditions have been satisfactorily corrected.

3.2 COLD MILLING

- A. Clean existing paving surface of loose and deleterious material immediately before cold milling. Remove existing asphalt pavement, including hot-mix asphalt and, as necessary, unboundaggregate base course, by cold milling to grades and cross sections indicated.
 - 1. Repair or replace curbs, manholes, and other construction damaged during cold milling.

3.3 PATCHING AND REPAIRS

- A. Patching: Saw cut perimeter of patch and excavate existing pavement section to sound base. Recompact new subgrade. Excavate rectangular or trapezoidal patches, extending 12 inches into adjacent sound pavement, unless otherwise indicated. Cut excavation faces vertically.
 - 1. Tack coat faces of excavation and allow to cure before paving.
 - 2. Fill excavation with dense-graded, hot-mix asphalt base mix and, while still hot, compact flush with adjacent surface.
 - 3. Partially fill excavation with dense-graded, hot-mix asphalt base mix and compact while still hot. Cover asphalt base course with compacted, hot-mix surface layer finished flush with adjacent surfaces.
- B. Portland Cement Concrete Pavement: Break cracked slabs and roll as required to reseat concrete pieces firmly.
 - 1. Pump hot undersealing asphalt under rocking slabs until slab is stabilized or, if necessary, crack slab into pieces and roll to reseat pieces firmly.
 - 2. Remove disintegrated or badly broken pavement. Prepare and patch with hot-mix asphalt.
- C. Leveling Course: Install and compact leveling course consisting of dense-graded, hot-mix asphalt surface course to level sags and fill depressions deeper than 1 inch in existing pavements.
 - 1. Install leveling wedges in compacted lifts not exceeding 3 inches thick.
- D. Crack and Joint Filling: Remove existing filler material from cracks or joints to a depth of 1/4 inch. Refill with asphalt joint-filling material to restore watertight condition. Remove excess filler that has accumulated near cracks or joints.

- E. Tack Coat: Apply uniformly to existing surfaces of previously constructed asphalt or portland cement concrete paving and to surfaces abutting or projecting into new, hot-mix asphalt pavement. Apply at a uniform rate of 0.05 to 0.15 gal./sq. yd. of surface.
 - 1. Allow tack coat to cure undisturbed before paving.
 - Avoid smearing or staining adjoining surfaces, appurtenances, and surroundings. Remove spillages and clean affected surfaces.

3.4 SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. General: Immediately before placing asphalt materials, remove loose and deleterious material from substrate surfaces. Ensure that prepared subgrade is ready to receive paving.
 - 1. Sweep loose granular particles from surface of unbound-aggregate base course. Do not dislodge or disturb aggregate embedded in compacted surface of base course.
- B. Herbicide Treatment: Apply herbicide according to manufacturer's recommended rates and written application instructions. Apply to dry, prepared subgrade or surface of compacted-aggregate base before applying paving materials.
 - 1. Mix herbicide with prime coat when formulated by manufacturer for that purpose.
- C. Prime Coat: Apply uniformly over surface of compacted-aggregate base at a rate of 0.15 to 0.50 gal./sq. yd. Apply enough material to penetrate and seal, but not flood, surface. Allow prime coat to cure for 72 hours minimum.
 - If prime coat is not entirely absorbed within 24 hours after application, spread sand over surface to blot excess asphalt. Use just enough sand to prevent pickup under traffic. Remove loose sand by sweeping before pavement is placed and after volatiles have evaporated.
 - 2. Protect primed substrate from damage until ready to receive paving.

3.5 GEOTEXTILE INSTALLATION

- A. Apply bond coat, consisting of asphalt cement, uniformly to existing surfaces at a rate of 0.20 to 0.30 gal./sq. yd.
- B. Place paving geotextile promptly according to manufacturer's written instructions. Broom or roll geotextile smooth and free of wrinkles and folds. Overlap longitudinal joints 4 inches and transverse joints 6 inches.
 - 1. Protect paving geotextile from traffic and other damage and place overlay paving the same day.

3.6 HOT-MIX ASPHALT PLACING

A. Machine place hot-mix asphalt mix on prepared surface, spread uniformly, and strike off. Place asphalt mix by hand to areas inaccessible to equipment in a manner that prevents segregation of mix. Place each course to required grade, cross section, and thickness, when compacted.

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- 1. Place hot-mix asphalt base course in number of lifts and thicknesses indicated. Place hot-mix asphalt surface course in single lift.
- 2. Spread mix at minimum temperature of 250 deg F.
- 3. Begin applying mix along centerline of crown for crowned sections and on high side of one-way slopes, unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Regulate paver machine speed to obtain smooth, continuous surface free of pulls and tears in asphalt-paving mat.
- 5. Place asphalt in direction of traffic flow.
- B. Place paving in consecutive strips not less than 10 feet wide, except where infill edge strips of a lesser width are required.
 - After first strip has been placed and rolled, place succeeding strips and extend rolling to overlap previous strips. Complete asphalt base course for a section before placing asphalt surface course.
- C. Promptly correct surface irregularities in paving course behind paver. Use suitable hand tools to remove excess material forming high spots. Fill depressions with hot-mix asphalt to prevent segregation of mix; use suitable hand tools to smooth surface.

3.7 JOINTS

- A. Construct joints to ensure continuous bond between adjoining paving sections. Construct joints free of depressions with same texture and smoothness as other sections of hot-mix asphalt course.
 - 1. Clean contact surfaces and apply tack coat.
 - 2. Offset longitudinal joints in successive courses a minimum of 6 inches.
 - 3. Offset transverse joints in successive courses a minimum of 24 inches.
 - 4. Construct transverse joints by bulkhead method or sawed vertical face method as described in Al's "The Asphalt Handbook."
 - Compact joints as soon as hot-mix asphalt will bear roller weight without excessive displacement.
 - 6. Compact asphalt at joints to a density within 2 percent of specified course density.

3.8 COMPACTION

- A. General: Begin compaction as soon as placed hot-mix paving will bear roller weight without excessive displacement. Compact hot-mix paving with hot, hand tampers or vibratory-plate compactors in areas inaccessible to rollers.
 - 1. Complete compaction before mix temperature cools to 185 deg F.
- B. Breakdown Rolling: Accomplish breakdown or initial rolling immediately after rolling joints and outside edge. Examine surface immediately after breakdown rolling for indicated crown, grade, and smoothness. Repair surfaces by loosening displaced material, filling with hot-mix asphalt, and rerolling to required elevations.
- C. Intermediate Rolling: Begin intermediate rolling immediately after breakdown rolling, while hot-mix asphalt is still hot enough to achieve specified density. Continue rolling until hot-mix asphalt course has been uniformly compacted to the following density:

- Average Density: 96 percent of reference laboratory density according to ASTM D 1559, but not less than 94 percent nor greater than 100 percent.
- 2. Average Density: 92 percent of reference maximum theoretical density according to ASTM D 2041, but not less than 90 percent nor greater than 96 percent.
- D. Finish Rolling: Finish roll paved surfaces to remove roller marks while hot-mix asphalt is still warm.
- E. Edge Shaping: While surface is being compacted and finished, trim edges of pavement to proper alignment. Bevel edges while still hot, with back of rake or smooth iron. Compact thoroughly using tamper or other satisfactory method.
- F. Repairs: Remove paved areas that are defective or contaminated with foreign materials. Remove paving course over area affected and replace with fresh, hot-mix asphalt. Compact by rolling to specified density and surface smoothness.
- G. Protection: After final rolling, do not permit vehicular traffic on pavement until it has cooled and hardened.
- H. Erect barricades to protect paving from traffic until mixture has cooled enough not to become marked.

3.9 INSTALLATION TOLERANCES

- A. Thickness: Compact each course to produce the thickness indicated within the following tolerances:
 - 1. Base Course: Plus or minus 1/2 inch.
 - 2. Surface Course: Plus 1/4 inch, no minus.
- B. Surface Smoothness: Compact each course to produce a surface smoothness within the following tolerances as determined by using a 10-foot straightedge applied transversely or longitudinally to paved areas:
 - 1. Base Course: 1/4 inch.
 - 2. Surface Course: 1/8 inch.
 - 3. Crowned Surfaces: Test with crowned template centered and at right angle to crown. Maximum allowable variance from template is 1/4 inch.

3.10 PAVEMENT MARKING

- A. Do not apply pavement-marking paint until layout, colors, and placement have been verified with Engineer.
- B. Sweep and clean surface to eliminate loose material and dust.
- C. Apply paint in two separate coats, with mechanical equipment to produce pavement markings of dimensions indicated with uniform, straight edges. Apply at manufacturer's recommended rates to provide an overall minimum wet film thickness of 15 mils.

3.11 WHEEL STOPS

- A. Securely attach wheel stops into pavement with not less than 2 galvanized steel dowels embedded in precast concrete at one-third points. Firmly bond each dowel to wheel stop and to pavement.
 - 1. Extend upper portion of dowel 5 inches into wheel stop and lower portion a minimum of 5 inches into pavement or as noted on the detail, which ever is greater.

3.12 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform field inspections and tests and to prepare test reports.
 - 1. Testing agency will conduct and interpret tests and state in each report whether tested Work complies with or deviates from specified requirements.
- B. Additional testing, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of corrected Work with specified requirements.
- C. Thickness: In-place compacted thickness of hot-mix asphalt courses will be determined according to ASTM D 3549.
- D. Surface Smoothness: Finished surface of each hot-mix asphalt course will be tested for compliance with smoothness tolerances.
- E. In-Place Density: Samples of uncompacted paving mixtures and compacted pavement will be secured by testing agency according to ASTM D 979.
 - 1. Reference laboratory density will be determined by averaging results from 4 samples of hot-mix asphalt-paving mixture delivered daily to site, prepared according to ASTM D 1559, and compacted according to job-mix specifications.
 - 2. Reference maximum theoretical density will be determined by averaging results from 4 samples of hot-mix asphalt-paving mixture delivered daily to site, prepared according to ASTM D 2041, and compacted according to job-mix specifications.
 - 3. A test strip will be established in general accordance with local DOT practice to assist the contractor establish an optimum rolling pattern for compacting the hot mix asphalt. This procedure should include at a minimum:
 - a. Selecting multiple fixed test locations where in place density tests area conducted using a nuclear gauge (ASTM D 2950) as the mix is placed and compacted. Density readings will be obtained at the same location after successive passes with the breakdown, traffic and finish rollers. Rolling with the breakdown roller should continue until the density count peaks or the asphalt mat begins to show signs of over rolling. Rolling with the traffic and finish roller should continue until no further increase in density is indicated. The number of passes with each compactor necessary to achieve these thresholds should be established as the rolling pattern. Test strips should be performed for each asphalt mix type placed on the project.

- b. Cores shall be obtained from the compacted asphalt courses and their density determined in accordance with ASTM D 2726 or D 1188 to correlate the nuclear gauge readings to a direct density measurement. Based on these results, a bias (correction factor) shall be applied to subsequent nuclear density test results as appropriate.
- 4. In-place density and thickness of compacted pavement will be determined by one of the following methods.
 - a. One core sample will be taken for every 1000 sq. yd. or less of installed pavement, but in no case, will fewer than 3 cores be taken. Core density shall be tested in accordance with ASTM D 1188 or D 2726.
 - Field density of in-place compacted pavement may also be determined by nuclear method according to ASTM D 2950 and correlated with ASTM D 1188 or ASTM D 2726.
- F. Remove and replace or install additional hot-mix asphalt where test results or measurements indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 32 13 73

PAVEMENT JOINT SEALANTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Architect's General and Supplementary Conditions and Architects Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Expansion and contraction joints within portland cement concrete pavement.
 - 2. Joints between portland cement concrete and asphalt pavement.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Section 321200 "Hot-Mix Asphalt Paving" for constructing joints between concrete and asphalt pavement.
 - 2. Architects specifications for "Joint Sealants" for sealing nontraffic and traffic joints in locations not specified in this Section.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each joint-sealant product indicated.
- B. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.
- C. Compatibility and Adhesion Test Reports: From joint sealant manufacturer indicating the following:
 - 1. Materials forming joint substrates and joint-sealant backer materials have been tested for compatibility and adhesion with joint sealants.
 - 2. Interpretation of test results and written recommendations for primers and substrate preparation needed for adhesion.
- D. Product Test Reports: From a qualified testing agency indicating joint sealants comply with requirements, based on comprehensive testing of current product formulations.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has specialized in installing joint sealants similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project and whose work has resulted in joint-sealant installations with a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of joint sealant through one source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Product Testing: Obtain test results for "Product Test Reports" Paragraph in "Submittals" Article from a qualified testing agency, based on testing current sealant formulations within a 36-month period.
 - Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM C 1021 to conduct the testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548
 - 2. Test joint sealants for compliance with requirements indicated by referencing standard specifications and test methods.
- D. Preconstruction Compatibility and Adhesion Testing: Submit to joint sealant manufacturer, for testing indicated below, samples of materials that will contact or affect joint sealants.
 - 1. Use manufacturer's standard test methods to determine whether priming and other specific joint preparation techniques are required to obtain rapid, optimum adhesion of joint sealants to joint substrates.
 - Perform tests under environmental conditions replicating those that will exist during installation.
 - 2. Submit not fewer than nine pieces of each type of material, including joint substrates, joint-sealant backer materials, secondary seals, and miscellaneous material.
 - 3. Schedule sufficient time for testing and analyzing results to prevent delaying the Work.
 - 4. For materials failing tests, obtain joint sealant manufacturer's written instructions for corrective measures, including the use of specially formulated primers.
 - 5. Testing will not be required if joint sealant manufacturer submits joint preparation data that are based on previous testing of current sealant products for adhesion to, and compatibility with, joint substrates and other materials matching those submitted.

1.5 **DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING**

- A. Deliver materials to Project site in original unopened containers or bundles with labels indicating manufacturer, product name and designation, color, expiration date, pot life, curing time, and mixing instructions for multicomponent materials.
- B. Store and handle materials to comply with manufacturer's written instructions to prevent their deterioration or damage due to moisture, high or low temperatures, contaminants, or other causes.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under the following conditions:

- 1. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by joint sealant manufacturer.
- 2. When joint substrates are wet.
- B. Joint-Width Conditions: Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants where joint widths are less than that allowed by joint sealant manufacturer for application indicated.
- C. Joint-Substrate Conditions: Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants until contaminants capable of interfering with their adhesion are removed from joint substrates.

1.7 **WARRANTY**

- A. General Warranty: Special warranties specified in this Article shall not deprive Owner of other rights Owner may have under other provisions of the Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by Contractor under requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Special Installer's Warranty: Written warranty, signed by Installer agreeing to repair or replace elastomeric joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Special warranties specified in this Article exclude deterioration or failure of elastomeric joint sealants from the following:
 - 1. Movement of the structure resulting in stresses on the sealant exceeding sealant manufacturer's written specifications for sealant elongation and compression caused by structural settlement or errors attributable to design or construction.
 - 2. Disintegration of joint substrates from natural causes exceeding design specifications.
 - 3. Mechanical damage caused by individuals, tools, or other outside agents.
 - 4. Changes in sealant appearance caused by accumulation of dirt or other atmospheric contaminants.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, backing materials, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by joint sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
- B. Colors of Exposed Joint Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range for this characteristic.

2.2 COLD-APPLIED JOINT SEALANTS

A. Type SL Silicone Sealant for Concrete and Asphalt: Single-component, low-modulus, neutral-curing, self-leveling silicone sealant complying with ASTM D 5893 for Type SL.

- B. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - 1. Type SL Silicone Sealant for Concrete and Asphalt:
 - a. 890-SL; Dow Corning.

2.3 HOT-APPLIED JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Elastomeric Sealant for Concrete: Single-component formulation complying with ASTM D 3406.
- B. Sealant for Concrete and Asphalt: Single-component formulation complying with ASTM D 3405.
- C. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - 1. Elastomeric Sealant for Concrete:
 - a. Superseal 444/777; Crafco, Inc.
 - 2. Sealant for Concrete and Asphalt:
 - a. ROADSAVER 221: Crafco Inc.
 - b. Product #9005; Koch Materials Company.
 - c. SEALTIGHT HI-SPEC; W.R. Meadows, Inc.

2.4 JOINT-SEALANT BACKER MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide joint-sealant backer materials that are nonstaining; are compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and are approved for applications indicated by joint sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.
- B. Round Backer Rod for Cold- and Hot-Applied Sealants: ASTM D 5249, Type 1, of diameter and density required to control sealant depths and prevent bottom-side adhesion of sealant.
- C. Backer Strips for Cold- and Hot-Applied Sealants: ASTM D 5249; Type 2; of thickness and width required to control sealant depths, prevent bottom-side adhesion of sealant, and fill remainder of joint opening under sealant.
- D. Round Backer Rods for Cold-Applied Sealants: ASTM D 5249, Type 3, of diameter and density required to control sealant depths and prevent bottom-side adhesion of sealant.

2.5 PRIMERS

A. Primers: Product recommended by joint sealant manufacturer where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates indicated, as determined from preconstruction joint- sealant-substrate tests and field tests.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine joints indicated to receive joint sealants, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for joint configuration, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting joint-sealant performance.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with joint sealant manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Joint Priming: Prime joint substrates where indicated or where recommended in writing by joint sealant manufacturer, based on preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests or prior experience. Apply primer to comply with joint sealant manufacturer's written instructions. Confine primers to areas of joint-sealant bond; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF JOINT SEALANTS

- A. General: Comply with joint sealant manufacturer's written installation instructions applicable to products and applications indicated, unless more stringent requirements apply.
- B. Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with recommendations of ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.
- C. Install backer materials of type indicated to support sealants during application and at position required to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths of installed sealants relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
 - 1. Do not leave gaps between ends of backer materials.
 - 2. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear backer materials.
 - 3. Remove absorbent backer materials that have become wet before sealant application and replace them with dry materials.
- D. Install sealants by proven techniques to comply with the following and at the same time backings are installed:
 - 1. Place sealants so they directly contact and fully wet joint substrates.
 - 2. Completely fill recesses provided for each joint configuration.
 - 3. Produce uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
- E. Tooling of Nonsag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and before skinning or curing begins, tool sealants according to requirements specified below to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated; to eliminate air pockets; and to ensure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides of joint.

- 1. Remove excess sealants from surfaces adjacent to joint.
- 2. Use tooling agents that are approved in writing by joint sealant manufacturer and that do not discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces.
- F. Provide joint configuration to comply with joint sealant manufacturer's written instructions, unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Provide recessed joint configuration for silicone sealants of recess depth and at locations indicated.

3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean off excess sealants or sealant smears adjacent to joints as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved by manufacturers of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

3.5 PROTECTION

A. Protect joint sealants during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances and from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so sealants are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated joint sealants immediately so installations with repaired areas are indistinguishable from the original work.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 32 31 13

CHAIN-LINK FENCES AND GATES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - PVC-coated, steel chain-link fabric.
 - 2. Polymer-coated, galvanized, steel framework.
 - 3. Privacy slats.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Section 310000 "Earthwork" for filling and for grading work.

1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

A. CLFMI: Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Material descriptions, construction details, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Maintenance Data: For the following to include in maintenance manuals specified in Division 1:
 - 1. Polymer finishes.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed chain-link fences and gates similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project and whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify layout information for chain-link fences and gates shown on Drawings in relation to property survey and existing structures. Verify dimensions by field measurements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Allied Fence Manufacturing Co.
 - b. Anchor Fence Div.
 - c. Boundary Fence and Railing Co.
 - d. Approved Equal

2.2 CHAIN-LINK FENCE FABRIC

- A. Steel Chain-Link Fence Fabric: As indicated on the Drawings. Provide fabric fabricated in onepiece widths for fencing in height of 12 feet (3.6 m) and less. Comply with CLFMI's "Product Manual" and with requirements indicated below:
 - 1. Mesh and Wire Size: 2-inch (50-mm) mesh, 0.148-inch (3.76-mm) diameter for PVC-coated wire.
 - 2. PVC-Coated Fabric: ASTM F 668, Class 2b over metallic-coated steel wire.
 - a. Metallic Coating: Aluminum.
 - b. Color: Black.
 - 3. Coat selvage ends of fabric that is metallic coated during the weaving process with manufacturer's standard clear protective coating.
- B. Selvage: Knuckled at both selvages.

2.3 INDUSTRIAL FENCE FRAMING

A. Round Steel Pipe: Standard weight, Schedule 40, galvanized steel pipe complying with ASTM F 1083. Comply with ASTM F 1043, Material Design Group IA, external and internal coating Type A, consisting of not less than 1.8-oz./sq. ft. (0.55-kg/sq. m) zinc; and the following strength and stiffness requirements:

- Line, End, Corner, and Pull Posts and Top Rail: Per requirements for Heavy Industrial Fence.
- B. Post Brace Rails: Match top rail for coating and strength and stiffness requirements. Provide brace rail with truss rod assembly for each gate, end, and pull post. Provide two brace rails extending in opposing directions, each with truss rod assembly, for each corner post and for pull posts. Provide rail ends and clamps for attaching rails to posts.
- C. Top Rails: Fabricate top rail from lengths 21 feet (6.4 m) or longer, with swedged-end or fabricated for expansion-type coupling, forming a continuous rail along top of chain-link fabric.
- D. Bottom Rails: Match top rail for coating and strength and stiffness requirements.

2.4 INDUSTRIAL SWING GATES

- A. General: Comply with ASTM F 900 for the following swing-gate types:
 - 1. Single gate.
 - 2. Double gate.
- B. Metal Pipe and Tubing: Galvanized steel. Comply with ASTM F 1083 and ASTM F 1043 for materials and protective coatings.
- C. Frames and Bracing: Fabricate members from round (double leaves) and square (single leaf) galvanized steel tubing with outside dimension and weight according to ASTM F 900 for the following gate fabric height:
 - 1. Gate Fabric Height: More than 6 feet (1.83 m).
- D. Frame Corner Construction: As follows:
 - Welded.
- E. Gate Posts: Fabricate members from round galvanized steel pipe with outside dimension and weight according to ASTM F 900 for the following gate fabric heights and leaf widths:
- F. Hardware: Latches permitting operation from both sides of gate, hinges, center gate stops and, for each gate leaf more than 5 feet (1.5 m) wide, keepers.
 - 1. Coordinate locking provisions with details on the Drawings.
 - 2. Latch (Typical): Forked type or plunger-bar type to permit operation from either side of gate, with padlock eye as an integral part of latch.
 - 3. Personnel gate shall be fabricated to accommodate housing box for keyed cylinder and deadbolt indicated on the Drawings.

2.5 FITTINGS

- A. General: Provide fittings for a complete fence installation, including special fittings for corners. Comply with ASTM F 626.
- B. Post and Line Caps: Hot-dip galvanized pressed steel or hot-dip galvanized cast iron. Provide weathertight closure cap for each post.
- C. Rail and Brace Ends: Hot-dip galvanized pressed steel or hot-dip galvanized cast iron. Provide rail ends or other means for attaching rails securely to each gate, corner, pull, and end post.
- D. Rail Fittings: Provide the following:
 - 1. Top Rail Sleeves: Hot-dip galvanized pressed steel or round steel tubing. Not less than 6 inches (153 mm) long.
 - 2. Rail Clamps: Hot-dip galvanized pressed steel. Provide line and corner boulevard clamps for connecting bottom rails in the fence line to line posts.
- E. Tension and Brace Bands: Hot-dip galvanized pressed steel.
- F. Tension Bars: Hot-dip galvanized steel, length not less than 2 inches (50 mm) shorter than full height of chain-link fabric. Provide one bar for each gate and end post, and two for each corner and pull post, unless fabric is integrally woven into post.
- G. Truss Rod Assemblies: Hot-dip galvanized steel rod and turnbuckle or other means of adjustment.
- H. Tie Wires, Clips, and Fasteners: Provide the following types according to ASTM F 626:
 - 1. Standard Round Wire Ties: For attaching chain-link fabric to posts, rails, and frames, complying with the following:
 - a. Hot-Dip Galvanized Steel: 0.148-inch- (3.76-mm-) diameter wire.
 - 2. Power-driven fasteners.
 - 3. Round Wire Clips: Hot-dip galvanized steel or aluminum for attaching chain-link fabric to H-beam posts.

2.6 POLYMER FINISHES

- A. Supplemental Color Coating: In addition to specified metallic coatings for steel framing, fittings and accessories, provide fence components with polymer coating.
- B. Metallic-Coated Steel Tension Wire: PVC-coated wire complying with ASTM F 1664, Class 2b.
- C. Metallic-Coated Steel Framing: Comply with ASTM F 1043 for polymer coating applied to exterior surfaces and, except for tubular shapes, to exposed interior surfaces.
 - 1. Polymer Coating: Not less than 10-mil- (0.254-mm-) thick PVC or 3-mil- (0.076-mm-) thick polyester finish.
- D. Color: Black complying with ASTM F 934.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for a verified survey of property lines and legal boundaries, site clearing, earthwork, pavement work, and other conditions affecting performance.
 - Do not begin installation before final grading is completed, unless otherwise permitted by Architect.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Stake locations of fence lines, gates, and terminal posts. Do not exceed intervals of 500 feet (152.5 m) or line of sight between stakes. Indicate locations of utilities, lawn sprinkler system, underground structures, benchmarks, and property monuments.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Install chain-link fencing to comply with ASTM F 567 and more stringent requirements specified.
 - 1. Install fencing on established boundary lines inside property line.
- B. Post Excavation: Drill or hand-excavate holes for posts to diameters and spacings indicated, in firm, undisturbed or compacted soil.
- C. Post Setting: Hand-excavate holes for post foundations in firm, undisturbed or compacted soil. Set posts in concrete footing. Protect portion of posts aboveground from concrete splatter. Place concrete around posts and vibrate or tamp for consolidation. Using mechanical devices to set line posts per ASTM F 567 is permitted. Verify that posts are set plumb, aligned, and at correct height and spacing, and hold in position during placement and finishing operations until concrete is sufficiently cured.
 - 1. Dimensions and Profile: As indicated on Drawings.
 - 2. Concealed Concrete Footings: Stop footings a minimum of **2 inches (50 mm)** below grade to allow covering with surface material.

3.4 CHAIN-LINK FENCE INSTALLATION

- A. Terminal Posts: Locate terminal end, corner, and gate posts per ASTM F 567 and terminal pull posts at changes in horizontal or vertical alignment of 15 degrees or more.
- B. Line Posts: Space line posts uniformly at 10 feet (3.05 m) o.c.

- C. Post Bracing Assemblies: Install according to ASTM F 567, maintaining plumb position and alignment of fencing. Install braces at end and gate posts and at both sides of corner and pull posts. Locate horizontal braces at midheight of fabric on fences with top rail and at two-thirds fabric height on fences without top rail. Install so posts are plumb when diagonal rod is under proper tension.
- D. Top Rail: Install according to ASTM F 567, maintaining plumb position and alignment of fencing. Run rail continuously through line post caps, bending to radius for curved runs and terminating into rail end attached to posts or post caps fabricated to receive rail at terminal posts. Provide expansion couplings as recommended by fencing manufacturer.
- E. Bottom Rails: Install, spanning between posts, using fittings and accessories.
- F. Chain-Link Fabric: Apply fabric to outside of enclosing framework. Leave 2 inches between finish grade or surface and bottom rail. Pull fabric taut and tie to posts, rails, and tension wires. Anchor to framework so fabric remains under tension after pulling force is released.
- G. Tension or Stretcher Bars: Thread through fabric and secure to end, corner, pull, and gate posts with tension bands spaced not more than 15 inches (380 mm) o.c.
- H. Tie Wires: Use wire of proper length to firmly secure fabric to line posts and rails. Attach wire at one end to chain-link fabric, wrap wire around post a minimum of 180 degrees, and attach other end to chain-link fabric per ASTM F 626. Bend ends of wire to minimize hazard to individuals and clothing.
 - 1. Maximum Spacing: Tie fabric to line posts 12 inches (304 mm) o.c. and to braces 24 inches (609 mm) o.c.
- I. Fasteners: Install nuts for tension bands and carriage bolts on the side of the fence opposite the fabric side.
- J. Privacy Slats: Install slats in direction indicated, securely locked in place.
 - 1. Vertically.

3.5 GATE INSTALLATION

A. General: Install gates according to manufacturer's written instructions, level, plumb, and secure for full opening without interference. Attach fabric as for fencing. Attach hardware using tamper-resistant or concealed means. Install ground-set items in concrete for anchorage. Adjust hardware for smooth operation and lubricate where necessary.

3.6 ADJUSTING

A. Gate: Adjust gate to operate smoothly, easily, and quietly, free from binding, warp, excessive deflection, distortion, nonalignment, misplacement, disruption, or malfunction, throughout entire operational range. Confirm that latches and locks engage accurately and securely without forcing or binding.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 32 31 19

WELDED ORNAMENTAL STEEL FENCE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

A. This specification covers ornamental steel fence materials including ornamental iron posts and hardware.

1.02 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A. The manufacturer shall supply a complete ornamental fencing system including all components defined herein (Fence panels, posts and hardware).

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. The contractor must be familiar with the construction methods and materials involved in ornamental iron fencing.

1.04 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process.
- B. ASTM B117 Practice for Operating Salt-Spray (Fog) Apparatus.
- C. ASTM D523 Test Method for Specular Gloss
- D. ASTM D714 Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Blistering in Paint.
- E. ASTM D822 Practice for Conducting Tests on Paint and Related Coatings and Materials using Filtered Open-Flame Carbon-Arc Light and Water Exposure Apparatus.
- F. ASTM D1654 Test Method for Evaluation of Painted or Coated Specimens Subjected to Corrosive Environments.
- G. ASTM D2244 Test Method for Calculation of Color Differences from Instrumentally Measured Color Coordinates.
- H. ASTM D2794 Test Method for Resistance of Organic Coatings to the Effects of Rapid Deformation (Impact).
- I. ASTM D3359 Test Method for Measuring Adhesion by Tape Test.
- J. ASTM F2408 Ornamental Fences Employing Galvanized Steel Tubular Pickets.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit shop drawings and literature prior to installation. Approved shop drawings shall become the basis for acceptance of work.

1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver to the job site materials in good condition and properly protected against damage to factory-finished surfaces.
- B. Store materials in a clean, dry location and in such a way as to avoid damage, especially form dust, chemicals, and moisture in the air by covering with protective material. Handle materials carefully on the job site to protect factory finishes.

1.07 WARRANTY

- A. All structural fence components (i.e. rails, pickets, and posts) shall be warranted within specified limitations, by the manufacturer for a period of 20 years from date of original purchase. Warranty shall cover any defects in material finish, including cracking, peeling, chipping, blistering or corroding.
- B. Reimbursement for labor necessary to restore or replace components that have been found to be defective under the terms of manufactures warranty shall be guaranteed for five (5) years from date of substaintal completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURER:

- A. Ameristar Fence Products, Inc.: Montage Plus standard picker space Welded and Tackable Ornamental Steel, Majestic design, flush bottom rail treatment; www.ameristarfence.com
- B. Substitutions: See Section 01 60 00 Product Requirements.

2.02 MATERIALS

- A. Steel material for fence panels and posts shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A653/A653M, with a minimum yield strength of 45,000 psi (310 MPa) and a minimum zinc (hot-dip galvanized) coating weight of 0.90 oz/ft2 (276 g/m2), Coating Designation G-90.
- B. Material for pickets shall be ¾-inch square x 18 ga. tubing. The rails shall be steel channel, 1.75 x 1.75 x .105 inches. Picket holes in the rail shall be spaced 4.715 inches o.c. Fence posts and gate posts shall meet the minimum size requirements of Table 1.

2.03 FABRICATION - GENERAL

- A. Pickets, rails and posts shall be pre-cut to specified lengths. Rails shall be pre-punched to accept pickets.
- B. Pickets shall be inserted into the pre-punched holes in the rails and shall be aligned to standard spacing using a specially calibrated alignment fixture. The aligned pickets and rails shall be joined at each picket-to-rail intersection by welding process, thus completing the rigid panel assembly.
- C. The manufactured panels and posts shall be subjected to an inline electrodeposition coating (E-Coat) process consisting of a multi-stage pretreatment/wash, followed by a duplex application of an epoxy primer and an acrylic topcoat. The minimum cumulative coating thickness of epoxy and acrylic shall be 2 mils (0.058 mm). The coated panels and posts shall be capable of meeting the performance requirements for each quality characteristic shown in Table 2 (Note: The requirements in Table 2 meet or exceed the coating performance criteria of ASTM F2408).
- D. The manufactured fence system shall be capable of meeting the vertical load, horizontal load, and infill performance requirements for Industrial weight fences under ASTM F2408.
- E. Color: To be selected by Architect from full range of colors.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

- A. The contractor shall layout the new fence in accordance with the fence construction plans, shop drawings, and all applicable requirements and codes.
- B. The contractor shall verify any grade changes or surface irregularities.

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C. Discrepancies between the approved shop drawings and field conditions must be approved by the architect prior to proceeding with the installation.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Fence posts shall be set plumb and level at spaces shown on the drawings. Footings shall be of the sizes indicated. Post caps shall be as indicated on the drawings.
- B. Fence panels shall be welded or bolted to the posts. Field welding of rail to the post shall be a complete 360 degree (all four sides) and shall be the size indicated on the drawings. Welds shall be clean and coated with a primer the same day the welding is preformed. Bolted connections shall use bolts and tabs of the size indicated on the drawings. After tightening bolt, threads shall be peened.
- C. All field welds and any abrasions to factory coatings shall be thoroughly cleaned, re-primed and touched up by the contractor with paint of the same quality, color and gloss of that used by the manufacturer.

3.03 CLEANING

- A. The contractor shall clean job site of excess materials.
- B. Post hole excavations shall be scattered uniformly away from the posts or removed as directed.
- C. Concrete splatted shall be cleaned from exposed post.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 33 10 00

WATER DISTRIBUTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Architect's General and Supplementary Conditions and Architects Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Huntsville Utilities Water Department Construction Specifications, latest edition.

ALL WATER DISTRIBUTION WITHIN CITY OF HUNTSVILLE, AL RIGHT-OF-WAY AND EASEMENTS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH HUNTSVILLE UTILITIES WATER DEPARTMENT SPECIFICATIONS. ALL OTHER WATER DISTRIBUTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE SPECIFICATIONS.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes piping and specialties for potable-water service outside the building.
- B. This Section includes piping and specialties for fire-protection water service outside the building.
- C. This Section does not include tapping of utility company water main.
- D. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Architects specifications for fire-protection piping inside the building.
 - 2. Architects specifications for potable-water piping inside the building.

1.3 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Minimum Working Pressures: The following are minimum operating pressure requirements for piping and specialties, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Potable-Water Service: 200 psig.
 - 2. Fire-Protection Water Service: 350 psig.
 - 3. Fire-Protection Water Service, Downstream from Fire Department Connections: 350 psig.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
 - 1. Water meters.
 - 2. Backflow preventers.

- 3. Pipe and fittings.
- 4. Flexible pipe fittings.
- Valves.
- 6. Fire hydrants.
- 7. Fire department connections.
- 8. Yard hydrants.
- 9. Fire Department Connections
- 10. Fire Vaults
- B. Shop Drawings: For precast concrete structures. Include frames and covers and drains.
- C. Shop Drawings: For cast-in-place concrete structures. Include frames and covers and drains.
- D. Record Drawings of installed water-service piping. Record drawings shall be in accordance with Architect Specifications for "Closeout Procedures".
- E. Test Reports: As specified in "Field Quality Control" Article in Part 3.
- F. Purging and Disinfecting Reports: As specified in "Cleaning" Article in Part 3.
- G. Maintenance Data: For specialties to include in the maintenance manuals specified in Division 1. Include data for the following:
 - 1. Water meters.
 - 2. Backflow preventers.
 - 3. Valves.
 - 4. Fire hydrants.
 - 5. Flushing hydrants.
 - 6. Yard hydrants.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of water-service piping specialties and are based on specific types and models indicated. Other manufacturers' products with equal performance characteristics may be considered. Refer to Architects Specifications for substitutions.
- B. Comply with requirements of utility supplying water. Include tapping of water mains and backflow prevention.
- C. Comply with standards of authorities having jurisdiction for potable water-service piping. Include materials, installation, testing, and disinfection.
- D. Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components--Health Effects," for materials for potable water.
- E. Comply with standards of authorities having jurisdiction for fire-protection water-service piping and fire hydrants. Include materials, hose threads, installation, and testing.
- F. Comply with NFPA 24, "Installation of Private Fire Service Mains and Their Appurtenances," for materials, installations, tests, flushing, and valve and hydrant supervision.

- G. Comply with NFPA 291, "Recommended Practice for Fire Flow Testing and Marking of Hydrants," for fire flow tests and marking of hydrants.
- H. Comply with NFPA 70, "National Electrical Code," for electrical connections between wiring and electrically operated devices.
- Provide listing/approval stamp, label, or other marking on piping and specialties made to specified standards.
- J. Listing and Labeling: Provide electrically operated specialties and devices specified in this Section that are listed and labeled.
 - 1. The Terms "Listed" and "Labeled": As defined in NFPA 70, Article 100.
 - 2. Listing and Labeling Agency Qualifications: A "Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory" as defined in OSHA Regulation 1910.7.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Preparation for Transport: Prepare valves, including fire hydrants, according to the following:
 - 1. Ensure that valves are dry and internally protected against rust and corrosion.
 - 2. Protect valves against damage to threaded ends and flange faces.
 - 3. Set valves in best position for handling. Set valves closed to prevent rattling.
- B. During Storage: Use precautions for valves, including fire hydrants, according to the following:
 - 1. Do not remove end protectors, unless necessary for inspection; then reinstall for storage.
 - 2. Protect from weather. Store indoors and maintain temperature higher than ambient dewpoint temperature. Support off the ground or pavement in watertight enclosures when outdoor storage is necessary.
- C. Handling: Use sling to handle valves and fire hydrants whose size requires handling by crane or lift. Rig valves to avoid damage to exposed valve parts. Do not use handwheels or stems as lifting or rigging points.
- D. Deliver piping with factory-applied end-caps. Maintain end-caps through shipping, storage, and handling to prevent pipe-end damage and to prevent entrance of dirt, debris, and moisture.
- E. Protect stored piping from moisture and dirt. Elevate above grade. Do not exceed structural capacity of floor when storing inside.
- F. Protect flanges, fittings, and specialties from moisture and dirt.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Perform site survey, research public utility records, and verify existing utility locations. Contact utility-locating service for area where Project is located.
- B. Verify that water-service piping may be installed to comply with original design and referenced standards.

C. Site Information: Reports on subsurface condition investigations made during design of Project are available for informational purposes only; data in reports are not intended as representations or warranties of accuracy or continuity of conditions between soil borings. Owner assumes no responsibility for interpretations or conclusions drawn from this information.

1.8 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

- A. Coordinate connection to water main with utility company and Owner.
- B. Coordinate piping materials, sizes, entry locations, and pressure requirements with building water distribution piping.
- C. Coordinate piping materials, sizes, entry locations, and pressure requirements with building fire-protection water piping.
- D. Coordinate with other utility work.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with municipal requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Drilling-Machine, Sleeves, and Corporation Stops:
 - a. Ford Meter Box Co., Inc.
 - b. Grinnell Corp.; Mueller Co.; Water Products Div.
 - c. Lee Brass Co.
 - 2. Bronze Corporation Stops and Valves:
 - a. Ford Meter Box Co., Inc.
 - b. Grinnell Corp.; Mueller Co.; Water Products Div.
 - c. Lee Brass Co.
 - d. Master Meter, Inc.
 - e. Watts Industries, Inc.; James Jones Co.
 - 3. Tapping Sleeves and Valves:
 - a. American Cast Iron Pipe Co.; Waterous Co.
 - b. East Jordan Iron Works, Inc.
 - c. Grinnell Corp.; Mueller Co.; Water Products Div.
 - d. McWane, Inc.; Clow Valve Co. Div. (Oskaloosa)
 - e. McWane, Inc.; Kennedy Valve Div.
 - f. United States Pipe & Foundry Co.
 - Gate Valves:
 - a. American AVK Co.
 - b. American Cast Iron Pipe Co.; American Flow Control Div.
 - c. American Cast Iron Pipe Co.; Waterous Co.

- d. East Jordan Iron Works, Inc.
- e. Grinnell Corp.; Grinnell Supply Sales Co.
- f. Grinnell Corp.; Mueller Co.; Water Products Div.
- g. Hammond Valve Corp.
- h. McWane, Inc.; Clow Valve Co. Div. (Oskaloosa)
- i. McWane, Inc.; Kennedy Valve Div.
- j. McWane, Inc.; Tyler Pipe; Utilities Div.
- k. United States Pipe & Foundry Co.

5. Relief Valves:

- a. Bermad, Inc.
- b. Val-Matic Valve and Manufacturing Corp.
- 6. Water-Regulating Valves:
 - a. Ames Co., Inc.
 - b. Bermad, Inc.
 - c. Cla-Val Co.
 - d. OCV Control Valves.
 - e. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
- 7. Indicator Posts and Indicator Gate Valves:
 - a. American Cast Iron Pipe Co.; American Flow Control Div.
 - b. American Cast Iron Pipe Co.; Waterous Co.
 - c. Grinnell Corp.; Grinnell Supply Sales Co.
 - d. Grinnell Corp.; Mueller Co.; Water Products Div.
 - e. McWane, Inc.; Clow Valve Co. Div. (Oskaloosa)
 - f. McWane, Inc.; Kennedy Valve Div.
 - g. United States Pipe & Foundry Co.
- 8. Dry-Barrel, Post Fire Hydrants:
 - a. American AVK Co.
 - b. American Cast Iron Pipe Co.; American Flow Control Div.
 - c. American Cast Iron Pipe Co.; Waterous Co.
 - d. American Foundry & Mfg. Co.
 - e. East Jordan Iron Works, Inc.
 - f. Grinnell Corp.; Mueller Co.; Water Products Div.
 - g. McWane, Inc.; Clow Valve Co. Div. (Oskaloosa)
 - h. McWane, Inc.; Kennedy Valve Div.
 - i. McWane, Inc.; M&H Valve Co. Div.
 - j. United States Pipe & Foundry Co.
 - k. M & H 129T
- 9. Water Meters:
 - a. Badger Meter, Inc.
 - b. Carlon Meter Co.
 - c. Grinnell Corp.; Mueller Co.; Hersey Products Div.
 - d. Schlumberger Industries, Inc.; Water Div.
 - e. Sensus Technologies, Inc.

10. Detector-Type Water Meters:

- a. Badger Meter, Inc.
- b. Grinnell Corp.; Grinnell Supply Sales Co.
- c. Grinnell Corp.; Mueller Co.; Hersey Products Div.
- d. Schlumberger Industries, Inc.; Water Div.
- e. Sensus Technologies, Inc.

11. Detector Check Valves:

- a. Ames Co., Inc.
- b. Grinnell Corp.; Mueller Co.; Hersey Products Div.
- c. McWane, Inc.; Kennedy Valve Div.
- d. Viking Corp.
- e. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.

12. Backflow Preventers:

- a. Ames Co., Inc.
- b. Cla-Val Co.
- c. CMB Industries; Febco Div.
- d. Conbraco Industries, Inc.
- e. Grinnell Corp.; Mueller Co.; Hersey Products Div.
- f. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
- g. Zurn Industries, Inc.; Wilkins Div.

13. Keyed Couplings:

- a. McWane, Inc.; Tyler Pipe; Gustin-Bacon Div.
- b. Victaulic Co. of America.

14. Protective Enclosures:

- a. Hot Box.
- b. HydroCowl, Inc.

15. Drains:

- a. Enpoco, Inc.
- b. Josam Co.
- c. McWane, Inc.; Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
- d. Smith Industries, Inc.; Jay R. Smith Mfg. Co.
- e. Watts Industries, Inc.; Ancon Drain Div.
- f. Zurn Industries, Inc.; Hydromechanics Div.

16. Sanitary-Type Yard Hydrants:

a. Murdock, Inc.

17. Post-Type Yard Hydrants:

- a. Josam Co.
- b. McWane, Inc.; Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
- c. Smith Industries, Inc.; Jay R. Smith Mfg. Co.

- d. Watts Industries, Inc.; Ancon Drain Div.
- e. Woodford Mfg. Co.
- f. Zurn Industries, Inc.; Hydromechanics Div.

18. Fire Department Connections:

- a. Elkhart Brass Mfg. Co., Inc.
- b. Figgie International Co.; Badger Fire Protection.
- c. Fire-End and Croker Corp.

19. Alarm Devices:

- a. Gamewell Co.
- b. Grinnell Corp.; Grinnell Supply Sales Co.
- c. Pittway Corp.; System Sensor Div.
- d. Potter Electric Signal Co.
- e. Reliable Automatic Sprinkler Co., Inc.
- f. Victaulic Co. of America.
- g. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.

2.2 PIPES AND TUBES

- A. General: Applications of the following pipe and tube materials are indicated in Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article.
- B. Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, seamless water tube Type "K", annealed temper.
- C. Ductile-Iron, Push-on-Joint Pipe: AWWA C151, with cement-mortar lining and seal coat according to AWWA C104. Include rubber compression gasket according to AWWA C111.
- D. Ductile-Iron, Mechanical-Joint Pipe: AWWA C151, with cement-mortar lining and seal coat according to AWWA C104. Include gland, rubber gasket, and bolts and nuts according to AWWA C111.

2.3 PIPE AND TUBE FITTINGS

- A. General: Applications of the following pipe and tube fitting materials are indicated in Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article.
- B. Copper Fittings: ASME B16.22; wrought-copper, solder-joint pressure type.
- C. Cast-Copper-Alloy Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150 or 300, as required for system operating pressure.
- D. Ductile-Iron, Push-on-Joint Fittings: AWWA C110, ductile-iron or cast-iron; or AWWA C153, ductile-iron, compact type. Include cement-mortar lining and seal coat according to AWWA C104 and rubber compression gaskets according to AWWA C111.
- E. Ductile-Iron, Mechanical-Joint Fittings: AWWA C110, ductile-iron or cast-iron; or AWWA C153, ductile-iron, compact type. Include cement-mortar lining and seal coat according to AWWA C104 and glands, rubber gaskets, and bolts and nuts according to AWWA C111.

- F. Ductile-Iron, Grooved-End Fittings: ASTM A 47, malleable-iron; or ASTM A 536, ductile-iron casting complying with AWWA-pipe size, with grooved ends. Include cement-mortar lining and seal coat according to AWWA C104 or epoxy, interior coating according to AWWA C550. Include keyed couplings according to AWWA C606.
- G. Ductile-Iron, Flanged Fittings: AWWA C110, with cement-mortar lining and seal coat according to AWWA C104 or epoxy, interior coating according to AWWA C550. Include gaskets and bolts and nuts.
- H. Ductile-Iron, Flexible Expansion Joints: Compound fitting with combination of flanged and mechanical-joint ends complying with AWWA C110 or AWWA C153. Units have 2 gasketed ball-joint sections and 1 or more gasketed sleeve sections. Include 350-psig minimum working-pressure rating; epoxy, interior coating according to AWWA C550; length for offset and expansion indicated; and glands, rubber gaskets, and bolts and nuts according to AWWA C111.
- I. Ductile-Iron, Deflection Fittings: Compound coupling fitting with sleeve and flexing sections, gaskets, and restrained-joint ends complying with AWWA C110 or AWWA C153. Include 250-psig minimum working-pressure rating; cement-mortar lining or epoxy, interior coating according to AWWA C550; deflection of at least 20 degrees; and glands, rubber gaskets, and bolts and nuts according to AWWA C111.
- J. Ductile-Iron Expansion Joints: 3-piece assembly consisting of telescoping sleeve with gaskets and restrained-type, ductile-iron bell-and-spigot end sections complying with AWWA C110 or AWWA C153. Include 350-psig minimum working-pressure rating; cement-mortar lining or epoxy, interior coating according to AWWA C550; length for expansion indicated; and glands, rubber gaskets, and bolts and nuts according to AWWA C111.
- K. Cast-Iron Flanged Fittings: ASME B16.1, Class 125, unless otherwise indicated.
- L. AWWA C104, and rubber compression gaskets according to AWWA C111.
- M. All Ductile Iron fittings for proposed water mains and fire hydrants shall be domestic made. No foreign made ductile iron fittings will be allowed on proposed water mains.

2.4 JOINING MATERIALS

- A. General: Applications of the following piping joining materials are indicated in Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article.
- B. Ductile-Iron Piping: The following materials apply:
 - 1. Push-on Joints: AWWA C111 rubber gaskets and lubricant.
 - 2. Mechanical Joints: AWWA C111 ductile-iron or gray-iron glands, high-strength steel bolts and nuts, and rubber gaskets.
 - 3. Flanged Joints: AWWA C115 ductile-iron or gray-iron pipe flanges, rubber gaskets, and high-strength steel bolts and nuts.
 - a. Gaskets: Rubber, flat face, 1/8-inch-thick, unless otherwise indicated; and full-face or ring type, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Flange Bolts and Nuts: ASME B18.2.1, carbon steel, unless otherwise indicated.

- 4. Keyed Couplings: AWWA C606, consisting of ASTM A 536 ductile-iron housing with enamel finish, with synthetic-rubber gasket with central-cavity, pressure-responsive design, with carbon-steel bolts and nuts to secure grooved pipe and fittings and gasket suitable for hot water, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Brazing Filler Metals: AWS A5.8, BCuP Series.
- D. Solder Filler Metal: ASTM B 32, Alloy Sn95, Alloy Sn94, or Alloy E, with 0.10 percent maximum lead content.
- E. Pipe Couplings: Iron-body sleeve assembly, fabricated to match OD of pipes to be joined.
 - 1. Sleeve: ASTM A 126, Class B, gray iron.
 - 2. Followers: ASTM A 47, malleable iron; or ASTM A 536, ductile iron.
 - 3. Gaskets: Rubber.
 - 4. Bolts and Nuts: AWWA C111.
 - 5. Finish: Enamel paint.

2.5 PIPING SPECIALTIES

- A. Flexible Connectors for Nonferrous, Metal Piping: Bronze hose covered with bronze wire braid; with copper-tube, pressure-type, solder-joint ends or bronze flanged ends; brazed to hose.
- B. Flexible Connectors for Ferrous Piping: Stainless-steel hose covered with stainless-steel wire braid; with ASME B1.20.1 threaded steel pipe nipples or ASME B16.5 steel pipe flanges; welded to hose.
- C. Dielectric Fittings: Assembly or fitting with insulating material isolating joined dissimilar metals to prevent galvanic action and corrosion.
 - 1. Description: Combination of copper alloy and ferrous; threaded, solder, plain, and weld-neck end types and matching piping system materials.
 - 2. Dielectric Unions: Factory-fabricated union assembly, designed for 350-psig minimum working pressure at 180 deg F. Include insulating material isolating dissimilar metals and ends with inside threads according to ASME B1.20.1.
 - 3. Dielectric Flanges: Factory-fabricated companion-flange assembly, for 350-psig minimum pressure to suit system pressures.
 - 4. Dielectric-Flange Insulation Kits: Field-assembled companion-flange assembly, full-face or ring type. Components include neoprene or phenolic gasket, phenolic or polyethylene bolt sleeves, phenolic washers, and steel backing washers.
 - a. Provide separate companion flanges and steel bolts and nuts for 350-psig minimum working pressure to suit system pressures.
 - 5. Dielectric Couplings: Galvanized-steel couplings with inert and noncorrosive thermoplastic lining, with threaded ends and 350-psig minimum working pressure at 225 deg F.
 - 6. Dielectric Nipples: Electroplated steel nipples with inert and noncorrosive thermoplastic lining, with combination of plain, threaded, or grooved end types and 350-psig working pressure at 225 deg F.

2.6 VALVES

- A. Nonrising-Stem, Metal-Seated Gate Valves, 3-Inch NPS and Larger: AWWA C500, gray- or ductile-iron body and bonnet; with cast-iron or bronze, double-disc gate, bronze gate rings, bronze stem, and stem nut. Include 200-psig minimum working-pressure design; interior coating according to AWWA C550; and mechanical-joint ends, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Nonrising-Stem, Resilient-Seated Gate Valves, 3-Inch NPS and Larger: AWWA C509, gray- or ductile-iron body and bonnet; with bronze or gray- or ductile-iron gate, resilient seats, bronze stem, and stem nut. Include 200-psig minimum working-pressure design, interior coating according to AWWA C550, and push-on- or mechanical-joint ends.
- C. Nonrising-Stem, High-Pressure, Resilient-Seated Gate Valves, 3-Inch NPS and Larger: AWWA C509, ductile-iron body and bonnet; with bronze or ductile-iron gate, resilient seats, bronze stem, and stem nut. Include 250-psig minimum working-pressure design, interior coating according to AWWA C550, and push-on- or mechanical-joint ends.
- D. Nonrising-Stem Gate Valves, 4-Inch NPS and Larger: UL 262, FM approved, iron body and bonnet with flange for indicator post, bronze seating material, inside screw, 175-psig working pressure, and mechanical-joint ends. Provide with flanged ends for pit installation.
- E. Nonrising-Stem Gate Valves, 2-Inch NPS and Smaller: MSS SP-80; body and screw bonnet of ASTM B 62 cast bronze; with Class 125 threaded ends, solid wedge, nonrising copper-siliconalloy stem, brass packing gland, PTFE-impregnated packing, and malleable-iron handwheel.
- F. Valve Boxes: Cast-iron box with top section and cover with lettering "WATER," bottom section with base of size to fit over valve and barrel approximately 5 inches in diameter, and adjustable cast-iron extension of length required for depth of bury of valve.
 - 1. Provide steel tee-handle operating wrench with each valve box. Include tee handle with one pointed end, stem of length to operate valve, and socket-fitting valve-operating nut.
- G. Indicator Posts: UL 789, FM-approved, vertical-type, cast-iron body with operating wrench, extension rod, and adjustable cast-iron barrel of length required for depth of bury of valve.
- H. Curb Stops: Bronze body, ground-key plug or ball, and wide tee head, with inlet and outlet to match service piping material.
- I. Service Boxes for Curb Stops: Cast-iron box with telescoping top section of length required for depth of bury of valve. Include cover with lettering "WATER," and bottom section with base of size to fit over curb-stop and barrel approximately 3 inches in diameter.
 - 1. Provide steel tee-handle shutoff rod with each service box. Include tee handle with one pointed end, stem of length to operate curb stop, and slotted end fitting curb-stop head.
- J. Tapping Sleeve and Tapping Valve: Complete assembly, including tapping sleeve, tapping valve, and bolts and nuts. Use sleeve and valve compatible with tapping machine.
 - 1. Tapping Sleeve: Cast- or ductile-iron, 2-piece bolted sleeve with flanged outlet for new branch connection. Sleeve may have mechanical-joint ends with rubber gaskets or sealing rings in sleeve body. Include sleeve matching size and type of pipe material being tapped and of outlet flange required for branch connection.

- K. Service Clamps and Corporation Stops: Complete assembly, including service clamp, corporation stop, and bolts and nuts. Include service clamp and stop compatible with drilling machine.
 - 1. Service Clamp: Cast iron or ductile iron with gasket and AWWA C800 threaded outlet for corporation stop, and threaded end straps.
 - 2. Corporation Stops: Bronze body and ground-key plug, with AWWA C800 threaded inlet and outlet matching service piping material.
 - 3. Manifold: Copper with 2 to 4 inlets as required, with ends matching corporation stops and outlet matching service piping.
- L. Ball Valves: AWWA C507, Class 250. Include interior coating according to AWWA C550.
- M. Butterfly Valves: AWWA C504, with 150-psig working-pressure rating. Include interior coating according to AWWA C550.
- N. Check Valves: AWWA C508, with 175-psig working-pressure rating. Include interior coating according to AWWA C550.
- O. Check Valves: UL 312, with swing clapper and 175-psig working-pressure rating.

2.7 SPECIALTY VALVES

- A. Pressure-Regulating Valves: Automatic, pilot-operated, cast-iron body with interior coating according to AWWA C550 and ASTM A-536. Include 250-psig working-pressure design, bronze pressure-reducing pilot valve and tubing, and means for discharge pressure adjustment.
- B. Flow-Regulating Valves: Automatic, pilot-operated, cast-iron body with interior coating according to AWWA C550. Include 250-psig working-pressure design, bronze pressure-reducing pilot valve and tubing, and means for flow adjustment.
- C. Air-Release Valve: AWWA C512 and ASTM A-240, hydromechanical device to automatically release accumulated air. Include 300-psig working-pressure design.
- D. Air/Vacuum Valve: AWWA C512 and ASTM A-240, direct-acting, float-operated, hydromechanical device with large orifice to automatically release accumulated air or to admit air during filling of piping. Include 300-psig working-pressure design.
- E. Combination Air Valves: AWWA C512, float-operated, hydromechanical device to automatically release accumulated air or to admit air. Include 300-psig working-pressure design.

2.8 WATER METERS

- A. Water meters: Contractor is to coordinate water meter installation with the local utility provider.
- B. Description: AWWA C700, displacement type, bronze main case. Register flow in gallons.
- C. Description: AWWA C703, UL listed, FM approved, main line, proportional, detector type, 150-psig working pressure, with meter on bypass. Register flow in gallons, unless cubic feet are indicated.
 - 1. Bypass Meter: AWWA C702, compound type, bronze case; size at least one-half nominal size of main-line meter.

- 2. Bypass Meter: AWWA C701, turbine type, bronze case; size at least one-half nominal size of main-line meter.
- D. Remote Registration System: Utility company standard; direct-reading type complying with AWWA C706. Include meter modified with signal-transmitting assembly, low-voltage connecting wiring, and remote register assembly.
- E. Remote Registration System: Utility company standard; encoder-type complying with AWWA C707. Include meter modified with signal-transmitting assembly, low-voltage connecting wiring, and remote register assembly.
 - 1. Data-Acquisition Units: Comply with utility company requirements for type and quantity.
 - 2. Visible Display Units: Comply with utility company requirements for type and quantity.

2.9 WATER-METER BOXES

- A. Description: Plastic body and cast-iron cover for positive displacement-type water meter. Include lettering "WATER METER" in cover; and slotted, open-bottom base section of length to fit over service piping.
 - 1. Option: Base section may be cast-iron, PVC plastic, clay or other pipe.

2.10 PITS

- A. Description: Precast, reinforced-concrete pit, designed for A-16 load designation according to ASTM C 857, and made according to ASTM C 858.
- B. Ladder: ASTM A 36, steel or polyethylene-encased steel steps.
- C. Manhole: ASTM A 48, Class No. 35 minimum tensile strength, gray-iron, traffic frame and cover.
 - 1. Weight and Dimensions: Not smaller than 24-inch diameter, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Manhole: ASTM A 536, Grade 60-40-18, ductile-iron, 24-inch minimum-diameter traffic frame and cover.
 - 1. Weight and Dimensions: Not smaller than 24-inch diameter, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Drain: ASME A112.21.1M, cast-iron area drain, of size indicated. Include body anchor flange, light-duty cast-iron grate, bottom outlet, and integral or field-installed bronze ball or clapper-type backwater valve.

2.11 FREESTANDING FIRE HYDRANTS

- A. Description: Cast-iron body, compression-type valve, opening against pressure and closing with pressure, 6-inch mechanical-joint inlet, and 200-psig minimum working-pressure design or as required by the governing municipal agency.
- B. Outlet Threads: NFPA 1963, with external hose thread used by local fire department. Include cast-iron caps with steel chains.

- C. Operating and Cap Nuts: Pentagon 1-1/2-inch point to flat.
- D. Direction of Opening: Open hydrant valve by turning operating nut to left or counterclockwise.
- E. Exterior Finish: Gloss enamel paint. Per Governing Municipal Requirements.
- F. Dry-Barrel Fire Hydrants: AWWA C502, two 2-1/2-inch NPS and one 6-inch NPS outlets, 5-1/4-inch main valve, drain valve, and 6-inch NPS mechanical-joint inlet. Include 250-psig minimum working-pressure design and interior coating according to AWWA C550.

2.12 FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTIONS

- A. Exposed, Freestanding, Fire Department Connections: UL 405, cast-brass body, with thread inlets according to NFPA 1963 and matching local fire department hose threads, and threaded bottom outlet. Include lugged caps, gaskets, and chains; lugged swivel connection and drop clapper for each hose-connection inlet; 18-inch high brass sleeve; and round escutcheon plate.
 - 1. Connections: Per Huntsville Fire Department requirements.
 - 2. Inlet Alignment: Per Huntsville Fire Department requirements.
 - 3. Finish Including Sleeve: Per Huntsville Fire Department requirements.
 - 4. Escutcheon Plate Marking: Per Huntsville Fire Department requirements.

2.13 DETECTOR CHECK VALVES

- A. Detector Check Valves: UL 312, galvanized cast-iron body, bolted cover with air-bleed device for access to internal parts, and flanged ends; designed for 200-psig working pressure. Include one-piece bronze disc with bronze bushings, pivot, and replaceable seat. Include threaded bypass taps in inlet and outlet for bypass meter connection. Set valve to allow minimal water flow through bypass meter when major water flow is required.
 - 1. Water Meter: AWWA C700, disc type, of size at least one-fourth size of detector check valve. Include meter, bypass piping, gate valves, check valve, and connections to detector check valve.
- B. Detector Check Valve: UL 312, FM-approved detector check, iron body, corrosion-resistant clapper ring and seat ring material, 200-psig working pressure, flanged ends, with connections for bypass and installation of water meter.

2.14 BACKFLOW PREVENTERS

- A. General: Manufactured backflow preventers, of size indicated for maximum flow rate and maximum pressure loss indicated.
- B. Working Pressure: 200 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. 2-Inch NPS and Smaller: Bronze body with threaded ends.
- D. 2-1/2-Inch NPS and Larger: Bronze, cast-iron, steel, or stainless-steel body with flanged ends.
- E. Interior Lining: AWWA C550, epoxy coating for backflow preventers with cast-iron or steel body.

- F. Interior Components: Corrosion-resistant materials.
- G. Strainer on inlet if strainer is indicated.
- H. Hose-Connection Vacuum Breakers: ASSE 1011, nickel plated, with nonremovable and manual drain features, and ASME B1.20.7, 3/4-11.5NH threads for garden hose on outlet. Units attached to rough-bronze-finish hose connections may be rough bronze.
- I. Reduced-Pressure-Principle Backflow Preventer: ASSE 1013, with OS&Y gate valves on inlet and outlet, and strainer on inlet. Include test cocks and pressure-differential relief valve with ASME A112.1.2 air-gap fitting located between 2 positive-seating check valves for continuous-pressure application.
 - 1. Pressure Loss: 12 psig maximum through middle third of flow range.
- J. Reduced-Pressure-Principle Backflow Preventer: AWWA C511, with OS gate valves on inlet and outlet, and strainer on inlet. Include test cocks and pressure-differential relief valve with ASME A112.1.2 air-gap fitting located between 2 positive-seating check valves for continuous-pressure application.
 - 1. Pressure Loss: 12 psig maximum through middle third of flow range.
- K. Double-Check Backflow Prevention Assemblies: ASSE 1015, with valves on inlet and outlet and strainer on inlet. Include test cocks with 2 positive-seating check valves for continuous-pressure application.
 - 1. Pressure Loss: 5 psig maximum through middle third of flow range.
- L. Double-Check-Valve Assembly: AWWA C510, with OS&Y gate valves on inlet and outlet, and strainer on inlet.
 - 1. Pressure Loss: 5 psig maximum through middle third of flow range.
- M. Double-Check-Valve Assembly: UL 312, FM approved. Assembly has two UL 312, FM-approved, iron-body, 200-psig working-pressure, flanged-end check valves, with two UL 262, FM-approved, iron-body, OS&Y, flanged, 200-psig working-pressure gate valves.
 - 1. Pressure Loss: 5 psig maximum through middle third of flow range.
- N. Antisiphon, Pressure-Type Vacuum Breakers: ASSE 1020, with valves, spring-loaded check valve, and spring-loaded floating disc. Include test cocks and atmospheric vent for continuous-pressure application.
 - 1. Pressure Loss: 5 psig maximum through middle third of flow range.
- O. Reduced-Pressure Detector Assembly Backflow Preventers: ASSE 1047, FM approved or UL listed, with OS&Y gate valves on inlet and outlet, and strainer on inlet. Include pressure-differential relief valve with ASME A112.1.2 air-gap fitting located between 2 positive-seating check valves, test cocks, and bypass with displacement-type water meter, valves, and reduced-pressure backflow preventer, for continuous-pressure application.
 - 1. Pressure Loss: 12 psig maximum through middle third of flow range.

- P. Double-Check Detector Assembly Backflow Preventers: ASSE 1048, FM approved or UL listed, with OS&Y gate valves on inlet and outlet, and strainer on inlet. Include 2 positive-seating check valves and test cocks, and bypass with displacement-type water meter, valves, and double-check backflow preventer, for continuous-pressure application.
 - 1. Pressure Loss: 5 psig maximum through middle third of flow range.

2.15 ANCHORAGES

- A. Clamps, Straps, and Washers: ASTM A 506, steel.
- B. Rods: ASTM A 575, steel.
- C. Rod Couplings: ASTM A 197, malleable iron.
- D. Bolts: ASTM A 307, steel.
- E. Cast-Iron Washers: ASTM A 126, gray iron.
- F. Concrete Reaction Backing: Portland cement concrete mix, 3000 psig.
 - 1. Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I.
 - 2. Fine Aggregate: ASTM C 33, sand.
 - 3. Coarse Aggregate: ASTM C 33, crushed gravel.
 - Water: Potable.

2.16 ALARM DEVICES

- Description: UL 753, FM approved, of types and sizes to mate and match piping and equipment.
- B. Water-Flow Indicators: Vane-type water-flow detector, rated for 250-psig working pressure; designed for horizontal or vertical installation; with 2 SPDT circuit switches to provide isolated alarm and auxiliary contacts, 7 A 125 V, ac and 0.25 A 24 V, dc; complete with factory-set, field-adjustable retard element to prevent false signals and tamperproof cover that sends signal when cover is removed.
- C. Supervisory Switches: SPDT, designed to signal valve in other than full open position.
- D. Pressure Switches: SPDT, designed to signal increase in pressure.

2.17 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Refer to Section 310000 "Earthwork" for underground warning tape materials.
- B. Arrange for detectable warning tapes made of solid blue film with metallic core and continuously printed black-letter caption "CAUTION--WATER LINE BURIED BELOW."
- C. Nonmetallic Piping Label: Engraved, plastic-laminate label at least 1 by 3 inches, with caption "CAUTION--THIS STRUCTURE HAS NONMETALLIC WATER-SERVICE PIPING," for installation on main electrical meter panel.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EARTHWORK

- A. Refer to Section 310000 "Earthwork" for excavation, trenching, and backfilling.
- B. Refer to Section 321200 "Hot-Mix Asphalt Paving" for cutting and patching of existing paving.
- C. Refer to Section 321300 "Concrete Paving" for cutting and patching of paving.

3.2 PIPING APPLICATIONS

- A. General: Use pipe, fittings, and joining methods for piping systems according to the following applications:
- B. Transition couplings and special fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping pressure rating may be used in applications below, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Do not use flanges or keyed couplings for underground piping.
 - 1. Exception: Piping in boxes and structures, but not buried, may be joined with flanges or keyed couplings instead of joints indicated.
- D. Flanges, keyed couplings, and special fittings may be used on aboveground piping.
- E. Potable Water-Service Piping: Use the following:
 - 1. Up to NPS 5: Soft copper tube, Type K (Type A); wrought-copper fittings and brazed joints.
 - 2. NPS 6 and larger: Ductile-iron, mechanical-joint pipe; ductile-iron, mechanical-joint fittings; and mechanical joints.
- F. Fire-Protection Water-Service Piping: Use the following:
 - 1. 4- to 8-Inch NPS: Ductile-iron, push-on-joint pipe; ductile-iron, push-on-joint fittings; and gasketed joints.
 - 2. 4- to 8-Inch NPS: Ductile-iron, mechanical-joint pipe; ductile-iron, mechanical-joint fittings; and mechanical joints.

3.3 VALVE APPLICATIONS

- A. Drawings indicate valve types to be used. Where specific valve types are not indicated, the following requirements apply:
 - Underground Valves, 3-Inch NPS and Larger: AWWA, gate valves, nonrising stem, with valve box.
 - 2. Underground Valves, 4-Inch NPS and Larger: UL/FM, gate valves, nonrising stem, with indicator post.
 - 3. Pit and Aboveground Installation Valves, 3-Inch NPS and Larger: AWWA, OS&Y gate valves.

- 4. Pit and Aboveground Installation Valves, 2-1/2-Inch NPS and Larger: UL/FM, OS&Y gate valves.
- 5. Pit and Aboveground Installation Valves, 2-Inch NPS and Smaller: MSS, nonrising-stem gate valves.
- 6. Pit and Aboveground Installation Valves, 2-Inch NPS and Smaller: UL/FM, OS&Y gate valves.

3.4 **JOINT CONSTRUCTION**

- A. Ductile-Iron Piping, Gasketed Joints: According to AWWA C600.
- B. Ductile-Iron Piping, Gasketed Joints for Fire-Service Piping: According to UL 194 and AWWA C600.
- C. Flanged Joints: Align flanges and install gaskets. Assemble joints by sequencing bolt tightening. Use lubricant on bolt threads.
- D. Threaded Joints: Thread pipes with tapered pipe threads according to ASME B1.20.1, apply tape or joint compound, and apply wrench to fitting and valve ends into which pipes are being threaded.
- E. Ductile-Iron, Keyed-Coupling Joints: Cut-groove pipes. Assemble joints with keyed couplings, gaskets, lubricant, and bolts according to coupling and fitting manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Copper Tubing, Brazed Joints: According to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," Chapter "Pipe and Tube."
- G. Copper Tubing, Soldered Joints: According to AWS's "Soldering Manual," Chapter "The Soldering of Pipe and Tube."
- H. Copper Tubing, Soldered Joints: According to CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook."
- I. Dissimilar Materials Piping Joints: Use adapters compatible with both piping materials, OD, and system working pressure. Refer to "Piping Systems Common Requirements" Article below for joining piping of dissimilar metals.

3.5 PIPING SYSTEMS - COMMON REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Locations and Arrangements: Drawings indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated, unless deviations to layout are approved on Coordination Drawings.
- B. Install piping at indicated slope.
- C. Install components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.
- D. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- E. Locate groups of pipes parallel to each other, spaced to permit valve servicing.
- F. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.

- G. Piping Connections: Unless otherwise indicated, make piping connections as specified below:
 - Install unions, in piping 2-inch NPS and smaller, adjacent to each valve and at final connection to each piece of equipment with 2-inch NPS or smaller threaded pipe connection.
 - 2. Install flanges, in piping 2-1/2-inch NPS and larger, adjacent to flanged valves and at final connection to each piece of equipment with flanged pipe connection.
 - 3. Install dielectric fittings to connect piping of dissimilar metals.

3.6 SERVICE ENTRANCE PIPING

- A. Extend water-service piping and connect to water-supply source and building water piping systems at outside face of building wall in locations and pipe sizes indicated.
 - Terminate water-service piping at building wall until building water piping systems are installed. Terminate piping with valve and cap, plug, or flange as required for piping material. Make connections to building water piping systems when those systems are installed.
- B. Sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals are specified in the Architect specifications "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- C. Install underground piping with restrained joints at horizontal and vertical changes in direction. Use restrained-joint piping, thrust blocks, anchors, tie-rods and clamps, and other supports.
- D. Anchor service-entry piping to building wall.

3.7 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Water-Main Connection: Arrange for tap in water main, of size and in location indicated, from water utility.
- B. Make connections larger than 2-inch NPS with tapping machine according to the following:
 - 1. Install tapping sleeve and tapping valve according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 2. Install tapping sleeve on pipe to be tapped. Position flanged outlet for gate valve.
 - 3. Install gate valve onto tapping sleeve. Comply with AWWA C600. Install valve with stem pointing up and with cast-iron valve box.
 - 4. Use tapping machine compatible with valve and tapping sleeve; cut hole in main. Remove tapping machine and connect water-service piping.
- C. Connection of the new 8-inch ductile iron water main to the existing 12-inch high pressure water main shall be with 12-inch x 8-inch Tee in accordance with Athens Utilities Standards.
- D. Comply with NFPA 24 for fire-protection water-service piping materials and installation.
- E. Install ductile-iron piping according to AWWA C600.
- F. Install copper tube and fittings according to CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook."
- G. Bury piping with depth of cover over top at least 30 inches, with top at least 12 inches below level of maximum frost penetration, and according to the following:

- 1. Under Driveways: With at least 36 inches cover over top.
- 2. Under Railroad Tracks: With at least 48 inches cover over top.
- 3. In Loose Gravelly Soil and Rock: With at least 12 inches additional cover.
- H. Install piping under streets and other obstructions that cannot be disturbed, by tunneling, jacking, or combination of both.

3.8 ANCHORAGE INSTALLATION

- A. Install anchorages for tees, plugs and caps, bends, crosses, valves, and hydrant branches. Include anchorages for the following piping systems:
 - 1. Gasketed-Joint, Ductile-Iron, Potable-Water Piping: According to AWWA C600.
 - 2. Gasketed-Joint, PVC Potable-Water Piping: According to AWWA M23.
 - 3. Fire-Service Piping: According to NFPA 24.
- B. Apply full coat of asphalt or other acceptable corrosion-retarding material to surfaces of installed ferrous anchorage devices.

3.9 VALVE INSTALLATION

- A. General Application: Use mechanical-joint-end valves for 3-inch NPS and larger underground installation. Use threaded- and flanged-end valves for installation in pits. Use nonrising-stem UL/FM gate valves for installation with indicator posts. Use bronze corporation stops and valves, with ends compatible with piping, for 2-inch NPS and smaller installation.
- B. AWWA-Type Gate Valves: Comply with AWWA C600. Install underground valves with stem pointing up and with cast-iron valve box.
- C. UL/FM-Type Gate Valves: Comply with NFPA 24. Install underground valves and valves in pits with stem pointing up and with vertical cast-iron indicator post.
- D. Bronze Corporation Stops and Curb Stops: Comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Install underground curb stops with head pointed up and with cast-iron curb box.

3.10 FIRE HYDRANT INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install each fire hydrant with separate gate valve in supply pipe, anchor with restrained joints or thrust blocks, and support in upright position.
- B. Wet-Barrel Fire Hydrants: Install with valve below frost line. Provide for drainage.
- C. AWWA-Type Fire Hydrants: Comply with AWWA M17.
- D. UL/FM-Type Fire Hydrants: Comply with NFPA 24.

3.11 ROUGHING-IN FOR WATER METERS

A. Rough-in piping and specialties for water-meter installation according to utility company's written instructions and requirements.

3.12 PIT CONSTRUCTION AND INSTALLATION

- A. Construct pits of cast-in-place concrete pits, with manhole frame and cover, ladder, and drain. Include sleeves with waterproof mechanical sleeve seals for pipe entry and exit. Refer to Structural Specifications for "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- B. Install precast concrete pits according to ASTM C 891.
- C. Connect area drain outlet to storm drainage piping. Refer to Section 334000 "Storm Drainage."

3.13 DETECTOR CHECK VALVE INSTALLATION

- A. Install detector check valves in pits for proper direction of flow. Install bypass with water meter, gate valves on each side of meter, and check valve downstream from meter.
- B. Support detector check valves, meters, shutoff valves, and piping on brick or concrete piers.

3.14 BACKFLOW PREVENTER INSTALLATION

- A. Install backflow preventers of type, size, and capacity indicated. Include valves and test cocks. Install according to plumbing and health department authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Do not install reduced-pressure-principle type in pit.
- C. Do not install bypass around backflow preventer.
- D. Support backflow preventers, valves, and piping on brick or concrete piers.

3.15 FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTION INSTALLATION

- A. Install fire department connections of types and features indicated.
- B. Install ball drip valves at each check valve for fire department connection to mains.

3.16 ALARM DEVICE INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with NFPA 24 for devices and methods of valve supervision. Underground valves with curb boxes do not require supervision. Coordinate with Architect Specifications for "Fire Protection".
- B. Supervisory Switches: Supervise valves in open position.
 - 1. Valves: Grind away portion of exposed valve stem. Bolt switch, with plunger in stem depression, to OS&Y gate-valve yoke.
 - 2. Indicator Posts: Drill and thread hole in upper-barrel section at target plate. Install switch, with toggle against target plate, on barrel of indicator post.
- C. Locking and Sealing: Secure unsupervised valves as follows:
 - 1. Valves: Install chain and padlock on open OS&Y gate valve.
 - 2. Post Indicators: Install padlock on wrench on indicator post.
- D. Pressure Switches: Drill and thread hole in exposed barrel of fire hydrant. Install switch.

- E. Water-Flow Indicators: Install in water-service piping in pit. Select indicator with saddle and vane matching pipe size. Drill hole in pipe, insert vane, and bolt saddle to pipe.
- F. Connect alarm devices to building fire alarm system. Refer to Architect Specifications for "Fire Alarm Systems" for wiring and devices not specified in this Section.

3.17 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Contractor will engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform field quality-control testing. Testing agency must be acceptable to the municipality having jurisdiction over the work being tested.
- B. Piping Tests: Conduct piping tests before joints are covered and after thrust blocks have hardened sufficiently. Fill pipeline 24 hours before testing and apply test pressure to stabilize system. Use only potable water.
- C. Hydrostatic Tests: Test at not less than 1-1/2 times working pressure for 2 hours.
 - 1. Increase pressure in 50-psig increments and inspect each joint between increments. Hold at test pressure for one hour; decrease to 0 psig. Slowly increase again to test pressure and hold for one more hour. Maximum allowable leakage to be per municipal requirements. Remake leaking joints with new materials and repeat test until leakage is within above limits.
 - 2. The amount of leakage in piping shall be measured at the specified test pressure by pumping from a calibrated container. The amount of leakage at the joints shall not exceed two quarts per hour per 100 gaskets or joints irrespective of pipe diameter.
 - 3. The amount of leakage specified above may be increased by one fluid ounce per inch valve diameter per hour for each metal seated valve isolating the test section. If dry barrel hydrants are under pressure, an additional five ounces per minute leakage is permitted for each hydrant.
 - 4. Test certificate contained at the end of this Section shall be submitted.
- D. Prepare reports for testing activities.

3.18 CLEANING

- A. Clean and disinfect water distribution piping as follows:
 - 1. Purge new water distribution piping systems and parts of existing systems that have been altered, extended, or repaired before use.
 - Use purging and disinfecting procedure prescribed by authorities having jurisdiction or, if method is not prescribed by that authority, use procedure described in NFPA 24 for flushing of piping. Flush piping system with clean, potable water until dirty water does not appear at points of outlet.
 - 3. Use purging and disinfecting procedure prescribed by authorities having jurisdiction or, if method is not prescribed by authorities, use procedure described in AWWA C651 or as described below:
 - a. Fill system or part of system with water/chlorine solution containing at least 50 ppm of chlorine. Isolate system or part thereof and allow to stand for 24 hours.
 - b. Drain system or part of system of previous solution and refill with water/chlorine solution containing at least 200 ppm of chlorine; isolate and allow to stand for 3 hours.

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- c. Following allowed standing time, flush system with clean, potable water until chlorine does not remain in water coming from system.
- d. Submit water samples in sterile bottles to authorities having jurisdiction. Repeat procedure if biological examination shows evidence of contamination.
- B. Prepare reports for purging and disinfecting activities.

END OF SECTION

CONTRACTOR'S MATERIAL & TEST CERTIFICATE FOR UNDERGROUND PIPING

PROCEDURE

Upon completion of work, inspection and tests shall be made by the contractor's representative and witnessed by an owner's representative. All defects shall be corrected and system left in service before contractor's personnel finally leave the job.

A certificate shall be filled out and signed by both representatives. Copies shall be prepared for approving authorities, owners, and contractor. It is understood the owner's representative's signature in no way prejudices any claim against contractor for faulty material, poor workmanship, or failure to comply with approving authority's requirements or local ordinances.

PROPERTY NAME		DATE
	•	
PLANS		
	S □ NO EQUIPMENT USED IS APPROVED □ YES	
		<u> </u>
(*)		
INSTRUCTIONS		
HAS PERSON IN CHARGE OF FIRE EQUIPMENT BEEN INS	TRUCTED AS TO LOCATION OF CONTROL VALVES AND CARE	E AND MAINTENANCE OF THIS NEW
N-77-1		
HAVE COPIES OF APPROPRIATE INSTRUCTIONS AND CA	RE AND MAINTENANCE CHARTS BEEN LEFT ON PREMISES?	□YES □NO
IF NO, EXPLAIN		
LOCATION		
SUPPLIES BUILDINGS		**
UNDERGROUND PIPES AND JOINTS		
PIPE TYPES AND CLASSTYPE JOINT		
PIPE CONFORMS TOSTANDARD	☐ YES ☐ NO IF NO, EXPLAIN	
	☐ YES ☐ NO IF NO, EXPLAIN	

JOINTS NEEDING ANCHORAGE CLAMPED, STRAPPED, O	R BLOCKED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STA	INDARD TYES TO NO
IF NO, EXPLAIN		

TEST DESCRIPTION

FLUSHING:

Flow the required rate until water is clear as indicated by no collection of foreign material in burlap bags at outlets such as hydrants and blow-offs. Flush at flows not less than 390 gpm (1476 L/min) for 4-in. pipe, 610 gpm (2309 L/min) for 5-in. pipe, 880 gpm (3331 L/min) for 6-in. pipe, 1500 gpm (5905 L/min) for 8-in. pipe, 2440 gpm (9235 L/min) for 10-in. pipe, and 3520 gpm (13,323 L/min) for 12-in. pipe. When supply cannot produce stipulated flow rates, obtain maximum available.

HYDROSTATIC:

Hydrostatic tests shall be made at not less than 200 psi (13.8 bars) for two hours or 50 psi (3.4 bars) above static pressure in excess of 150 psi (10.3 bars) for two hours.

LEAKAGE:

New pipe laid with rubber gasketed joints shall, if the workmanship is satisfactory, have little or no leakage at the joints. The amount of leakage at the joints shall not exceed 2 qts per hr (1.89 L/h) per 100 joints irrespective of pipe diameter. The amount of allowable leakage specified above may be increased by 1 fl oz per in. valve diameter per hr (30 mL/25 mm/h) for each metal seated valve isolating the test section. If dry barrel hydrants are tested with the main valve open so that the hydrants are under pressure, an additional 5 oz per min (150 mL/min) leakage is permitted for each hydrant.

Figure A-8-9.1 Typical Contractor's Material and Test Certificate for Underground Piping

FLUSHING TESTS		
NEW UNDERGROUND PIPING FLUSHED ACCORDING TOSTANDARD ☐ YE	S □ NO	\$
BY (COMPANY)		
IF NO, EXPLAIN		
HOW FLUSHING FLOW WAS OBTAINED: PUBLIC WATER TANK OR RESERVOIR FINANCIAL PROPERTY OF THE PRO	RE PUMP	
THROUGH WHAT TYPE OPENING: ☐ HYDRANT BUTT ☐ OPEN PIPE		
LEAD-INS FLUSHED ACCORDING TOSTANDARD ☐ YES ☐ NO		
BY (COMPANY)		
IF NO, EXPLAIN		
HOW FLUSHING FLOW WAS OBTAINED: ☐ PUBLIC WATER ☐ TANK OR RESERVOIR ☐ FI	RE PUMP ·	
THROUGH WHAT TYPE OPENING:		
HYDROSTATIC TEST		
ALL NEW UNDERGROUND PIPING HYDROSTATICALLY TESTED ATPSI FOR _	HOURS	
JOINTS COVERED ☐ YES ☐ NO	,	*
LEAKAGE TEST		
TOTAL AMOUNT OF LEAKAGE MEASURED GALLONS	HOURS	
ALLOWABLE LEAKAGE GALLONS	HOURS	
HYDRANTS		
NUMBER INSTALLEDTYPE AND MAKE	ALL OPERA	TE SATISFACTORILY THE THO
CONTROL VALVES		
WATER CONTROL VALVES LEFT WIDE OPEN YES NO IF NO, STATE REASON		
		Western Control of the Control of th
HOSE THREADS OF FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTIONS AND HYDRANTS INTERCHANGEABLE W	ITH THOSE OF FIRE DEPARTMENT A	NSWERING ALARM ☐ YES ☐ NO
REMARKS		
DATE LEFT IN SERVICEREMARKS		
SIGNATURES		
NAME OF INSTALLING CONTRACTOR		
TESTS WITNESSED BY		
FOR PROPERTY OWNER (SIGNED)	TITLE	DATE
FOR INSTALLING CONTRACTOR (SIGNED)	TITLE	DATE

ADDITIONAL EXPLANATION AND NOTES

SECTION 33 40 00

STORM DRAINAGE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, apply to this Section.
- B. City of Huntsville, AL Construction Specifications Manual for Public Improvements

ALL STORM DRAINAGE WITHIN CITY OF HUNTSVILLE RIGHT-OF-WAY AND EASEMENTS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HUNTSVILLE SPECIFICATIONS. ALL OTHER STORM DRAINAGE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE SPECIFICATIONS.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes storm drainage outside the building.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Structural Specifications Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for concrete structures.

1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. ABS: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene plastic.
- B. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene-monomer rubber.
- C. PE: Polyethylene plastic.
- D. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.
- E. HDPE: High Density Polyethylene

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Gravity-Flow, Nonpressure-Piping Pressure Ratings: At least equal to system test pressure.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
 - 1. Backwater valves, cleanouts, and drains.
 - 2. Flap Valves

- B. As-Built Record: Record drawings shall not be required for this project.
- C. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, details, and attachments for the following:
 - 1. Precast concrete manholes and other structures, including frames, covers, and grates.
 - 2. Cast-in-place concrete manholes and other structures, including frames, covers, and grates.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Do not store plastic structures, pipe, and fittings in direct sunlight.
- B. Protect pipe, pipe fittings, and seals from dirt and damage.
- C. Handle precast concrete manholes and other structures according to manufacturer's written rigging instructions.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- Site Information: Perform site survey, research public utility records, and verify existing utility locations.
- B. Locate existing structures and piping to be closed and abandoned.
- C. Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Owner not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions. No utility interruptions are allowed without the Owner's written permission.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Gray-Iron Backwater Valves, Cleanouts, and Drains:
 - a. Josam Co.
 - b. McWane, Inc.; Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - c. MIFAB.
 - d. Smith: Jay R. Smith Mfg. Co.
 - e. Watts Industries, Inc.; Ancon Drain Div.
 - f. Watts Industries, Inc.; Enpoco, Inc. Div.
 - g. Zurn Industries, Inc.; Hydromechanics Div.

- 2. Modular Engineered Area Inlets
 - a. Nyoplast-Advanced Drainage Systems, Inc.
 - b. Approved Equal
- 3. PVC Backwater Valves and Cleanouts:
 - a. Canplas, Inc.
 - b. IPS Corp.
 - c. NDS, Inc.
 - d. Plastic Oddities, Inc.
 - e. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Co., Inc.
- 4. Trench Drain System:
 - a. ACO Polymer Products, Inc.
 - b. Approved equal
- 5. Elastomeric In-Line Storm Drain Check Valve
 - a. Tideflex Technologies
 - b. Approved equal
- 6. Flap Valves:
 - a. Kennedy Valve Company
 - b. Rodney Hunt Company
 - c. Approved equal

2.2 PIPING MATERIALS

A. Refer to Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article for applications of pipe and fitting materials.

2.3 PIPES AND FITTINGS

- A. Ductile-Iron Sewer Pipe: ASTM A 746, for push-on joints.
 - 1. Standard-Pattern, Ductile-Iron Fittings: AWWA C110, ductile or gray iron, for push-on joints.
 - 2. Compact-Pattern, Ductile-Iron Fittings: AWWA C153, for push-on joints.
 - 3. Gaskets: AWWA C111, rubber.
- B. Ductile-Iron Culvert Pipe: ASTM A 716, for push-on joints.
 - 1. Standard-Pattern, Ductile-Iron Fittings: AWWA C110, ductile or gray iron, for push-on joints.
 - 2. Gaskets: AWWA C111, rubber.
- C. Corrugated-Steel Pipe: ASTM A 760/A 760M, Type I, made from ASTM A 929/A 929M, zinc-coated steel sheet for banded joints.
 - 1. Fittings: Fabricated to types indicated and according to same standards as pipe.

- 2. Connecting Bands: Standard couplings made for corrugated-steel pipe to form soiltight joints.
- 3. Pipe shall have full bituminous coating and paved invert conforming to the requirements of AASHTO M190.
- D. PVC Sewer Pipe and Fittings: According to the following:
 - 1. PVC Sewer Pipe and Fittings, NPS 15 and Smaller: ASTM D 3034, SDR 35, for solvent-cemented or gasketed joints.
 - a. Gaskets: ASTM F 477, elastomeric seals.
- E. Reinforced-Concrete Sewer Pipe and Fittings: ASTM C 76, Class III, Wall B, for gasketed joints.
 - 1. Gaskets: ASTM C 443, rubber.
- F. HDPE Pipe and Fittings: According to the following:
 - HDPE Pipe: ASTM F2648. Pipe shall have smooth interior and annular exterior corrugations.
 - 2. Joints: ASTM F2648. Bell & spigot, soil-tight.
 - 3. Gaskets: ASTM F477. Gaskets shall be installed by the pipe manufacturer and covered with a removable wrap to ensure the gasket is free from debris. A joint lubricant supplied by the manufacturer shall be used on the gasket and bell during assembly.
 - 4. Fittings: ASTM F 2306. Bell and spigot connections shall utilize a spun-on or welded bell and valley or saddle gasket meeting the soil-tight joint performance requirements of ASTM F 2306.
 - 5. Testing: The manufacturer shall utilize third party testing to document compliance with applicable specification standards.

2.4 SPECIAL PIPE COUPLINGS AND FITTINGS

- A. Sleeve-Type Pipe Couplings: ASTM C 1173, rubber or elastomeric sleeve and band assembly fabricated to mate with OD of pipes to be joined, for nonpressure joints.
 - 1. Sleeve Material for Concrete Pipe: ASTM C 443, rubber.
 - 2. Sleeve Material for Cast-Iron Soil Pipe: ASTM C 564, rubber.
 - 3. Sleeve Material for Plastic Pipe: ASTM F 477, elastomeric seal.
 - 4. Sleeve Material for Dissimilar Pipe: Compatible with pipe materials being joined.
 - 5. Bands: Stainless steel, at least one at each pipe insert.
- B. Bushing-Type Pipe Couplings: ASTM C 1173, rubber or elastomeric bushing fabricated to mate with OD of smaller pipe and ID of adjoining larger pipe, for nonpressure joints.
 - 1. Material for Concrete Pipe: ASTM C 443, rubber.
 - 2. Material for Cast-Iron Soil Pipe: ASTM C 564, rubber.
 - 3. Material for Plastic Pipe: ASTM F 477, elastomeric seal.
 - 4. Material for Dissimilar Pipe: Compatible with pipe materials being joined.
- C. Pressure-Type Pipe Couplings: AWWA C219, iron-body sleeve assembly matching OD of pipes to be joined, with AWWA C111 rubber gaskets, bolts, and nuts. Include PE film, pipe encasement.

- D. Ductile-Iron, Flexible Expansion Joints: Compound fitting with combination of flanged and mechanical-joint ends complying with AWWA C110 or AWWA C153. Include two gasketed ball-joint sections and one or more gasketed sleeve sections, rated for 250-psig minimum working pressure and for offset and expansion indicated. Include PE film, pipe encasement.
- E. Ductile-Iron Deflection Fittings: Compound coupling fitting with ball joint, flexing section, gaskets, and restrained-joint ends complying with AWWA C110 or AWWA C153. Include rating for 250-psig minimum working pressure and for up to 15 degrees deflection. Include PE film, pipe encasement.
- F. Ductile-Iron Expansion Joints: Three-piece assembly of telescoping sleeve with gaskets and restrained-type, ductile-iron, bell-and-spigot end sections complying with AWWA C110 or AWWA C153. Include rating for 250-psig minimum working pressure and for expansion indicated. Include PE film, pipe encasement.
- G. Elastomeric In-Line Storm Drain Check Valve Check Valves are to be all rubber and the flow operated check type with slip-in cuff or flange connection. The entire Valve shall be ply reinforced throughout the body, disc and bill, which is cured and vulcanized into a one-piece unibody construction. A separate valve body or pipe used as the housing is not acceptable. The valve shall be manufactured with no metal, mechanical hinges or fasteners, which would be used to secure the disc or bill to the valve housing. The port area of the disc shall contour down, which shall allow passage of flow in one direction while preventing reverse flow. The entire valve shall fit within the pipe I.D. Once installed, the Valve shall not protrude beyond the face of the structure or end of the pipe.

The downstream end of the valve must be circumferentially in contact with the pipe while in the closed positions.

Slip-in style valves will be furnished with a set of stainless-steel expansion clamps. The clamps, which will secure the valve in place, shall be installed inside the cuff portion of the valve, based on installation orientation, and shall expand outwards by means of a turnbuckle. Each clamp shall be pre-drilled allowing for the valve to be pinned and secured into position in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

Manufacturer must have flow test data from an accredited hydraulics laboratory to confirm pressure drop and hydraulic data. Company name, plant location, valve size patent number, and serial number shall be bonded to the check valve.

2.5 PE FILM, PIPE ENCASEMENT

A. ASTM A 674 or AWWA C105; PE film, tube, or sheet; 8-mil thickness.

2.6 MANHOLES

- A. Normal-Traffic Precast Concrete Manholes: ASTM C 478, precast, reinforced concrete, of depth indicated, with provision for rubber gasketed joints.
 - 1. Diameter: 48 inches minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Ballast: Increase thickness of precast concrete sections or add concrete to base section, as required to prevent flotation.

- 3. Base Section: 6-inch minimum thickness for floor slab and 5-inch minimum thickness for walls and base riser section, and having separate base slab or base section with integral floor.
- 4. Riser Sections: 5-inch minimum thickness, and lengths to provide depth indicated.
- 5. Top Section: Eccentric-cone type, unless concentric-cone or flat-slab-top type is indicated. Top of cone of size that matches grade rings.
- 6. Gaskets: ASTM C 443, rubber.
- 7. Grade Rings: Include two or three reinforced-concrete rings, of 6- to 9-inch total thickness, that match 24-inch diameter frame and cover.
- 8. Steps: Fiberglass, individual steps or ladder. Include width that allows worker to place both feet on one step and is designed to prevent lateral slippage off step. Cast or anchor into base, riser, and top section sidewalls with steps at 12-inch intervals.
- 9. Steps: ASTM C 478, individual steps or ladder.
- 10. Pipe Connectors: ASTM C 923, resilient, of size required, for each pipe connecting to base section.
- B. Cast-in-Place Concrete Manholes: Construct of reinforced-concrete bottom, walls, and top; designed according to ASTM C 890 for A-16, heavy-traffic, structural loading; of depth, shape, dimensions, and appurtenances indicated.
 - 1. Ballast: Increase thickness of concrete, as required to prevent flotation.
 - 2. Grade Rings: Include two or three reinforced-concrete rings, of 6- to 9-inch total thickness, that match 24-inch diameter frame and cover.
 - 3. Steps: Fiberglass, individual steps or ladder. Include width that allows worker to place both feet on one step and is designed to prevent lateral slippage off step. Cast or anchor into sidewalls with steps at 12-inch intervals.
 - 4. Steps: Manufactured from deformed, 1/2-inch steel reinforcement rod complying with ASTM A 615/A 615M and encased in polypropylene complying with ASTM D 4101. Include pattern designed to prevent lateral slippage off step. Cast or anchor into sidewalls with steps at 12-inch intervals.
- C. Manhole Frames and Covers: ASTM A 536, Grade 60-40-18, ductile-iron castings designed for heavy-duty service. Include 24-inch ID by 7- to 9-inch riser with 4-inch minimum width flange, and 26-inch diameter cover. Include indented top design with lettering "STORM SEWER" cast into cover.
- D. Masonry units, brick or concrete masonry units, shall not be utilized as riser sections, rings or leveling material.

2.7 CATCH BASINS

- A. Normal-Traffic, Precast Concrete Catch Basins: ASTM C 478, precast, reinforced concrete, of depth indicated, with provision for rubber gasketed joints.
 - Base Section: 6-inch minimum thickness for floor slab and 5-inch minimum thickness for walls and base riser section, and having separate base slab or base section with integral floor.
 - 2. Riser Sections: 5-inch minimum thickness, 48-inch diameter, and lengths to provide depth indicated.
 - 3. Top Section: Eccentric-cone type, unless concentric-cone or flat-slab-top type is indicated. Top of cone of size that matches grade rings.
 - 4. Gaskets: ASTM C 443, rubber.

- 5. Grade Rings: Include two or three reinforced-concrete rings, of 6- to 9-inch total thickness, that match 24-inch diameter frame and grate.
- 6. Steps: Fiberglass, individual steps or ladder. Include width that allows worker to place both feet on one step and is designed to prevent lateral slippage off step. Cast steps or anchor ladder into base, riser, and top section sidewalls at 12-inch intervals.
- 7. Steps: ASTM C 478, individual steps or ladder.
- 8. Pipe Connectors: ASTM C 923, resilient, of size required, for each pipe connecting to base section.
- B. Cast-in-Place Concrete, Catch Basins: Construct of reinforced concrete; designed according to ASTM C 890 for structural loading; of depth, shape, dimensions, and appurtenances indicated.
 - 1. Bottom, Walls, and Top: Reinforced concrete.
 - 2. Channels and Benches: Concrete.
 - Steps: Fiberglass, individual steps or ladder. Include width that allows worker to place both feet on one step and is designed to prevent lateral slippage off step. Cast steps or anchor ladder into sidewalls at 12-inch intervals.
 - 4. Steps: Manufactured from deformed, 1/2-inch steel reinforcement rod complying with ASTM A 615/A 615M and encased in polypropylene complying with ASTM D 4101. Include pattern designed to prevent lateral slippage off step. Cast or anchor into sidewalls with steps at 12-inch intervals.
- C. Frames and Grates: ASTM A 536, Grade 60-40-18, ductile iron designed for heavy-duty service. Include flat grate with small square or short-slotted drainage openings.
 - 1. Size: 24 by 24 inches minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Grate Free Area: Approximately 50 percent, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Masonry units, brick or concrete masonry units, shall not be utilized as riser sections, rings or leveling material.

2.8 STORMWATER INLETS

- A. Curb Inlets: Vertical curb opening, of materials and dimensions indicated.
- B. Gutter Inlets: Horizontal gutter opening, of materials and dimensions indicated. Include heavy-duty frames and grates.
- C. Combination Inlets: Vertical curb and horizontal gutter openings, of materials and dimensions indicated. Include heavy-duty frames and grates.
- D. Frames and Grates: Dimensions, opening pattern, free area, and other attributes indicated.
 - 1. Material: ASTM A 536, Grade 60-40-18 minimum, ductile-iron casting.
 - 2. Material: ASTM A 48, Class 30 minimum, gray-iron casting.
 - 3. Grate Free Area: Approximately 50 percent, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Manhole Frames and Covers: ASTM A 536, Grade 60-40-18, ductile-iron castings designed for heavy-duty service. Include 24-inch ID by 7- to 9-inch riser with 4-inch minimum width flange, and 26-inch diameter cover. Include indented top design with lettering "STORM SEWER" cast into cover.

F. Modular Engineered Curb Inlets: The ductile iron grates for each of these fittings are to be considered an integral part of the surface drainage inlet and shall be furnished by the same manufacturer. hall be manufactured from PVC pipe stock, utilizing a thermo-molding process to reform the pipe stock to the specified configuration. The drainage pipe connection stubs shall be manufactured from PVC pipe stock and formed to provide a watertight connection with the specified pipe system. The grates furnished for all surface drainage inlets shall be ductile iron grates and shall be made specifically for each basin so as to provide a round bottom flange that closely matches the diameter of the surface drainage inlet. Grates for drain basins shall be capable of supporting H-25 wheel loading for heavy-duty traffic or H-10 loading for pedestrian traffic. Grates shall be provided painted black.

1. Joint tightness: ASTM D3212

2. Material: ASTM D3034

3. Gasketed Fittings: ASTM F1336

4. Ductile Iron Castings: ASTM A536 grade 70-50-05

2.9 CONCRETE

A. General: Cast-in-place concrete according to ACI 318, ACI 350R, and the following:

1. Cement: ASTM C 150, Type II.

- 2. Fine Aggregate: ASTM C 33, sand.
- 3. Coarse Aggregate: ASTM C 33, crushed gravel.
- 4. Water: Potable.
- B. Portland Cement Design Mix: 4000 psi minimum, with 0.45 maximum water-cementitious ratio.
 - 1. Reinforcement Fabric: ASTM A 185, steel, welded wire fabric, plain.
 - 2. Reinforcement Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed steel.
- C. Structure Channels and Benches: Factory or field formed from concrete. Portland cement design mix. 4000 psi minimum, with 0.45 maximum water-cementitious ratio.
 - 1. Include channels and benches in manholes.
 - a. Channels: Concrete invert, formed to same width as connected piping, with height of vertical sides to three-fourths of pipe diameter. Form curved channels with smooth, uniform radius and slope.
 - 1) Invert Slope: as noted on the drawings.
 - b. Benches: Concrete, sloped to drain into channel.
 - 1) Slope: 8 percent.
 - 2. Include channels in catch basins.
 - a. Channels: Concrete invert, formed to same width as connected piping, with height of vertical sides to three-fourths of pipe diameter. Form curved channels with smooth, uniform radius and slope.
 - 1) Invert Slope: as noted on the drawings.

- D. Ballast and Pipe Supports: Portland cement design mix, 3000 psi minimum, with 0.58 maximum water-cementitious ratio.
 - 1. Reinforcement Fabric: ASTM A 185, steel, welded wire fabric, plain.
 - 2. Reinforcement Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed steel.

2.10 CLEANOUTS

- A. Gray-Iron Cleanouts: ASME A112.36.2M, round, gray-iron housing with clamping device and round, secured, scoriated, gray-iron cover. Include gray-iron ferrule with inside calk or spigot connection and countersunk, tapered-thread, brass closure plug. Use units with top-loading classifications according to the following applications:
 - 1. Light Duty: In earth or grass foot-traffic areas.
 - 2. Medium Duty: In paved foot-traffic areas.
 - 3. Heavy Duty: In vehicle-traffic service areas.
 - 4. Extra-Heavy Duty: In roads.
 - 5. Sewer Pipe Fitting and Riser to Cleanout: ASTM A 74, Service class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings.
- B. PVC Cleanouts: PVC body with PVC threaded plug. Include PVC sewer pipe fitting and riser to cleanout of same material as sewer piping.

2.11 DRAINS

- A. Gray-Iron Area Drains: ASME A112.21.1M, round, gray-iron body with anchor flange and round, secured, gray-iron grate. Include bottom outlet with inside calk or spigot connection, of sizes indicated. Use units with top-loading classifications according to the following applications:
 - 1. Medium Duty: In paved foot-traffic areas.
 - 2. Heavy Duty: In vehicle-traffic service areas.
- B. PVC Surface Drainage Inlets: PVC surface drainage inlets shall include the drain basin type as indicated on the drawings. The ductile iron grates are to be considered an integral part of the surface drainage inlet and shall be furnished by the same manufacturer. The surface drainage inlets shall be as manufactured by Nyloplast, a division of Advanced Drainage Systems, Inc., or approved equal.
 - Drain Basin Materials: The drain basins shall be manufactured from PVC pipe stock, utilizing a thermo-molding process to reform the pipe stock to the specified configuration. The drainage pipe connection stubs shall be manufactured from PVC pipe stock and formed to provide a watertight connection with the specified pipe system. This joint tightness shall conform to ASTM D3212 for joints for drain and sewer plastic pipe using flexible elastomeric seals. The flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM F477. The pipe bell spigot shall be joined to the main body of the drain basin or catch basin. The raw material used to manufacture the pipe stock that is used to manufacture the main body and pipe stubs of the surface drainage inlets shall conform to ASTM D1784 cell class 12454.
 - 2. Grates and Frames Materials: The grates and frames furnished for all surface drainage inlets shall be ductile iron for sizes 8", 10", 12", 15", 18", 24" and 30" and shall be made specifically for each basin so as to provide a round bottom flange that closely matches the diameter of the surface drainage inlet. Grates for drain basins shall be capable of supporting

H-20 wheel loading for traffic areas or H-10 loading for pedestrian areas. Metal used in the manufacture of the castings shall conform to ASTM A536 grade 70-50-05 for ductile iron. Grates shall be provided painted black.

- C. Heavy Duty Polymer Trench Drain System with Slotted Grate: The Trench Drain system shall be ACO Drain S300K complete with Load Class F Slotted gratings secured with 'PowerLok' locking as manufactured by ACO Polymer Products, Inc. or approved equal.
 - 1. Materials The trench system bodies shall be manufactured from polyester polymer concrete with minimum properties as follows:

Compressive strength: 14,000 psi

Flexural strength: 4,000 psi Water absorption 0.07%

Frost proof Salt proof

Dilute acid and alkali resistant

- 2. Configuration The nominal clear opening shall be 12" (300mm) with overall width of 14.17" (360mm). Pre-cast units shall be manufactured with an invert slope of 0.6% and have a wall thickness of at least 1.18" (30mm). Each unit will feature a full radius in the trench bottom and a male to female interconnecting end profile. Units shall have horizontal cast in anchoring features on the outside wall to ensure maximum mechanical bond to the surrounding bedding material and pavement surface. The ductile iron edge rail will be integrally cast in by the manufacturer to ensure maximum homogeneity between polymer concrete body and edge rail. Each edge rail shall be at least 1/4" (6mm) thick.
- 3. Grates Slotted ductile iron grates are tested to DIN 19580 Load Class F 200,000lbs 3,485psi. Ductile iron to ASTM 536-84 Grade 65-45-12. After removal of grates there shall be uninterrupted access to the trench to aid maintenance.
- D. Sidewalk Duty Polymer Trench Drain System with Slotted Grate: The surface drainage system shall be ACO Drain K100S complete with gratings secured with 'QuickLok' locking as manufactured by ACO Polymer Products, Inc. or approved equal.
 - 1. Materials The trench system bodies shall be manufactured from polyester polymer concrete with minimum properties as follows:

Compressive strength: 14,000 psi

Flexural strength: 4,000 psi Water absorption 0.07%

Frost proof

Salt proof

Dilute acid and alkali resistant

2. Configuration - The nominal clear opening shall be 4.00" (100mm) with overall width of 5.10" (130mm). Pre-cast units shall be manufactured with either an invert slope of 0.6% or with neutral invert and have a wall thickness of at least 0.50" (13mm). Each unit will feature a full radius in the trench bottom and a male to female interconnecting end profile. Units shall have horizontal cast in anchoring features on the outside wall to ensure maximum mechanical bond to the surrounding bedding material and pavement surface. The galvanized steel edge rail will be integrally cast in by the manufacturer to ensure maximum homogeneity between polymer concrete body and edge rail. Each edge rail shall be at least 1/8" (3mm) thick.

- Ductile Iron Grates Slotted ductile iron grates ACO Type 477 Grid ductile iron grate with 'QuickLok' locking as manufactured by ACO Polymer Products, Inc. or approved equal. Materials: The covers shall be manufactured from ductile iron and have minimum properties as follows:
 - Independently certified to meet Load Class D to DIN 19580 90,000 lbs 1,859 psi
 - Ductile iron to ASTM A 536-84 Grade 65-45-12
 - Intake area of 39.7 sq. in. (256.1 cm²) per half meter of grate

Overall width of 4.84" (123mm) and overall length of 19.69" (500mm). Slots measure 1.0" (25mm) by 1.73" (44mm). After removal of grates there shall be uninterrupted access to the trench to aid maintenance.

4. Plastic Grates at Tennis Courts, etc. - Slotted plastic grates ACO Type 494 polypropylene grate with 'QuickLok' locking as manufactured by ACO Polymer Products, Inc. or approved equal.

Materials: The covers shall be manufactured from polypropylene and have minimum properties as follows:

- Independently certified to meet Load Class A to EN 1433 3,500 lbs 70 psi
- UV stable polypropylene
- Intake area of 27.4 sq. in. (176.8 cm²) per half meter of grate

2.12 PIPE OUTLETS

- A. Head Walls: Cast-in-place reinforced concrete, with apron and tapered sides.
- B. Riprap Basins: Broken, irregular size and shape, graded stone.
 - 1. Average Size: NSA No. R-5, screen opening 6 inches.
- C. Filter Stone: NSA No. FS-2, No. 4 screen opening, average-size, graded stone.
- D. Energy Dissipators: NSA No. A-1, 3-ton average weight armor stone, unless otherwise indicated.

2.13 FLAP VALVES

- A. General: The Flap Valve, size as indicated on the drawings and valve schedule, will be flange framed with resilient seats, such as Rodney Hunt Series FV-AC or approved equal.
- B. Body: The body will be cast iron, ASTM A126 Class B. The angle of the cover to the vertical, when seated shall be between 2 degrees and 5 degrees from the vertical and be consistent with the proper operation of the gate.
- C. Seat: Resilient seat, neoprene or Buna-N, will be bonded in a groove machined in the body to provide a wide seating surface for the seat machined on the cover.
- D. Cover: The cover, or flap, will be cast iron, ASTM A126 Class B, with spherically dished design to withstand maximum operating loads.
- E. Hinge: The hinge arms will be No. 1 manganese bronze, ASTM B584 C865. The hinge pins, designed in double shear, will be silicon bronze, ASTM B98 C655, or Type 304 stainless steel. Each hinge arm will have two pivot points, an adjustable lower pivot with limited rotation and a threaded upper hinge post to adjust flap valve sensitivity. A lubrication fitting will be supplied for each pivot.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EARTHWORK

A. Excavating, trenching, and backfilling are specified in Section 310000 "Earthwork."

3.2 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Materials and their installation are specified in Section 310000 "Earthwork." Arrange for installing green warning tapes directly over piping and at outside edges of underground structures.
 - 1. Use warning tape or detectable warning tape over ferrous piping.
 - Use detectable warning tape over nonferrous piping and over edges of underground structures.

3.3 PIPING APPLICATIONS

- A. General: Include watertight, silttight, or soiltight joints.
- B. Refer to Part 2 of this Section for detailed specifications for pipe and fitting products listed below. Use pipe, fittings, and joining methods according to applications indicated.
- C. Gravity-Flow Piping: Use the following:
 - 1. NPS 8 to NPS 15: Ductile-iron sewer pipe; standard-pattern, ductile-iron fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints in NPS 8 to NPS 12. Use ductile-iron culvert pipe; standard-pattern, ductile-iron fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints in NPS 14 to NPS 16.
 - 2. NPS 8 to NPS 15: Corrugated-steel pipe and fittings, connecting bands, and banded joints.
 - 3. NPS 8 to NPS 15: Corrugated PE drainage tubing and fittings, silttight couplings, and coupled joints in NPS 8 and NPS 10. Use corrugated PE pipe and fittings, silttight couplings, and coupled joints in NPS 12 and NPS 15.
 - 4. NPS 8 to NPS 15: PVC, SDR 35, sewer pipe and fittings, solvent-cemented joints, or gaskets and gasketed joints.
 - 5. NPS 12 and NPS 15: Reinforced-concrete sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints. Do not use nonreinforced pipe instead of reinforced concrete pipe in NPS 8 and NPS 10.
 - 6. NPS 18 to NPS 36: Ductile-iron culvert pipe; standard-pattern, cast-iron or ductile-iron fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
 - 7. NPS 18 to NPS 36: Corrugated-steel pipe and fittings, connecting bands, and banded joints.
 - 8. NPS 18 to NPS 36: PVC, ribbed drain pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
 - 9. NPS 18 to NPS 36: Reinforced-concrete sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.
 - 10. NPS 18 to NPS 36: Reinforced-concrete arch pipe, sealing bands, and banded joints.
 - 11. NPS 18 to NPS 36: Reinforced-concrete, elliptical pipe, Type HE, horizontal; sealing bands; and banded joints.
 - 12. NPS 42 to NPS 120: Corrugated-steel pipe and fittings, connecting bands, and banded joints.
 - 13. NPS 42 to NPS 144: Reinforced-concrete sewer pipe and fittings, gaskets, and gasketed joints.

3.4 SPECIAL PIPE COUPLING AND FITTING APPLICATIONS

- A. Special Pipe Couplings: Use where required to join piping and no other appropriate method is specified. Do not use instead of specified joining methods.
 - 1. Use the following pipe couplings for nonpressure applications:
 - a. Sleeve type to join piping, of same size, or with small difference in OD.
 - b. Increaser/reducer-pattern, sleeve type to join piping of different sizes.
 - c. Bushing type to join piping of different sizes where annular space between smaller piping's OD and larger piping's ID permits installation.
 - 2. Use pressure-type pipe couplings for force-main joints. Include PE film, pipe encasement.
- B. Special Pipe Fittings: Use where indicated. Include PE film, pipe encasement.
- C. Elastomeric In-Line Storm Drain Check Valve Valve shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's written installation and operation manual and approved submittals.

3.5 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. General Locations and Arrangements: Drawing plans and details indicate general location and arrangement of underground storm drainage piping. Location and arrangement of piping layout take design considerations into account. Install piping as indicated, to extent practical.
- B. Install piping beginning at low point, true to grades and alignment indicated with unbroken continuity of invert. Place bell ends of piping facing upstream. Install gaskets, seals, sleeves, and couplings according to manufacturer's written instructions for use of lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements. Maintain swab or drag in line, and pull past each joint as it is completed.
- C. Use manholes for changes in direction, unless fittings are indicated. Use fittings for branch connections, unless direct tap into existing sewer is indicated.
- D. Use proper size increasers, reducers, and couplings where different sizes or materials of pipes and fittings are connected. Reducing size of piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
- E. Install gravity-flow piping and connect to building's storm drains, of sizes and in locations indicated.
 - 1. Install piping pitched down in direction of flow, at minimum slope of 1 percent, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Install piping with cover as noted on the drawings.
- F. Extend storm drainage piping and connect to building's storm drains, of sizes and in locations indicated. Terminate piping as indicated.
- G. Tunneling: Install pipe under streets or other obstructions that cannot be disturbed by tunneling, jacking, or a combination of both.

3.6 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION AND INSTALLATION

- A. General: Join and install pipe and fittings according to installations indicated.
 - Install PE film, pipe encasement over hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings according to ASTM A 674 or AWWA C105.
- B. Ductile-Iron Sewer Pipe with Ductile-Iron Fittings: According to AWWA C600.
 - Install PE film, pipe encasement over ductile-iron sewer pipe and ductile-iron fittings according to ASTM A 674 or AWWA C105.
- C. HDPE Drainage Pipe: According with ASTM D2321. Minimum cover for diameters 4-inch through 48-inch shall be one foot. Minimum cover for 60-inch diameter shall be two feet. Backfill for minimum cover situations shall consist of Class 1 (compacted), or Class 2 (minimum 90% SPD).
- D. Install with top surfaces of components, except piping, flush with finished surface.
- E. Corrugated-Steel Pipe: Join and install according to ASTM A 798. Use soiltight joints made with coupling bands and gaskets, unless otherwise indicated.
- F. PVC Pressure Pipe and Fittings: Join and install according to AWWA M23.
- G. PVC Sewer Pipe and Fittings: As follows:
 - 1. Join pipe and gasketed fittings with gaskets according to ASTM D 2321.
 - 2. Install according to ASTM D 2321.
- H. Concrete Pipe and Fittings: Install according to ACPA's "Concrete Pipe Installation Manual." Use the following seals:
 - 1. Round Pipe and Fittings: ASTM C 443, rubber gaskets.
- I. System Piping Joints: Make joints using system manufacturer's couplings, unless otherwise indicated.
- J. Join piping made of different materials or dimensions with couplings made for this application. Use couplings that are compatible with and that fit both systems' materials and dimensions.

3.7 MANHOLE INSTALLATION

- General: Install manholes, complete with appurtenances and accessories indicated.
- B. Form continuous concrete channels and benches between inlets and outlet.
- C. Set tops of frames and covers flush with finished surface of manholes that occur in pavements. Set tops 3 inches above finished surface elsewhere, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Install precast concrete manhole sections with gaskets according to ASTM C 891.
- E. Construct cast-in-place manholes as indicated.

3.8 CATCH-BASIN INSTALLATION

- A. Construct catch basins to sizes and shapes indicated.
- B. Set frames and grates to elevations indicated.

3.9 STORM DRAINAGE INLET AND OUTLET INSTALLATION

- A. Construct inlet head walls, aprons, and sides of reinforced concrete, as indicated.
- B. Construct riprap of broken stone, as indicated.
- C. Install outlets that spill onto grade, anchored with concrete, where indicated.
- D. Install outlets that spill onto grade, with flared end sections that match pipe, where indicated.
- E. Construct energy dissipators at outlets, as indicated.

3.10 MODULAR ENGINEERED DRAINAGE INLETS

- A. The specified PVC surface drainage inlet shall be installed using conventional flexible pipe backfill materials and procedures.
- B. The backfill material shall be crushed stone or other granular material meeting the requirements of class 1 or 2 material as defined in ASTM D2321.
- C. The surface drainage inlets shall be bedded and back-filled uniformly in accordance with ASTM D2321.
- D. The drain basin body will be cut at the time of the final grade so as to maintain a one piece, leak proof structure. No brick, stone or concrete block will be used to set the grate to the final grade height.
- E. For H-25 Load rated installations, an 8" to 10" thick concrete ring will be poured under the grate and frame as recommended by details provided from the manufacturer.

3.11 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

A. Place cast-in-place concrete according to ACI 318 and ACI 350R.

3.12 DRAINAGE SYSTEM INSTALLATION

- A. Assemble and install components according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Assemble and install stainless-steel drainage systems according to ASME A112.3.1 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Install with top surfaces of components, except piping, flush with finished surface.

- D. Assemble channel sections to form slope down toward drain outlets. Use sealants, adhesives, fasteners, and other materials recommended by system manufacturer.
- Embed channel sections and drainage specialties in 4-inch minimum concrete around bottom and sides.
- F. Fasten grates to channel sections if indicated.
- G. Assemble trench sections with flanged joints.
- H. Embed trench sections and drainage specialties in 4-inch minimum concrete around bottom and sides.
- I. Make piping connections and install stainless-steel piping with gasketed joints between system components.

3.13 CLEANOUT INSTALLATION

- A. Install cleanouts and riser extension from sewer pipe to cleanout at grade. Use cast-iron soil pipe fittings in sewer pipes at branches for cleanouts and cast-iron soil pipe for riser extensions to cleanouts. Install piping so cleanouts open in direction of flow in sewer pipe.
- B. Set cleanout frames and covers in earth in cast-in-place concrete block, per the details on the drawings. Set with tops at grade elevations noted on the drawings.
- C. Set cleanout frames and covers in concrete pavement with tops flush with pavement surface.

3.14 TRENCH DRAIN INSTALLATION

- A. Install type of drains in locations indicated.
- B. The trench drain system shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations.
- C. Set drain frames and covers with tops flush with pavement surface.

3.15 TAP CONNECTIONS

- A. Make connections to existing piping and underground structures so finished Work complies as nearly as practical with requirements specified for new Work.
- B. Use commercially manufactured wye fittings for piping branch connections. Remove section of existing pipe; install wye fitting into existing piping; and encase entire wye fitting, plus 6-inch overlap, with not less than 6 inches of concrete with 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi.
- C. Make branch connections from side into existing piping, NPS 4 to NPS 20. Remove section of existing pipe; install wye fitting into existing piping; and encase entire wye with not less than 6 inches of concrete with 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi.

- D. Make branch connections from side into existing piping, NPS 21 or larger, or to underground structures by cutting opening into existing unit large enough to allow 3 inches of concrete to be packed around entering connection. Cut end of connection pipe passing through pipe or structure wall to conform to shape of and be flush with inside wall, unless otherwise indicated. On outside of pipe or structure wall, encase entering connection in 6 inches of concrete for minimum length of 12 inches to provide additional support of collar from connection to undisturbed ground.
 - 1. Use concrete that will attain minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Use epoxy-bonding compound as interface between new and existing concrete and piping materials.
- E. Protect existing piping and structures to prevent concrete or debris from entering while making tap connections. Remove debris or other extraneous material that may accumulate.

3.16 CLOSING ABANDONED STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

- A. Abandoned Piping: Close open ends of abandoned underground piping indicated to remain in place. Include closures strong enough to withstand hydrostatic and earth pressures that may result after ends of abandoned piping have been closed. Use either procedure below:
 - 1. Close open ends of piping with at least 8-inch thick, brick masonry bulkheads.
 - 2. Close open ends of piping with threaded metal caps, plastic plugs, or other acceptable methods suitable for size and type of material being closed. Do not use wood plugs.
- B. Abandoned Structures: Excavate around structure as required and use one procedure below:
 - 1. Remove structure and close open ends of remaining piping.
 - 2. Remove top of structure down to at least 36 inches below final grade. Fill to within 12 inches of top with stone, rubble, gravel, or compacted dirt. Fill to top with concrete.
 - 3. Backfill to grade according to Section 310000 "Earthwork."

3.17 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Clear interior of piping and structures of dirt and superfluous material as work progresses. Maintain swab or drag in piping, and pull past each joint as it is completed.
 - 1. In large, accessible piping, brushes and brooms may be used for cleaning.
 - 2. Place plug in end of incomplete piping at end of day and when work stops.
 - 3. Flush piping between manholes and other structures to remove collected debris, if required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Inspect interior of piping to determine whether line displacement or other damage has occurred. Inspect after approximately 24 inches of backfill is in place, and again at completion of Project.
 - 1. Submit separate reports for each system inspection.
 - 2. Defects requiring correction include the following:
 - a. Alignment: Less than full diameter of inside of pipe is visible between structures.
 - b. Deflection: Flexible piping with deflection that prevents passage of ball or cylinder of size not less than 92.5 percent of piping diameter.
 - c. Crushed, broken, cracked, or otherwise damaged piping.

- d.
- Infiltration: Water leakage into piping. Exfiltration: Water leakage from or around piping. e.
- Replace defective piping using new materials, and repeat inspections until defects are with-3. in allowances specified.
- 4. Reinspect and repeat procedure until results are satisfactory.

END OF SECTION